ROYAL EDITION

The Times

No. 45,510 LONDON, MONDAY, MAY 12, 1930 PRICE (Including Postage) 4d.

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Telephone: Central 2001

THE TIMES, Monday, May 12, 1930

The CHARGE for ANNOUNCEMENTS of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, and DEATHS (authenticated by name and permanent address of the sender) is ONE GUINEA for three lines or less and FIVE SHILLINGS for each additional line of about six words. The charge for IN MEMORIAM NOTICES is TWELVE SHILLINGS and SIXPENCE for three lines or less and THREE SHILLINGS and SIXPENCE for every additional line. A special rate for five and ten years' automatic insertion may be obtained on application. In order to avoid incorrect quotations in "Death" and "In Memoriam," announcements senders are asked to indicate their origin. In the case of modern names author's permission should first be obtained. Announcements may be sent to "The Times," Office, Printing House-square, London, E.C.4, to "The Times" Bureau, 72, Regent-street, London, W.1, to "The Times" Book Club, 42, Wigmore-street, London, W.1, or to the Bureau de Times, 5, Chaussée d'Antin, Paris. For Small Advertisement Index see last column of this page.

Forthcoming Marriages in Court Page, Three Guineas for five lines or less and Twelve Shillings and Sixpence for each additional line.

Subscription rates for "The Times" for one year—£4 11s. Inland, £5 4s. Foreign.

BIRTHS

ANDERSON.—On May 3, 1930, at Squire's Hall, Viceregal Lodge, Simla, the wife of MAJOR A. L. B. ANDERSON, 15th Lancers, Comptroller of H.E. the Viceroy's Household, of a son.

BOWLES.—On May 9, 1930, at Ridge House, Eskdale-avenue, Chesham, to ROSINA, wife of MICHAEL BOWLES—a son.

BRAGG.—On May 8, 1930, at 38, Auckland-road, Upper Norwood, to BESSIE, wife of CAPTAIN H. V. BRAGG, M.C., 3.9th Jat Regiment—a son.

CAWDOR.—On May 10, 1930, at 22, Mount-street, W.1, to the COUNTESS of CAWDOR—a daughter.

COOPER.—On May 7, 1930, at 12, Hyde-gardens, Eastbourne, to KATHLEEN (*née* McSwiney), wife of CAPTAIN C. F. COOPER, R.N.R., 31, Pashley-road, Eastbourne—a daughter. (Indian papers, copy.)

DUPUIS.—On May 8, 1930, at Dalhousie, India, to MAY, wife of R. DUDLEY DUPUIS, Royal Artillery—a daughter.

GARDINER.—On May 10, 1930, at 32, Hertford-street, W.1, to JOAN, wife of W. HAROLD GARDINER—a daughter (stillborn).

GILFILLAN.—On May 7, 1930, at Peking, to the REV. T. V. and MRS. GILFILLAN—a daughter.

GOMME.—On May 7, 1930, at 27, Welbeck-street, W.1, to PHYLLIS and ARNOLD GOMME—a son.

GOUGH.—On May 7, 1930, at Leixlip Castle, Co. Kildare, MARGARET, wife of GUY V. H. GOUGH, of Lough Cutra Castle, Gort, Co. Galway, of a son (stillborn).

GREY.—On May 11, 1930, at 2, Courtfield-gardens, to Evelyn, wife of LIONEL T. GREY—a son.

HERDMAN.—On May 9, 1930, at Ormond, Myrtlefield Park, Belfast, to JULIA, wife of A. C. HERDMAN—a son.

HILL.—On May 9, 1930, at Wyndham Lodge, Salisbury, to IDA MARION (*née* Cannon), wife of OCTAVIUS VERNON HILL—a daughter.

JEFFREY.—On May 7, 1930, to HAZEL and JOHN JEFFREY, of the Mill House, Rowfant, Sussex—the gift of a daughter.

JENKINS.—On May 9, 1930, to IDEZ (*née* Ferguson), wife of F. C. JENKINS, 9, Victoria-square, S.W.—a son.

MONTAGU.—On May 10, 1930, at 7, Russell-road, W.14, to MARIE, wife of GEORGE H. S. MONTAGU—a daughter.

PARIS.—On May 7, 1930, at 122, Highfield-lane, Southampton, to Mr. and Mrs. L. P. PARIS—a son.

PEARCE.—On May 5, 1930, at Stanley House School, Margate, to ELEANOR (daughter of the late C. B. Lupton, Esq., of Farnborough Park), wife of S. B. P. PEARCE—a son.

PHILLIPS.—On May 6, 1930, at Storrington, Sussex, VIOLET, the wife of MAJOR HERBERT STEWART PHILLIPS (late 27th Light Cavalry, I.A.) of a daughter.

RAIT.—On May 9, 1930, at 6, York-gate, N.W.1, to BERYL (*née* Alexander), wife of CAPT. C. M. RAIT—a son.

SMITH.—On May 7, 1930, at Overton, Borrowash, to Dr. and Mrs. JAMES SMITH—a son.

STOPFORD SACKVILLE.—On May 10, 1930, at 51, Elm Park-gardens, Chelsea, MRS. STOPFORD SACKVILLE, of Drayton House, Northamptonshire, of a daughter.

THOMAS.—On May 8, 1930, to DOROTHEA (*née* Knatchbull), wife of FLYING OFFICER R. THOMAS—a daughter.

THORNLEY.—On May 10, 1930, at a nursing home, York, to JANET (*née* Philip) and BASIL THORNLEY—a daughter.

WEST.—On May 11, 1930, at Little Court, Bracknell, Berks, to IRENE, wife of CAPTAIN A. A. WEST—a son.

MARRIAGES

BIGGS : BROMLEY.—On May 7, 1930, at Llanstraadr Church, RAYMOND HENRY (of Cairo), son of Mr. and Mrs. J. D. BIGGS, of Barnet, to BERYL ROSE, only daughter of MRS. BROMLEY, J.P., of Rhyl, N. Wales.

BIRD : BARLOW.—On May 8, 1930, at St. Peter's, Eaton-square, by the Rev. A. L. Phillips, Rector of St. R. Hill, son of the late Sheriff and Mrs. Hill, Dingwall, to the Hon. Margaret Dorothy, daughter of Colonel and Mrs. Barlow, Ledbury, Herefordshire.

BOWLEY : GOODWIN.—On May 10, 1930, at Holy Trinity Church, Exeter, ARTHUR RAYMOND PENRY, of The Avenue, Tiverton, to DOROTHY HETTA GILLARD (SISTER DAWSON), of the Royal Devon and Exeter Hospital.

PHARAZYN : PETERS.—On May 3, 1930, at the Chapel of the Savoy, WILLIAM FORSTER, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. GODFREY PHARAZYN, of New Zealand, to STELLA MARGARET, only daughter of SIR BYRON and LADY PETERS, of Penny Hill Park, Bagshot, Surrey.

DEATHS

BARBER.—On May 10, 1930, suddenly, at Knippoch-by-Oban, FRANCES ANNIE, of Barnby Moor House, Retford, widow of BARBER, of Lamb-close, Eastwood, Notts, in her 81st year.

BARRYMORE.—On Friday, May 9, 1930, at 20, Hill-street, London, W.1, the LADY RIBBYMORE, ELIZABETH, daughter of the late General James Wadsworth, of New York, and widow of John Barrymore. No flowers, by her request. Funeral service at St. George's, Hanover-square, at 10.30 a.m. to-day (Monday).

BUCKNILL.—On May 8, 1930, at a nursing home in London, after an operation, SAMUEL PRATT BERENS BUCKNILL, of Woodhouse, Rayleigh, Essex, the dearly loved husband of Helen Julia Bucknill and son of the late Dr. Samuel Birch Bucknill, of Rugby, in his 81st year. Funeral service at St. Michael's, Chester-square, S.W., to-day (Monday), 2.30 p.m. No flowers, by special request.

de GREEFF.—On Sunday, May 11, 1930, ROBERT WILLIAM DE GREEFF, beloved husband of Marie Antoinette de Greeff, of Elm Bank, Widmore, Bickley, Kent, aged 77. Funeral service on Wednesday, May 14, St. George's Church, Bickley, at 2 p.m. Trains :—Victoria 11.7 to Bickley; Cannon-street 11.5 to Hayes-hurst. Private cremation later. No flowers, by special request.

DRUMMOND.—On May 9, 1930, of acute bronchitis, at Borrobol, Sutherland, HORACE DEANE DRUMMOND, of The Boyce Court, Dymock, Gloucestershire, in his 76th year. Funeral at Dymock at 3.30 Wednesday, 14 Tuesday as previously announced.

DURRAN.—On May 10, 1930, at 80, Church-street, Kensington, WILLIAM DURRAN, in his 84th year.

FERRERS.—On May 9, 1930, at Holderness House, Hull, THOMAS HOLDERNESS FERRERS, F.C.I., Hon. Librarian aged 83. Services at Holy Trinity Church, Hull, attended by the Lord Mayor and Corporation, and Brunswick Wesleyan Church, Hull, simultaneously to-morrow (Tuesday) at 1 o'clock; later at the Crematorium.

GRACE.—On May 10, 1930, at Shrubbery, France, MRS. M. A. GRACE, of 40, Belgrave-square, S.W.1, widow of Mr. M. P. Grace. Service at Golders Green Crematorium at 3 o'clock to-day (Monday). Flowers may be sent to Messrs. John Barker and Co., Kensington.

GUNNER.—On May 7, 1930, of pneumonia, EDWARD HERMAN, son of H. WOLSEY and REV. REGINALD GUNNERY.

HARPER.—On May 9, 1930, at 11, Arlington-road, Eastbourne, ALEXANDER HARPER, M.D., beloved husband of Evelyn Harper, aged 69. Funeral at St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church to-morrow (Tuesday), at 11 o'clock.

HICKS.—On Saturday, May 10, 1930, at 48, Grove-court, N.W.8, ALFRED HICKS, of the Stock Exchange, and late of Rotherfield and Tunbridge Wells, aged 61. No flowers. No funeral service. No mourning.

HOLMES.—On May 11, 1930, suddenly, at 11, Beisize-grove, N.W.3, WILLIAM OLIVER HOLMES, late of Godalming and Woking. Funeral Marylebone Cemetery (Finchley), Wednesday next, at 11.30.

KNIGHT.—On May 8, 1930, at 17, Castle Hill-avenue, Folkestone, ELLEN GRAY, the dearly loved wife of JAMES PERCY KNIGHT. Funeral 2.30 p.m. to-day (Monday), Keston Church. Cars will meet 1.18 p.m. from Charing Cross at Bromley North Station. Flowers to 17, Castle Hill-avenue, Folkestone, or to Mrs. Wilding Gardener, Hayes, Kent.

LAVEY.—On May 10, 1930, at 14, Lansdown-place, Hove, CHARLES LAVEY, dearly loved father of Mrs. Dick Magniss, in his 91st year. Funeral, Willesden Jewish Cemetery, to-day (Monday), 3 p.m. Prayers same evening at 12, Fawley-road, N.W.6, at 8.30 p.m.

MACCARTHY.—On May 9, 1930, at 6, Prospect-place, Harrogate, HERBERT BUTTERILL, dearly loved husband of SUSAN MACCARTHY. Service at Lawnswood, 2 p.m. to-morrow (Tuesday). Friends please accept this, the only intimation.

MACLACHLAN.—On May 10, 1930, suddenly, CAPTAIN DUNCAN MACLACHLAN, of ss. Eddystone, Clyde Shipping Co.

MARSHALL.—On May 10, 1930, at 31, The Grove, Boltons, South Kensington, ALFRED CHARLES MARSHALL, in his 81st year. Funeral arrangements later.

MICKLEM.—On May 11, 1930, MARK ROBERT, son of LIEUT.-COMMANDER and MRS. ROBERT MICKLEM, Wylam Hall, Northumberland, aged 2 years and 3 months.

MILLER.—On May 8, 1930, at Liverpool, JEAN DIMITROFF MORISON MILLER, daughter of Hugh Morison Miller and Elena Miller (*née* Dimitroff), in her 23rd year.

OWEN.—On May 10, 1930, at 7 Weybourne," Park-avenue, Brondesbury, HAROLD OWEN, aged 58 years. Funeral Wednesday, May 14, St. Peter's Church, Broadstairs, Thanet, 2 p.m. Friends please accept this, the only intimation.

PLOWDEN.—On May 9, 1930, at Plowden Hall, MARY FLORENCE, the beloved wife of ROGER E. PLOWDEN, of Plowden. Funeral at Plowden at 3 o'clock to-morrow (Tuesday). R.I.P.

POPE.—On May 9, 1930, at Overdyke, Woodridings, Hatch End, MARY POPE.

PUGH.—On May 10, 1930, at Sevenoaks, after an operation, PAULA, beloved wife of MAJOR L. P. PUGH, Sidehope Meade, Seal. Funeral at Seal Church, 2.30 to-morrow (Tuesday).

RHODES.—On May 9, 1930, at Highweek House, Newton Abbot, ELIZABETH (SUSSEX BARN) RHODES, for 46 years the devoted nurse and true friend to the family of the late Mr. and Mrs. Barham Carslake, aged 83.

SALTER.—On May 9, 1930, at Worthing, MARIA, eldest surviving daughter of the late REV. W. A. SALTER, aged 82. Funeral at Broadwater Cemetery to-morrow (Tuesday), at 2.30. Any flowers to Messrs. Bridger, Southgate-road, Worthing.

SAVILL.—On May 10, 1930, at "Broad Oak," Great Finborough, Suffolk, ELSIE BEATRICE, beloved wife of MAJOR HENRY J. N. SAVILL, and eldest daughter of the late REV. E. N. HINGLEY, Rector of Brayworth. Funeral at Brayworth, Suffolk, 2.30 Wednesday.

DEATHS (continued)

SINCLAIR STEVENSON.—At his home, "Shottery," Killiney, Co. Dublin, the Rev. JOHN SINCLAIR STEVENSON, M.A. (Oxon et Dubl.), B.D., aged 62, elder son of the Rev. William Fleming Stevenson, D.D., of Rathgar. Scholar of Clifton College, Bristol, Scholar of Lincoln College, Oxford, Student of New College, Edinburgh, and Princeton Seminary, U.S.A. Author of The Friend of Little Children. Thirty years Missionary to India of the Irish Presbyterian Church. Interred Deansgrange Cemetery, Saturday, May 10.

SPARKES.—On May 10, 1930, passed peacefully away, at Dunaivon, Steyning, Sussex, GEORGE BRABANT SPARKES, son of the late Rev. R. J. and Mrs. Sparkes, of Alfold, Surrey, in his 85th year. Funeral 1.30 p.m. Steyning Church, Wednesday next. Interment Extra-Mural Cemetery, Brighton. (Ceylon papers, please copy.)

TAYTON.—On May 10, 1930, at Patrea, Sutton, Surrey, EMILY, widow of ROBERT HENRY TAYTON, aged 75 years.

WARDEN.—On May 9, 1930, at Bournemouth, HOWARD WILLIAM WARDEN, of Lemington Grange, Moreton-in-Marsh, aged 81 years. Funeral at Moreton, 12 noon to-morrow (Tuesday). No flowers.

WHITE.—On May 4, 1930, at Malvern Wells, EDWARD ARTHUR DAWSON WHITE, M.A. (Oxon.), F.R.H.S., youngest son of the late Rev. John White, Vicar of St. Peter's, South Croydon.

WHITE.—On May 10, 1930, at The Chilterns, Beaconsfield, WILLIAM ANDREW WHITE, aged 48. Funeral at Aylesbury Cemetery at 12 noon to-morrow (Tuesday). No mourning.

WILLIAMSON.—On May 10, 1930, at St. Leonards-on-Sea, MARGARET WILLIAMSON, First Principal of the Princess Helena College, 1882-1902, and Co-Principal of St. Cuthbert's School, Southbourne, 1902-19, in her 84th year. Cremation at Golders Green to-morrow (Tuesday), at 12.30. (Indian and Colonial papers, please copy.)

WYLDE.—On Friday, May 9, 1930, at The Shrubbery, Burghfield, WILLIAM GEORGE COLQUHOUN WYLDE, aged 80. Funeral at Chiswick to-morrow (Tuesday), at 3 p.m.

YATES.—On Thursday, May 8, 1930, at 22, Clapham-road, Bedford, EDITH, the wife of HAROLD YATES.

IN MEMORIAM OF ACTIVE SERVICE

ADAMS.—In ever-living memory of MAJOR GEORGE STOPFORD ADAMS, 1st Battalion the Lancashire Fusiliers, 29th Division, who was killed in action in Gallipoli on May 11, 1915.

BEARDMORE.—In tender, unfading memory of our beloved sister, EDITH ELIZABETH BEARDMORE, fell asleep May 12, 1923.

EDMONDS.—In loving memory of WILLIAM EDMONDS, of Wycombe Park, Colyton, Devon, and 68, Great Cumberland-place, W., who died May 12, 1914.

HAY-CURRIE.—To the dear memory of EDMUND HAY-CURRIE, K.C. At rest, Whitsun Eve, May 10, 1913. "In the Garden of Happy Memories there is ever Sunshine."—H. A. H.-C., 39, Roxboro'-park, Harrow-on-the-Hill.

JAMESON.—In memory of my husband, ARTHUR JOSEPH JAMESON, M.A., Priest, late Rector of Cotesbach, who died suddenly on the eleventh day of May, 1921.

So loved, so mourned.

LANE.—In loving memory of WILLIAM G. LANE, of Lynwood, Totteridge, Herts, who died May 12, 1929, in Southern Rhodesia.

LLOYD.—In ever-loving memory of my beloved son LOUIS, May 11, 1914. Always with me, my darling.—MOTHER.

PATTERSON.—In ever-loving memory of my Father, DOUGLAS CARR PATTERSON, who passed away in Smyrna, on May 12, 1929.

PRATT (EMILE).—Southbourne, May 12, 1921.—In ever devoted and unfading memory of my precious mother.

"To love is still to have. I hold her by my love that cannot die."—MAY.

STANIFORTH.—In loving memory of my devoted wife, LUCY BELLE STANIFORTH, who died May 11, 1929.

God has taken my beloved one from my home.

But never from my heart.

WALKER.—In ever-loving memory of FAITHIE ANNIE, wife of FRANCIS WALKER, who died at Great Hasely, Oxon., May 12, 1925.

WHEELER.—To the dear memory of PERCY F. WHEELER, May 12, 1920.

MEMORIAL SERVICE

FERENS.—A memorial service to the RT. HON. T. R. FERENS will be held at 12 noon on Wednesday, May 14, in the Assembly Hall of the University College of Hull, of which Mr. T. R. Ferens was the founder and first President. An Oration of Tribute will be delivered by the Venerable Archdeacon J. M. Lambert, LL.D., Vice-President of the University College and Chairman of Council. As many places as are vacant after accommodation of members of the public wishing to attend.

CLOTHES VALETING

WALTER CURRALL, world's leading TURN-CLOTHES Specialist. Lounge, double-breasted, or plus 4 suit from 50s., costume 40s., TURNED and beautifully re-tailored "Just like new," by experienced workpeople employed exclusively for this purpose; all the linings are good and no outside breast pocket the above prices are correct. Don't worry; forward garments and the rest is our care. Mayfair 0077. City prices.—6, Broadway, Ludgate-hill. Central 1816.

SUITS TURNED as new by our invisible process, 35s.; overcoats, 30s.; costumes, 37s. 6d. Alterations, cleaning and repairs.—Call, or post garments, Dept. A., The Invisible Mending Co., 140, High Holborn (four doors from British Museum Station). We collect. Holb. 3674-5.

ROAD TRANSPORT

PASSENGER SERVICE

THE RELIABLE CAR HIRE SERVICE of LONDON. Rolls-Royce and Daimlers. Cheap rates hourly or yearly.—47, Bell Yard, Fleet Street, Chancery-lane. Little Cadogan-place, S.W.1. Sloane 4777.

THE FINEST CAR HIRE SERVICE IN THE WORLD.—Daimler Hire, Ltd., 243, Knightsbridge, London. Sloane 3456.

"G.D." IT'S IN A 1930 BUICK SALOON or Landaulette; two-seater with dickey seat. Also Buick Marquette Saloon. Drive yourself or chauffeur-driven. 24-hour service. Rates include petrol and oil. SPECIAL EVENING RATE (self-drive), 40s. miles 20s.—For further particulars phone Mayfair 4412, or write GODFREY DAVIS, 26, Bruton-street, Berkeley-square, W.1.

MINERVA HIRE, Ltd., LONDON'S SUPERIOR HIRE SERVICE, open day and night.—Minerva House, Chenies-street, Tottenham Court-road. Phone, Museum 0044 and 9677.

FREIGHTS WANTED

ALLEN'S six-wheeled double capacity MOTOR REMOVAL VANS. Most economical and efficient method of removing furniture.—Free estimate and booklet. On Moving House." J. J. Allen, Ltd., 32, Sloane-street, S.W.1, and Bournemouth and Southampton.

DICKFORDS REMOVAL and STORAGE SERVICE through 100 branches; no waiting for returning vans; frequent journeys all parts.—Inquire 206, High Holborn, W.C.1. Holborn 8021.

LET us move you to glorious Devon to LIVE. Free list of removal contractors and particulars of Houses for Sale.—SELLICK'S, Removal Experts and Storage Agents, The Close, Exeter, London Office, 30, Spring-street, W.2.

JOS. MAY'S RETURN LOADS Save Pounds.

By large Motor Pantechnicons. Skilled packers. MOVE OUT of STORE. Estimates post free.

PIANOS, FURNITURE, Without Packing, at our Risk. LIGHT MOTOR VANS FOR TRADE OR LUGGAGE. Captain MACLACHLAN, of ss. Eddystone, Clyde Shipping Co.

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RIDING AND SHOOTING

RIDING LESSONS in Hyde Park or Richmond Park by competent horsemasters. Specially trained hacks for Sale or Hire.—Cadogan Riding School (Indoor), Little Cadogan-place, S.W. (Sloane 8201); or King's Head Stables, Roehampton-lane (Putney 0486). W. Smith, Ltd.

GUNS and LESSONS in SHOOTING are ideal Birthday or Wedding Presents.—Stephen Grant and Joseph Lang, Ltd., 7, Bury-street, St. James', S.W.1. Regent 0454.

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TRAINED NURSES for ADULTS or CHILDREN.

Apply Matron. Telephone Bishopsgate 8333.

The Nurses on the private staff return to the wards between their cases, after sufficient rest, so that their work and knowledge are kept thoroughly up to date.

There are vacancies every seven weeks for Candidates wishing to enter for General Training.

LONDON TEMPERANCE HOSPITAL. HAMPSTEAD-ROAD, N.W.1.

TRAINED NURSES supplied upon application to the Matron.—Phone: Museum 0351.

QUEEN CHARLOTTE'S MATERNITY HOSPITAL, Marylebone, N.W.1. MATERNITY NURSES trained at the Hospital, residing at Nurses' Home. SUPPLIED.—Apply to the Matron. 'Ph. Ambassador 2266.

PERSONAL

BARBARA.—Darling, don't see L. before we meet to-night.—ALL.

THE charge for announcements in the Personal Column is 10s. for two lines (minimum) and 5s. for each additional line. Trade announcements 25s. for two lines and 12s. 6d. for each additional line. Lost and Found Notices 2s. 6d. for three lines (minimum) and 1s. for each additional line. Each line comprises about six words. Private numbers, if added, form part of the advertisement, and are charged for. Names and addresses of actual advertisers should accompany all advertisements, not for publication, unless desired, but as a guarantee of good faith. For index to other classifications see column seven.

THE Rt. Hon. the LORD MAYOR of LONDON will preside at the 112th ANNUAL MEETING of the BRITISH SAILORS' SOCIETY, to be held at the Mansion House to-day at 3 o'clock. The Speakers include:—The Lord Bishop of Bradford, D.D.; the Viscountess Bridgeman, D.B.E.; and the Rev. John Steele, M.A., D.Litt. Gifts for maintenance and extension of the Society's world-wide work will be welcomed by Sir Ernest Glover, Bart., Hon. Treasurer, 680, Commercial-road, London, E.14.—Herbert E. Barker, General Secretary.

H.H. PRINCESS HELENA VICTORIA will open a Stall at the ANNUAL SUMMER SALE of the ROYAL SCHOOL of NEEDLEWORK, Exhibition-road, S.W., on Wednesday, May 28, 2.30-8.30. Admission 2s. 6d. Tea. Music.

SOMERSET, near Burnham.—SALE, compact HOUSE; tric light, company's water; garden ½ acre; small orchard; garage.—Write Box G.1651, The Times, E.C.4.

TO be LET or SOLD, sunny, mild, healthy NEW-QUAY, Cornwall, near beaches, golf, tennis, gardens, well FURNISHED charming HOUSE of character; two reception, four bed rooms, two large sun parlours; indoor sanitation; electric light, central heating, all modern comforts; large garden; garage; worked one maid; any reasonable offer accepted; owner going abroad.—Write Box E.688, The Times, E.C.4.

YOUNG GERMAN LADY, fluent French, wishes be ACCEPTED AU PAIR; English family London preferred.—Write Box 8433, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

ONE or TWO PAYING GUESTS RECEIVED until June 3rd in charming Cotswold cottage, adjoining famous golf links; modern comforts; running water, &c.; good tennis, car.—Write Box G.1626, The Times, E.C.4.

MASSAGE for FIGURE BUILDING. Neurasthenia. Obesity; Scientific Method by Medical Man; low terms.—Write Box E.720, The Times, E.C.4.

100,000 AMERICANS are EXPECTED HERE by AUGUST. Why not ACQUIRE and EQUIP an HOTEL for them in STRATFORD-UPON-AVON? A Fully-Licensed Property, on a magnificent Site of 15 Acres, is available.—Apply Philip Baker and Co., Solicitors, 131, Stechford-lane, Birmingham.

EAST DEVON.—To be LET, Unfurnished, LODGE COTTAGE to Gentleman's Estate; delightful situation, 700ft. above sea; suitable for retired lady or gentleman; low rental.—Write Box 847, 8, Serle-street, W.C.2.

A DUKE'S HEAD AGENT highly RECOMMENDS his ASSISTANT (10 years' experience), wife, or lady, Public School and College, degree; 20 years' experience, Times, E.C.4.

DAVID.—Returned from Africa Monday. Address care of Mrs. H. R.—F.

WANTED, LESSONS in SPANISH; only Spaniards apply.—Write Box G.1652, The Times, E.C.4.

"I would suggest that your Association do all they can to encourage ESPECIALLY the Boys like myself to come to South Africa to spend the autumn of their lives in peace and comfort, without any idea of farming or making money."—From a retired Major of the Indian Army to the 1920 Memorial Settlers' Association (London Office: 199, Piccadilly, W.1).

HOME LOST unless some dear soul would lend widow £100; return £1 weekly.—Write Box 8.902, The Times, E.C.4.

RIVIERA.—JUNE HONEYMOONERS. Adorable newly FURNISHED FLAT; everything ready; gas and electric light included; £10.—Write Box E.723, The Times, E.C.4.

BEXHILL.—To be LET IMMEDIATELY for one year, comfortably FURNISHED small HOUSE; two double, two single bed rooms, two sitting rooms; bath; boiler, gas cooker, electric and gas fires; wireless; close sea station, golf, and garage.—Call or write, 5, Terminus-avenue, Bexhill. Telephone 239.

PLEASE lift the drab, dull misery from the life of one poor child for a fortnight. Give it unaccustomed healthy happiness in a fresh, sunny environment. All this can be done for a waif, whose normal existence is hedged round by the handicaps of poverty, for the small sum of One Pound sent to the Children's Country Holidays Fund. Please send your gift to-day to Earl of Arran (Room 2), 18, Buckingham-street, Strand. In 1929 we sent away over 32,000 children.

DICTATING MACHINE, comprising Ediphone, Transaphone, Dictaphone, Ediswan, for SALE; in good condition.—Phone Chancery 7188.

QUEEN'S-GATE, S.W.7.—SECOND-FLOOR FLAT to be LET; two large balconies, two sitting, three bed, offices, &c.; about £400. Lease 21 years, or Furnished, with garage.—Write Box 705, Reynells', 44, Chancery-lane, W.C.2.

OFF PORTLAND-PLACE.—HOUSE to be LET, partly furnished; 13 rooms; 2 baths.—Write Box 0635, The Times, 42, Regent-street, W.1.

GRAY'S INN, overlooking beautiful gardens.—Well FURNISHED FLAT; hall, large sitting room, three bed rooms, good kitchen, bath (hot and cold); long let, 4gns. weekly.—Telephone Wendover 58, or write Box 09946, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.

EXETER (near).—Old-fashioned HOUSE, remodelled; every convenience; electric light; about Ten Acres; stabling and garage. To be LET FURNISHED for long or short period.—Write Box G.1679, The Times, E.C.4.

6D. a MILE; LUXURIOUS SALOON CAR; nearly new; chauffeur driven.—Slak. 7adl. 0558.

LADY (experienced TRAVELLER) seeking knowledge, French and German, slight Spanish, offers SERVICES TRAVELLING COMPANION; free June 15.—Write Box 8437, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

GEORGE.—Refuse to take it; expect you to-night.—GIRL.

EATON-SQUARE (adjoining). Charmingly FURNISHED SMALL HOUSE; two reception rooms, four bed, bath; for season or until Christmas, 6gns. per week.—Telephone Owner, Sloane 3308, or 'phone Sloane 6148.

DEAFENED cordially invited to lip-reading demonstration at The Kinsic Institute of Speech-Reading, 12, Park-crescent, Portland-place, W.1, on May 14th, at half-past eleven.

CANNES.—FURNISHED COTTAGE; two-three bed bath, living room, kitchen; two acres garden; on hill; 15 minutes' walk Cannes, five minutes sea; 3gns. weekly till end September.—Apply Villa Roland, Avenue Belle-vue, Cannes.

DANCING.—Four lessons £1 1s.—Miss Carew, 91, Victoria-street, next A. and N. Stores. Franklin 6312.

DELIGHTFUL GUEST HOUSE in beautiful grounds, Wimbledon; adjoining 2 minutes Golf Course. Well appointed; excellent table; tennis.—X., Wood Hall, S.E.21 (opposite Sydenham-hill Station). Syd. 0483.

YOU WISH to SPEAK in PUBLIC? Then join classes of the Anti-Socialist Union, 58, Victoria-street, S.W.1. Few Vacancies. Booklet free.

MR. and Mrs. WINTHROP YOUNG wish to LET their charming HOUSE in CAMBRIDGE after this term; Furnished or Unfurnished.—All communications to Mrs. Winthrop Young, 5, Bene't-place, Cambridge.

6D. a MILE Chauffeur-driven CHRYSLER Saloons and Armstrong Siddeley Landaulettes.—Frobisher 3256.

TO be LET at SANDBANKS, DORSET, HOUSE, July, August; six bed rooms; bathing from house; pine garden; modern arrangements.—Apply "L.," P.O., Sandbanks.

THE SPA or VITTEL (Vosges) announces that a Medical Representative will attend at Cook's Head Office, Berkeley-street, W.1., on May 12th till May 16th to give information regarding the waters and cures to persons interested. Enquiries welcomed.

WOODSTOCK.—SMALL FURNISHED HOUSE to LET; two reception, three bed, bathing rooms.—Owner, The Roof Tree, Woodstock, near Oxford.

PRIVATE HOTEL in SOUTH DEVON.—"The Manor House," Dawlish, which will be Sold by Auction on the 30th May, is admirably suitable for a residential Hotel; 10 bed rooms, 4 reception rooms, 2 bathrooms, 37ft. by 25ft. The gardens are wonderful and interested by the Dawlish Water with waterfalls; tennis lawn; Four Acres.—Write Box G.1660, The Times, E.C.4.

TO be LET, LAT part RESTAURANT; two reception, four bed rooms, two bath rooms; two-ten. Rent £475. Apply Box 3557, L.P.E., 112, St. Martin's-lane, W.C.2.

ST. ERMIN'S, WESTMINSTER.—SERVICE FLAT to be LET for the season or longer; eight guineas a week; beautifully sitting room, one double bed room, bath room, &c.; in alternative would assign lease 18 months £300 per annum.—Apply Sir F. Tindal Atkinson, K.C., above address, or Phone Victoria 140, High Holborn Rents.

DOCTOR (Harley-street) would TAKE BOY 4 to 5 years as COMPANION to own son; country town, near London.—Write Box E.718, The Times, E.C.4.

SAVAGERY in ENGLAND!—Little children bruised, bleeding, heartbroken. Victims of viciousness, ignorance and neglect. Only 2s. will help two poor children—£5, £5 will help five. Please send donation now.—William J. Elliott, Director, National Society Prevention Cruelty to Children, Leicester-square, W.C.2.

MABEL ROBEY'S CAMERA Portraits Exhibition continued until May 16th owing to enormous success.

UNWANTED False Teeth urgently wanted for our Dental Aid Work.—Ivory Cross, 67a, Welbeck-street, W.1.

FLAT (Furnished), WESTMINSTER; bed-sitting, bath, lift; 3½gns.—Write Box G.1683, The Times, E.C.4.

TO AMERICANS.—Fine old MAHOGANY SIDEBOARD and pair of handsome Plate Buckets to match for sale. Inherited from relatives of John Hancock.—Particulars from Miss Hancock, Royal Hotel, Weston-super-Mare.

SAVILE-ROW.—LOUNGE SUITS from 5gns. Built for you by EMMS.—Appointments, write, or 'ph. EMMS, Ltd., Tailors, 11, Savile-row, W.1. Regent 3564.

OH happy day! Those glorious cantaloupe melons from Paris have arrived at Fortnum and Mason's, from 21s. each.—182, Piccadilly, W.1.

ENORMOUS DEMANDS such as we have for LADIES' and GENTLEMEN'S UNREQUIRED EFFECTS enable us to give exceptionally high prices for dresses, furs, suits, overcoats, and all discarded clothing. Also household linen, jewellery, or offers of same day as goods received. Buyers attend free anywhere.—PETER DEAN, 151-3, Edgware-road, W.2. Padd. 4320.

MAPLE and Co., Ltd.—If you require FURNITURE for EFFECTIVE PACKED and SHIPPED ABROAD apply to MAPLE and Co., Ltd., TOTTENHAM COURT-ROAD, W.1, for particulars regarding packing, freight, Custom House formalities and insurance; also rates for Continental and American Trunks.

A GENTLEMAN always LOOKS WELL DRESSED in GOOD CLOTHES.—New misfits direct from Davies, Schoffe, Hill Bros., Sandon, &c.; lounge, dress, sports suits, overcoats, &c., 4 fittings, alterations.—Regent-street Co., 17, Shaftesbury-avenue, W.1 (next Café Monico).

AT the THEATRE, opera, dinner, dance, or wherever beautiful women grace the festive hours, Tecla and Oriental pearls pass for one another and speak to each other in passing.—Tecla, 7, Old Bond-street, W.1.

SUITS, Overcoats, Costumes TURNED as NEW; original cut and fit retained exact and buttoning as before.—Price List: John Maclean, 97-99,

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MAIL, PASSENGER AND FREIGHT SERVICES.

MEDITERRANEAN, EGYPT, SUDAN, INDIA, PERSIAN GULF, BURMA, CEYLON, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, MAURITIUS, EAST & SOUTH AFRICA, AUSTRALASIA. P. & O. and B.I. Tickets interchangeable, also Tickets of P. & O., Orient, and New Zealand Companies. All sailings subject to change with or without notice.

P. & O. CRUISES.

May 30.—SPAIN, ALGERIA, MOROCCO. 14 days; from 25 guineas.

June 14.—SPAIN, MONTE CARLO, CORSICA. 13 days; from 24 guineas.

June 28.—SPAIN, MONTE CARLO, ALGERIA. 13 days; from 24 guineas.

July 26.—AROUND BRITAIN. 13 days; from 24 guineas.

Other Cruises to ICELAND, NORWAY, and the MEDITERRANEAN.

For all information apply P. & O. Cruises (F. H. Grosvenor, Manager), 14, Cockspur-street, London, S.W.1, or 130, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3.

P. & O.

(Under Contract with His Majesty's Government.)
Taking passengers † for Malta, ‡ for Port Sudan.

BOMBAY AND KARACHI.

Ship.	Tons.	Commander.	London.	Marseilles.
*Comorin	16,000	Cartwright	—	—
Morea	11,000	Holland	May 16	May 16
†Razmak	11,000	Thornton	May 23	May 23
Narkunda	11,000	Parker	May 30	June 6
†Malwa	11,000	Britten	June 6	June 13
Dunluce Castle	11,000	Cadiz	June 13	June 20
†Rawalpindi	16,600	Stringer	June 20	June 27
Mooltan	21,000	Townshend	June 27	July 4
*Kaisar-i-Hind	11,500	Rendlam	July 4	July 11
Mantua	11,000	Hignett	July 11	July 18
*Macedonia	11,000	Morton	July 18	July 25
Comorin	15,000	Cartwright	July 25	Aug. 1
†Sangora	16,600	Furlong	Aug. 1	Aug. 8
Malwa	11,000	Britten	Aug. 8	Aug. 15

FORTNIGHTLY TO AUSTRALIA.

From London and Marseilles.

‡Mongolia	16,000	Rhodes	May 16	May 22
Narkunda	16,500	Parker	May 30	June 6
Mooltan	15,000	Griffin	June 13	June 19
Benalla	21,000	Townshend	June 27	July 4
Comorin	13,000	Wyatt	July 11	July 17
‡Molavia	15,000	Cartwright	July 25	Aug. 1
Naldera	16,500	Allin	Aug. 8	Aug. 14
† Taking also 3rd cabin passengers only at 3rd cabin rates.	16,000	Harrison	Aug. 22	Aug. 29

* Taking one class only.

COLOMBO AND CALCUTTA.

Calling at Southampton.

Padua (cargo)	7,736	—	—	—
Bhutan (cargo)	6,000	—	June 6	—
Perim (cargo)	7,648	—	June 20	—
			July 4	—

CEYLON, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN.

Fortnightly Direct Service, calling at Southampton.

Morea	11,000	Holland	May 16	May 23
Kaisar	9,000	Cochrane	May 23	—
Dalpatana	16,600	Cadiz	June 13	June 20
Kashmir	9,000	Mallaby	June 13	—
Mantua	11,000	Hignett	July 11	July 18

BRITISH INDIA.

(Under contract with the Government of India.)

BOMBAY, PORT OKHA, AND/OR BEDI BUNDER (JAMNAGAR) AND KARACHI

Ship.	Tons.	Mid'sbro.	Antwerp.	LONDON
*HATIPERA	8,182	May 17	May 23	May 24
*ASTERAMEE		May 21	May 24	May 31
DOMALA		June 11	June 14	June 21
MASULA	8,441	July 2	July 5	June 28
	7,261	July 23	July 26	Aug. 2

* Cargo Steamer.

COLOMBO, MADRAS, AND CALCUTTA.

Ship.	Tons.	Antwerp.	Mid'sbro.	LONDON
*MOMBASA	8,193	—	—	May 17
†*MULDERA	9,106	—	—	May 17
*MANTOLA	9,066	May 24	May 27	May 31
*MASHOBRA		May 28	June 7	June 14
	8,324	June 11	June 21	June 28

* Calls Tangier. † Calls Malta and Jeddah.

PORT SUDAN, ADEN, AND EAST AFRICAN PORTS.

Ship.	Tons.	Antwerp.	Mid'sbro.	LONDON	Marseilles.
MADURA	9,077	—	—	—	May 17
MATIANA	9,066	May 17	May 20	May 24	May 31
MALDA	8,900	June 7	June 10	June 14	June 21
MODASA	9,070	July 12	July 15	July 19	July 26

QUEENSLAND.

Ship.	Tons.	Mid'sbro.	Immingham	LONDON
A STEAMER	—	—	—	—

PASSENGER OFFICE.

Manager, F. H. GROSVENOR.

P. & O. HOUSE, 14, COCKSPUR-ST., S.W.1.

City Booking Office, 130, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3.
Paris: Société Générale P. & O., 41, Bld. des Capucines; Monte Carlo (Col. C. Paste, P. & O. Agent), Avenue de Monte Carlo.

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P. & O. or B.I. Offices, 122, LEADENHALL-ST., E.C.3. B.I. Offices, 16, LEADENHALL-ST., E.C.3.

GRAY, DAWES & Co., 122, LEADENHALL-ST., E.C.3.

Freight Brokers :—

P. & O., Bycombe, McGregor and Co., 13, Penchurch-avenue, E.C.3; B.I.S.N. Co., Gellatly, Hankey and Co., Ltd., Dock House, Billiter-street, E.C.3; (Middleton) for Bombay and Karachi), Gow, Wilson and Smith, Ltd., 14, Billiter-street, E.C.3; and (Queensland line) Ritchie, Potter and Hughes, 2, Penchurch-avenue, London, E.C.3.

NEW ZEALAND LINE.

Regular Four-weekly Passenger Sailings from Southampton to NEW ZEALAND and AUSTRALIA.

VIA PANAMA CANAL.

Single-berth Cabins and Bath-room Suites.

Ship.	Tons.	SOUTHAMPTON
ROTORUA	12,500	June 6
RANGITATA (new motor vessel)	17,000	June 13
RUAHINE	9,000	July 4
	11,000	Aug. 1

Saloon and 3rd Class Passengers only. * Via Suva.
Apply the N.Z.S.S. Co., Ltd. (J. B. Westray and Co., Ltd., Agents), 138, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3 (Tele. Avenue 6250); or the Trans-Pacific Passenger Agency, Ltd. (W. L. James, General Manager), 14, Cockspur-street (first floor), London, S.W.1 (Tele., Regent 6724).

UNION S.S. Co. of NEW ZEALAND, LTD.,

TO NEW ZEALAND AND AUSTRALIA, By any Atlantic Line to Canada or U.S.A.; thence via VANCOUVER or SAN FRANCISCO.

	From	
AORANGI	‡ Vancouver.	† San Francisco.
MARAMA	May 23	
NIAGARA	June 25	June 11
TAHITI		July 9

‡ Canadian-Australasian Line via Honolulu, Fiji, and Auckland to Sydney. † Union Royal Mail Line via Tahiti, Rarotonga, Wellington to Sydney.

Apply the Trans-Pacific Passenger Agency, Ltd. (W. L. James, General Manager), 14, Cockspur-street (first floor), London, S.W.1 (Tele., Regent 6724); or for Vancouver service any office of the Canadian Railways.

P. & O. BRANCH SERVICE.

MAIL STEAMERS TO AUSTRALIA.

Via Malta, Port Said, Suez, Aden, and Colombo.
ONE CLASS ONLY AT LOWER RATES.

	Tons.	London.	Plymouth
BALRANALD	13,000	June 6	June 8
BALLARAT	13,000	June 20	June 22
†BRISBANE	13,000	July 4	July 5
BARADINE	13,000	July 11	Aug. 2
† Calls Marseilles 17th July.	13,000	July 25	Aug. 1

Also 3rd CABIN BOOKINGS for sailing Malta.

	Tons.	London.	Marseilles.
R.M.S. MONGOLIA	16,500	May 16	May 22
R.M.S. MOLDAVIA	16,500	May 30	June 5

Apply P. & O., 130, Leadenhall-street, London, E.C.3, or (passage only) 14-16, Cockspur-street, London, S.W.1.

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Tickets interchangeable with other lines.
HOLIDAY TRIPS TO SPAIN, MOROCCO, RIVIERA, ITALY, EGYPT, and CEYLON.
CRUISES by 20,000-TON STEAMERS.

	Tons.	London.	Naples.
ORONSAY	20,000	May 24	May 30
ORAMA	20,000	June 20	June 26
ORFORD	20,000	June 21	June 27
ORMONDE	20,000	June 27	July 3
ORVIETO	15,000	July 25	July 27
ORONTES	20,000	Aug. 16	Aug. 22
ORSOVA	20,000	Aug. 30	Sept. 5
ORMUZ	20,000	Sept. 27	Sept. 29
ORAMA	20,000	Oct. 11	Oct. 17

Managers, ANDERSON, GREEN & Co., Ltd., Head Office, 5, Fenchurch-avenue, E.C.3; Branch Offices, 14, Cockspur-street, S.W.1; No. 1, Australia House, Strand.

ELLERMAN LINES

CITY HALL

BUCKNALL

FAST REGULAR PASSENGER SERVICE.
LIVERPOOL to EGYPT, SUDAN, INDIA & CEYLON.

Steamer.	Tons.	Date.	Destination.
City of Cairo	7,904	June 5	Calcutta
City of Venice	8,500	June 19	Bombay and Karachi
City of York	7,644	July 3	Bombay and Karachi
City of Baroda	7,129	July 15	Bombay and Karachi
	8,500	Aug. 7	Marseilles.

LONDON TO SOUTH AFRICA.

City of Alexandria	4,712	June 7	Cape Town, Algoa Bay.
City of Karachi	5,375	July 19	Cape Town, Algoa Bay.

MARSEILLES TO STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.
Regular freight service with limited accommodation for passengers at reduced rates.

AUTUMN SAILINGS ON APPLICATION.

Sailings subject to cancellation without notice.
LONDON: 104-5, Leadenhall-st., E.C. Tele. Ave. 9340
LIVERPOOL: Tower-bldgs., Water-st. ,, Cent. 3840
GLASGOW: 75, Bothwell-street ,, Cent. 9222

N.Y.K. LINE.

(JAPAN MAIL.)

FORTNIGHTLY PASSENGER & CARGO SERVICE to COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, HONG-KONG, SHANGHAI, KOBE, and YOKOHAMA.

	Tons.	London.	Marseilles.	Naples.
HARUNA MARU	16,500	May 17	May 24	May 28
KAMO MARU	16,500	May 31	June 7	June 11
KATORI MARU	16,000	June 14	June 21	June 25

REDUCED SUMMER FARES TO GIBRALTAR, MARSEILLES, NAPLES, AND PORT SAID.

FORTNIGHTLY PASSENGER SERVICE from SAN FRANCISCO via HONOLULU to JAPAN & CHINA. Through Bookings from Europe.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA, 4, Lloyd's-avenue, E.C.3. Tele.: Royal 6244-9.
(A limited Company incorporated in Japan.)
West End Agency, Cunard Line, 25-27, Cockspur-st., S.W.1.

TANGIER, GIBRALTAR, MARSEILLES.

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ROTTERDAM LLOYD.

FORTNIGHTLY from and to SOUTHAMPTON for EGYPT, CEYLON, SUMATRA, SINGAPORE, JAVA.

S.S. Simaut			12,000 May 16
S.S. Patria			12,000 May 30
M.S. Sibergia			12,000 May 30

Apply U.K. Agents, Simons, McGrath and Co., 13, Fenchurch-avenue, London, E.C.3; West End Passage Agency, The American Express Co., Inc., 6, Haymarket S.W.1.

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101, LEADENHALL-STREET, E.C.3. Avenue 9670.

SHIPPING (continued)

CUNARD LINE.

U.S.A.—CANADA.

SOUTHAMPTON—CHERBOURG—NEW YORK.

AQUITANIA - - - MAY 17

*LANCASTRIA .. May 17 BERENGARIA .. May 24
(Via Havre, not Cherbourg.)
LIVERPOOL—COBH—NEW YORK.
†CARINTHIA - - - MAY 17
*LACONIA .. May 24 *SCYTHIA .. May 31
† Calls Boston. ‡ Calls Galway and Boston.
* Calls Belfast, not Cobh.
SOUTHAMPTON—CHERBOURG—QUEBEC—MONTREAL.
ASCANIA - - - MAY 17
ALAUNIA .. May 24 *AUSONIA .. May 31
* Calls Cobh.
LIVERPOOL—GLASGOW—BELFAST—QUEBEC—MONTREAL.
†ATHENIA - - - MAY 17
ANTONIA .. May 23 †LETITIA .. May 31
† From Glasgow and Belfast previous day.

Apply Cunard Line, London, 51, Bishopsgate, E.C.3, and 26-27, Cockspur-street, S.W.1; Liverpool, Pier Head; or local passenger agencies.

OCEANIC HOUSE, 1, COCKSPUR-ST., S.W.1.

WHITE STAR LINE.

THE "BIGGEST SHIP" ROUTE.

SOUTHAMPTON-NEW YORK, via Cherbourg.

Homeric	Wed., May 14	Majestic	Wed., May 28
Olympic	Wed., May 21	Homeric	Wed., June 4

LIVERPOOL—BOSTON—NEW YORK.

Via Queenstown.

(2) Baltic	Sat., May 17	(2) Adriatic	Sat., May 31
Cedric	Sat., May 24	Arabic	Sat., June 7

† Via Belfast and Glasgow instead of Queenstown.
(2) Not calling Boston.

LIVERPOOL—QUEBEC—MONTREAL.

Laurentic	Fri., May 16	Albertic	Fri., June 6
Doric	Fri., May 30	Laurentic	Fri., June 13

SOUTHAMPTON—QUEBEC—MONTREAL.

Calgaric .. Sat., May 17
(Via Queenstown.)

LONDON—NEW ZEALAND, Via Panama.

Tamaroa (Passengers from Southampton only), Fri., May 23

RED STAR TO NEW YORK.

FROM SOUTHAMPTON & CHERBOURG.

(6) Belgenland .. .. May 17
(4) Pennland .. .. May 24

TO CANADA.

SOUTHAMPTON to HALIFAX, N.S.

(4) Pennland .. .. Sat., May 24
(4) Westernland .. .. Sat., June 7

From Antwerp previous day.
(4) Tourist Third Cabin and Third Class Passengers only.
(6) First, Tourist Third Cabin and Third Class Passengers.

ATLANTIC TRANSPORT LINE.

LONDON'S LARGEST LINERS.

LONDON to NEW YORK

via Boulogne.

FIRST CLASS PASSENGERS ONLY.

*Minnewaska, 21,716 tons .. .. May 24 | June 21
*Minnetonka, 21,998 tons .. .. May 17 | June 14

TOURIST THIRD CABIN PASSENGERS ONLY.

*Minnehaha, 17,281 tons .. .. May 17 | June 14
* Carrying also freight, including refrigerated cargo.

Apply also Leadenhall-street, E.C.3, or Local Agents.

FRENCH LINE C.G.T.

REGULAR

EXPRESS FIRST AND SECOND CLASS

FAST "CABIN" AND TOURIST THIRD CABIN SERVICES from

PLYMOUTH DIRECT TO NEW YORK.

	From Plymouth.	Due New York.
"PARIS" (c)	May 13	May 19
"LAFAYETTE" (c)	May 14	May 20
"FRANCE" (c)	May 18	May 26
"ILE DE FRANCE" (c)	May 24	May 27
(c) Express Service First and Second Class only.	May 29	June 3

(c) First Cabin and Tourist Third Cabin Service.

MAIDEN VOYAGE TO NEW YORK

of the Giant Motor Ship

"LAFAYETTE," MAY 18TH,

Speed and Luxury in Cabin and Tourist Third Cabin Classes.

Also

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S.S. "BELLERIN DE LATOUCHE" .. .. May 19
S.S. "ELANDRE" .. .. June 16

Cie. Gle. Transatlantique, Ltd., 20, Cockspur-street, S.W.1, and all leading Travel Agents.

HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE.

REGULAR SAILINGS FROM SOUTHAMPTON.

TO HALIFAX AND NEW YORK.

†ROTTERDAM (First-class fare from £42 10s.) May 17
VOLENDAM (First-class fare from £35) .. May 24

HOLLAND'S LARGEST LUXURY LINER.

S.S. STATENDAM

Next Sailing .. .. .. 30,000 tons
.. .. June 7

TO CUBA AND MEXICO.

*LEERDAM .. May 24 *MAASDAM .. June 21
From Boulogne. † Not calling Halifax.
Apply 19, Pall Mall, S.W.1 (Tele. No. Ger. 5440.), or 25-27, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3 (Tele. No. Mon. 6021).

JAMAICA DIRECT FRUIT LINE.

SPECIAL SUMMER TOURS.

LONDON TO JAMAICA

32 Days' round Trip from £55 inclusive of Hotel accommodation and shore excursions.

First-class accommodation all outside rooms. Private Bath Rooms, Swimming Pool, &c.

For further particulars apply to :—

Agents, KAYE, SON and Co., Ltd., 112, Fenchurch-street, E.C.3 (Monument 4567); or West End Agents, Thomas, Grant and Co., Ltd., 25, Cockspur-street, S.W.1 (Gerrard 2094); or Local Agents.

CUBA—MEXICO—TEXAS.

OZEAN LINE.

	From Southampton
HAVANA	
VERA CRUZ	RIO BRAVO .. May 28th
TAMPICO	RIO PANUCO .. July 10th
GALVESTON	Wainwright Bros. and Co., Ltd.,
HOUSTON	21, Fenchurch-street, E.C.3.

UNITED STATES LINES.

AMERICAN MERCHANT LINES TO NEW YORK.

U.S.L.

From Southampton Weekly.	A.M.L. From London Weekly.
Famous Cabin Class.	One class only £26 10s.
£38 Return (Tourist Cabin).	With bath £25 10s.
Booklets &c., free from your Agent or U.S. Lines, Offices: 1, Regent-street, S.W.1. (Gerrard 5820.)	

LEVIATHAN	May 13	President Roosevelt	May 15
America	May 22	President Harding	May 29

SOUTH AFRICA.

HOLIDAY TOURS BY UNION-CASTLE LINE.

Tour on 30th May at reduced return fares.

ALSO TOURS TO MADEIRA or CANARY ISLANDS and to ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG and back.

For further particulars apply to :—
Head Office : 3, Fenchurch-street, London, E.C.3.
West End Agency, 125, Pall Mall, S.W.1.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE (HAPAG).

ACCELERATED PASSAGE—7 DAYS.

SOUTHAMPTON TO NEW YORK.

Albert Ballin			
New York			May 17
Deutschland			May 24
Hamburg			May 31
			June 7

SHORT SEA TRIPS.

Southampton to Hamburg. May 15, May 25.
Apply to WM. H. MULLER and Co. (London), Ltd., 66-68, Haymarket, London, S.W.1.

ANCHOR LINE. LIVERPOOL TO BOMBAY & KARACHI.

CALLING AT GIBRALTAR, PORT SAID, and SUEZ.

*ELEMITE	May 16	*CASTALIA	June 13
*CIRCASSIA	May 30	*CIRCASSIA	July 11

* First Class Passengers only. † Calls Port Sudan. Specially low fares.

Vessels recognised by Indian Government.
Indian Government Vouchers accepted.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

New S.S. CALIFORNIA, 17,000 TONS.

carrying FIRST CLASS and THIRD CABIN passengers, sails from LIVERPOOL Oct. 21, MARSEILLES Oct. 27. All 1st Class state rooms are fitted with Punkah Louvre and with fans. This vessel has exceptionally fine 3rd cabin accommodation.

GLASGOW TO NEW YORK.

CALEDONIA	May 16	TRANSYLVANIA	June 6
CAMERONIA	May 23	CALEDONIA	June 13
ANCHOR LINE, 48,	FENCHURCH-STREET,		June 14

and as 26 and 27, Cockspur-street, S.W.1.

ROYAL NETHERLANDS STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Incorporating the services of the former ROYAL NETHERLANDS WEST INDIA MAIL.

Fortnightly passenger and mail service to Barbados, Trinidad, La Guaira, Pto. Cabello, Curaçao, Pto. Colombia, Cartagena, and Pto. Limon.

Next Sailings from Dover :—

S.S. † SIMON BOLIVAR			May 24
S.S. † CRYNSSEN			June 21
S.S. † STUYVESANT			June 21
† DOVER TO DEMERARA SERVICE VIA MADEIRA.			
S.S. † PRINS FREDERIK HENDRIK			June 21
S.S. † ORANJE NASSAU			June 21

† Pleasure Rates and full particulars apply to :—
Pot. van Gunsteren (London), Ltd., 18-19, Fall Mall, London, S.W.1.
Or to CITY OFFICE : 27, Leadenhall-street, London, E.C.3. (Phone : Monument 0021.)

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

From MARSEILLES (Services Contractuels).
CEYLON, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN.

Chenonceaux	May 16	Angkor II.	May 30
MOMBASA, MADAGASCAR, MAURITIUS.			
A. V. GARROS	May 23	and June 6	GENERAL DUCHESNE
PIERRE, ISTANBUL, IZMIR & BEYROUT.			
Azemmour	May 20	and June 3	
EGYPT, PALESTINE AND BEYROUT.			
MARECHAL FACHA	May 20	and May 27	LOTUS

Passenger Fares and all particulars apply to :—
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M.S. JOHAN de WITT .. .. 22nd May
M.S. P. C. HOOFT .. .. .. 5th June

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to

PERNAMBUCO, BAHIA, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, MONTEVIDEO and BUENOS AIRES.

Via France, Spain, and Portugal.

Vessel.	Gross Tons.	From S'hampton.	From Liverpool.
*ARLANZA	14,930	May 23	—
†DESNA	14,483	—	May 24
ASTURIAS (M.V.)	22,071	June 6	—
†DEMERARA	11,484	—	June 7
*ALMANZORA	15,551	June 20	—
ALCANTARA (M.V.)	22,181	July 4	—
DARRO	11,484	—	July 5
*ARLANZA	14,930	July 18	—

* Calls Madeira. † Omits Cherbourg.

EUROPE—NORTH PACIFIC.

THE PACIFIC LINE

to

WEST COAST OF SOUTH AMERICA.

CHILE, PERU, BERMUDA, Via France, Spain. PANAMA CANAL, HAVANA,

Vessel.	Gross Tons.	From Liverpool.
OROYA (omits Bermuda)	12,257	May 15
ORCOMA (calls Azores)	11,580	May 29
ORITA (omits Bermuda)	9,228	June 12
ORDUNA	15,507	July 3

SPECIAL SUMMER TOUR TO BERMUDA.
ORDUNA, July 3.

R.M.S.P. "ATLANTIS"

CRUISES to

GIBRALTAR, TANGIER, CASABLANCA, LAS PALMAS, TENERIFFE, MADEIRA.
From SOUTHAMPTON .. 6th June .. 14 days
TO NORWAY, NORTHERN CAPITALS, LENINGRAD, MOSCOW, &c.

TO MEDITERRANEAN.
SEPTEMBER—DECEMBER.
Unsurpassed Cuisine.

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LIVERPOOL—Goree, Water-street.
PARIS—12, Boulevard des Capucines. Or Local Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC CANADA & U.S.A.

SOUTHAMPTON

TO QUEBEC AND MONTREAL

(Via Cherbourg).

MONTCLARE	
EMPRESS OF SCOTLAND (to Quebec only)	May 16
MINNEDOSA	May 17
EMPRESS OF FRANCE (to Quebec only)	May 24
MONTCALM	May 30
	June 6

LIVERPOOL

TO QUEBEC AND MONTREAL

DUCHESS OF RICHMOND	
DUCHESS OF BEDFORD (B.G.)	May 16
DUCHESS OF ATHOLL	May 23
DUCHESS OF ATHOLL (B.)	May 30
(B.) Via Belfast. (G.) Via Greenock.	June 6

GLASGOW TO QUEBEC & MONTREAL.

MINNEDOSA .. May 15 | D. OF BEDFORD May 24

JAPAN AND CHINA

VIA CANADA (from Vancouver).

EMPRESS OF ASIA	
Latest connecting Steamer from Southampton	May 29
EMPRESS OF CANADA (via Honolulu)	May 17
Latest connecting Steamer from Southampton	June 12
	May 31

NEW ZEALAND & AUSTRALIA

Via Canadian Pacific and Canadian Australasian Mail Service from

Vancouver to Honolulu, Suva, Auckland, and Sydney.

AORANGI	May 28	NIAGARA .. June 25

When travelling 1st class carry Canadian Pacific Travellers' Cheques.

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AUSTRALIA IN 29 DAYS.

ONE CLASS ONLY.

Calling at Port Said and Colombo.

Hobsons Bay	14,130 tons	from Southampton
Esperance Bay	14,176 tons	from Southampton
Jervis Bay	14,164 tons	from Southampton

Fares from £38 to £55.

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SOUTH AMERICA

by

BLUE STAR LINE

BRITAIN'S LATEST & MOST LUXURIOUS LINERS

to

LISBON, MADEIRA, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, MONTEVIDEO, BUENOS AIRES (for Chile).

*ALMEDA STAR	From	22nd	MAY
*ANDALUCIA STAR	From	22nd	MAY
*AVILA STAR	and	{ 22nd	JUNE
*ALMEDA STAR		{ 10	JULY

Boulogne. 24 JULY

ALSO BUENOS AIRES DIRECT FORTNIGHTLY.
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STRAITS, CHINA & JAPAN.

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Britain's Dream Ship.

MEDITERRANEAN.

May 31st, 17 days, June 18th, 14 days, Sept. 19th, 24 days, Oct. 14th, 24 days.

To

MOROCCO, SPAIN, DALMATIA, ITALY, CONSTANTINOPLE, BALEARIC AND ATLANTIC ISLANDS, &c.

July 5th, 13 days, July 19th, 20 days, Aug. 9th, 13 days, Aug. 23rd, 23 days.

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Spacious decks, delightful lounge room, restful sun deck away from games. Swimming Pool. Louis XIV. restaurant with exceptional cuisine and service. accommodating all passengers at one sitting.

Tastefully appointed state rooms throughout, with bedsteads and hot and cold running water. Luxurious public rooms on a scale obtainable only on the "ARANDORA STAR."

Early bookings secure preference in accommodation.

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FIRST CLASS PASSENGERS ONLY TO
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Holidays at sea to the South of France and Egypt.
Special Summer Return Fares :—Marseilles £22, Port Said £35. Next sailings :—

AENEAS	24 May	NESTOR	16 Aug.
HARPAGON	31 May	HECTOR	13 Sept.
PATROCLUS	19 July	ANCHISES	27 Sept.

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A Combined Service offering Unequalled Facilities at Moderate Fares.

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CLAN MACWHIRTER	Newport.	Glasgow.	Birkenh'd.
NATAL, LORENZO MARQUES, AND BEIRA.			June 4
CLAN MACALISTER	Newport.	Glasgow.	Birkenh'd.
NATAL, LORENZO MARQUES, AND MAURITIUS.	May 15	May 22	May 28
CLAN MACALISTER	Newport.	Glasgow.	Birkenh'd
BOMBAY AND PERSIAN GULF.	May 15	May 22	May 28
CLAN MACNAB	Glasgow.	M'chester.	Birkenh'd
Port Okha, Bedi Bunder, Cochin and Tuticorin direct.	May 17		May 22
COLOMBO, MADRAS, CALCUTTA, AND CHITTAGONG.			
CLAN MURRAY	Glasgow.	M'chester.	Birkenh'd
MARMAGOA, COCHIN, TUTICORIN, AND CHITTAGONG.	May 15		May 22
CLAN LINDSAY	May 12	May 17	London.

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Vessel.	Tons.	Sailing Liverpool.	Sailing Marseilles.
Cheshire	13,500	May 16	May 24
Yorkshire	13,500	May 30	June 7
Leicestershire	13,500	May 30	June 7
Shropshire	12,000	June 13	June 21
	15,000	June 27	July 5

BIBBY BROS. and Co., 26, Chapel-street, Liverpool; 22, Pall Mall, London, S.W.1; Tele., Regent 8086, 8087.

UNION-CASTLE LINE.

SOUTH AFRICA, EAST and WEST AFRICA.
ROYAL MAIL SERVICE.

	London.	Southampton.
†DUNLUCE CASTLE	May 15	—
*WINDSOR CASTLE	—	May 16
†LLANGIBBY CASTLE	May 22	—
*BALMORAL CASTLE	—	May 23

* Via Madeira. † Via Plymouth and Las Palmas.
‡ Via M

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WHITE HALL,
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Central Heating. Passenger Lift.
Constant Hot Water in all Bed Rooms.
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A.A. and R.A.C.
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EXCELLENT HOME offered infant in country, temporary or permanent; personal attention; good references.—Write Box E.693, The Times, E.C.4.

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RESIDENT PATIENTS. — Illustrated BOOKLET describing the Residences, &c., of numerous Doctors in all parts of Town, country, or seaside—who receive PRIVATE PATIENTS (Mental, Neurasthenic, Maternity, invalids, &c.) post free on application to the General Manager, British Medical Bureau, 12, Stratford-place, Oxford-street, W.1.

PUBLIC APPOINTMENTS

3 lines 7s. 6d. (minimum)

ADMINISTRATIVE COUNTY OF LONDON. The London County Council invites APPLICATIONS for the POSITION of WHOLE-TIME HEAD (Mistress) of an Evening Institute for Women to be opened in September next at the Friar-street School, Blackfriars, E.C.4. Experience in organizing and social work is essential.
Salary £380, rising by annual increments of £20 to £530 a year.
Married women are ineligible except in special circumstances.
Apply the Education Officer (T.7), The County Hall, Westminster Bridge, S.E.1 (stamped addressed foolscap envelope necessary); for Form H.2/1, to be returned by 26th May. Previous applicants for a similar position during 1929 or 1930 may apply by letter.
Canvassing disqualifies.
MONTAGU H. COX.
Clerk of the London County Council.

ADMINISTRATIVE COUNTY OF LONDON. The London County Council invites APPLICATIONS for the POSITIONS of WHOLE-TIME HEADS at two evening institutes for Men (Junior) which it is proposed to open in September next in the Deptford and Poplar districts. The aim of these institutes is to encourage the attendance of boys and youths, not members of any educational institution, by offering a range of attractive subjects.
Enthusiasm for the welfare of the adolescent, ability for pioneer work, and social activity in working-class districts are called for. Salary £440, rising by annual increments of £20 to £580 a year.
Apply to the Education Officer (T.7) (stamped addressed foolscap envelope necessary) for Form T. 7/40 (R.I.), to be returned by 26th May. Previous applicants for a similar position during 1929 or 1930 may apply by letter.
Canvassing disqualifies.
MONTAGU H. COX.
Clerk of the London County Council.

ADMINISTRATIVE COUNTY OF LONDON. The London County Council invites APPLICATIONS for the POSITION of HEADMISTRESS of the County Secondary School, Bermondsey, Southwark Park-road, S.E.16. This is a day school for girls between the ages of 10 and 19 years, with permanent accommodation for 300 pupils. The number of girls is at present about 380. Salary, the Council's scale for schools 201-400 girls, namely, £620, rising by annual increments of £10 to £670 a year. Married women are ineligible except in special circumstances.
Forms of application may be obtained from the Education Officer H.2/1, The County Hall, Westminster Bridge, S.E.1. A stamped addressed envelope must accompany the application for the form. Applications must be returned to the Education Officer not later than May 30, 1930.
Canvassing disqualifies.
MONTAGU H. COX.
Clerk of the London County Council.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the POST of TECHNICAL OFFICER in the ADMIRALTY TECHNICAL POOL which is now vacant in an Admiralty establishment in London. Candidates should possess a University degree in Engineering or its equivalent, with experience in the design of telephones, bells, buzzers, and similar electrical instruments used in low-power signalling systems. A knowledge of the instruments and circuits employed and of the methods of installing them in ships is also desirable.
The Admiralty Technical Pool includes the following grades:—
Chief Technical Adviser (£800 by £50 to £1,000 per annum).
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Senior Technical Officer (£500 by £20 to £600 per annum).
Technical Officer (£250 by £20 to £450 per annum).
Junior Technical Officer (£175 by £15 to £235 per annum).
In addition to the above scales Civil Service bonus is paid. Entry will be made at the bottom of the scale for Technical Officer; the bonus on which at present is approximately £111, making a total initial remuneration of £361 per annum. Promotion to the higher grades is governed entirely by merit and is dependent upon the existence of vacancies.
Candidates, who must be British subjects, should make application, stating their qualifications, &c., within 10 days of the appearance of this notice, to the Secretary of the Admiralty (C.E. Branch), Whitehall, London, S.W.1. No application forms are required.

RADIOTHERAPEUTIC ASSISTANT REQUIRED, part-time, at King's College Hospital, Denmark Hill.—Further particulars may be obtained on application to the House Governor.

PUBLIC APPOINTMENTS (continued)

CROWN AGENTS FOR THE COLONIES. COLONIAL GOVERNMENT APPOINTMENTS. APPLICATIONS from qualified candidates are invited for the following post:—
M.2/149.—ASSISTANT ENGINEER REQUIRED by the GOVERNMENT of Zanzibar Public Works Department, for a tour of 20-30 months' service and possible extension. Salary £480, rising to £600 a year by annual increments of £20 and thence rising to £720 a year by annual increments of £30. Free quarters and passages and liberal leave on full salary. Candidates, 25 to 28 years of age, preferably unmarried, must have passed section A and B of the examinations of the Inst.C.E., or hold professional qualifications recognized by that institution as exempting from those examinations, and have had general civil engineering experience, preferably in road construction, building and water work.
Apply at once by letter, stating age, whether married or single, and full particulars of qualifications and experience, to the Crown Agents for the Colonies, 4, Millbank, London, S.W.1, quoting M/2148.

EGYPTIAN GOVERNMENT. EGYPTIAN MINISTRY of EDUCATION. APPLICATIONS are invited for ASSISTANT MASTERSHIPS for Teaching English in Egyptian Government Secondary Schools and Intermediate Schools of Commerce.
Applicants must either possess a Degree (preferably with Honours) from a University, and (preferably) have had some teaching experience in Secondary Schools, or possess a Teaching Certificate from the Board of Education and have had at least two years' experience as teachers.
The salary offered is £E.405 a year for Assistant Masters with a University Degree but no previous teaching experience or less than two years' experience, or with a Board of Education Teaching Certificate and between two and five years' teaching experience, and £E.450 a year for those with a University Degree who have at least five years' previous experience or the Board of Education Teaching Certificate and at least five years' teaching experience.
The appointments are on contract for five years and renewable at the end of that time.
Full particulars and form of application may be obtained from The Director, Egyptian Education Office, 39, Victoria-street, London, S.W.1.

EGYPTIAN GOVERNMENT. EGYPTIAN MINISTRY of EDUCATION. APPLICATIONS are invited for ASSISTANT MASTERSHIPS for teaching Commercial subjects in the Intermediate Schools of Commerce.
Applicants must possess a Commercial University degree (preferably with honours) and some experience of teaching.
The salary offered is £E.450 a year for applicants with at least two years' experience, and £E.415 for applicants with less than two years' previous experience.
The appointments are on contract for five years and renewable at the end of that time.
Full particulars and form of application may be obtained from The Director, Egyptian Education Office, 39, Victoria-street, S.W.1.

ESSEX COUNTY COUNCIL. HEALTH VISITOR
The County Council of the Administrative County of Essex invites APPLICATIONS for the above APPOINTMENT from women having the necessary qualifications.
Salary from £170 to £200 per annum, according to experience, plus allowances, rising, subject to satisfactory service, by annual increments of £10 to £220 per annum.
The appointment will be subject to one month's notice on either side.
Particulars and form of application may be obtained from the undersigned.
Applications, on the prescribed form, accompanied by copies of not more than three recent testimonials (which will not be returned), should be addressed to me and delivered at the Shire Hall, Chelmsford, not later than 10 a.m. on Monday, the 19th day of May, 1930.
JOHN H. GOOLD, Clerk of the County Council.
Shire Hall, Chelmsford. 1st May, 1930.

CAMPBELL COLLEGE, BELFAST.
THE GOVERNORS of CAMPBELL COLLEGE will REQUIRE about the beginning of September, 1930, a gentleman to ACT as CLERK to the GOVERNORS.
The qualifications required for the post are administrative experience in a large business or institution coupled with ability to supervise the Bursary side of the College business.
Candidates should be under 45 years of age.
Further particulars of the post may be had on application in writing to the Headmaster's Secretary, Campbell College, Belfast.

THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA invite APPLICATIONS from statutory natives of India for an APPOINTMENT of ASSISTANT ENGINEER (Inspection Wagon) in the Indian Stores Department, for steel rolling stock inspection work. Qualifications and conditions:—Should possess an Engineering Degree qualifying for exemption from examination for the A.M.Inst.C.E. or the A.M.I.Mech.E., or have passed examination for Associate Membership of Institution of Civil Engineers, or of Institution of Mechanical Engineers, or of the Institution of Engineers (India). A full apprenticeship or pupilage with a firm of steel railway wagon builders or in railway workshops, and drawing office experience. Special experience of the construction of steel railway wagons and knowledge of theory and design of steel rolling stock. Age 24-35 years. Salary Rs. 500, rising by annual increments of Rs. 50 to Rs.750 a calendar month, and certain allowances. Provident Fund. Strict medical examination.—Further particulars and forms of application may be obtained (upon request by postcard) from the Secretary to the High Commissioner for India, General Department, India House, Aldwych, London, W.C.2. Last date for the receipt of applications 24th May, 1930.

THE POLYTECHNIC, REGENT-STREET, W. ASSISTANT LIBRARIAN.
The Governors of the Polytechnic invite APPLICATIONS for the above-mentioned POSITION, at a commencing salary of £150 per annum.
Candidates should be Fellows of the Library Association or possess the Diploma of the University of London School of Librarianship.
The selected candidate will be required to pass a medical examination and to contribute to the London County Council's Superannuation Scheme.
Applications, stating age, experience, and professional qualifications, together with copies of three recent testimonials, should be sent to the Director of Education not later than Saturday, 24th May, 1930.

UNIVERSITY OF DURHAM. DURHAM COLLEGES.
PROFESSORSHIP OF FRENCH LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE.
The Council of the Durham Colleges invites APPLICATIONS for the PROFESSORSHIP of FRENCH LANGUAGE and LITERATURE.
The duties of the post will commence in October, 1930, or at a date thereafter to be arranged, and the initial stipend will be at the rate of £800 per annum. The Professor will be required to join the Federated Superannuation Scheme.
Applications, together with copies of testimonials, should reach the undersigned, from whom further particulars of the post may be obtained, at the University Office, 38, North Bailey, Durham, on or before June 16th, 1930.
J. L. BURCHNALL, Secretary of Council.

UNIVERSITY OF BIRMINGHAM.
APPOINTMENT of ASSISTANT LECTURER in the DEPARTMENT of GREEK and LATIN.
APPLICATIONS are invited for the POST of ASSISTANT LECTURER in CLASSICS. Stipend £300 per annum. Duties to begin October 1st, 1930. Four copies of application, with testimonials and references, must be sent, on or before May 24th, to the undersigned, from whom further particulars may be obtained.
C. G. BURTON, Secretary.
The University, Edmund-street, Birmingham. May, 1930.

APPOINTMENTS & SITUATIONS VACANT

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APPLICANTS for situations are advised not to send original testimonials when replying to advertisements. Copies will answer the purpose quite as well, and the risk of loss of, or being lost or mislaid no inconvenience will ensue.
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AUCTION and Estate Agents.—Required immediately, a good Assistant with first-class West End experience, fully competent to deal with the larger country properties and sporting and agricultural estates; must be capable of preparing auction particulars of estates for division,—Replies, stating age, experience record and when free (which will be treated in confidence), should be sent in the first instance by letter only, to "E. D.," care of Hampton and Sons, 25, St. James's-square, S.W.1.
FEDERAL Cash Registers are now in enormously increasing demand among traders all over the world. The British Sales Organization expanding rapidly has vacancies for high-grade speciality men of proved selling ability. The highest remuneration terms. Excellent prospects for promotion to Branch Managers of big territories. Replies strictly confidential.—Give full details experience. F. C. R., Ltd., 21, Rhodehill, Manchester.
FIRST-CLASS Salesman, willing to travel abroad, required by leading preserved provisions house; experienced in overseas, especially European, markets essential, also knowledge of languages.—Write Box 846, 5, Serle-street, W.C.2.
FOREIGN correspondent required temporarily, expert in French and Spanish, for merchant's office, from June 10th to July 10th inclusive. State salary.—Write Box 8.914, The Times, E.C.4.
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REFINED, intelligent girl (between 20 and 30), of smart appearance, wanted; experience not essential, but travelled an advantage.—Apply Selfridge's Staff Office, Oxford-street, W.1, before 11 o'clock.
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REQUIRED, a man of good personality with tact and a convincing manner to take up outside duties for a house of world-wide repute; the duties are congenial, with good prospects and remuneration; must be disengaged.—Write Box N.864, The Times, E.C.4.
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SELFRIDGE'S have one or two vacancies for well-educated, refined women of smart appearance and attractive personality; experience not essential, but must be adaptable; age about 30.—Apply Staff Office before 11 o'clock.
TRAVELLER required for a leading paper pattern and fashion house. Must have good knowledge of business.—Write, stating age, experience, salary required, commission, Box 02301, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.

APPOINTMENTS & SITUATIONS VACANT (continued)

THE Royal Asiatic Society invites applications for the post of Secretary and Librarian vacant in the early autumn. The stipend commences at £200. The duties include editing the Journal and Publications, attending meetings, conducting the Society's correspondence and supervising the library. A knowledge of French and German is desirable.—Applications to be sent to the Secretary, 74, Grosvenor-street, not later than May 31st.
TRANSLATOR (man) required for German, French, and Spanish by London Commercial House.—Applicants should state age, qualifications, experience, and salary required in writing to "International," care of Dixon's, 195, Oxford-street, W.1.
WANTED immediately, experienced and well-spoken Stenographer to work under principal of West End automobile firm; good speeds necessary.—Arthur Bray, Ltd., 114, Baker-street, W.1.
WANTED for large timbered baths installation in N. Wales, a Superintendent to take charge of the installation; applicants must be strict disciplinarians, and preference will be given to persons possessing a good knowledge of the heating, ventilating, and general working of the plant; a knowledge of first-aid work is desirable; salary £3 10s. per week to £4 per week; applications should state full particulars of age, experience, qualifications, &c., and enclose copies of two recent testimonials.—Write Box G.1668, The Times, E.C.4.
WORKS Chemist, preferably with experience of fermentation, required to give assistance in works management; must be capable of handling men and women operatives, and have a good general knowledge of manufacturing business. Applicants must state age, experience, salary required, and give two references.—Write Box S.886, The Times, E.C.4.
AMBITIOUS Men! Free introductions to Salaried Vacancies are given to Russell-trained men. Great British firms are regularly being supplied with particulars of Russell-trained men, who studied in their spare time (just as you can) the Russell Course in Scientific salesmanship. Over 40,000 men through Your Future: How to Make It Secure," have been shown how to succeed in Salesmanship.—Send to-day for your copy, free and post free, Russell-Hart Co., Ltd., 65, Goschen-buildings, Henrietta-street, W.C.2.
A Number of Public School Men are wanted to be coached to represent British Manufacturers at home or abroad.—Write or call Business Careers Association, Ltd., 150, Southampton-row, W.C.1.
ARE you seeking an appointment abroad—Africa, India, Brazil, &c.? Accountants, engineers, clerks, mining, railway men, and others should send for particulars of assistance rendered, terms, and details of past successes.—Percy Coutts and Co., Ltd. (Dept. 1), 225, High Holborn, London, W.C.1. Business est. 1908.
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CULTURED gentlewoman Secretary-Chauffeuse required, about 27; must have London driving experience, good social secretarial references, and fluency in German; salary £3 10s. to £4.—Call, Postfinder (Bureau), 273, Regent-street.
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APPOINTMENTS & SITUATIONS REQUIRED

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AN experienced business man (36) with successful record

Sporting News

RACING NOTES

DIOLITE AND THE DERBY

RUSTOM PASHA'S CHANCE

(FROM OUR RACING CORRESPONDENT)

Another important and busy week's racing will be begun this afternoon at Lewes. The always interesting and generally enjoyable Chester Meeting will be begun to-morrow and concluded on Thursday afternoon, and will be followed by a two-day meeting at Kempton Park. At both Chester and Kempton Park, apart from a number of good three-year-old races, two of the most important handicaps of the season will be decided—the Chester Cup at Chester and the Jubilee Handicap at Kempton Park. It seems certain that throughout the week the going will be heavy, and this is certain to affect the running of a number of horses.

There is little that needs to be written about last week's racing apart from the race for the Two Thousand Guineas. On the running in that race Diolite seems an clear choice for the Derby from the horses who then were started. He won so easily and so nicely that it seems absurd to take any of the other runners against him, although it is to be remembered that last year's winner of the Derby and the St. Leger was not placed in the Two Thousand Guineas of last spring. Felstead, who won the Derby in 1928, could do no better than finish sixth in the Two Thousand, while Call Boy, the Derby winner of 1927, finished second in the Newmarket race. Coronach, who won the Derby of the year before, was also second in the Two Thousand Guineas. Indeed, the only winner of the Two Thousand Guineas since the War to win the Derby was Manna. Precedent, therefore, would appear to be against the success of Diolite at Epsom, but that does not alter the fact that on the actual Newmarket form Diolite is the best of the horses who ran at Newmarket last week. As has been pointed out before in these Notes, he does not look like a Classic colt, but he is a really good mover, and, so far as could be seen, stayed the Rowley Mile perfectly. I admit that on his sire's side he is not bred to stay, but he may have inherited stamina from his dam's family.

Of the colts in the Derby who were not started for the Two Thousand Guineas chief interest is, for the time being, centred in Rustom Pasha and Writ. The former won the Nonsuch Stakes at Epsom, finishing four lengths in front of Paradine, to whom he was giving 7lb. In the Two Thousand Guineas Diolite finished two lengths in front of Paradine at level weights. Actually, therefore, on form, Rustom Pasha is two lengths and 7lb. in front of Diolite. I am no great believer in time tests in this country, but Rustom Pasha covered the mile and 110 yards at Epsom in what appears to be fair time, while Diolite's time for the Rowley Mile was much slower than Mr. Jinks's time for the same course in the Two Thousand Guineas of last year. The times, therefore, seem to suggest the same as the form—namely, that Rustom Pasha is a better colt than Diolite. My objection to Rustom Pasha is that he is not classically bred, for he is by Son-in-Law, who, in spite of his chances, has not yet sired a Classic winner with the exception of Straitlace. Further, he is by a staying sire out of a sprinting mare, and it is most improbable that he has inherited both stamina and great speed. He ran his race at Epsom as if he were a sprinter, Beary holding him for a final run. Still, the fact remains that on the book of form he has a rather better chance at Epsom than Diolite.

Writ, who is by Papyrus out of a very good brood mare in Popingaol, has run only once this season, when he won the Craven Stakes at Newmarket by two lengths from Gay Friar, with Meredith third and Ut Majeur, who was giving the winner 12lb., fourth. On this form, using Gay Friar, Writ is about the same animal as Strongbow and, therefore, presumably some way behind Diolite. Thus, so far as the Derby prospects at present can be discussed reasonably, it seems that the winner should be Diolite or Rustom Pasha, with the balance of form in favour of the latter. Fair Isle, who won the One Thousand Guineas, incidentally covered the Rowley Mile in two-fifths of a second faster time than Diolite. When commenting on the riding in the One Thousand Guineas in these Notes on Saturday morning I stated that I had never seen a race in which three-year-old fillies were taking part in which so much use was made of the whip. Mr. Lambton, who manages Lord Derby's horses, tells me that there was not a mark of a whip on Fair Isle when she came into the Paddock to be unsaddled, so that Weston, who rode her, was not one of the jockeys who rode in the race who was using his whip unduly. He was certainly brandishing his whip, but then, as others of her breeding have shown, Fair Isle is inclined to run lazily unless shown the whip during a race. In Mr. Lambton's opinion—and he was in his day one of the greatest of amateur riders, at a time when there were many fine gentlemen riders, Weston rode a really good race on Fair Isle.

CHESTER AND KEMPTON

The race for the Chester Cup, which is to be decided on Wednesday afternoon, always arouses the greatest of interest in the North of England, and especially in the country around Chester. The course is unique among courses in this country licensed for racing under Jockey Club Rules. There is no straight five furlongs. The circular course over which the race for the Cup is run is only just over a mile round, and the distance of the race for the Cup is two and a quarter miles. Compared with other Chester Cup fields in recent years this year's field will be of average quality, with West Wicklow carrying top weight, 8st. 9lb. He is rather nicely handicapped and certainly better in here than he was in the Great Metropolitan, which was won by his owner's Servus. Last year's winner, First Flight, has to carry only 5lb. more than he had a year ago, but on that actual form he is not so well handicapped this week as Dark Hillock, whom he then beat by a neck when receiving 7lb., the difference now being 3lb. Highbury seems fairly handicapped, while if he were fit and well Le Voleur would have a great chance with 7st. 13lb. He was raced very little last year, when he showed promise of developing into a very high-class colt. If he has fulfilled that promise, then he will not be beaten easily this week, for no ordinary handicapper—and this field is composed of such animals—would be able to give him weight.

The race at Kempton Park on Saturday for the Jubilee Handicap should be very interesting, for among the possible starters are last year's winner, Athford, this year's winner of the Lincolnshire Handicap in Leonidas II., this year's winner of the City and Suburban in Lucky Tor, and Sir Joshua, who, in spite of his age, showed in the Queen's Prize this year that he is as good as ever he was, if not better. It may be generally considered that the distance of this race will be too short for him, but he ran remarkably well in the Newbury Spring Cup this season and the heavy going will be all in his favour. Taking a line through Lucky Tor he seems to have the beating of Athford, while on the Newbury running he is better handicapped than Lucky Tor himself. I shall deal fully each day with the afternoon's programmes, so that there is no need for me to make final selections now on these two races, but if Le Voleur is started for the Chester Cup I should expect him to win, while if the going remains heavy I have no doubt that Sir Joshua will be my choice for the Jubilee.

HURST PARK MEETING

Ecilath, a four-year-old colt by Athlone out of Irish Alice, ridden by Sirett, and trained by his owner, Mr. B. Davis, won the Victoria Cup at Hurst Park on Saturday quite comfortably from Caballero by a length and a half, with Guards' Parade a neck away third. Golden Oracle was fourth. Ecilath started at 13 to 2 against, Caballero at 20 to 1, and Guards' Parade at 33 to 1. While congratulating Mr. Davis on his success, it is only fair to sympathize with the owner and trainer of Caballero, Mr. Steel and T. Walls respectively. Last year Caballero was placed in five consecutive races, and in four of them he was second. His seconds were in the Lingfield Handicap, the Victoria Cup, the City and Suburban, and the Royal Hunt Cup. He runs so consistently and so courageously that he never gets dropped even a pound in any handicap. Other horses who are not so consistent receive kinder treatment. Ecilath was never once placed in a race last year, but had shown distinct promise in his one race at Gatwick as a two-year-old. He ran indifferently in the Lincolnshire Handicap, but after that literally ran away with a small race at Kempton Park, for which success he had to carry a small penalty in Saturday's race. His owner has only a few horses, which he trains himself. He clearly is a very able trainer.

There was a very large attendance of visitors for this always popular handicap. The late start—the programme was not begun until 3 o'clock—and the totalisator, which was still the hand-worked affair, undoubtedly also attracted the visitors. When racing was begun the weather was not unpleasant, but before the programme was concluded rain was falling heavily, and conditions generally were most unpleasant. The start for the Victoria Cup cannot be seen from the Stands, but it was learned later in the afternoon that it was a good one, except that Etival, the French horse, whipped round when the tapes went up and was never in the race with a chance. After the field had swung round the elbow into the Straight Caballero was in front with Masked Bandit, Chestnut Oak, an American horse; Le Phare, and Guards' Parade all prominent. Half-way up the Straight Caballero was still in front, followed by Guards' Parade. Reedsmouth and Ecilath now came into the race with fine chances. At the Distance Ecilath was up with Guards' Parade and Caballero, and, running on stoutly, drew away to win by a length and a half. Golden Oracle ran as if the distance were just beyond him, as did Le Phare. Reedsmouth was probably too much for the small boy who rode him, but when he can have stronger handling should win a good race. Songe ran a very promising race, but Ghost Train never seemed to be properly balanced, and so was unable to go the pace, which was very fast from start to finish. Masked Bandit, as at Newbury, failed to stay.

Earlier in the afternoon Mr. Davis as trainer and owner had had another success when Ready Response colt, ridden by the stable jockey, Dobie, had won the Claremont Plate with ease from Happy Mood and Flying Scot. A little earlier in the afternoon Fiesole, who had beaten him with ease at Epsom, was running away with a small race at Thirsk. At Newmarket Happy Mood, by Happy Man, now unfortunately dead, had been beaten by less than two lengths by Pot Pourri, a stable companion of Fiesole. It would seem from these facts that Fiesole is about a stone in front of Pot Pourri, which was not, I believe, the general impression at Newmarket after Fiesole, Pot Pourri, and others had taken part in some sort of a gallop together. I am now, however, more than ever convinced that Fiesole is at the present time the best two-year-old seen out so far this season. Mr. Davis has, I understand, sold his other good two-year-old, the Canossa colt, to Colonel Clare for 7,000 guineas.

Puella, a filly by Simon Pure, who, like Happy Man, died early in his stud career, was a comfortable winner of the Palace Selling Plate, in which Lady Clarion was second and Welwyn third. Simon Pure in his short career at the stud sired a number of winners and always seemed to me a sire with a great future, a view, I understand, not generally agreed with by breeders. The second selling event on the afternoon's programme, the Cardinal's Selling Plate, was won by Aylesbury, owned and trained by V. Smyth. If only Mr. J. Cooper's Archerot had not hung to the left all the way he must have won easily. As it was he finished third, beaten by two lengths and a neck. Later in the afternoon Smyth saddled another winner in Rose-Knot, who won the Durham Plate in a canter from Becasse and Orange Tip. Rose-Knot, who is by the French sire Sourbier, obviously stays very well. She was admirably ridden by C. Richards, who seems to be at his best in races over long distances. Rose-Knot was favourite, as was Rear-Admiral, who won the Paradise Stakes. He had run second in the Greenham Plate at Newbury, which was won by Christopher Robin.

LEWES PROSPECTS

JUVENILE SELLING PLATE (5f.).—If Don't is started she would be an obvious selection on her Epsom form with Bill's Girl filly. Her trainer has other horses in the race, so that the best choice seems to be THRALE'S SELECTED.

ABERGAVENNY PLATE (5f.).—Charley's Sister filly won easily at Epsom, but she has to give away nearly a stone here, in fact, altogether a stone including sex allowance, and that will probably be beyond her. The others in the race have very little form, but I noticed the Irish Heroine colt running very well in the race at Lingfield won by his stable companion the Canossa colt, and he might win here. His owner also has the Semi Girl colt in the race. I do not make a selection but suggest that the chosen of these may win.

SUSSEX PLATE (1m.).—Nick of Time, King Baldwin, Goodwood Park, Knight of Lorn, engaged later in the week in several races, and Nessuno have all shown fairly useful form this season, but none of them may beat THE MASHER, who was rather unlucky at Sandown Park, on which form he has the beating of Goodwood Park, and who earlier had run very well at Newbury when he nearly beat Ut Majeur.

BEACON SELLING HANDICAP (1¼m.).—The form here generally is so bad that I do not know how anyone could frame a handicap for the entry. Perhaps the winner will be the local BILL SYKES, who ran well in a similar event at Lingfield, and who, on that running, may have a pound or so in hand on the handicap. At any rate he is better handicapped than V.C.

SOUTHDOWN OPEN WELTER PLATE (1¼m.).—Amateur riders with all sorts of penalties and allowances make this a difficult race with which to deal. Perhaps Sobrino or Roi de Saba will win. On their Epsom form Sobrino has the better chance, but on their running at Lingfield Park in a race similar to this Roi de Saba will beat Sobrino. The latter form in this case seems the better to follow and I therefore select ROI DE SABA.

THREE-YEAR-OLD HANDICAP (1¼m.).—Irish Monarch won his only race this season, but has a big weight to carry. Fireaway if started has a chance on his running at Newmarket last week. Blue Line has not run since the early part of the season, but won then. Vivacious has twice been placed this season. If FIREAWAY is started she would be my selection. In her absence IRISH MONARCH might give away the weight successfully.

NEWMARKET PROSPECTS

(FROM OUR NEWMARKET CORRESPONDENT)

We shall not have many runners at Lewes to-day, but I believe there is a winner or two among them.

The Abergavenny Plate may go to CHARLEY'S SISTER FILLY in spite of her penalty. She has done really well since winning at Epsom and I look upon her as the best two-year-old in C. Waugh's string. Leach, jun., will saddle Golden Bess, who ran very well in the Bartlow Stakes at our first meeting.

In the Sussex Plate our runners will be Chelmarsh, Rolliad, and Starboard Light, and I feel confident that ROLLIAD will prove best. Her public form is not very encouraging, but she has improved lately.

In the Southdown Open Welter Plate GOWAN LODGE may be our only representative. He is a winner this season and went very well on Saturday. This is just the class of race to suit him.

In the Three-Year-Old Handicap Fireaway and Vivacious are the most fancied of ours, and whatever wins this race will have FIREAWAY to beat.

LEWES PROGRAMME

(The letter "a" is prefixed to the names of horses which have arrived).

1.45.—The **JUVENILE SELLING PLATE** of 200 sovs.; for two-year-olds. T.Y.C. (five furlongs and a few yards).

	St lb
OAK TREE C, by Brisi (Mr. A. Bassett)..Hammond	9 0
CONTRIBUTOUS (Mrs. A. B. Cornelius)..G. L. Ward	9 0
CLUTCH (Mr. I. Z. Davis).....Thrale	9 0
FOOLISH LASS C, by Bethlehem (Mr. F. L. Hill) Hammond	9 0
MODASA C, by All Alone (Mr. J. Pendarves) Pendarves	9 0
AIRY WINGS F, by Braishfield (Mrs. N. Brownlee) Butchers	8 11
GOLDENBLOOM (Miss H. Cooper).....Larkin	8 11
PERDONA G, by Happy Man (Mr. M. Dollar) Thrale	8 11
aGO ON (Mr. D. Fraser)....Douglas-Pennant	8 11
COLD BLAST (Captain T. Hogg).....Hogg	8 11
DON'T (Mr. F. Hands).....Thrale	8 11
aDARKOF GEN F, by Desman (Mrs. F. Ivall)..Dick	8 11
FIRESPOT F, by Black Jester (Mr. J. B. Joel) C. Peck	8 11
PERON'S HILL G, by Desman (Lieutenant-Colonel R. B. Johnson)....Johnson	8 11
aCORAIN (Mr. Z. G. Michalinos).....Moloney	8 11
SMITH'S DEAN (Mr. Z. G. Michalinos).....Moloney	8 11
WEDNESDAY (Mr. G. C. Poole).....Poole	8 11
GALLANT GIRL (Mr. H. Smyth).....H. Smyth	8 11
ORANGELLE (Mrs. H. Smyth).....H. Smyth	8 11
THIRSTY (Mr. P. Thrale).....Thrale	8 11
BUREAU F, by Sandwich (Mr. H. Yorr).....Torr	8 11
LADY BURSTWICK F, by Stratford (Mrs. K. Walker) J. Beary	8 11
aSCRAPER F, by Bay d'Or (Mr. G. S. L. Whiteley) Whiteley	8 11
SILVER IXON (Mrs. H. A. Wilkinson).....Every	8 11
aGOOSANDER (Mr. D. L. Wilson).....Leach, jun.	8 11
HACKLA G, by Venedor (Mr. S. Wootton) H. Wootton	8 11

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

CLUTCH, —; AIRY WINGS FILLY, D. Butchers; PERDONA GELDING, —; Dot, —; DON'T, —; WEDNESDAY, G. Richards; ORANGELLE, R. Dick; THIRSTY, —; LADY BURSTWICK FILLY, M. Beary; SCRAPER FILLY, J. Collins; GOOSANDER, H. Leach; HACKLA GELDING, B. Rook; BUREA FILLY, —.

3.0.—The **ABERGAVENNY PLATE** of 200 sovs.; for two-year-olds. T.Y.C. (five furlongs and a few yards).

	St lb
aCHARLEY'S SISTER F, by Warden of the Marches (Sir V. Sassoon).....C. Waugh	9 0
ADELANTE C, by Bucks Husar (Mr. T. W. Sheldrick).....W. Nightingall	8 3
RASH HERO (Mr. A. P. Cunliffe).....Cunliffe	8 3
IRISH HEROINE C, by Mount William (Mr. B. Davis) Davis	8 3
SEMI-GIRL C, by Silvern (Mr. B. Davis) B. Davis	8 3
MALTESE CROSS (Lord Derby).....Frank Butters	8 3
PUNJAWALLA (Mr. L. Neumann).....Gilpin	8 3
STRATHRAY (Mr. E. Robson).....Tabor	8 3
aESSEX RING (Mr. C. Wadia).....Moloney	8 3
STOCKHOLM (Lord Woolavington).....H. Turner	8 3
aBERRYDALE F, by Zodiac (Sir A. Bailey).....R. Dick	8 0
BLACK CAP F, by Blandford (the late Mr. T. L. Bradley).....M. Hartigan	8 0
LYDIE WHITE F, by Abbots Trace (Mrs. N. Brownlee).....Gilpin	8 0
ORDITHIA (Mr. W. M. Cazalet).....Lawson	8 0
TAFFYIA F, by Tournament II. (Mr. R. Clarke).....Bartlrop	8 0
GOLDEN BESS (Mr. W. B. Duckworth) Leach, jun.	8 0
TWINTHORNE F, by Irish Battle (Mr. J. H. M. Gordon).....MacColl	8 0
BINFIELD F, by Poliatys (Mr. A. E. Heath) Wilmot	8 0
MISS PUTT (Mr. C. M. Leigh).....Allden	8 0
WATERCRESS (Mrs. C. Peel).....Poole	8 0
TONDELEYO F, by Glanmerin (Mrs. C. Rich) W. Nightingall	8 0
ROSULA F, by Orthens (Mr. O. M. Smith) Stedall	8 0
SILVER SWORDS (Mr. H. Smyth).....H. Smyth	8 0

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

CHARLEY'S SISTER FILLY, S. Donoghue; IRISH HEROINE COLT, Dobie; SEMI-GIRL COLT, J. Dobie; ESSEX RING, J. Sirett; LYDIE WHITE FILLY, —; LADY LANE, —; MISS PUTT, Brennan; BERRYDALE FILLY, R. Perryman; TWINTHORNE FILLY, Forsyth; BINFIELD FILLY, C. Richards; TONDELEYO FILLY, A. Wragg; SILVER SHOWER, R. Smyth.

3.30.—The **BEACON SELLING HANDICAP PLATE** of 150 sovs. One mile and a half.

	Yrs st lb
NIGHT GUARD (Mr. H. T. Rich).....Cundell	a 9 0
TIPTOP (Mr. J. Pendarves).....Pendarves	5 9 12
CRAIGWELL (Mr. W. Hutchinson).....Hedges	4 9 10
IRISH LORD (Mr. S. Wootton).....F. Wootton	5 8 8
TRAFALGAR (Mr. D. M. Gant) Hammond	5 8 3
aL.T.V. (Sir F. Eley).....Templeman	4 8 6
HELSBY (Miss N. Wilmot).....Wilmot	5 8 4
LYRAD (Mr. A. Hammond).....Hammond	6 8 4
VERDENELLA (Mr. G. S. Langlands) G. Langlands	4 8 3
LADY WENDERMERE (Mr. T. F. Hooley) Cockton	4 8 1
V.C. (Mr. A. J. Redman).....V. Smyth	4 7 13
WAR DANCE (Mr. V. Smyth).....V. Smyth	4 7 12
DILLY (Mr. L. E. Cribbin).....Clancy	5 7 12
AFTER (Mr. A. Fitzgerald).....Blagrave	5 7 10
KETTLE (Major Morris).....Morris	5 7 10
VIC'S CHOICE (Mr. E. G. de Mestre) De Mestre	5 7 6
LETCOMBE LASSIE (Mr. W. Hutchinson) Hedges	6 7 6
PADDY O'HARA (Mr. F. D. Pirie)....Collinson	4 7 4
aCLASSIC LADY (Mr. H. Curtis).....A. Lay	4 7 1
BILL SYKES (Mrs. Poole).....Poole	5 7 1
ISLAND (Mrs. N. Brownlee).....Butchers	5 7 0
NORMAN ABBOT (Mr. F. Ellison)....Ellison	3 6 12
SILVER SPRING (Mr. J. A. Newman)..Geering	3 6 10

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

L.T.V., F. Fox; HELSBY, G. Richards; V.C., —; WAR DANCE, —; DILLY, C. Richards; VIC'S CHOICE, Dobie; LETCOMBE LASSIE, —; PADDY O'HARA, Donoghue; CLASSIC LADY, T. Barber; BILL SYKES, —; ISLAND, —; NORMAN ABBOT, —. F. Balch rides either V.C. or War Dance and A. Wragg either Bill Sykes or Island.

4.0.—The **SOUTHDOWN OPEN WELTER PLATE** of 110 sovs. (given by the Southdown Club). One mile and a half.

	Yrs st lb
CYCLONE (Mrs. S. Savile).....J. Beary	5 13 3
RESIDUE (Mr. B. Warner).....O. Anthony	6 13 0
SOBRINO (Mr. J. Wootton).....F. Wootton	5 13 0
ROI DE SABA (Sir P. Newson) W. Nightingall	4 12 13
aMAID OF HARLEY (Sir H. Hirst).....Templeman	4 12 10
LEMINGTON (Mr. F. E. Hill).....Hammond	6 12 2
APACHE (Mrs. H. Wallace).....Beary	5 12 2
MONARCHY (Mr. F. W. Wilmot).....J. Chandler	5 12 0
ROYAL MILLER (Mr. H. G. Blagrave).....Blagrave	5 11 13
POLANGE (Mr. A. Boxall).....Pendarves	5 11 13
JOSEF O' LOSTITCH (Mr. C. Clarke).....R. Perryman	5 11 13
PROSPHORE (Mr. V. Emanuel).....Duller	a 11 13
aNOSIAMAS (Mr. V. Emanuel).....Duller	a 11 13
REAR ADMIRAL (Lord Lewisham).....H. A. Brown	a 11 13
BASSOON (Mr. J. Pendarves).....Pendarves	a 11 13
SIERRA LEONE (Mr. R. N. Willett).....Willett	a 11 13
OSBY'S PRINCE (Mrs. Unsun-Thomas).....Powell	4 11 12
STARLING (Mr. P. Hands).....Thrale	4 11 12
GOWAN LODGE (Mr. D. L. Wilson).....Leach, jun.	3 11 2
MAUGRE (Mr. S. W. Beer).....Leach, jun.	3 11 2

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

CYCLONE, Prince Ali Khan; RESIDUE, Mr. Thackray; SOBRINO, O. Carter; ROI DE SABA, Mr. A. Cottrill; STARLESS, Mr. L. Whitfield; MAID OF HARLEY, —; ROI DE SABA, —.

4.30.—The **THREE-YEAR-OLD HANDICAP PLATE** of 200 sovs. One mile and a quarter.

	St lb
IRISH MONARCH (Mr. Walter Nightingall) W. Nightingall	9 0
LANDSOME (Major A. E. Gould).....R. Colling	8 9
SILVIA (Mr. E. M. Halley).....De Mestre	8 9
aBUCKSKIN (Mr. Z. G. Michalinos).....Moloney	8 6
FIREAWAY (Mr. F. E. Hughes).....R. Colling	8 5
aSWEET SWAN (Mr. C. Evans).....Whiteley	8 4
MERRY PRINCE (Mr. S. Wootton).....F. Wootton	8 3
BLUE LINE (Mrs. Edgar Wallace).....J. Beary	8 3
GENTILITY (Mr. —).....Purse	8 3
aVIVACIOUS (Mr. H. R. King).....Leach, jun.	7 11
aPRINCE VELOUR (Mr. O. W. Nicholson) Peter Butters	7 11
aCOUTRES (Mr. W. J. Fryer).....Clement	7 11
SPARTAN (Mrs. A. B. Cornelius).....G. L. Ward	7 10
aGAGA (Mr. R. Hughes).....Whiteley	7 9
aKING FINCH (Mr. E. J. Metcalf).....Morris	7 8
MISS MARS (Mr. A. A. Jackson).....Poulton	7 7
INSURANCE (Mr. P. R. Carr).....Tabor	7 3
CAMPTOWN (Mr. A. J. Redman).....V. Smyth	7 1

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

SILVIA, C. Ray; BUCKSKIN, —; FIREAWAY, P. Beasley; SWEET SWAN, J. Collins; MERRY PRINCE, —; BLUE LINE, M. Beary; VIVACIOUS, Baines; PRINCE VELOUR, F. Winston; COUTRES, T. Barber; GAGA, A. Fox; SPARTAN, —; KING FINCH, F. Sharpe; MISS MARS, A. Burns; INSURANCE, C. Richards; CAMP GIRL, H. Gunn. J. Sirett rides either Buckskin or Spartan.

WINNING JOCKEYS

The following table shows the positions and percentages of the most successful jockeys to date, together with the result of investing £1 on each of their mounts:—

	Won	Lost	Total	Per-centage	£1 stake system
					£ s. d.
T. WESTON	17	90	116	14·65	−£3 15 6
C. RAY	15	97	112	13·39	+17 1 8
P. BEASLEY	14	71	85	16·47	+11 12 8
G. RICHARDS	13	126	141	9·21	−77 10 5
C. ELLIOTT	12	69	81	14·81	−15 17 6
F. FOX	12	121	133	9·02	−48 11 0
H. DICK	11	69	80	13·75	+12 18 4
H. WRAGG	11	106	120	9·16	−54 2 7
W. NEVETT	10	49	59	16·94	− 4 15 3
T. LOWREY	10	65	75	13·33	+ 4 17 6
C. RICHARDS	9	69	78	11·53	−17 13 7
M. BEARY	9	98	107	8·41	−57 6 1
H. JELLISS	8	47	55	14·54	−15 14 8
J. SIMPSON	8	64	73	11·11	+35 16 6
J. DINES	8	81	89	8·98	−19 19 3

HURST PARK RESULTS

3.0 (3.2).—The **PALACE SELLING PLATE** (high-weight handicap) of 300 sovs.; for three-year-olds. One mile.

PUELLA, b f, by Simon Pure—Glenschelane (Major T. Bouch), 8st. 13lb.....R. Dick 1
LADY CLARION, by f, by Clarion—Millbrook Fancy (Mr. M. G. Hartigan), 8st. 11lb....G. Richards 2
WELWYN, ch g, by Stedfast—Welbury (Mr. J. A. Phillips), 8st. 8lb.....R. Perryman 3
Warp (Mr. H. Liddell), 8st. 12lb.....F. Fox 0
Weary Willy (Sir C. Hyde), 8st. 6lb.....R. I. Jones 0
Plaster of Paris (Mr. J. Cooper), 8st. 9lb.....C. Ray 0
Zany (Miss H. A. Keyser), 8st. 8lb.....F. Lane 0
Coq-a-l'Ane (Mrs. L. Rhid), 8st. 7lb.....J. Sirett 0
Rosapenna (Major H. T. Barclay), 8st. 6lb. H. Beasley 0
Umbrella (Mr. M. S. Carroll), 8st. 5lb.....C. Elliott 0
Johnnie Free (Mr. C. W. Langlands), 8st. 4lb. J. Dines 0
Good Citizen (Mr. F. Darling), 8st. 2lb....C. Richards 0
Upper Deck (Mr. F. Thrale), 7st. 9lb....H. Harman 0
Carousal (Mr. M. S. Watson), 7st. 12lb.....J. Kirby 0
Eastern Song (Mr. E. G. de Mestre), 7st. 6lb. C. A. Ray 0
Mountain Image (Mr. A. Law), 7st. 10lb....H. Graves 0

(Winner trained by W. Nightingall, at Epsom)

STARTING PRICES.—5 to 2 agst Puella, 4 to 1 Umbrella, 5 to 1 Warp, 10 to 1 each Plaster of Paris and Eastern Song, 100 to 8 Lady Clarion, 100 to 6 each Welwyn and Coq-a-l'Ane, 25 to 1 each agst the others.

TOTALISATOR PRICES (each unit represents 2s. stake).—Win dividend, 7s. 6d.; places, 3s. 9d., 11s. 6d., 10s. 6d. Total win pool, 15,319 units; total place pool, 14,267 units.

Won by two lengths; a neck separated second and third. Good Citizen was fourth and Weary Willie last. The winner was bought in for 430 guineas.

3.30 (3.34).—The **CLAREMONT PLATE** of 200 sovs.; for two-year-olds. Five furlongs.

READY RESPONSE COLT, by Stratford (Mr. B. Davis), 9st. 3lb.....J. Dobie 1
HAPPY MOOD, b f, by Happy Man—Grosso Modo (Mrs. E. L. Ralli), 8st. 9lb.....C. Elliott 2
FLYING SCOT, b c, by Farman—Glen Dhu (Mr. E. Robson), 8st. 12lb.....R. Dick 3
Rule Nisi c, by Chivalrous (Lady Aylesford), 8st. 12lb. C. Ray 0
Lone Craig (Mr. P. W. Carr), 8st. 12lb. M. Beary 0
Concerto (Sir H. Cunliffe-Owen), 8st. 12lb. H. Wragg 0
Rasmak (Captain T. Hogg), 8st. 12lb. G. Richards 0
Royal Sailor (Mr. A. H. Kempton), 8st. 12lb. F. Piper 0
Crestia (Mr. Z. G. Michalinos), 8st. 12lb. J. Sirett 0
Fair Bargain (M. J. Wittouck), 8st. 12lb. F. Lane 0
Warden (Sir F. Towle), 8st. 12lb.....P. Beasley 0
Berrydale (Lord Woolavington), 8st. 12lb. F. Fox 0
Guiding Star (Mr. C. W. Gordon), 8st. 9lb. H. Jelliss 0
Brandyball f, by Glanmerin (Mrs. J. Howeson), 8st. 9lb.....H. Wragg 0
Fairy Friend (Mrs. Hutchinson), 8st. 9lb. H. Leach 0
Sultanita (Mr. C. Lund), 8st. 9lb. R. Perryman 0
Ballyshee g, by Prince Galahad (Mr. A. M. Meiville), 8st. 9lb.....A. Berry 0
Sailor's Knot (Sir V. Sassoon), 8st. 9lb. S. Donoghue 0
Margaret of Richings (Mr. Friend Sykes), 8st. 9lb. H. Graves 0

(Winner trained by B. Davis, at Frant)

STARTING PRICES.—6 to 1 agst Masked Bandit, 13 to 2 Ecilath, 8 to 1 Knight Error, 10 to 1 each Ghost Train and Le Phare, 100 to 9 Aristotle, 100 to 8 Etival, 100 to 7 each Songe and Testing Memory, 100 to 6 Miss Linn, 20 to 1 each Reedsmouth, Probite, Gang Warily, and Caballero, 33 to 1 each Guards' Parade and Pachalik, 50 to 1 each agst the others.

TOTALISATOR PRICES.—Win dividend, 14s. 9d.; places, 6s. 6d., 11s. 9d., 17s. 3d. Total win pool, 42,223 units; total place pool, 35,183 units.

Won by a length and a half; a neck separated second and third. Golden Oracle was fourth and Etival last.

4.35 (4.38).—The **CARDINAL'S SELLING PLATE** of 200 sovs.; for two-year-olds. Five furlongs.

AYLESBURY, b g, by Arch-Gift—Earlduck (Mr. V. Smyth), 8st. 8lb.....R. Dick 1
DESERT BRIDE, br f, by Souloupque, dam by Cock-a-Hoop (Mr. M. O. Sprinzfield), 8st. 4lb. J. Sirett 2
ARCHEROT, b g, by Arch-Gift—Fredith (Mr. J. Cooper), 8st. 5lb.....C. Ray 3
Faith and Hope c, by King Sol (Mr. F. H. Bowcher), 8st. 11lb.....F. Lane 0
Strelitz (Mr. A. Williams), 8st. 11lb.....F. Fox 0
Prosperity Party (Mrs. R. G. Borwick), 8st. 5lb. H. Graves 0
Rose Noble (Mr. R. J. Colling), 8st. 5lb.....P. Beasley 0
Petite Reine (Mr. V. Eknayan), 8st. 5lb. S. Donoghue 0
Grand Light (Captain T. Hogg), 8st. 5lb. C. Richards 0
Grand Rock (Mr. R. L. Glasspool), 8st. 5lb. R. Perryman 0
Chivoca (Mr. P. Hands), 8st. 3lb.....H. Harman 0
Mary Lochiel f, by Flying Orb (Mrs. Harrison), 8st. 3lb. C. Richards 0
Tuscania (Mrs. M. Kinney), 8st. 3lb.....F. Field 0
Esperanza (Mrs. R. Middlemas), 8st. 3lb..J. Kirby 0

(Winner trained by V. Smyth, at Epsom)

STARTING PRICES.—4 to 1 each agst Aylesbury and Faith and Hope colt, 5 to 1 Rose Noble, 8 to 1 each Archerot, Grand Rock, and Desert Bride, 20 to 1 each agst the others.

TOTALISATOR PRICES.—Win dividend, 25s. 3d.; places, 4s. 9d., 3s. 9d., 9s. 9d. Total win pool, 15,778 units; total place pool, 14,756 units.

Won by two lengths; a neck separated second and third. Faith and Hope colt was fourth and Esperanza last.

The winner was bought in for 410 guineas.

5.5 (5.5).—The **PARADISE STAKES**, a sweepstakes of 10 sovs. each, with 400 sovs. added; second to receive 50 sovs. and third 25 sovs. out of the stakes; for three-year-olds. One mile and a quarter.

REAR ADMIRAL, br g, by Beresford—Fair Maiden (Commander F. W. Talbot-Ponsonby), 8st. 9lb.....H. Beasley 1
THE SCOUT II., b c, by Sir Cuthbad III.—La Reblee (Mr. W. Woodward), 8st.....J. Dines 2
DICK BUSH, ch c, by Bachelor's Double—Maidenhair (Mr. H. T. Mills), 8st.....G. Richards 3
Dame Swynford (Captain M. Weyland), 8st. 7lb. R. Dick 0
Moselle (The Aga Khan), 8st.....M. Beary 0
Lycidas (Lord Rosebery), 8st.....H. Wragg 0

(Winner trained by Persse, at Stockbridge)

STARTING PRICES.—11 to 10 agst Rear Admiral, 4 to 1 The Scout II., 5 to 1 Dick Bush, 6 to 1 Dame Swynford, 100 to 8 Lycidas, 100 to 6 agst Moselle.

TOTALISATOR PRICES.—Win dividend, 4s. 2d.; places, 3s. 4s. 9d. Total win pool, 16,379 units; total place pool, 7,607 units.

Won by a length; a head separated second and third. Lycidas was fourth and Moselle last.

5.35 (5.36).—The **DURHAM PLATE** (high-weight handicap) of 250 sovs. One mile, seven furlongs, and 65 yards.

ROSE-KNOT, bl or br f, by Sourbier—Whitethread (Mr. V. P. Mims), 4 yrs, 7st. 4lb.....C. Richards 1
BECASSE, b or br c, by Captain Fracasse—Beechgrove (Lord H. de Walden), 4 yrs, 8st. 7lb. R. Perryman 2
ORANGE TIP, b g, by Sprig of Orange—Mary Agnes (Mr. G. C. Sneyd), 4 yrs, 7st.....F. Sharpe 3
Eagle's Pride (Mr. F. T. Hales), aged, 8st. 12lb. R. Dick 0
Quarter Sessions (Mr. M. Field), 4 yrs, 8st. 11lb. J. Childs 0
Alacrity (Mr. M. Markham), aged, 8st. 7lb. P. Beasley 0
Porthoon (Sir M. McAlpine), 4 yrs, 8st. 5lb. G. Richards 0
Mount Hawke (Mr. H. Simmonds), aged, 7st. 13lb. H. Graves 0
Auction Pool (Mrs. V. D. Sainsbury), 5 yrs, 7st. 12lb. F. Southey 0
Dan French (Mr. C. Wadia), 4 yrs, 7st. 11lb. J. Sirett 0
Loveliness (Major T. G. N. Bardwell), 4 yrs, 7st. 5lb. T. Lowrey 0
Monar

Sporting News

(Continued from page 4)

CRICKET

THE AUSTRALIAN TEAM

EARLY IMPRESSIONS

The Australian team, now that they have completed three matches, two of which they won with ease, with a splendid start to the game in progress at Sheffield, can offer some standard of form on which they may be judged. Before the merits of individual players are considered reference must be made to the impression which they have already made both with spectators and players alike.

It is idle to depreciate the value of games which they may win or lose in county or Test Matches, but the importance to be attached to a team of cricketers who play the game in such a charming spirit cannot be over emphasized. Admirably led by W. M. Woodfull, who has the support as vice-captain of V. Y. Richardson, a cricketer with a great personality, they bear all the appearances of a team who will be welcomed wherever they play, and who will do a great deal to re-establish the belief that, Test Match or no Test Match, cricket is still a game. For an Australian team they are young, and the wisdom of the Australian Selection Committee must bear fruit in the future, even if this team do not on this occasion carry all before them.

They have made an excellent enough start, but at the moment there are still definite limitations to their strength. Whatever combination is chosen for a particular match they cannot but have a remarkably strong batting side, but, even though no team has yet made 200 runs in an innings against them, no one who has seen them in all their games can have any very high opinion of their bowling. So far, of the 55 wickets which have been taken by the bowlers, 31 of them have been taken by C. V. Grimmett, and it is significant that it has not yet been possible to give him a rest. With the next match against Lancashire, followed by the game against M.C.C. at Lord's, it seems that for the moment Sunday is to be his only day off.

Grimmett's Big Part

Grimmett, for his part, has answered to the call most nobly, and his achievement at Sheffield on Saturday, when he took all 10 Yorkshire wickets for 37 runs, was a truly fine bowling performance. Since the tour began he has shown never a sign of losing his accuracy, and throughout has kept his brain on the look-out for the least possible chance of getting his man out. Round arm lob bowler he may be, but he is intelligent, and can for long periods bowl exactly the ball which he intends, and so far he has never yet been truly mastered.

Of the others little can be said except that they do show signs of developing some workmanship as the tour goes on. T. Wall is not yet a formidable opening bowler, for he has no great pace, and makes no use of a new ball. E. L. à Beckett, who also has frequently been put on first, has some pretensions of an in-swinger, but there is as yet little life in his bowling, and A. Fairfax, who brings the ball over from a great height, somehow contrives to waste this natural advantage. P. M. Hornibrook, so far, has been the one bright spot in an attack which, apart from Grimmett, is colourless. He had a pitch to help a left-handed bowler at Leyton, and he made good use of it. On Saturday, at Sheffield, he was ineffective, but with his beautiful action and ability to spin the ball with his fingers he should train on to be one of the outstanding successes of the tour. Just now, however, it is merely a question of how soon the shine is taken off the ball for Grimmett to be put on, with an occasional rest, for the rest of the innings.

Their fielding improves in pace and accuracy with each match, and in this respect it must be remembered that Woodfull has been able to do no more than try out the various members of the team and has not yet had a chance of forming a combination of fielding men. Certain men do seem, however, to be marked for definite positions—Richardson anywhere near the wicket where he can block a batsman's stroke or hold a catch; W. H. Ponsford and D. Bradman in the deep field; Grimmett at cover-point; and Hornibrook in the slips. Woodfull, as a dutiful captain, gives himself a roving commission, filling in a gap wherever required, after the manner of A. O. Jones, and doing it most efficiently. On Saturday their fielding was at times brilliant, and as the sun warms up their backs they will get better and better.

The Batting Strength

Their batting has been all that was expected of them, with the exception that A. Jackson has not yet been able to make a start. He is considered by many people in Australia to be the best and most attractive batsman in the side, and if that is anything approaching a correct opinion his turn must soon come. Bradman, by scoring 236 at Worcester and 185 not out at Leicester, has already achieved a *succès fou*, but even if he never again scores 200 in an innings, he has still some audacious strokes up his sleeve which he has not yet disclosed. At Leicester he was feeling stiff, and was in consequence rather restrained, but it is clear that the intention to score off all manner of balls in all manner of ways is there. He does not take his bat up as straight as the purist would demand, but he is amazingly quick on his feet, and when he gets back on his right leg thumps the ball very hard. The stroke for which he has shown the greatest pleasure hitherto has been the late cut—the real late cut—which he plays gloriously.

To start the innings Woodfull and Ponsford do all that is required of them. Woodfull certainly has already been bowled twice, but the first time he clearly wanted someone else to come in to bat, and he still looks to be hard man to get out. Ponsford is probably a better batsman than when he was here in 1926, but A. Kippax has so far not done much more than play himself in and have a look round. He has a sound defence on the slow pitches, and when they become faster will no doubt produce some more attractive strokes. Fairfax is another who has so far been content to play as if he wanted to be in as long as possible to see how English wickets play, but Richardson, with his strong fore-arm, is essentially an attacking batsman who is going to make the fieldsmen run about before the tour is finished. They have also S. McCabe and E. L. à Beckett, both polished batsmen, and W. A. Oldfield, whose position as wicket-keeper must be seriously threatened by the brilliance of C. W. Walker, to make runs in the event of any of the greater lights failing. Taken as a whole they must make an immense amount of runs against even the better bowling sides in this country, but unless Grimmett can continue to do the work of three or four men they will probably have some long fielding days in store for them.

E. Halliwell, of Todmorden, Yorkshire, who had acted as scorer for the Todmorden Cricket Club for over 30 years, collapsed in the scorer's box and died during the match on Saturday between Hastingden and Todmorden in the Lancashire Cricket League.

GRIMMETT TAKES ALL TEN WICKETS

YORKSHIRE BATSMEN'S POOR DISPLAY

The day's play in the match between the Australians and Yorkshire at Sheffield on Saturday was a personal triumph for C. V. Grimmett, who took all 10 Yorkshire wickets for 37 runs, with the result that Yorkshire were dismissed for the small total of 155. When bad light stopped play at a quarter past 6 the Australians had scored 69 for the loss of only one wicket, and so start to-day in a strong position.

Grimmett was not put on to bowl until the score was 46, with Holmes and Sutcliffe well set for one of their customary big partnerships, but after he had dug the first three batsmen out he did very much as he liked with the rest of the side, his last seven wickets costing him only 16 runs. He bowled throughout his spell from the Football Ground end, and certainly did not have anything to help him from the pitch, which was quiet and easy. He made the ball turn, however, even if he could not make it do so quickly, and by varying his flight had batsman after batsman either going out or going back to the wrong ball. He was supported magnificently by C. W. Walker, who is very quick and neat in his work. Only twice before has an Australian bowler taken all 10 wickets in an innings in this country, W. P. Howell against Surrey at the Oval in 1899—that being his first match in this country—and A. A. Mailey against Gloucestershire at Cheltenham in 1921.

Woodfull started his bowling with Wall, from the Pavilion end, and à Beckett, but after Holmes and Sutcliffe had scored 16 quiet runs Hornibrook relieved à Beckett, who in turn came on at Wall's end. Richardson came in to silly-point to Hornibrook's bowling, but even that could not stop the batsmen, who throughout showed an inclination to hit the ball hard in front of the wicket. In one over Sutcliffe hit a 6 over long-on's head and a 4 past mid-off off Hornibrook, and things were looking so bad that Grimmett was sent for. The 50 went up after 70 minutes' batting, and nine runs later Grimmett got his first scalp, Holmes playing a ball on to his wicket. Luncheon was taken with the score at 67 for one wicket, and although Grimmett continued to bowl after the interval Oldroyd showed signs of settling down to play one of those innings of his which may not be beautiful to look at but which have been of such great service to his team.

At 84, however, Grimmett, who had beaten him two balls before, deceived him in the flight and had him leg-before-wicket. Sutcliffe was by this time playing splendidly, his driving past extra cover and one or two squarer strokes and his hooking being beautiful. When he had made 59 he did mistime a pull, but the ball went safely over the wicketkeeper's head for 4. Leyland started steadily enough, but at 120 Sutcliffe, playing a chop shot, was magnificently caught by Walker, and five runs later Grimmett completely deceived Leyland, who went out to the ball much too soon. One run later and A. T. Barber may be excused for thinking that the age of miracles is not passed. He played a non-committal, covered-up stroke to a ball outside his legs, and having missed the ball found that he had been stumped. He had never actually moved out of his ground, but Walker with amazing speed took his chance when Barber for the fraction of a second had his right foot off the ground. The crowd did not quite appreciate this decision, but it was a wonderful piece of stumping. Robinson hit a ball into long-on's hands after an attempt to brighten up the game, and Macaulay, leaning out, was another to be well stumped. Wood batted bravely for a time, but after he had hit a ball round to leg for four, was easily caught by Richardson at silly-point. Nobody took a wicket from the other end, and when Grimmett bowled Bowes first ball the honour and well-merited congratulations were his. His fingers were probably a little sore towards the end, but he pegged away, hardly ever bowling a loose ball and sending down many very good ones.

When the Australians went in Woodfull immediately started to do the bulk of the scoring off Robinson and Bowes. In one over from Bowes he hit three 4's to leg, one square and two to fine leg. When 32 runs had been scored, of which Woodfull had made 28, Macaulay came on instead of Bowes. After an over he bowled round the wicket, with two short legs and three men on the leg boundary. That was not very satisfactory, however, and it was Robinson who got the first wicket, beating Ponsford for pace and having him leg-before-wicket. At five minutes past 5 a light drizzle which had been falling for half an hour turned to rain and sent the players in. After a wait of nearly an hour they went out again, but only for a quarter of an hour, during which time Bradman got busy and sent the score up to 89 before bad light ended cricket for the day.

Score :—

YORKSHIRE.—First Innings

Holmes, b. Grimmett	31
Sutcliffe, c. Walker, b. Grimmett	69
Oldroyd, l.b.w., b. Grimmett	2
Leyland, st. Walker, b. Grimmett	9
A. T. Barber, st. Walker, b. Grimmett	1
Mitchell, b. Grimmett	1
Robinson, c. Bradman, b. Grimmett	27
Wood, c. Richardson, b. Grimmett	4
Macaulay, st. Walker, b. Grimmett	1
Rhodes, not out	6
Bowes, b. Grimmett	0
Byes, 4; l.-b., 9; n.-b., 1	14
Total	155

AUSTRALIANS.—First Innings

W. M. Woodfull, not out	37
W. H. Ponsford, l.-b.-w., b. Robinson	6
D. G. Bradman, not out	24
Leg-byes	2
Total (1 wkt.)	69

V. Y. Richardson, A. F. Kippax, E. L. à Beckett, S. McCabe, C. V. Grimmett, C. W. Walker, T. Wall, and P. M. Hornibrook to go in.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

YORKSHIRE.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Wall	16	3	42	0	Grimmett	22.3	8	37	10
à Beckett	12	6	11	0	McCabe	3	2	2	0
Hornibrook	12	4	49	0					

Umpires.—Oates and Beet.

GOOD WORCESTERSHIRE STAND

Worcestershire, who began their first home county match of the season at Worcester on Saturday when they met Glamorgan, were seen to greater advantage than was the case in their two previous games against the Australians and Surrey. They began poorly, but Nichol and V. Fox turned the fortunes of the game with a good fourth wicket partnership, and Worcestershire made the useful total of 229. Glamorgan, losing Bates and Dyson for 30 runs, finished up 199 behind with eight wickets in hand.

Nichol and V. Fox, who between them scored 120 of the Worcestershire total, batted admirably for under an hour and a half, in which time they added 90 runs. Of the remaining batsmen only Wright and Root, who scored 14 in one over from Ryan, played with any real confidence against Mercer, who had the fine analysis of six wickets for 64 runs. Glamorgan, who batted for an hour, had to struggle hard for runs. Dyson left with four on the board, while Bates was sent back 10 runs later. This caused M. J. Turnbull and Bell to exercise great care, but they succeeded in staying together until rain brought the day's play to a close.

Score :—

WORCESTERSHIRE.—First Innings

Wright, b. Mercer	21
Fox (J.), b. Ryan	6
Nichol, b. Davies (D.)	45
Gibbons, l.b.w., b. Mercer	13
Fox (V.), b. Mercer	55
C. F. Walters, st. Every, b. Ryan	3
R. W. Quaife, c. Every, b. Mercer	21
Root, c. Rhys, b. Ryan	21
Brooks, c. Bates, b. Mercer	10
Perks, b. Mercer	3
Styler, not out	4
Byes, 5; l.-b., 2; n.-b., 1	8
Total	229

GLAMORGAN.—First Innings

Bates, c. Gibbons, b. Root	4
Dyson, b. Perks	2
M. J. Turnbull, not out	13
Bell, not out	7
Byes	9
Total (for 2 wkts.)	30

Hills, H. G. J. Rhys, Davies (D.), Every, Davies (E.), Mercer, and Ryan to go in.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

WORCESTERSHIRE.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Mercer	26.4	13	64	6	Bates	4	0	17	0
Ryan	25	12	64	3	Davies (D.)	6	2	7	0
Davies (E.)	24	5	49	1					

Umpires.—Denton and Parry

TO-DAY'S MATCHES

Lord's.—Middlesex v. Derbyshire (continued).
Oval.—Surrey v. Northamptonshire.
Bournemouth.—Hampshire v. Leicestershire (continued).
Nottingham.—Nottinghamshire v. Somerset (continued).
Manchester.—Lancashire v. Gloucestershire (continued).
Worcester.—Worcestershire v. Glamorgan (continued).
Sheffield.—Yorkshire v. Australians (continued).
Cambridge.—Cambridge University Freshmen's Match (continued).

FRESHMEN'S MATCH AT CAMBRIDGE

QUIET PLAY ON A SOFT PITCH

The Freshmen's match between G. D. Kemp-Welch's XII. and J. P. Morgan's XII. was begun at Cambridge in most unpleasant weather on Saturday, and at the close of play Kemp-Welch's XII. were all out for a total of 276.

It cannot be said that the day's play was very satisfactory. Cambridge has had a lot of rain lately and the pitch was soft, but it was by no means dead. The ball was inclined to lift, and, if it did not turn at that pace which brings the batsman out of his ground to give the pitch a sorrowful and reproving pat, it at any rate did turn appreciably. A. G. Howland-Jackson had the best figures among the bowlers, but R. C. Rought-Rought, who has played a good deal of cricket for Norfolk, was actually the most formidable bowler. He is very tall, and he knows how to use his height to make the ball jump to the shoulder of the bat, and he was unlucky in that several of the batsmen played at him continually but did not play quite well enough to touch him. He can make the ball turn both ways, and altogether he should be a valuable acquisition to Cambridge in a year that is not rich in bowlers. Howland-Jackson, who comes from Stowe, makes the ball go away through the air with his arm, which he keeps rather too low for the purist, and, on it pitching, it can either bring it back a little to the batsman or make it go even farther away. The other bowlers were not particularly distinguished, although G. A. R. Green swung the ball into the batsman and kept attacking him.

Up to the last hour, when he made a few mistakes, H. E. C. de Chassiron showed himself an admirable wicketkeeper. He made four catches and took the ball cleanly and without any fuss. As Morgan will, in all probability, keep wicket this year, a wicket-keeper will not be needed, but de Chassiron is a man to be remembered.

The batting, for the first two hours at any rate, was slow and disappointing. N. M. V. Rothschild, who played one excellently aggressive innings last year for Northamptonshire against Nottinghamshire, produced one or two strokes that were reminiscent of it, and A. G. Hazlerigg has a style that is based on sound principles, but the batsmen were generally terribly slow-footed and deficient in strokes. They did not seem, either, to know how to drop their wrists at the rising ball they did not want to play, and Rought-Rought, whose pace, by the way, is rather over medium, must have felt aggrieved at not getting a wicket in his opening spell of bowling, as he beat T. J. Macdonald again and again.

Actually a wicket did not fall until the total was 45, when Hazlerigg played forward at a good-length ball of Howland-Jackson's which turned to the edge of the bat and went on to the wicketkeeper. Both Macdonald and E. B. Pope were out much in the same way, only Pope was caught at first slip, and, up till tea, when the score was 105, made in two hours 40 minutes, for six wickets, the cricket continued to be dull in the extreme.

With another wicket falling directly after tea, the end of the innings seemed imminent, but first G. E. G. Jackson and then S. M. Ekin helped W. H. Webster to make the score a respectable one. Webster's batting was a delightful contrast to much that had gone before. He used his feet well, got well on top of the ball, and made most of his strokes with a fluent follow-through. Early in his innings he cut short balls of Howland-Jackson's for a 4 and a 3, and a hook off Parry gave him a 5—the boundary was so short on one side that the spectator there felt himself actually in the game, but there was no six hit, which in itself is a severe commentary on much of the batting for loose balls were not rare. He reached his 50 by driving J. W. R. Hunt through the covers for 3, but when he had made 71 he might have been caught very close in at long-leg off a ball of Green's he followed round and did not place quite accurately. The mistake did not matter, however, as immediately afterwards he was run out going for a fifth run off a stroke of Ekin's. He and Ekin put on 78 runs in 55 minutes, a rate of scoring which, after the experience of the early afternoon, seemed positively dizzy. Ekin, who has a pleasant drive and who hinted to Rought-Rought that he could not afford to do without a man in the deep-field, was caught soon afterwards, but the last wicket gave a little trouble, and the innings was not over until the score had reached 276 and the clock 6.20.

Score :—

G. D. KEMP-WELCH'S SIDE.—First Innings.

A. G. Hazlerigg (Eton and Trinity), c. de Chassiron, b. Howland-Jackson	21
T. J. Macdonald (Eton and St. John's), c. de Chassiron, b. Howland-Jackson	27
E. B. Pope (Uppingham and Clare), c. Langdon, b. Howland-Jackson	5
N. M. V. Rothschild (Harrow and Trinity), b. Green	25
F. R. Brown (Leys and St. John's), b. Parry	0
G. L. Walker (Malvern and Christ's), c. de Chassiron, b. Rought-Rought	15
T. H. Bowney (University College School and Christ's), b. Howland-Jackson	2
G. E. G. Jackson (Stowe and Christ's), c. de Chassiron, b. Parry	14
W. H. Webster (Highgate and Pembroke), run out	73
S. M. Ekin (Cheltenham and Pembroke), c. Wilson, b. Howland-Jackson	47
M. B. Brain (Repton and St. John's), not out	15
E. H. Bull (Harrow and Trinity), b. Howland-Jackson	5
Byes, 23; l.-b., 1; w., 1; n.-b., 2	27
Total	276

J. T. MORGAN'S SIDE.—D. R. Wilcox (Dulwich and Pembroke), D. M. Rome (Harrow and Trinity), R. C. Rought-Rought (Private and Emmanuel), D. M. Parry (Merchant Taylors' and St. Catharine's), J. R. Hunt (Charterhouse and Jesus), G. E. Green (Shrewsbury and Pembroke), A. G. Howland-Jackson (Stowe and Trinity), H. E. C. de Chassiron (Haileybury and Jesus), R. R. Wynne (Marlborough and Caius), P. Lawrence (Uppingham and Corpus Christi), R. E. Benham-Carter (Clifton and Peterhouse), and G. S. Taylor (Epsom and Trinity).

BOWLING ANALYSIS

G. D. KEMP-WELCH'S SIDE.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Rought-Rought	28	8	54	2	Howland-Jackson	19.1	4	47	5
Green	21	3	61	1	Parry	13	1	45	1
Wynne	16	3	37	0	Hunt	3	0	15	0

Umpires.—Watts and Diver

BATSMEN FAIL AT MANCHESTER

Only three and a half hours' play was possible at Manchester in the return match between Lancashire and Gloucestershire on Saturday, but at the close of play Lancashire, with eight wickets to fall, were 100 runs behind the small Gloucestershire total of 115.

Sibbles, R. Tyldesley, and Hopwood bowled so well that the visitors were dismissed in less than three hours. Hammond alone gained distinction in a rather feeble display of batting by Gloucestershire. He was batting for two hours, and although he hit only three boundaries he rendered great service to his side by his sound defence and steadiness. Sibbles deserved his analysis of three wickets for 19, while R. Tyldesley followed his fine work against Gloucestershire in the previous match by dismissing four batsmen at a cost of just under eight runs each. This good bowling received excellent support in the field, the picking up and returning being clean and accurate. Lancashire made a worse start than their opponents, for with the first ball sent down by Goddard, after a maiden by Sinfield, Watson was bowled. After a delay of half an hour through rain E. Tyldesley was leg-before to Sinfield.

Score :—

GLOUCESTERSHIRE.—First Innings

Sinfield, c. McDonald, b. Hopwood	0
Dipper, c. and b. Hopwood	12
Hammond, l.-b.-w., b. Tyldesley (R.)	43
B. H. Lyon, l.-b.-w., b. Tyldesley (R.)	5
Smith, b. Sibbles	2
Dacre, c. Ackersley, b. Sibbles	11
Neale, b. Tyldesley (R.)	4
Barnett, st. Duckworth, b. Hopwood	0
Stephens, not out	8
Ford, c. Hopwood, b. Tyldesley (R.)	15
Goddard, b. Sibbles	0
Leg-byes	3
Total	115

LANCASHIRE.—First Innings

Watson, b. Goddard	0
Halkyard, not out	5
Tyldesley (E.), l.-b.-w., b. Sinfield	5
Iddon, not out	2
Byes	3
Total (2 wkts.)	15

Hopwood, Paynter, F. T. Ackersley, Sibbles, Duckworth, Tyldesley (R.), and McDonald to go in.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

GLOUCESTERSHIRE.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Hopwood	33	5	63	3	Sibbles	8.2	3	19	3
Tyldesley (R.)	23	13	30	4					

Umpires.—Buswell and Dolphin.

NO PLAY AT THE OVAL

There was no play at the Oval on Saturday in the match between Surrey and Northamptonshire owing to the wet state of the wicket. The captains inspected the pitch periodically, and at 3.30, after a consultation with the umpires and groundsman, it was announced that there would be no play. As there had been no rain since the early morning, and a large Saturday crowd had been waiting patiently outside the ground for several hours, it seemed rather strange that no effort was made to prepare another wicket.

The teams are :—

SURREY (selected from).—P. G. H. Fender, D. R. Jardine, S. A. Block, M. J. C. Allom, E. G. Stroud, Hobbs, Sandham, Ducat, Shepherd, Brooks, Geary, and Lock.

NORTHAMPTONSHIRE.—V. W. C. Jupp, Woolley, Bakewell, Thomas (J. E.), Bellamy, Matthews, Liddell, Cox, Thomas, Partridge, and Clark.

DERBYSHIRE AT LORD'S

FINE BOWLING BY R. W. V. ROBINS

Derbyshire opened their season in trying conditions when they met Middlesex at Lord's on Saturday.

The pitch in the morning was soft and treacherous after the heavy rain overnight, but as it promised to become considerably worse G. R. Jackson, having won the toss, chose to bat first. The result was not very happy. First Durston and then R. W. V. Robins had spells of successful bowling, and but for a rather lucky stand by N. M. Ford and Worthington, who put on 99 runs for the fifth wicket, the Derbyshire total would not have reached 172. Middlesex made 44 in the hour that preceded a tea interval, during which heavy rain began to fall and prevented further play.

The Middlesex bowling was not at full strength with I. A. R. Peebles and Hearne not available, but, backed up by some excellent fielding, Durston and Robins did all that was necessary. Alderman, who, like Storer, made 23, was twice missed, but the fieldsmen made few mistakes. Robins made a remarkable one-handed catch to dismiss Lee off an awkwardly rising ball from Durston. Lee appeared to have played, and not merely snicked, the ball. After this, Storer and Alderman took no chances for three-quarters of an hour, when another awkward ball from Durston hit the shoulder of Storer's bat and was caught by Price, the wicket-keeper. Storer had made all but six of the 29 scored for the loss of two wickets. With G. R. Jackson in, Alderman hit the first 4 of the match, a pull to leg off Robins. Jackson was Durston's third victim, caught by N. Haig in the gully, and, in spite of his luck in being dropped by Durston in the slips off Robins and not quite held by Hart at short square-leg off Durston, Alderman was fourth out at 60. His good fortune suddenly came to an end when a bad call by N. M. Ford resulted in him being run out. Luncheon was taken with the score 76 for four and the situation much in favour of Middlesex.

Afterwards, Ford and Worthington played what probably was the right game, and went for the bowling. Ford especially took chances in making his most powerful strokes, the straight drive and square cut. Worthington also made some splendid drives and pulls, and, with the ball always dodging the fieldsmen, 99 were added in about an hour and a half. Worthington reached his 50 by pulling Robins for 4, but, in trying to repeat the stroke off the next ball, hit it straight to Durston at mid-on. The score then read 159—5—50.

Before this Durston abandoned his ordinary style of bowling, so successful that it had given him three wickets for 19 in the morning, in favour of a slower ball to leg. With the score at 143, however, Robins had taken his place at the Pavilion end and quickly brought the Derbyshire innings to a close. Robins sent down some well-pitched-up balls that turned sharply, but the remaining batsmen were unable to meet the ball. Hutchinson was bowled first ball. Ford, not in the least intimidated by leg-breaks well pitched up, continued to hit. One straight drive went to the off boundary for 4. The next stroke, pulled a little and short, was caught by G. C. Newman, who stood still and just waited for the ball to come down. Townsend was bowled for none, and Slater taken in the slips for one. Elliott gave a chance to square leg, only to be out to a magnificent running catch by Newman in the deep field. This ended the innings and also a notable spell of bowling by Robins. He had 54 runs hit off him before he took a wicket. When he relieved Durston at the Pavilion end he sent down six overs and one ball for 19 runs and six wickets.

There were about 3,000 spectators when H. L. Dales and Lee opened the Middlesex innings just before 4 o'clock. The cricket was slow, but Dales showed good judgment in picking out the right ball to hit hard. The fielding was good.

Score :—

DERBYSHIRE.—First Innings

Lee (G. M.), c. Robins, b. Durston	1
Storer, c. Price, b. Durston	23
Alderman, run out	23
G. R. Jackson, c. Hale, b. Durston	1
N. M. Ford, c. Newman, b. Robins	64
Worthington, c. Durston, b. Robins	50
Hutchinson, b. Robins	0
Townsend, b. Robins	0
Slater, c. Durston, b. Robins	1
Elliott, not out	3
Mitchell, c. Newman, b. Robins	1
Bye	1
Total	172

MIDDLESEX.—First Innings

Lee (H. W.), not out	17
H. L. Dales, not out	24
Byes	3
Total (no wkt.)	44

N. Haig, R. W. V. Robins, G. C. Newman, D. Russell, H. E. Carris, Hendren, Durston, Price and Hart to go in.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

DERBYSHIRE.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Haig	26	6	53	0	Robins	25.1	0	73	6
Durston	25	9	44	3	Lee	1	0	1	0

Umpires.—Street and Braund.

A STRUGGLE FOR RUNS

A great struggle for runs marked the opening day's play at Portsmouth on Saturday in the match between Hampshire and Leicestershire, the home county, in the four and a half hours to which play was restricted, scoring 156 for the loss of nine wickets.

The feature of the play was a very laboured, but valuable, innings by Newman, who remained in all the time. Apart from a chance given at the wicket when 10, Newman did not make a mistake. The beginning of the game suggested some bright cricket, the second over of the match yielding 13 runs, but from that point there was little of interest for the small crowd. The only stand of note came when Newman and A. L. Hosie were associated, the pair adding 34 in 55 minutes. Snary, Geary, and Astill all bowled well. So far Astill has taken five wickets at a cost of seven runs each. This good bowling received admirable support in the field.

Score :—

HAMPSHIRE.—First Innings

Brown, l.-b.-w., b. Snary	17
Newman, not out	51
Kennedy, c. Sidwell, b. Geary	8
Mead, c. Snary, b. Astill	6
A. L. Hosie, b. Shipman	23
Cresse, c. de Lisle, b. Astill	13
A. K. Judd, c. Sidwell, b. Geary	7
S. Fry, b. Astill	6
Boyes, c. Snary, b. Astill	2
Bailey, b. Astill	3
Herman, not out	1
Byes, 8; l.-b., 7	15
Total (9 wkts.)	156

LEICESTERSHIRE.—J. A. de Lisle, E. A. Broughton, Shipman, Berry, Armstrong, Bradshaw, Riley, Astill, Geary, Sidwell, and Snary.

Umpires.—Young and Toone

LONDON CLUB MATCHES

Bickley Park, 98 (Squadron-Leader C. B. Cooke 6 for 28); Blackheath, 184 for 5 (E. Taylor 112).

Blackheath, 208 for 3, dec. (Chapman 80, L. B. Helder 59); Bickley Park, 110 for 3 (Collett 70).

Broadsbury, 121; Streatham, 86 for 6.

St. Bartholomew's Hospital, 99; Hampstead, 20 for 5.

Westminster Bank, 190 for 6, dec. (J. Wormacott 52, J. Lee 52); Forest Hill, 8 for none.

Ilford, 237 for 5, dec. (A. Jeacocke 87, L. S. H. Summers 64); Beckenham, 55 for 5.

Bexley Heath, 67 (Millership 6 for 24, Hill 3 for 8); Siemens, 38 for 2.

Sevenoaks Vine, 103 (Teach 6 for 46); The Mote, 60 (S. G. Smith 3 for 3).

Hampstead, 253 for 9, dec. (A. G. Sanders 71, N. B. Atkinson 66); Bishop's Stortford, 104 (G. P. Mead 6 for 33).

London Hospital, 69; Metropolitan Police, 51.

Loughton, 138 (H. A. Brooks 7 for 44); Highgate, 31 for 3.

Woodford Wells, 58 (W. S. Harvey 7 for 32); Sidcup, 118 for 7.

Brentham, 77; West Drayton, 28 for 1.

Old Roans, 66; Springfield Mental Hospital, 46 for 1.

Edmonton, 88 (H. G. Hayward 5 for 21); Alexandra Park, 11 for 1.

Barnetwood Mental Hospital, 181 for 4 (Humphreys 58 not out, Mallinson 52); Wickford, 28 for 6 (Chapman 3 for 10).

N.P. Bank, 140; Barclays Bank, 3 for none.

Union-Castle, 178 for 9, dec. (J. A. Clark 63); Blackheath, 9 for 1.

Cypress, 212 (W. H. Beardwell 52); Sutton, 119 for 3.

Ealing, 184 (J. E. Denning 83); South Hampstead, 78 for 3.

Finchley, 70 (C. G. Gibson 5 for 26); Honor Oak, 53 for 6.

Beckenham, 137 (H. H. Pothey 56, E. Bryan 7 for 39); Private Banks, 61 for 2.

Kenley, 81; Limpsfield, 42.

Richmond, 179 (Saunders 56); Gravesend, 10 for 2.

Hampstead, 50; Wimbledon, 79 (Fraser 3 for 7).

Old Kenaurs, 57 (K. R. Wright 9 for 14); Old Whitgiftians, 25 for none.

Carlton Park, 160 for 8, dec.; Croydon, 19 for none.

Redhill, 106 (Semple 6 for 26); Elmers End, 97 for 5.

South West Essex, 109; Ilford, 28 for none.

Northampton Polytechnic Institute, 143; Welwyn Garden City, 72 for 5.

South East Essex, 41 (Raffels 6 for 18, E. Stanley 5 for 19); North West Ham Conservative, 20 for 3 (12 a side).

U.C.S. Old Boys, 175 for 4, dec. (E. B. Glanfield 114); St. Mary's Hospital, 20 for 2.

Indian Gymkhana, 184 for 2, dec. (S. Nazeer Ali 76 not out); University College, 13 for 1.

Byflete, 232 for 4, dec. (W. Goold 102 not out, H. C. Hattall 99); Oatlands Park, did not bat.

Harpenden, 199 for 6, dec. (F. Appleyard 77); Barnet, 68.

Crosley Wood, 52; Old Millhillians, 132 for 7.

Catford Wanderers, 163 for 5, dec.; Linden Park, 96 (G. R. Wilson 5 for 29).

Teddington, 144; Southgate, 58 for 1.

Clarence, 73; Old Lyonians, 24 for 4.

Oakdene, 144; Associated Equipment Company, 116 for 4 (Goodyear 50 not out).

Belmont, 55; St. John's College Hospital, 76 for 3 (Griffith-James 50 not out).

Hongkong and Shanghai Bank, 69; Dulwich, 40 for 5.

Incogniti, 217; St. Thomas's Hospital, 71 for 4.

Purley, 196 (Merriman 53); East Grinstead, 93 for 4.

SOMERSET MISS CHANCES

COUNTY CHAMPIONS HAVE A LUCKY DAY

Nottinghamshire, the champion county, played a weak side against Somerset at Nottingham on Saturday, Barratt and Voce being absent through influenza, and Lilley being unable to play owing to an injury. In the circumstances they did well to score 295 for nine wickets, but they were favoured by the mistakes of the Somerset fieldsmen, A. W. Carr being missed twice and G. Gunn, jun., once.

George Gunn and Whysall gave Nottinghamshire a capital start, but three batsmen were out with the score at 92. Carr, having scored two, gave a chance to Frank Lee at mid-off, while when he had made five Hunt missed him at long-off. Carr, although never master of the bowling, stayed with Payton for 80 minutes, in which time 82 runs were added for the fourth wicket. Carr batted for two hours for 48, which included one off-drive for six and five 4's.

When Gunn, jun., and A. Staples became associated the Somerset fieldsmen were at fault again. Andrews, the new bowler, who looked extremely difficult to play at times by reason of his pace off the pitch, missed Gunn when the batsman had scored two. This mistake was expensive for Somerset, Gunn and Staples putting on 91 runs for the sixth wicket in 65 minutes. Each batsman made seven 4's. Andrews, who was playing in his second match for Somerset, and White bowled extremely well, and were unfortunate in being badly supported in the field.

Score :—

NOTTINGHAMSHIRE.—First Innings

Gunn (G.), b. White	28
Whysall, c. Luckes, b. Andrews	56
Walker, b. Andrews	6
A. W. Carr, c. Case, b. Lee (J. W.)	48
Payton, l.-b.-w., b. Andrews	36
Staples (A.), b. Lee (J. W.)	46
Gunn (G.), st. Luckes, b. White	51
Larwood, c. Lee (F. S.), b. White	14
Staples (S. J.), l.-b.-w., b. White	3
R. D. F. Bland, not out	0
Bres, 5; l.-b., 2	7
Total (9 wkts.)	295

Wheat to go in.

SOMERSET.—J. C. White, R. A. Ingle, E. F. Longrigg, C. C. Case, E. J. H. Hart, Young, Lee (J. W.), Lee (F. S.), Hunt, Luckes, and Andrews.

Umpires.—Morton and King.

THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Charterhouse, 167 (Eccles 72); Oriel College, Oxford, 140 (Greening 5 for 43).

Haileybury College, 171 (Evans 81); Emmanuel College, Cambridge, 144.

Shrewsbury Town, 162 for 8 dec.; Shrewsbury School, 84 for 4.

Merchant Taylors' School, 35; Nomads, 35 (Wildash 7 for 16).

Mill Hill School, 60 (Boswell 7 for 6); Hornsey, 140 for 9.

Dover C.C., 129 (Naylor 5 for 35); Dover College, 66.

University College School, 98; Chiswick Park, 54 for 6.

Wellingborough School, 121 (Adams 60); Downing College, Cambridge, 99.

Common Room, 187 for 6 dec.; Highgate School, 9 for 1.

St. Edward's School, 151; Keble College, Oxford, 125.

Oratory School, 136; War Office, 37 for 2.

Trent College, 148 for 2 dec. (Barker 77, Walker 66 not); Stanton-by-Dale, 90.

St. Catharine's College, Cambridge, 188; Bedford Modern School, 55.

Ellesmere College, 128 for 6 dec. (Phillips 50 not); Newcastle H.S., 92.

Rutlish School, 59 (Burroughes 4 for 5); Caterham School, 71 for 3.

Colfe's School, 35 (Docker

Sporting News

(Continued from page 5)

GOLF

ROYAL ST. GEORGE'S CUP

R. W. HARTLEY'S TRIUMPH

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

R. W. Hartley won his way into the select of amateur golf at St. George's, Sandwich, yesterday morning, when he beat Dr. O. F. Willing, of America, in the replayed tie over 18 holes for the Royal St. George's Champion Cup by 6 strokes. For 13 holes he gave an exhibition of golf in difficult weather that can rarely have been equalled. By that time he had established himself in a winning position, and, if after that he nodded a little and appeared as an ordinary mortal, it only showed the quality of what had gone before in greater relief.

As for Dr. Willing, he deserves the sympathy of all golfers. For this was the second time he had been on the point of tasting success only to have the cup dashed from his lips. Yet he would be the last to question yesterday's result, for he did not do himself justice, and after a shaky start and a major disaster never looked like getting on terms.

The weather was stormy when play was begun at 10.30. Rain had fallen overnight and in the early morning more rain threatened, and, in fact, fell in two sharp showers after the turn, and a strong, gusty wind was blowing out of the north, which meant that many of the holes were more than usually testing. From the start things went Hartley's way, for he took the many opportunities given him by his opponent in addition to making openings for himself. At the first hole Willing half-topped his drive, topped his second, was lucky to miss the pot bunker in the centre of the course, was short with his pitch, and took three putts. Hartley, on the other hand, played a good pitch and run from over the green, where his second finished, and holed his putt for a 4. That was two strokes to the good. The second was halved in 5, both players being short with their approaches, but at the third came a thrill. Both hit fine tee shots, but a little too hard, and both were on the bank at the back of the green, Willing to the left, Hartley directly behind the hole. Willing played a masterly little running shot dead for him, and then Hartley, from a long clovery lie, holding his niblick nearly at the shank, chopped—there is no other word for it—his ball out; it dribbled down the hill and into the hole for a 2, and that was three shots lead in three holes.

At the fourth, with its horrid out of bounds immediately behind the green, came Dr. Willing's crushing blow. Both hit good drives. Hartley played the odd a magnificent iron shot just on the right of the green which gave him a 4 for the asking, and then Willing, giving his second a little too much "stick," got a running fall, the ball ran up the bank and bounded over the fence. Stroke and distance and three putts meant a 7, and Hartley had a clear lead of six. The fifth hole was divided in 4s. Hartley's great spoon shot almost gave him a 3, Willing laying a long putt by the lip of the hole. At the Maiden Hartley was a little short, but got his 3, and then poor Willing from eight yards went too boldly for his 2, ran past, and missed his return putt. And Hartley was seven shots to the good with six holes played.

To the long seventh Hartley pulled his tee shot into a bad place under the bay hill, reached the green in 3 and took three putts. Willing got a steady 5, again failing to hole a putt that no one would have laid the odds against. At Hades Willing pulled over the left-hand bunker; Hartley pulled into it. Willing was too strong with his pitch; Hartley tried to run the ball out off the hard sand and was lucky to get out at all. Both took 4. At the difficult ninth, doubly difficult in the cross wind, Hartley added two strokes to his lead of six with a wonderful 3, a fine drive, a magnificent iron shot dead on the pin past that dangerous left-hand pot, and a putt of 10 yards. Willing meanwhile having been bunkered to the right off his second. The scores at this point were:—Hartley, 35, and Willing, 43.

The 10th was dramatic. Both hit good drives. Hartley, playing the odd, showed his quality with a good pitch and run down wind that died away on the rise of the green. Willing decided to pitch; the wind caught his ball, deflected it just sufficiently to pitch on the fail away to the left, and down it kicked into the bunker. Hartley putted to within a foot of the hole. Hartley elected to putt, did so hurriedly, and, horrors! missed. Willing got out well, and got down in 5. It seemed as if this slip of Hartley's would not be forgiven, for he took A to the 11th also, hitting a 4ft. putt for 4 hurriedly, and Willing got a stroke back, but Hartley made ample amends at the 12th, where he got a perfect 3 after Willing had made certain of his 4, and again he was eight strokes to the good with six holes to play. At the long 13th both got 4's, Willing with a magnificent spoon shot from a hanging lie, followed by a perfectly judged run up, Hartley with an iron shot like that at the ninth, and a putt that nearly reached the hole for a 3.

Then came a change. To the Canal Hartley was over the green in 3 and took three more to get down, and, Willing making sure of his 5, recovered a stroke. At the 15th, Willing was bunkered to the left off the tee, got out, and played a fine third that just ran up the bank at the back of the green. Hartley hit a good drive, and then just as he was going to play his second over the cross bunker easily within the compass of his spoon a spectator—there should be a special form of punishment for such—remarked in a loud voice, "He is mad to go for it, and deserves to lose." Hartley half hit his shot, and into the bunker it went. Both in the end required a 6. At the short 16th both were bunkered, Willing short, Hartley to the left. Two more 4's, and then Hartley took a 7 after being bunkered to the left, and taking two to get clear, and Willing got back two more shots. However, Hartley finished well, for after Willing had been bunkered in two, but had got a 5 with a good approach and a 10ft. putt, Hartley got his 4 with an even better approach and a putt of two yards. The scores were:—Hartley, 79, and Willing, 85.

SATURDAY'S PLAY

Saturday's play in light of yesterday's replay must be dealt with briefly, although on several counts it provided golf that for interest and tense moments can hardly have been surpassed in the history of the competition. First, there was the wind, which for most of the first round blew out of the north before veering clock-wise into the south-east, thus later presenting an entirely different course and a new set of problems. Then there was the morning's play, which put the position at luncheon as a virtual duel between Great Britain and America, the respective champions at that point being the Hon. Michael Scott and Sir Ernest Holderness, D. K. Moe and G. Voigt, whose scores were identical—71, 72, 71, 72, in the order named. Hard on their heels were T. A. Torrance, 74; R. W. Hartley, T. A. Bourn, A. J. Evans, at 75; R. H. Wethered, Major C. O. Hezlet, D. Kyle, and Major S. K. Thorburn, at 76; for Great Britain; and Dr. O. F. Willing, at 74, and G. von Elm, at 76, for America, with Douglas Grant ploughing a lonely furrow at 75. Altogether a situation full of possibilities, with the result in the lap of the gods.

As always, the first nine holes provided the opportunities for building a low score, and the leaders took full advantage of them. Michael Scott was out in 35, his slips being at the first and fourth, each of which cost him 5, his "savers" coming at the second and the Maiden, where he holed putts for 3 and 2 respectively. Coming home he played perfectly and averaged 4's—the best performance of the day. Young Don Moe, who, in spite of his late breakdown, has a great future, was out in 33. He had three 2's at the third, fourth, and sixth, and six 4's, his one mistake coming at Hades, the short eighth. Coming home, only a 6 at the 12th—a possible 3—prevented him from being under 70. All the others named did well going out, the little mistakes occurring on the harder, longer return journey. And so for the afternoon.

Torrance was the first to get off the mark, and in spite of the change of wind he reached the turn in 35, and started home with four 4's. One under 4's to the 13th hole was wonderful, but then, alas, came a cruel misfortune. He hit a fine drive to the Canal, but the ball got a terrible fall off the right hand-most of the last line of hills and kicked out of bounds. A 7 resulted. A 5 at the 14th and another at the home hole made his round 75 and his total 146, an excellent aggregate, but not quite good enough to be safe from challenge, as it was soon to appear. Dr. Willing, playing with H. D. Gillies, was hard on Torrance's heels. He reached the turn in 36, after starting with two 5's, and then reeled off six 4's in succession. A fifth followed, but that was at the short 16th. Still, he was still left with a 5 and 4 for 73 and an aggregate of 148, and this he safely achieved; in fact, no one who watched him, and curiously there were very few, had any doubts on that point. America thus led with valuable reinforcements in the offing, and the burning question was whether Great Britain could answer the challenge. First Roger Wethered failed, but so did Von Elm, who played with him; that was a Roland for an Oliver. All eyes were now turned on Michael Scott. For a time it seemed as if he would fulfil Britain's hopes, but two bad rubs of the green at Hades and the ninth hole, where he had a shocking lie and an impossible stance respectively off two really good shots, cost him the same number of strokes, and after that nothing would go right. A 6 at the 15th and 5's at each of the 17th and home holes put him out of the running with a total of 150, and just robbed him of what would have been the crowning achievement of a long and brilliant golfing career.

Next came D. H. Kyle, but before long it was known that he could not affect the issue, and every one followed Rex Hartley. His start had been wonderful—3, 4, 3, 4, 4, 3, 4. At Hades he just missed a putt for a 2, and at the ninth through over-caution he took three putts and a 5 when a 3 seemed quite on the cards, and a potential 30 out became a 33. Still, these were winning figures, if only he could keep them up. He started in with a 4, slipped a shot at the 11th, but followed this with two more 4's. The Canal was safely passed in a steady 5, and then came a set-back. His long second to the 15th just failed to carry the cross-bunker and ended in his taking a 6. Then he proved himself the great golfer he undoubtedly is. He was faced with 3, 4, 4 to tie—difficult figures in such trying circumstances. He got his 3 and 4 at the short 16th and the 17th respectively, but to the home hole the odds at one moment seemed heavily against him. He pulled his second into the long grass, and was left with one of the most difficult approaches on the course. He played the shot like a master, got within 6ft. of the hole, and then ran down his putt like a hero, and Great Britain was once more right in the centre of the picture.

There were still many counting players to come in, but one and all they met with accidents and ceased to count. First there was Sir Ernest Holderness—if any man could do it it was he—so the running comment went; but, alas, disaster overtook him when he seemed in a most favourable position. At the Canal he got into that dread hazard with his second and took a 7, and with another 7 at the next hole his doom was sealed. The position then was that America had Don Moe and Voigt still to come in; Great Britain had Major Thorburn, A. J. Evans, Major Hezlet, and T. A. Bourn, the English Amateur Champion. Moe was the great danger with his morning's 71 on which to build, but, like many another fine golfer, he met with his Waterloo, a series of disastrous fours—four strokes in a bunker at the fourth hole being a staggering blow—overtook him, and that was the end of him. Voigt, therefore, alone remained, so far as America was concerned, but 38 out was not good enough, in view of the difficult return journey, and it was soon evident that none of the others could affect the result, and there it remained with Rex Hartley's triumph still to come.

The leading returns were:—

R. W. HARTLEY (Royal St. George's)	76+72=148
Dr. O. F. WILLING (U.S.A.)	75+73=148
A. J. EVANS (Royal and Ancient)	74+75=149
The Hon. M. SCOTT (Royal St. George's)	71+79=150
G. VOIGT (U.S.A.)	72+78=150
D. GRANT (Royal St. George's)	75+76=151
Sir E. W. E. HOLDERNESS (Walton Heath)	72+80=152
A. J. EVANS (Royal St. George's) ..	75+78=153
G. VON ELM (U.S.A.)	77+76=153
D. H. KYLE (Sunningdale)	76+77=153
T. A. BOURN (Royal St. George's)	75+79=154
MAJOR C. O. HEZLET (Royal Portrush)	76+78=154
C. SHANKLAND (St. George's Hill)	79+77=156
R. H. WETHERED (Royal and Ancient)	76+80=156
R. H. RAGUN (Oxford University) ..	80+76=156
D. K. MOE (U.S.A.)	75+81=156
W. L. HARTLEY (Royal St. George's)	78+79=157
D. H. ANDERSON (St. George's Hill)	79+78=157
H. D. GILLIES (Sunningdale)	79+78=157
D. K. MOE (U.S.A.)	71+87=158
MAJOR S. K. THORBURN (Royal St. George's)	76+82=158
W. CAMPBELL (Cambuslang)	80+80=160

FOUNDERS' CUP AT SUNNINGDALE

The first four rounds in the annual Singles tournament for the Founders' Cup were played at Sunningdale on Saturday and Sunday, reducing the field from 88 to eight competitors, who will play further rounds next Saturday, the final over 36 holes being decided next Sunday.

The results were:—

FIRST ROUND

Colonel H. E. Rowley (11) beat Captain Devayne Smyth (3) by 2 and 1.
J. S. Gilbert (18) beat A. H. Read (scratch) by 3 and 2.
C. J. Hemingway (8) beat S. B. Skavington (6) by 5 and 3.
C. E. Rochford (12) beat R. S. Strygan (6) by 5 and 3.
R. W. A. Speed (scratch) beat E. Young (4) by 5 and 3.
B. Burton (10) beat A. Hope Gosse (15) by two holes.
E. J. M. Jones (5) walked over; Captain R. Johnson (3) scratched.
T. H. Beddington (8) walked over; J. M. Golbie (18) scratched.
W. Irving (4) beat F. P. Watson (8) by 5 and 4.
Major A. Ransey (3) walked over; R. H. Brooker (8) scratched.
A. A. Edward (6) beat T. M. Darling (10) by 2 and 1.
A. C. Oldham (6) beat L. H. G. Stanborough (10) by 1 and 2.
G. A. R. Kon (4) beat J. H. Mansfield (8) by 4 and 3.
Colonel A. Christie (6) beat C. C. Hawkins (2) by 5 and 4.
V. C. Stratton (5) beat M. Smyth (6) at the 19th hole.
W. R. P. Thursfield (14) beat T. F. Martin (18) by 5 and 3.
A. Turquand-Young (4) beat E. N. Clifton (4) by 2 and 1.
Colonel L. Dowie (7) beat Sir R. McLean (3) at the 20th hole.
A. Webb (6) beat N. Moore (4) at the 21st hole.
F. Lazenby (7) beat R. W. Nicolson (5) by 4 and 3.
The Hon. J. Borthwick (3) beat G. A. Roberts (15) by 3 and 2.
T. H. P. Kolesar (scratch) beat R. Aldridge (9) by 2 and 1.
N. Hamilton Smith (10) beat R. S. Caslon (8) by 4 and 3.
C. M. Bockley (6) beat Major R. Wavell-Paxton (5) by two holes.

SECOND ROUND

J. R. A. Strygan (1) beat V. Maude (4) by 6 and 5.
H. H. Ashcroft (7) beat H. O. Stilleen (7) by 5 and 4.
G. Todd (6) beat H. A. Blair (4) by 5 and 3.
W. P. Berry (8) beat Dr. W. Harris (15) by 6 and 5.
C. H. Mears (11) beat Captain F. M. M. Carlisle (1) by 3 and 2.
J. Michie (5) walked over; R. D. Avers (14) scratched.
A. Spencer Moore (17) walked over; Brigadier-General A. C. Critchley (1) scratched.
G. Monkland (11) beat R. B. Boyd (4) by 5 and 4.
R. E. Weber (5) beat A. King-George (11) by 5 and 3.
W. St. Q. Lang (14) beat J. M. Duncan (5) by 2 and 1.
A. G. Raven (5) beat F. Lindley (9) by 1 hole.
J. Goddard (9) beat C. J. Burgup (5) by 1 hole.
F. E. Green (4) walked over; Major J. G. O. Clark (6) scratched.
S. Ovington (13) beat L. Govett (9) at the 20th hole.
W. W. Wightwick (7) beat C. D. Wilson (4) by 3 and 4.
A. Ladenburg (2) beat Air Commodore F. V. Holt by 2 and 1.
Commander R. C. Bayldon (3) beat F. S. A. Baker (2) by 6 and 5.
H. Llewellyn (10) walked over; Sir Gordon Campbell (12) scratched.
R. H. Cobbold (4) beat T. H. C. Levick (12) by 2 and 1.
E. N. L. Barker (8) beat D. Berdoe Wilkinson (10) by 4 and 3.
Hawley beat Gilbert by 5 and 4.
Rochford beat Hemingway by 2 and 1.
Burton beat Speed by 4 and 3.
Beddington beat Jones by 1 and 4.
Irving beat Rasney by 2 holes.
Edward beat Oldham by 3 and 2.
Christie beat Kon by 4 and 2.
Thursfield beat Stratton by 5 and 4.
Turquand-Young beat Dowie by 1 hole.
Lazenby beat Webb by 4 and 3.
Kolesar beat Borthwick at the 21st hole.
Buckley beat Hamilton Smith by 2 holes.

THIRD ROUND

Rochford beat Howley by one hole.
Burton beat Beddington by 2 and 1.
Edward beat Irving by 2 and 2.
Ashcroft beat Strygan by 4 and 3.
Todd beat Berry by 4 and 3.
Michie beat Mears by 4 and 2.
Monkland beat Moore by 7 and 6.
Lang beat Weber by 4 and 4.
Goddard beat Raven by two holes.
Govett beat Ovington at the 19th hole.
Ladenburg beat Wightwick by 4 and 3.
Bayldon beat Llewellyn by 7 and 6.
Barker beat Cobbold by 3 and 2.
Christie beat Thursfield by 4 and 3.
Turquand-Young beat Lazenby by 5 and 4.
Buckley beat Kolesar by 2 and 1.

FOURTH ROUND

Burton beat Rochford by 4 and 3.
Edward beat Ashcroft by 5 and 4.
Michie beat Todd by 4 and 2.
Monkland beat Lang at the 20th hole.
Goddard beat Govett by 7 and 6.
Bayldon beat Ladenburg by 6 and 5.
Christie beat Barker at the 19th hole.
Turquand-Young beat Buckley by 4 and 2.

SUFFOLK BEAT NORFOLK

Suffolk beat Norfolk in an inter-county match at Royal Norwich on Saturday by 10 games to one.

The results were:—

SUFFOLK	FOURSOMES	NORFOLK
V. C. Lonsdale and F. E. R. Morris (halved)	0	G. M. Stewart and J. H. Thompson (halved) .. 0
O. Bond (halved) R. Hayward-Smith (2 and 3)	1	H. E. Cooke and E. C. Laws 0
E. G. Rand and H. Tollemache (2 holes)	1	R. E. Winston and G. C. Sims-Reeve 0
G. Thompson and H. Herbey (6 and 5)	1	J. H. Master 0
Total	3	Total 0
	SINGLES	
O. Bond (2 and 2) ..	1	G. M. Stewart 0
V. C. Lonsdale (1 hole) ..	1	H. E. Cooke 0
F. E. R. Morris (5 and 3)	1	J. H. Thompson 0
R. Hayward-Smith (2 and 1) ..	1	G. C. Sims-Reeve 0
E. G. Rand (1 hole) ..	1	R. E. Winston 0
G. Thompson (1 hole) ..	1	E. C. Laws 0
H. Tollemache	0	J. H. Jewson (1 hole) .. 1
H. Herbey (1 hole) ..	1	H. G. Master 0
Total	7	Total 1

CLUB COMPETITIONS

(Figures in parentheses denote scratch score.)

BANSTEAD DOWNS (74).—Scratch Prize.—R. W. Ripley, 76. Dean Shield (36 holes).—P. Marshall, 136—20=146.

BARNEHURST (71).—Monthly Bogey.—D. F. D. Gemmell (9), 82.

BEACONSFIELD (77).—Monthly Medal.—First Division.—R. E. Rutter, 85—12=73. Second Division.—B. Reeves, 83—17=66.

BERKHAMSTED (77).—Monthly Bogey.—H. D. White (15), 5 up.

BROKENHURST MANOR (74).—Monthly Medal.—H. B. Benjamin, 92—21=71. Service Challenge Cup (36 holes).—Captain W. H. Hunt (6), 72+79=151. Brokenhurst Manor Challenge Cup.—Major C. Nelson beat Major Dawes by 2 and 1.

BOGNOR (73).—Open Medal.—R. H. Webber, 84—14=70. Rubens Cup: Final.—H. S. Chamberlain beat H. Darling by 4 and 3.

BURHILL (75).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—P. C. Chase, 72—scratch—72, and C. E. Nisbet, 84—12=72, tied. Junior.—R. A. Baring-Gould, 80—18=71.

BURNHAM BEECHES (76).—Monthly Medal.—R. L. Richards, 89—15=74.

BUSH HILL PARK (67).—Monthly Bogey.—Senior.—A. C. Turnpenny (10), all square. Junior.—C. W. Barnes (20), 1 up.

CHERTSEY (75).—Spring Meeting.—Bogey.—C. J. Avery (18), 1 up. Medal.—C. J. Avery, 87—16=71.

CHIGWELL (77).—Monthly Bogey.—Senior.—Dr. H. E. Williams (13), 1 up. Junior.—E. E. Grayston (17), 2 up.

CHIPSTEAD (72).—Captain's Prize (Qualifying).—F. C. Jones, 78—12=66; E. M. Ryan, 81—10=71; R. G. Hallett, 78—7=71; A. W. Saunders, 76—5=71.

COOMBE HILL (76).—Bogey Competition (in aid of St. Dunstan's).—Captain S. W. Thompson (+1), 5 up; L. Prentice (3), 2 up.

COOMBE HILL (76).—Spring Meeting.—Silver Salver (presented by Mr. F. H. Barber).—L. Symonds, 80—18=71.

COPTHORNE (70).—Monthly Bogey.—F. Boyle Monkman (15), 1 down.

CREWS HILL (75).—President's Cup (36 holes bogey).—W. Ross (9), 1 up.

CROWBOROUGH BEACON (75).—Monthly Medal.—Dr. A. E. Elliott, 85—11=74, and R. C. Ball, 92—18=74, tied; Major C. Brooke-Leggatt, 83—8=75.

CUDDINGTON (76).—Monthly Bogey.—C. R. Barker (18), 2 up; Dr. R. Dainty (9), all square. Brooke Challenge Cup (Ladies).—Replay won by Mrs. Hoyle.

CULVERDEN (TUNBRIDGE WELLS) (66).—Monthly Medal.—J. R. K. Pennink, 70—3=67; W. H. Berry, 76—8=68; R. S. Salmon, 73—4=69; A. H. Wise, 87—18=69.

DENHAM (76).—Spring Meeting.—Medal.—D. Every-Brown, 77—4=73. Musket Scratch Medal.—D. Every-Brown, 77. Dodd Cup.—D. Every-Brown. Hodson Cup.—A. K. Lee tied at 34. Bogey.—K. C. Holloway (6), 2 up. Bogey.—Final.—Captain R. F. Elwes (2), 2 down.

EAST BERKS (75).—Spring Meeting.—Bolner Bowl.—D. H. Browne, 80—4 (also wins first handicap and scratch prize); H. S. Scott, 85—9=76. Last 9 holes.—Colonel E. H. Sweet, 35 net. Captain's Prize.—E. A. Bullock (24).

EAST BRIGHTON (74).—Monthly Bogey.—Senior.—F. L. Wilson (12), 2 down. Junior.—C. V. Morris (17), 2 down.

EDGWARE (75).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—K. Miyamoto, 85—12=73. Junior.—F. W. Wheeler, 87—14=73.

FELIXSTOWE (74).—Great Eastern Railway Challenge Cup (Open Competition) (36 holes).—Flight: Lieutenant C. B. Wincott (14), 151; J. E. Pilcrim (12), 155; P. Ashbery (5), 157.

FLACKWELL HEATH (73).—Bourne End Challenge Cup.—P. J. Birch, 77—4=73.

FOLKESTONE (72).—Spring Meeting.—Club Prize.—A. Pain, 81—15=66. Foursomes.—Colonel A. D. Jameson and Major A. G. Mackie beat Colonel Mackie and T. L. Kendrick by 3 and 2. Captain's Prize.—T. L. Kendrick beat R. A. Estcourt by 5 and 4. Flat Competition.—Captain C. A. Bridgland.

FULWELL (75).—Medal.—Senior.—A. R. Edgell, 78—4=74. Junior.—E. S. Hewitt, 89—18=71. Bogey.—T. C. Ferguson (5), 1 up.

GERRARDS CROSS (74).—Monthly Bogey.—W. N. Jute (16), 2 up.

GUILDFORD (75).—Monthly Medal.—J. Booth, 75—3=72; T. B. Jobson, 80—8=72, and T. G. Hardy, 93—20=73, tied.

HAINAULT FOREST (77).—President's Prize.—D. H. Hobbiss, 92—18=74.

HAMPSTEAD (73).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—P. B. Shewan, 82—8=74. Junior.—Dr. A. B. Hacking, 98—22=76.

HASTINGS (73).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—E. Paston, 84—12=72. Junior.—W. W. Henley, 90—20=70.

HENDON (76).—Monro-Muir Challenge Bowl.—W. E. Price, 79—5=74. Medal Finals (1929).—Senior.—C. Horsley, 80—7=73. Junior.—A. Brewer, 94—16=78. Monthly Medal.—Senior.—R. E. Hart, 82—7=75. Junior.—R. O. Roberts, 94—18=76.

HIGH BEECH (76).—Mixed Foursomes Competition.—Scratch Cup.—Mrs. de Winton, Handicap (scratch to 14).—Mrs. St. John Duke, 94—12=82. (15-24).—Miss C. Cooper, 100—21=79.

HIGH PARK (74).—Spring Meeting.—Heywood Challenge Cup (36 holes).—C. S. Jeffery, 78+78=156. Davenport Challenge Cup (36 holes under handicap).—J. Risser (12), 71+75=146.

KNEBWORTH (76).—Monthly Medal.—The Hon. T. Morgan-Grenville-Gavin, 86—10=67.

LANGLEY PARK (77).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—R. M. Earle, 85—12=73. Junior.—G. W. Gilbert, 88—16=72.

LEASOWE (74).—Spring Meeting.—John Ball, jun., Shield.—C. W. Timmis, 78. Aggregate Challenge Cup.—C. W. Timmis, 157. Handicap Cup.—A. H. Boote, 78—6=72. Second Class.—F. B. Stanley, 85—16=99.

LEATHERHEAD (75).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—R. C. Newton, 84—A. Dean, 76—2=74, and W. H. Bird, 79—5=74, tied. Junior.—W. H. R. Webb, 86—12=74.

LITTLEHAMPTON (74).—Brasson Challenge Cup.—Dr. N. James, 93—24=71; J. W. Stewart, 96—24=72.

LONDON SCOTTISH (WIMBLEDON) (70).—Spring Meeting.—Scratch Gold Medal.—H. Royle, 80. Davidson Challenge Cup.—H. G. Lawson, 80—19=69. Wemyss Challenge Cup.—D. G. Francis, 82—15=67. Captain's Prize.—J. Wadis, 146.

MAIDENHEAD (76).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—E. R. Lascelles, 80—5=75. Junior.—A. R. Fraser, 90—12=73, tied. Junior.—F. H. Drummond, 94—17=77.

MALDEN (76).—Spring Meeting.—T. J. Smith Challenge Bowl (Qualifying Round).—A. J. Penman, 81—8=73; W. Revell, 94—18=76. Club Tankard.—A. J. Penman, 81—8=73.

MERTON PARK (74).—Monthly Bogey.—Senior.—W. H. H. Miles, 3 down. Junior.—N. E. Devenald and F. W. Lawrence, 3 down, tied.

NEVILL (TUNBRIDGE WELLS) (74).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—A. J. Mitchell, 81—7=73. Junior.—R. E. Jones, 91—17=74, and W. R. Russell, 98—24=74, tied.

NORBURY (72).—Monthly Bogey.—Senior.—C. S. Richardson (10), 1 down. Junior.—A. C. Robertson (15), 3 down.

NORTH HANTS (72).—Spring Meeting.—Currie Cup (scratch).—L. A. Hamilton, 81. Founders Cup.—L. C. Wheatman, 90—15=75. Monday Medal.—Captain and Colonel G. E. Stanley Smith and H. W. A. Salter, all square.

NORTH MIDDLESEX (71).—"Furnell" Cup.—H. F. Simmons, 85—13=70; J. E. Sheffield, 83—12=71.

OLD FOLD MANOR (75).—Lustanis Cup.—C. A. Beard (16), 75+75=150.

ORKNEY (76).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—G. K. Coope, 80—5=75. Junior.—M. J. Goslett, 88—15=73.

PINNER HILL (—).—Monthly Medal.—J. Matthews, 87—12=75. A. R. Cromarty, 96—18=78.

POTTERS BAR (75).—Grosvenor Competition.—C. H. Hole and H. S. R. Radford, 87—17=70.

REDHILL AND REIGATE (72).—Spring Meeting.—Ladies' Challenge Cup (36 holes).—R. W. H. Taylor, 146—4=142 (also wins President's Badge).

RICHMOND (72).—Spring Meeting.—Scratch Medal.—A. J. A. Wallace-Barr, 73. Senior Medal.—H. H. Gaine, 74—4=70; and G. Tuckle, 89—12=70, tied. Junior.—G. W. Pritchard, 94—20=74. Halsbury Cup.—H. H. Gaine (4), 1 up.

ROYAL BLACKHEATH (76).—Captain's Prizes.—Division I.—C. Ingle, 84—9=75. Division II.—J. Sandford-Smith, 86—12=74.

ROYAL EASTBOURNE (73).—Bogey.—Senior.—G. H. Peacock (1), 1 down. Junior.—R. Scott Fisher (14), all square.

ST. GEORGE'S HILL (76).—Monthly Medal (played over new course).—L. D. Sewell (8), all square.

SEAFORD (74).—Monthly Medal.—J. R. Barwell, 81—7=74.

SHANKLIN AND SANDOWN (74).—Medal.—H. Gould, 84—10=70.

SOUTH LODGE (73).—Mixed Foursomes Competition.—Mrs. Cooper and C. Donovan tied at 2 down with Mrs. Pickard and E. A. Norton.

SUNDRIDGE PARK (76).—Senior Medal.—G. T. Cubbitt, 75—4=71. Junior Bogey.—C. H. M. Gonne, 1 up.

STOKE POGES (79).—M. M. L. B. Ellison (10) won after the 36th R. O. Mobbs (6) at 77.

SURBITON (75).—Spring Meeting.—J. Arnold-Hill, 87—15=72. Foursomes.—C. H. Shuter and H. P. Dawson, 82—11=71 (wins Bogey).

TANDRIDGE (76).—Slattery Challenge Trophy.—L. S. Burgis (13), 79+74=153. Ridgewell Cup.—L. S. Burgis.

TEMPLE (75).—Victory Challenge Cup.—G. Brownrigg, 88—18=70.

THAMES DITTON AND ESHER (—).—Monthly Bogey.—Senior.—A. Newton (8), 2 up. Junior.—F. Macdonald (18), 2 up.

TYRRELLS WOOD (75).—Monthly Medal.—G. Bailey, 76—7=69; H. M. Gates, 75—8=70; P. J. Lalley, 80—10=70.

WALLASEY (76).—Monthly Medal.—A. C. Crichton, 78—7=71, and M. F. Gillespie, 80—9=71, tied.

WANSTEAD (75).—Armitage Cup (36 holes).—Dr. G. P. Wilson, 173—28=145.

WEST BYFLEET (76).—Dorset Cup.—W. E. Walker (scratch), 160. Patterdale Cup.—H. H. Evans, 168—16=152.

WEST HERTS (77).—Spring Meeting.—King George V. Challenge Vase (36 holes).—B. C. Goodson (15), 151. G. Coles (4), 152; J. Nairn (6), 154. Scratch Gold Medal.—J. Docherty, 78+79=157; E. W. Brown, 79+81=160; G. Coles, 77+83=160. Club Prize.—W. A. Bear, 81—10=71.

WEST KENT (77).—Monthly Bogey.—E. C. Borrodale and W. C. Hankerson tied at 5 down; W. A. Mereshead, 4 down; A. V. Stone, 4 down.

WEST MIDDLESEX (76).—Rowe Memorial Cup.—F. H. Rowse (scratch), 6 up.

WOODCOTE PARK (COULSDON) (76).—Parker Challenge Cup (36 holes and 18).—A. Wiltshire (16) beat J. H. Lane (8) by 6 and 4. Monthly Medal.—Senior.—H. A. Cunis, 83—9=74, and F. Hewitt, 84—10=74, tied. Junior.—L. Hoffmann, 88—16=72.

WEST HILL BEAT R.N. AND R.M.

West Hill beat the Royal Navy and Royal Marines G.S. in a match by Singles and Foursomes at West Hill on Saturday by eight matches to three on the day's play.

The results were:—

SINGLES

WEST HILL		R.N. AND R.M. G.S.
W. A. Murray (1 hole) ..	1	Lieutenant-Commander M. McMaster .. 0
G. D. Roberts (halved) ..	0	Commander J. R. Johnston (halved) .. 0
L. Godsell (3 and 2) ..	1	Commander H. W. M. Jackson .. 0
J. F. Jackson (1 hole) ..	1	Surgeon-Commander A. T. Rivers .. 0
H. B. Banning (7 and 6) ..	1	Lieutenant-Commander F. Malcolm King .. 0
E. P. C. Cotter	0	Lieutenant K. J. K. James (5 and 4) .. 1
G. A. Franks	0	Captain M. K. Horton (3 and 1) .. 1
C. A. Bagell	0	Captain the Hon. F. Acheson (1 hole) .. 1
Total	4	Total 3

FOURSOMES

Murray and O. C. Brittowe (4 and 3) ..	1	McMaster and Johnston 0
Roberts and Jackson (3 and 2) ..	1	Jackson and Rivers .. 0
Godsell and Franks (5 and 2) ..	1	Malcolm King and James 0
Banning and Cotter (5 and 4) ..	1	Horton and Acheson .. 0
Total	4	Total 0

CONSTANTINOPLE GOLF CLUB

In the Open Golf Championship of Turkey, over 36 holes, J. W. Kernick and J. W. Collins tied for first place, and in the replay over 36 holes Collins won with a score of 172 (86 and 86). D. Williamson beat C. A. W. Were in the final of the Spring Cup (handicap), and Miss Rogers won the Grew Cup for Ladies from Mrs. Reid.

The Somerset Amateur Championship was decided at Weston-super-Mare on Saturday, when H. Grey, a member of the home club, won with rounds of 79 and 73 for an aggregate of 152.

ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL

DRAWN MATCH AT BERLIN

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BERLIN, MAY 11

The Association football match between England and Germany at the Deutsches Stadium here yesterday ended in a draw, each side scoring three goals. It was an excellent, clean game, the result being in doubt till the last. Most unfortunately Marsden, the English left-half, was severely hurt, apparently in a collision with one of the English backs, early in the game. He played on, but at half-time was unfit to continue. He was taken to hospital, and the German Football Association is seeing to it that he has the best of care and treatment. The nature of his injury is not clear, but it is understood that the doctors are satisfied with his condition.

Every inch of the Stadium was packed with people. The last Anglo-German match, played in 1913, ended in a draw. Yesterday's game, however, was the first in which 11 of England's best had met a German team, and, football having taken a firm hold of the German imagination, it was the biggest sporting event of its kind for years. The English team took the offensive and held it until half-time. In the eighth minute Watson cleverly took the ball past several defenders and passed near the goal mouth to his inside-left, Bradford, who shot straight and true. England continued to besiege the German goal, the Englishmen's football bringing generous and merited tributes from the spectators. The English forwards, however, were not shooting in their best form, while the German goalkeeper, Kress, played an outstanding game and saved repeatedly. After 20 minutes the German forward line broke away and their inside-left, Hoffmann, of Dresden, who scored all their three goals, equalized with a delightful shot. England continued to dominate the game, missing shots at goal, until Bradford again scored with a low, fast shot from 20 yards out, the best shot in the game.

At half-time England led by two goals to one. Then there was a sudden change. The Germans took command of the play, and for 15 minutes were as superior as their opponents had been before. The absence of Marsden had thrown the English defence out of balance, and before it had adjusted itself the Germans had drawn ahead. Hoffmann scored from a centre and again from a pass from the centre half-back, Leinberger, who ran the ball through the defence until he was in a good position. Both shots were swift, and Hibbs had little chance to stop them. With half an hour to go Germany led by three goals to two.

Stimulated by this reverse, the 10 Englishmen played the best football of the afternoon. They attacked repeatedly, but still could not score. Jack, at inside-right, maintained the attack at high pressure, and 12 minutes before the end equalized after some fine passing in which the English forward line moved down the field with the ball. As he approached the goal Jack passed out to Crooks, on the right wing, ran past the German left back, and received the ball back again from Crooks in the ideal position for heading into the net—a delightful goal, and that was the end.

The great crowd, disappointed in its hopes of victory, nevertheless departed jubilant over the unexpected draw. The result has given great pleasure in Germany and is one with which all concerned may very well be satisfied. England was unlucky to lose Marsden, but the German side proved itself to belong to the highest class. Last night the representatives of the Football Association were the guests at a dinner given by the German Football Association. Three members of the teams which met in the first Anglo-German match 31 years ago were present; J. Bache, who then played for England and is now the trainer of the Mannheim Club, and Dr. L. Schricker and another member of the then German side.

The teams were:—

GERMANY.—Kress (Frankfurt), goal; Brunke (Borussia Tennis Club) and Weber (Cassel), backs; Kuopelie (Frankfurt), Leinberger (Fuerth), and Mantel (Frankfurt), half-backs; Albrecht (Duesseldorf), Hornauer (Nuremberg), Schmidt (Nuremberg), B. Hoffmann (Dresden), and L. Hoffmann (Munich), forwards.

ENGLAND.—Hibbs (Birmingham), goal; Goodall (Huddersfield) and Blenkinsop (Sheffield Wednesday), backs; Strange (Sheffield Wednesday), Webster (Middlesbrough), and Marsden (Sheffield Wednesday), half

Sporting News

(Continued from page 6)

LAWN TENNIS

DAVIS CUP MATCH

H. G. N. LEE'S VICTORY

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

Only one of the two Singles matches which were on the programme could be played on Saturday at Torquay in the second-round tie in the competition of the European Zone for the Davis Cup between Great Britain and Poland. It was played in drizzling rain and gave Great Britain a lead and encouragement, if any were needed.

H. G. N. Lee beat I. Tloczynski by 6—1, 6—4, 6—2, as easily as to suggest that Poland, who have been the opponents of Great Britain for four years in the competition, have made little progress. In the three previous ties Great Britain have not lost even a set.

That suggestion, however, was not altogether borne out by the play of Tloczynski. He is only 19 years old, and he showed himself to be a player of much promise. Lee was his master from the start and showed that he had sufficient reserve in hand to check any threatened attacks by his opponent. Tloczynski, nevertheless, had many strokes at his command, and, though they were not used with the regularity of a matured player, he was always trying. He did not remain on the defensive even after he had lost two sets. Though he made his perfectly-timed strokes which were almost unplayable once in a game instead of twice in a rally, they won much admiration. Tloczynski has the merit of going out to win. He takes the ball on the rise regardless of the risk. His swing of the racket is perhaps a little overdone. It certainly involves him in errors and leaves him defenceless against a false bounce. His service is far from weak and can be varied by one which rises high and awkward[ly] and is particularly effective in the backhand corner. He fails, however, in his footwork. Most of his failures arose from his inability to get himself in the proper position. Still it should not be forgotten that he was playing on a court which was quite strange to him and in conditions under which few Davis Cup ties were ever started. It was raining and the light was bad.

If the conditions can be held in any way as an excuse for Tloczynski, it must be set down to Lee's credit that he overcame them magnificently. He was in his best form from the first stroke. His drives were placed to a nicety. They had speed in the air and pace off the ground. He directed them well to all parts of the court. He also got up to the net as often as he wished. He volleyed well and powerfully overhead. The pace which he set and his balanced play in all directions were too much for his opponent, who was so hurried and flustered at times that he could get no aim for his passing shots. He either put them up for Lee to make a winning volley or failed to get them over the net.

Tloczynski made a fight of the second set. Lee was perhaps not pressing quite so hard and in the rallies from the base line Tloczynski often had the better of the play. If he could have more first-class match play he would probably improve by leaps and bounds. In the meantime it remains to admire the solidity of Lee's game.

It rained more heavily after this match and that between N. Sharpe and M. Stolarow was postponed until 2 o'clock to-day, to be followed by the Doubles match.

ITALY BEAT EGYPT

ROME, May 10.—By winning the Doubles to-day Italy has won three matches against Egypt in the second-round Davis Cup tie, and thus qualifies to meet either Norway or Austria in the third round. The results were:—

G. de Stefani (Italy) beat J. Grandguillot (Egypt) (6—1, 6—2).

H. L. de Morpurgo (Italy) beat — Wahid (Egypt) (6—4, 6—4, 6—2).

H. L. de Morpurgo and P. Gaslini (Italy) beat Zahar and Riches (Egypt) (5—7, 8—6, 6—1, 3—6, 7—5).—*Reuter.*

MAY 11.—Italy won all five matches when G. de Stefani defeated Riches (6—0, 6—2, 6—0) and H. L. de Morpurgo beat J. Grandguillot (6—4, 6—1, 6—2).—*Reuter.*

HURLINGHAM TOURNAMENT

L. H. Wheatcroft and D. R. Rutnam, both former Cambridge lawn tennis players, met in the final round of the Singles in the Hurlingham tournament on Saturday, and Wheatcroft won after a rather dull match by 6—1, 6—4. The final of the Women's Singles between Miss Joan Ridley and Mrs. L. G. Owen was much more exciting. Miss Ridley was, for the greater part of the match, content to be almost entirely on the defensive and waited for her opponent to make the mistakes. She won by 4—6, 6—4, 6—4.

Heavy rain then stopped play and all the Doubles events were divided. The results were:—

SINGLES.—FINAL ROUND.—L. H. Wheatcroft beat D. R. Rutnam (6—1, 6—4).

WOMEN'S SINGLES.—FINAL ROUND.—Miss J. C. Ridley beat Mrs. L. G. Owen (4—6, 6—4, 6—4).

DOUBLES.—FINAL ROUND.—C. G. Eames and L. H. Wheatcroft and E. A. Dearman and J. B. Gilbert divided.

WOMEN'S DOUBLES.—FINAL ROUND.—Miss N. M. Lyle and Miss E. M. Dearman and Mrs. J. B. Pittman and Miss J. C. Ridley divided.

MIXED DOUBLES.—FINAL ROUND.—E. A. Dearman and Miss E. M. Dearman and L. H. Wheatcroft and Miss N. M. Lyle divided.

ROYAL BOTANIC SOCIETY'S TOURNAMENT

Mrs. Whittingstall played a good game in the final of the Women's Singles at the Royal Botanic Society's tournament in Regent's Park on Saturday, when she beat Miss G. N. Thompson, of Kent, by 6—3, 6—0. She won from being two games to three in the first set with a sequence of 10 games, and lost only eight points in the second set. Five times the ball hit the net-cord, and each time it fell on Miss Thompson's side of the net.

R. Miki met O. G. N. Turnbull for the fifth time, and won easily by 6—2, 6—3 in the final of the Singles. His driving was severe, and Turnbull had to do a lot of running. Mrs. Whittingstall and Miss B. Nuthall won the Women's Doubles against Mrs. V. Burr and Miss Thompson by 6—2, 6—2. They drove with vigour and spirit. Madan Mohan and H. L. Soni, of the Indian Davis Cup team, beat Miki and C. L. Mundey by 6—2, 2—6, 6—4 in the final of the Doubles, and the final of the Mixed Doubles between Miki and Miss J. Sandison and O. G. N. Turnbull and Mrs. J. E. Hill had to be divided, as rain made play impossible. The results were:—

SINGLES.—FINAL ROUND.—R. Miki beat O. G. N. Turnbull (6—2, 6—0).

WOMEN'S SINGLES.—FINAL ROUND.—Mrs. E. O. F. Whittingstall beat Miss G. N. Thompson (6—3, 6—0).

DOUBLES.—FINAL ROUND.—Madan Mohan and H. L. Soni beat C. L. Mundey and R. Miki (6—2, 2—6, 6—4).

WOMEN'S DOUBLES.—FINAL ROUND.—Mrs. E. O. F. Whittingstall and Miss B. Nuthall beat Mrs. V. Burr and Miss G. N. Thompson (6—2, 6—2).

MIXED DOUBLES.—FINAL ROUND.—O. G. N. Turnbull and Mrs. J. E. Hill and R. Miki and Miss J. Sandison divided.

HARROGATE TOURNAMENT

Mrs. R. E. Haylock and Miss M. E. Dix met in the final of the Women's Singles in the Harrogate Tournament for the third year in succession on Saturday, and Mrs. Haylock won again and so won the challenge cup outright. F. J. Perry beat J. S. Olliff in the final of the Singles by 6—1, 1—6, 9—7. Olliff and W. H. Powell won the Doubles, and Mrs. Haylock, in partnership with Miss Dix, won the Women's Doubles. The results were:—

SINGLES.—FINAL ROUND.—F. J. Perry beat J. S. Olliff (6—1, 1—6, 9—7).

WOMEN'S SINGLES.—FINAL ROUND.—Mrs. R. E. Haylock beat Miss M. E. Dix (6—3, 6—4).

DOUBLES.—FINAL ROUND.—J. S. Olliff and W. H. Powell beat Captain J. H. Crowen and F. J. Perry (6—4, 6—11, 6—3).

WOMEN'S DOUBLES.—FINAL ROUND.—Mrs. R. E. Haylock and Miss M. E. Dix beat Miss M. Heeley and Miss G. Vaughton (6—0, 6—0).

PURLEY BURY TOURNAMENT

A. W. Vinall, the United Banks player, and Miss P. E. Mudford each gained three victories in the Purley Bury Tournament on Saturday. Vinall beat E. C. Metcalf in the final of the Singles by 6—2, 6—3, with Metcalf he won the final of the Doubles, and with Miss Mudford the final of the Mixed Doubles. Miss Mudford easily beat Mrs. H. S. Uber in the last round of the Women's Singles by 6—1, 6—1, and, partnered by Mrs. C. H. Jameson, she beat Mrs. Uber and Miss K. Lewis in the final round of the Women's Doubles.

The results were:—

SINGLES.—FINAL ROUND.—A. W. Vinall beat E. C. Metcalf (6—2, 6—3).

WOMEN'S SINGLES.—FINAL ROUND.—Miss P. E. Mudford beat Mrs. H. S. Uber (6—1, 6—1).

DOUBLES.—FINAL ROUND.—A. W. Vinall and E. C. Metcalf beat W. R. Latham and G. W. Gibbs (8—6, 6—3).

WOMEN'S DOUBLES.—FINAL ROUND.—Mrs. C. H. Jameson and Miss P. E. Mudford beat Mrs. H. S. Uber and Miss K. Lewis (6—2, 3—6, 6—0).

MIXED DOUBLES.—FINAL ROUND.—A. W. Vinall and Miss P. E. Mudford beat E. C. Metcalf and Mrs. C. H. Jameson (5—6, 7—5, 7—5).

OXFORD BEAT YORKSHIRE

Oxford University beat Yorkshire on hard courts at Oxford on Saturday by eight matches to seven. They were beaten in the Singles by five matches to one, but won all the Doubles but two. The results were:—

SINGLES.—J. F. G. Lysaght (Christ Church) lost to J. L. Chamberlain (6—4, 0—6, 6—8); E. M. Buzzard (Magdalen) lost to J. S. Harrison (6—8, 5—6); R. K. Tinkler (Balliol) lost to A. J. Smith (4—6, 5—6); C. H. Partridge (Lincoln) lost to H. S. Burrows (6—3, 3—6, 4—6); H. Dhanda (Non-Collegiate) beat C. W. Banks (6—4, 6—2); B. W. Finnigan (Magdalen) lost to R. Pickersgill (3—6, 3—6).

DOUBLES.—E. C. Mather (Lincoln) and Buzzard beat Burrows and Banks (6—3, 6—2); beat Chamberlain and Harrison (6—9, 8—6, 8—6); beat Smith and Pickersgill (6—4, 6—3).

Lysaght and Lord Furneaux beat Smith and Pickersgill (6—0, 4—6, 6—1); beat Burrows and Banks (6—3, 7—5); lost to Chamberlain and Harrison (4—6, 3—6).

Tinkler and Sykes beat Burrows and Banks (6—3, 3—6, 6—2); lost to Chamberlain and Harrison (6—0, 0—6, 1—6); beat Smith and Pickersgill (3—6, 6—3, 6—3).

CAMBRIDGE v. EDGBASTON

Cambridge University beat an Edgbaston team at Fenner's on Saturday by 11 matches to four. Singles and Doubles were played. The results were:—

SINGLES.—K. C. Gandar Dower (Trinity) lost to B. K. Lester (0—6, 6—0, 4—6).

C. E. Malfroy (Trinity Hall) beat H. F. David (7—5, 3—6, 6—4).

E. R. Avory (Magdalene) beat H. W. Standring (3—6, 9—7, 6—4).

C. A. Magrane (Jesus) beat Leslie Hill (6—8, 6—2, 6—3).

B. O. Porter (Trinity Hall) beat C. K. Horne (7—5, 7—5).

J. Charanziva (Emmanuel) beat H. M. Winstanley (6—2, 7—5).

DOUBLES.—E. R. Avory and C. E. Malfroy (Cambridge) beat H. K. Lester and H. F. David (6—4, 6—3); beat H. W. Standring and Leslie Hill (8—6, 4—6, 6—3); beat C. K. Horne and H. M. Winstanley (6—1, 8—6).

R. J. Ritchie and J. Charanziva (Cambridge) beat Standring and Hill (7—5, 4—6, 6—4); beat Horne and Winstanley (3—6, 6—3, 6—0); lost to Lester and David (6—8, 1—6, 7—5).

C. A. Magrane and K. C. Gandar Dower (Cambridge) beat Horne and Winstanley (6—3, 6—0); lost to Lester and David (4—6, 2—6); lost to Standring and Hill (8—6, 6—2, 4—6).

COLWYN BAY TOURNAMENT

G. R. O. Crole-Rees and Miss M. E. Case were successful in the Singles at Colwyn Bay on Saturday. Crole-Rees beat Dr. A. H. Fyzee in the final of the Singles by 6—4, 6—4, and Miss Case defeated Miss J. Ingram in the final of the Women's Singles by 7—5, 6—4.

The results were:—

SINGLES.—FINAL ROUND.—G. R. O. Crole-Rees beat Dr. A. H. Fyzee (6—4, 6—4).

WOMEN'S SINGLES.—FINAL ROUND.—Miss M. E. Case beat Miss J. Ingram (7—5, 6—4).

DOUBLES.—FINAL ROUND.—V. Allman Smith and Dr. R. E. Tottenham beat G. R. O. Crole-Rees and G. Perkins (6—4, 1—6, 6—1).

WOMEN'S DOUBLES.—FINAL ROUND.—Miss J. Ingram and Miss M. E. Case beat Miss McAlpine and Miss F. S. Ford (6—3, 6—4).

MIXED DOUBLES.—FINAL ROUND.—Dr. A. H. Fyzee and Miss McAlpine beat V. Allman Smith and Mrs. R. White (6—3, 1—6, 6—2).

QUEEN'S CLUB AT AMSTERDAM

AMSTERDAM, May 9.—A three-cornered tournament between Amsterdam, Queen's Club, and the Rhineland began here. To-day's results were:—

Miss M. R. Couquerque (Amsterdam) beat Mrs. Beamish (Queen's Club) (3—6, 6—4, 6—4).

Miss M. Canters (Amsterdam) beat Miss E. Hemmant (Queen's Club) (6—3, 12—14, 6—4).

H. Timmer and Koopman (Amsterdam) beat E. C. Peters and M. Young (Queen's Club) (6—4, 6—1, 9—7).

Koopman and Miss Canters (Amsterdam) beat M. Young and Mrs. Beamish (Queen's Club) (3—6, 6—3, 6—3).

J. Kuhlmann (Rhineland) beat Van der Heide (Amsterdam) (3—6, 6—1, 6—2, 6—3).

Nourney (Rhineland) beat J. van Olst (Amsterdam) (6—2, 6—0, 6—2).

Nourney and Fraulein Peitz (Rhineland) beat Van der Heide and Miss Couquerque (Amsterdam) (10—8, 4—6, 6—4).

E. C. Peters and Miss E. Hemmant (Queen's Club) beat J. Kuhlmann and Fraulein Krahwinkel (Rhineland) (7—5, 6—4).

MAY 10.—To-day's results were:—

R. R. T. Young (Queen's) beat J. Van der Heide (Amsterdam) (7—5, 6—4, 3—6, 7—5).

H. Timmer (Amsterdam) beat E. C. Peters (Queen's) (6—1, 6—1, 6—3).

Miss M. Rollin Couquerque and Miss K. Bouman (Amsterdam) beat Mrs. Beamish and Miss E. Hemmant (Queen's) (6—1, 6—2).

Fraulein Krahwinkel (Rhineland) beat Mrs. Beamish (Queen's) (6—1, 6—4).

Miss E. Hemmant (Queen's) beat Fraulein Peitz (Rhineland) (6—2, 1—6, 6—2).

Nourney (Rhineland) beat R. R. T. Young (Queen's) (6—1, 6—0, 6—4).

Nourney and J. Kuhlmann (Rhineland) beat R. R. T. Young and E. C. Peters (Queen's) (8—6, 9—11, 10—8, 6—3).

Miss K. Bouman and Miss M. Rollin Couquerque (Amsterdam) beat Fraulein Peitz and Fraulein Krahwinkel (Rhineland) (7—5, 5—7, 6—4).

The remaining matches will be played to-morrow.—*Reuter.*

Lord Birkenhead has been elected an associate member of the International Lawn Tennis Club of Great Britain.

THAMES BOAT SAILING

The chief race on the Thames on Saturday was that for the International 14ft. Dinghy Class, in which there were 13 starters at the headquarters of the Upper Thames Sailing Club at Bourne End.

These were Mr. H. W. Holmes's Zero, Mr. P. V. MacKinnon's Flame, Mr. H. Scott Freeman's Falcon, Mr. J. S. Highfield's Deena, Mr. G. A. Thomas's Scilla, Captain H. P. Boyd's Summer Time, Mr. H. F. Edwards's Siskin, Mr. R. C. Freeman's Flying Fox, Mr. S. R. Brown's Maybe, Mr. R. Scott-Freeman's Kestrel, Mr. J. Howden Hume's Merlin, Commander R. G. Lock's Pintail, and Mr. E. N. A. Remington's Echo. All completed four rounds of the long course except Echo.

The finishing times were:—

	H.	M.	S.		H.	M.	S.
Siskin (winner)	5	10	38	Summer Time	5	14	38
Flame (2nd)	5	11	10	Flying Fox	5	15	0
Merlin (3rd)	5	11	48	Maybe	5	16	43
Zero (4th)	5	12	13	Scilla	5	19	46
Pintail	5	13	28	Kestrel	5	22	2
Falcon	5	13	48	Deena	5	26	5

Major Willoughby's Mycsotis, Mr. Arthur Jackson's Hypatia, Mr. D. C. Wales Beard's Kismet, and Mr. H. H. Tregoning's Elsa started at 3.20 p.m. in a match for the Gigs Class. They sailed three rounds of the long course.

The official (corrected) times of the finish were:—

	H.	M.	S.		H.	M.	S.
Elsa (winner)	4	50	50	Hypatia	5	6	16
Mycsotis (2nd)	5	3	2	Kismet	5	6	18

The "A" Class boats to the number of half a dozen raced at the headquarters of the Thames Sailing Club at Surbiton for the Dunnage Cup. One of the conditions for this contest, which is an efficiency race, is that no one or any gear shall be on board before the gun goes, and that the boats be moored to the club landing stage. The starters at 3.9 p.m. were Mr. F. S. Spriggs's Caprice, Mr. S. G. H. Silander's Atalanta, Mr. T. L. Turketine's Kingfisher, Mr. W. R. Preston's Carina and Mr. R. Bond's Surf. Kingfisher, the holder of the trophy, was the first away, closely followed by Viva, and these two led the fleet home.

The official finishing times were:—

	H.	M.	S.		H.	M.	S.
Kingfisher (winner)	4	45	5	Surf	5	7	25
Viva (2nd)	4	54	12	Caprice	5	10	50
Carina (3rd)	5	2	25	Atalanta	5	37	20

An open race for B.R.A. 12ft. Dinghies was sailed off at Teddington for prizes given by the Tamesis Club. The starters at 3.20 p.m. were Mr. C. Bubb's K 14, Mr. C. Gardner's Teal, Mr. T. Lavender's Tyne, Mr. A. A. Felpke's Mine, Mr. C. Adams's B.R.A.2, Mr. S. R. Masters' Dawn, and Mr. C. Zoeller's Mladi. They had a long-drawn-out race over three rounds of the usual course in the Reach.

The finishing times were as follows:—

	H.	M.	S.		H.	M.	S.
Tyne (winner)	4	37	55	Teal	5	3	40
Mine (2nd)	4	48	42	Dawn	5	14	55
Mladi (3rd)	4	51	20	B.R.A. 2	5	15	34

Ten boats—the biggest muster of the season—took part in the Royal Canoe Club's match at Trowlock Island, Teddington. These were Mr. R. A. Smith's Haze, Mr. A. R. Evans's Mayfly, Mr. Eric Freeman's Genetta, Mr. H. J. Deane's Venture, Mr. F. C. C. Knight's Curlew, Mr. W. B. Statham's Senora, Mr. A. Day's Pampatha, Mr. V. Lindwall's Gadfly, Mr. S. W. Bunter's Aquamarine, and Dr. B. F. Felton's Rosamond. The two last named were racing for the first time this season. All completed four rounds of the course, except Gadfly, which fouled a buoy. The feature of the race was the defeat of the almost invincible Genetta.

The official times of the finish were:—

	H.	M.	S.		H.	M.	S.
Aquamarine (winner)	4	49	10	Mayfly	4	52	59
Haze (2nd)	4	51	0	Curlew	4	53	25
Pampatha (3rd)	4	51	50	Genetta	4	53	40
Senora (4th)	4	52	0	Venture	4	53	55
				Rosamond	4	57	30

The annual race for the Prosser Cup, open to handicap boats not exceeding 75 rating, was sailed at the Minima Yacht Club, at Kingston. There were half-a-dozen starters at 3.55 p.m. as follows:—Mr. A. De Gruchy's Helen A., Mr. H. F. Brand's Vixen, Mr. W. H. Godfrey's Safety First, Mr. H. E. C. Rayner's Pixy, Mr. J. Weiherilt's Firefly, and Mr. F. G. Graham's Vamoosa. They were set to sail three rounds of the Club course above the bridge, the breeze failing only two boats.

The times were:—

	H.	M.	S.		H.	M.	S.
Vixen (winner)	4	53	50	Vamoosa (2nd)	4	54	50

The Twickenham Y.C. held another sealed handicap over the home course at Twickenham yesterday morning. The boats were sent off at 10.57 a.m., when the starters were:—Mr. J. E. Espezel's Baby Jean, Mr. C. Emery's Thelma, Mr. Quaife's B. R. A. 12, Mr. G. B. Palmer's Snipe, Mr. C. Adams's B. R. A. 2, Colonel Hounfray's 4 J's, Messrs. Roberts and Lomas's Olga and Mimnow, Mr. M. Vines's Bessie D, and Le Poilu. Le Poilu gave up, while B. R. A. 12, Baby Jean, and Snipe fouled the top mark.

The official finishing times of the rest of the fleet were:—

	H.	M.	S.		H.	M.	S.
Thelma (winner)	11	44	18	Bessie D.	12	27	47
B. R. A. 2 (2nd)	12	11	7	Olga	12	36	43
4 J's (3rd)	12	19	59	Mimnow	12	52	54

TENNIS

THE BATHURST CUP

Great Britain (holders), by winning two Singles matches on Thursday and the four-handed match on Friday, had already won the Bathurst Cup, and a change was made from the matches which would have been played, if America could still have won the competition, on Saturday. Had the match still been alive Lord Aberdare would have played F. P. Frazier, and, if the score had then been two matches all, L. Lees would have played W. C. Wright. In the first two Singles, however, Lord Aberdare had beaten W. C. Wright by three sets to two (2—6, 5—6, 6—2, 6—1, 6—3), and L. Lees had beaten F. P. Frazier by three sets to none (6—1, 6—2, 6—3). The four-handed match, in which E. M. Baerlein and Lees beat Wright and Frazier by three sets to one (6—0, 6—4, 4—6, 6—3), determined the issue. On Saturday Lord Aberdare played a match, as he would have done in any case, against Frazier, and this he won by three sets to none (6—3, 6—2, 6—2). Baerlein, playing an exhibition match against Wright, won by three sets to none (6—3, 6—4, 6—2).

Wright has played at least up to his best form in the last fortnight—has played, indeed, better and more consistently than he has ever done. Reaching the final of the Amateur Championship, on the way to which he beat L. Lees by three sets to none (6—2, 6—4, 6—2), a performance of which it is doubtful if any other amateur player is capable, he won a set from E. M. Baerlein. Wright won that set strictly on his merits, by playing tennis of a very high class, and that performance alone stamps his ability as a tennis player. In the Bathurst Cup Wright won the first two sets against Lord Aberdare, and on his form this year Lord Aberdare, if he cannot beat Baerlein, can at least beat any other amateur tennis player of the day. Wright could not last at the pace which Lord Aberdare sets and maintains, and, though he had his chances in the fifth set, he could not keep going to the end without making mistakes. Wright played some brilliant tennis on Saturday, but he was content to play the match as an exhibition match. Keen though he was to win a set, Wright's power of concentration must have worn a little thin after the Championship and the Bathurst Cup had been decided. Baerlein should have been a tired man on Saturday. After his tremendous match against Lord Aberdare a week previously, he was without question tired out both mentally and physically, his last spurt, which won him 12 points, three games, without the loss of a rest, and a match which lasted two hours and 40 minutes, having strained him almost to the breaking point. Thanks to massage, however, and phenomenal powers of recuperation, the Baerlein of Saturday, far from being weary or listless, was positively perky. He played for winning openings and spectacular strokes on many occasions when in a match he would have played safety first on the floor. At one time he would feel an affection for the winning gallery, and this he found six times in the match. His second winning gallery was to win the second set, and in the third set he found it four times, once in each of four successive games. Baerlein had five *grilles* in the match and seven *dedans*, and, as if in exhibition, each winning opening was almost always quickly followed by another. Wright was very accurate to the *grilles*, which he found seven times in the match; his other winning openings were four *dedans* and one *grille*.

Wright won the first game of the first set, beating chase a yard with a force to the *dedans*. Baerlein won the second game and Wright the third. Then came a typical Baerlein effort and he won the next four games, playing tennis to which there seemed no reply. Wright won the eighth game, but Baerlein took the next, a long one in which Wright was once advantage, for the set. The score was one game all in the second set. In the third game Baerlein led 40—love, but Wright, playing beautiful tennis, made the score deuce. Baerlein won that game, however, and also the fourth, which made him 3—1. Wright won the fifth game after Baerlein had led 40—15. Baerlein won the sixth and eighth games to 15, Wright the seventh and ninth, also to 15. Wright led 40—30 and was advantage in the 10th game, but Baerlein found the *dedans* with a straight force, made a boasted force to the *dedans*, laid down chase worse than 6, and crossed over to win the set with a stroke into the winning gallery. Baerlein won the first four games of the third set, and a brilliant exhibition was over all too soon.

Lord Aberdare beat F. P. Frazier by three sets to none (6—3, 6—2, 6—2). The first set was very like that between Baerlein and Wright. Frazier won the first game, Lord Aberdare the second, Frazier the third. Then Lord Aberdare assumed control and won four games quickly in succession. Frazier won the eighth game, but Lord Aberdare took the ninth for the set. Lord Aberdare won the first four games in the second set, though the third and fourth were long ones. Frazier won the fifth and sixth games, both to 30, playing extremely well, but Lord Aberdare took command again and won the next six games, only two of which went to deuce. Then for a short time Frazier showed what he can do occasionally now, and what he may do frequently, with real concentration and application, in five years' time. He won two games to 15 and at one time won seven rests in succession. In the eighth game he led 30—love. Lord Aberdare played merciless tennis in the next five rests, won them all, and so the game, set, and match. Frazier probably has played too much, trying to crowd too much practice into too short a time after he arrived in London. He has become a little stale and has lost to some extent that confidence which is absolutely essential to success in match play.

SWIMMING

WOODSIDE BEAT OXFORD

Oxford were beaten by Woodside in a swimming match on Saturday by 23 points to 15. The results were:—

45 YARDS.—J. T. Race (Merton), 1; R. I. P. Shankey (Woodside), 2; K. J. Larby (Woodside), 3. Won by inches. Time, 25sec.

90 YARDS.—H. M. Wagstaffe (Woodside), 1; E. J. W. Freeman (Woodside), 2; M. H. Wheeler, 3. Won by 3 yards. Time, 58sec.

440 YARDS.—R. H. S. Jones (Exeter), 1; E. H. Harmer (Woodside), 2; E. H. Whittaker (Woodside), 3. Won by 1½ lengths. Time, 5min. 54 4-5sec.

TEAM RACE.—WOODSIDE (R. I. P. Shankey, H. M. Wagstaffe, E. J. W. Freeman, and K. J. Larby), 1; OXFORD UNIVERSITY (J. T. Race (Merton), A. F. Jerr (Hertford), E. G. Hancott (Christ Church), F. H. Goldsmith (Pembroke)), 0. Won by 2 yards. Time, 1min. 45 1-5sec.

WATER POLO.—OXFORD UNIVERSITY (G. F. Bader (University), M. H. Wheeler (Exeter), J. A. Fearon (Exeter), M. H. Jackson (Balliol), R. M. Hobby (Queen's), J. T. Race (Merton), S. J. Hofmeyr (University)), 3 goals (Hofmeyr 2, Hobby 1); WOODSIDE (C. M. W. Wiggins, N. Francis, J. G. F. Figgers, W. A. Honeman, K. J. Larby, E. D. W. Freeman, W. D. Kennedy), 2 goals (Honeman and Freeman).

CAMBRIDGE v. STOCK EXCHANGE

Cambridge University met a Stock Exchange team at the Leys Baths on Saturday, when the University won three races, drew the fourth, but lost the polo match by five goals to none. The results were:—

QUARTER-MILE.—L. Luxton (Pembroke), 1; B. C. Abbott (Stock Exchange), 2; D. F. King (Trinity), 3. Time, 6min. 5 4-5sec. Won easily.

100 YARDS.—V. D. Hill (Jesus), 1; C. E. Jackson (Stock Exchange) and E. T. Lusty (Stock Exchange), a dead-heat. Time, 61 4-5sec. Won by 3 yards.

50 YARDS.—G. E. Walker (Caius) and F. Martin (Stock Exchange), a dead-heat; L. N. H. Larter (Fitzwilliam House), 3. Time, 28 2-5sec.

TEAM RACE (four aside, each to swim one length).—Cambridge University, 1; Stock Exchange, 2. Time, 64sec. Won by 2ft.

WATER POLO.—Stock Exchange, 5 goals (B. Hunt 3, C. E. Jackson and B. C. Abbott); Cambridge University, 0.

INTER-UNIVERSITIES' CHAMPIONSHIP

Manchester, with a total of 40 points, won the annual Inter-Universities' Swimming Championship at Bristol on Saturday, Liverpool being second with 16 points, and Bristol and Sheffield tieing for third place, each with 12. The results were:—

100 YARDS (BACK STROKE).—J. C. Besford (Manchester), 1; J. Hazeldean (Sheffield), 2. Time, 1min 17 3-5sec.

440 YARDS (FREE STYLE).—J. C. Besford (Manchester), 1; R. C. Cocens (Bristol), 2. Time, 6min. 24sec.

NEAT DIVE.—A. Sims (Manchester), 1; G. Grant (Birmingham), 2.

220 YARDS (FREE STYLE).—E. M. Gray (Manchester), 1; P. Green (Leeds), 2. Time, 2min. 45sec.

100 YARDS (FREE STYLE).—J. C. Besford (Manchester), 1; J. Hazeldean (Sheffield), 2. Time, 1min. 3 4-5sec. A record.

220 YARDS (BREAST STROKE).—J. Hazeldean (Sheffield), 1; A. E. Duval (Liverpool), 2. Time, 3min. 23sec.

50 YARDS (FREE STYLE).—A. Howard (Manchester), 1; J. Keeble (Bristol), 2. Time, 30 2-5sec.

LONG PLUNGE.—W. Blair (Liverpool, 1; A. R. McPherson (Birmingham), 2. 60ft. 9in. A record.

TEAM RACE.—Manchester, 1; Liverpool, 2. Time, 2min. 35sec.

BOXING

NEW WELTER-WEIGHT CHAMPION

DETROIT, May 10.—Young Jack Thompson, the San Francisco negro, became the welter-weight champion of the World here, yesterday, when he outpointed the holder, Jackie Fields, in a 15-round bout. Thompson is the first negro to win this title since Joe Walcott won it in 1901.

FENCING

CAMBRIDGE JUST BEATEN

A most exciting *épée* match was fought at 7, Cleveland-row on Saturday between the Cambridge University Fencing Club and the London Fencing Club, which resulted in a win for the latter by 12 defeats to 13.

Cambridge were represented by L. J. Widdicombe, G. V. Hett, R. J. P. Stewart, W. G. Abercrombie, and L. D. Nathan, and the home side, who were one man short, by W. A. Evill, H. Foss, J. L. Franklin, and J. Emrys Lloyd, the amateur foil champion. It was decided that three of the L.F.C. should fight an extra fight, and one of them, Evill, two extra ones, instead of allowing five assaults to go to Cambridge by default. The first round was closely fought, and London had a lead of three assaults to two at the end of it, but Cambridge then fought very well and secured a good lead, winning four of the second round assaults and three of the third. Abercrombie was especially prominent for them, winning four fights and losing to Lloyd only, while Widdicombe got in a neat touch on Evill's hand and a well-timed *flèche* attack against Lloyd.

The 15th fight, in which Hett beat Foss on time when both were hit, gave Cambridge a lead of nine assaults to six at the end of the third round, but the L.F.C. rallied strongly in the fourth round, and by winning four fights out of five drew level at 10 all. Evill then put them ahead, for the first time since the sixth assault, by a victory over Nathan, and Lloyd met Widdicombe in the next bout. Here the foil champion got his revenge for his previous defeat with a neat touch on his opponent's sword arm, and the club led by two assaults with three to go. Hett staved off defeat from Cambridge in the next fight with Foss, getting in a neat touch on his opponent's hand as the latter moved to attack, but the end came with the next assault, when Franklin hit Stewart on the sword arm and put the club two up with one fight to go. Cambridge won this fight and reduced their deficit to the lowest possible margin. Abercrombie, Lloyd, and Franklin showed the best form in this match, while Hett's admirable footwork made up to a great extent for his lack of reach. Foss was disappointing. He keeps his point well in line but lacks initiative and attack. With his immense reach he should do better.

The results were:—

L.F.C.—Lloyd, 1 defeat; Franklin, 2; Foss, 4; Evill, 5. Total, 12.

C.U.F.C.—Abercrombie, 1 defeat; Hett, 2; Nathan and Widdicombe, 3 each; Stewart, 4. Total, 13.

OXFORD BEAT TOM HUGHES F.C.

Oxford University met the Tom Hughes F.C. on Saturday afternoon at Oxford in a five a side *épée* match, which the visitors lost after a keen struggle by 14 defeats to 12, one bout resulting in a *coup double*. Twite, the Oxford captain, was in good form, and de Amodio, who was rather unlucky, fenced better than his score indicates. The home team were handicapped by the absence through illness of F. J. Walter. For the visitors Sproule gave an excellent performance and scored four victories, his bout with Scott-Fox ending in a *coup double*.

The results were:—

OXFORD UNIVERSITY.—C. Twite, 1 defeat; J. de Amodio, 2; R. J. D. Scott-Fox 2, 1 *coup double*; D'Arcy Cartwright and R. Glynn, 3 each. Total, 12.

TOM HUGHES F.C.—R. St. Q. Sproule, no defeat, 1 *coup double*; A. W. Hazell, 2; C. C. Shadrach, 3; A. W. Speers and B. Weyers, 4 each. Total, 14.

CROQUET

PEEL MEMORIALS

W. B. Phillips, of Manchester, playing steady croquet, won the Gentlemen's Singles by beating A. E. Learoyd in the final round by 14 points when the Peel Memorials meeting was continued at the Roehampton Club on Saturday. The Doubles were won by Lieutenant-Colonel Du Pre, the champion, and Mrs. G. F. Muntzer after a close final match.

The results were:—

GENTLEMEN'S HANDICAP SINGLES (Peel Memorial).—SEMI-FINAL ROUND.—A. E. Learoyd (2) beat J. Essie (0) by two. FINAL ROUND.—W. B. Phillips (1½) beat Learoyd by 14.

LADIES' HANDICAP SINGLES (Peel Memorial).—SEMI-FINAL ROUND.—Mrs. A. T. Johnson (6½) beat Mrs. G. F. Muntzer (5) by six; Mrs. Egerton J. Glyn (16) beat Miss F. Edgell (11) by 12. The final round was postponed.

HANDICAP DOUBLES.—SEMI-FINAL ROUND.—H. F. Crowther Smith and Mrs. A. T. Johnson (6½) beat P. A. Houghton and Miss D. E. Oliver (11) by 23; Lieutenant-Colonel W. B. Du Pre and Mrs. G. F. Muntzer (3) beat Mrs. A. Morgan and Mrs. C. R. Turner (10½) by three. FINAL ROUND.—Colonel Du Pre and Mrs. Muntzer beat Crowther Smith and Mrs. Johnson by two.

SPEEDWAY RACING

Crystal Palace beat Perry Bar (Birmingham) by 36 points to 18 at Crystal Palace on Saturday. The Crystal Palace riders were first in all nine heats, but Mitchell, the Australian, rode well for Perry Barr. He only lost by a length to Frogley, and crashed when riding neck and neck with Johnson in another heat. High Beech have been handicapped in the League matches by the absence through injuries of Barnett, their captain, but on Saturday they beat Nottingham by 29 points to 24. Bishop won three heats for High Beech.

The meetings at Harringay and Stamford Bridge were notable for the fine riding of two Australians. At Harringay, Huxley, who rides for Wimbledon, won the Finsbury Handicap from scratch and won the final of the Big Six match against Watson, but he had engine trouble in the final of the scratch race, which was won by Kempster, another Wimbledon rider. F. Arthur, one of the best riders in the country, at Stamford Bridge won the Big Six match and the scratch race. G. Wigfield, the Nottingham rider, had bad luck at Lea Bridge. In the final of the handicap, which was won by S. Fairbairn (3sec.), he flung himself off to avoid running into H. Matthews, who crashed in front of him, while he had to give Kelly, an Australian, a walk-over in their heat in the Three-cornered match as his machine was out of action. In the final of the match H. Whitfield, of Wembley, won easily against Kelly, who finished second to Alec Slow

CADET CORPS

DEPUTATION TO MR. SHAW

HELP ON NON-MILITARY SIDE POSSIBLE

An official report of the deputation, received by Mr. Shaw, the Secretary of State for War, on Wednesday, in reference to the withdrawal of recognition from Cadet Corps, has now been issued. Mr. Shaw at the close made it clear that no change in the Government's decision could be expected, but added that he was considering whether means could be devised to assist the corps to carry on their work on its non-military side.

Commander A. Southby, M.P., who introduced the deputation, said he had a letter two days ago from the headmaster of a large school near Preston, who pointed out that his school had taken tremendous pains to build up its small cadet corps, and the purchase of new uniforms for the corps and £150 for a permanent camp were at stake. The extinction of this movement, if it had got to come about, would entail very great hardship on such schools.

Lord Allenby (president of the Public Secondary Schools Cadet Association) said his association had been very much perturbed by the threatened loss of recognition. Their objects in this training were to give mental, moral, and physical training through the medium of military instruction.

Lieutenant-Colonel R. B. Wight (chairman of the association), speaking first of the military value of the movement, said that, as a proof of their value as a means of recruiting officers for the Regular Army and also the Territorial Army, Certificate A had been for years in the forefront of their programme, and in the camp of last year of 160 candidates presented 151 passed. If the cadet corps of the country were to be wiped out one great nursery for the Territorial Army automatically disappeared. It was a most significant fact that all the great Dominions firmly believed in the work of cadet corps, both from the military and the moral points of view. The Labour Government in Australia made cadet corps in schools compulsory. But none of this was militarism. Discipline, the beauty of synchronised rhythmic movement, the appreciation of standing shoulder to shoulder with another fellow, pride in personal appearance, the duty owed to the group to which one belonged, the power of self-control, and later the power of control of others and of leadership—these qualities, they submitted, were well worth development.

Sir Henry McMahon (representing the Territorial Cadet non-school units) said their members were recruited entirely from the slums and the streets of all the big cities and towns of England. They found that there was only one way of touching those young, rough, undisciplined lads, and that was by a course of military training. In a very short time they got results and effects which they could not possibly obtain under any other system. They taught them cleanliness, self-respect, self-control, and other virtues. They were in no sense a form of militarism. They had been at work now some 70 years. Some people might say that the cadet movement had no military value. That he contested strongly and emphatically. Lord Kitchener in 1915 wrote to the Lord Mayor:—"I consider that the County and Cadet Associations are doing most useful work in providing naval and military training for the youth of the nation and in passing large numbers of cadets as officers, non-commissioned officers, and men into the Regular and Territorial Forces." At the end of the War the Army Council wrote a long letter, in which they said:—"The Council especially note, moreover, that many lads trained under these organizations have passed into his Majesty's Forces and have received most favourable notice throughout the Army."

Lieutenant-General Sir Hugh Jeudwine said he had had four years' experience as Director-General of the Territorial Army at the War Office, during which time he was privileged to see a good deal of Cadet Corps. He was at present connected with two Cadet Corps. They recognized that they had got to lose the grant and were content if it was necessary to do so, but they were not content to lose recognition, because that meant a very serious loss to them in every way. During the last two years 2,890 officers and men were known to have passed into the Regular and Territorial Army from Cadet Corps. They were not the total of those who have passed. The training, they held, had not the slightest savour of militarism in it. What they taught was the value of unselfishness, endurance, sobriety, punctuality, obedience to authority, cheerfulness under discomforts and reverses, and the duty of keeping fit in body and mind. Those were valuable for an army, as they were certainly valuable for social reasons, and he saw no militarism in that. For the boys who had a spice of the devil in them something in the nature of a military savour was needed; those were the boys, he thought, who were going to do most damage if they did not get them. They were probably going to be the best boys, and they turned out the very best men if they got decent training.

EFFECT OF DISCIPLINE

Sir Frederic Nathan (Jewish Lads' Brigade) said the lads they recruited and trained in London were from all parts, but very largely from the East End. The raw material was poor, but as the result of the training they gave them there could be no doubt that most valuable citizens were turned out. To deal with boys, particularly of that class, discipline was essential. For 30 years past they had turned very poor raw material into very excellent citizens of the State, and the War record of their brigade, both officers and men, fully substantiated his claims.

Cadet-Major Wilkinson, of the Church Lads' Brigade, though not representing that body officially, said he could say without hesitation that every company of the Church Lads' Brigade stood definitely against militarism. But that did not necessarily mean being opposed to any form of military training. They taught their boys the importance and value of peace, encouraged them to join the League of Nations Union, taught them in every way that war was a horrible thing. But they said that if as a very last resort, and if all else failed, it was necessary for people still to defend their homes and country, then that was a patriotic thing which a citizen should do. They asked to be allowed, if possible, to continue wearing the badges and buttons of the K.R.R.C. At the outbreak of the War the Church Lads' Brigade was instrumental in raising a whole battalion of its ex-members for the new Army, the 16th K.R.R.C., a connexion they were proud of and encouraged the boys to be proud of. They asked at any rate to be allowed to continue wearing Service dress. They also asked to be allowed to carry arms. They were old fashioned and unserviceable, they could not be used for offensive purposes, were quite useless to the Army, but they were valuable to them because any kind of close-ordered drill was the foundation of discipline, and moving together, was done very much better, more steadily, with some form of arms. They asked, too, for the continued grant of camp equipment, which cost the Government nothing. If they had to purchase the whole of their camp equipment in future it would add very materially to the cost of camps and would bar boys going to camp at all after the present year. In his experience as a parish priest of over 30 years' standing, he had found no better way of getting into touch with the boys and inculcating desirable things than through the Church Lads' Brigade.

Mr. Hurlstone-Jones (Incorporated Association of Headmasters) said it was amazing to headmasters to see that the Minister in his address in the House of Commons stated that from the representations made to him he thought the arguments put forward were unanswerable on moral and educational grounds. There was no keener body in the world for supporting peace than the Headmasters' Association. They gave general support to the cadet movement because they were convinced that it was for the good of the boys, for the good of the school, and the good of the nation. It had been represented that there was invidious undesirable compulsion on the boys in schools to join the cadet corps. The fact that only 34 per cent. of the boys at 91 schools with cadet corps were in the corps showed that there was no measure of compulsion. No one wanted boys in their corps who did not want to join it. Headmasters were faced with a problem. If recognition were withdrawn and the corps disappeared, what were they to put in their place? They were taking away from the schools something that was irreplaceable, and casting a slur upon all the fellows who served in those corps. The Minister had said that if the movement was military it ought to be under the War Office; if social and educational, under the Board of Education. Was it not a fact that it was both, and was it not a fact that many Government Departments realized that these watertight divisions were impossible? They could not divorce this military training from the War Office; at the same time they could not divorce it entirely from the educational system of the schools. The bulk of their schools consisted mainly of poor boys who had fought their way up from the elementary schools with scholarships. If it was proposed that the grants and the recognition and the training should be continued in the junior divisions of the O.T.C., but should be taken from the secondary schools, what was the result? They increased that most undesirable thing—social distinction between school and school. As a headmaster he asked that these poorer boys should have as good a chance as the better-off boy of the public school.

MR. SHAW'S REPLY

Mr. Shaw said he desired to thank the deputation for coming to see him and for the very courteous, concise, and logical way in which they had expressed their views. No one could doubt their deep conviction, their hard work, or their loyalty. But others, whose convictions and patriotism were no less deep, held opposite views on this question, and among them he found himself and the majority of the House of Commons. It was quite impossible for him to go back to the House of Commons and ask that the decision as regards the military side of the cadet movement should be altered. He could hold out no hope of that. As regards the differentiation between the Cadets and the Officers Training Corps, it was, in his view, justified by the fact that the Officers Training Corps consisted, on the whole, of older boys. But he recognized the immense social value of the work of cadet organizations, and he was considering whether means could be devised whereby, without giving them preferential treatment to that of other properly constituted organizations of boys, they might be assisted to carry on their work on its non-military side. He could not say anything further at the moment, but would arrange for a further announcement as soon as possible.

"A STAB IN THE BACK"

TERRITORIAL ASSOCIATION'S VIEW

Resolutions of protest against the withdrawal of recognition from cadet corps have been passed by Territorial Army Associations in many parts of the country and sent for consideration at the meeting of the Council of Territorial Associations on May 28. The Oxford resolution declares that its protest is made on moral, educational, and military grounds, and meets with the concurrence of the headmasters of the secondary schools in the county. The headmasters of Hampshire and the Isle of Wight are "practically unanimous in testifying to the value of the cadet movement in their schools."

The Warwickshire Territorial Army and Air Force Association, meeting at Birmingham under the chairmanship of Sir Henry Fairfax-Lucy on Saturday, recorded the opinion that the cadet force served a purpose of national importance both as an adjunct to the Territorial Army in furnishing recruits of the best quality and in the formation of good citizens. Colonel F. G. Danielsen, in moving the resolution, said it was a curious circumstance that a body of boys which had earned the admiration of foreigners on several occasions was the object of execration to the present Government. Surely the French and Belgians were democratic enough to be trusted to form a proper opinion, and their admiration had been unstinted and unbounded. Brigadier-General W. R. Ludlow seconded the motion.

The Chairman, remarking that the association was directly concerned in this matter since every cadet unit was affiliated to their Territorial units in some way or other, and four of the units were directly attached, declared that they felt the action of the Government was a stab in the back. The Government was pledged to nationalize and municipalize everything, and yet they attacked the best form of national service, a movement whose motto was service and not self. If the cadets were asking to have a pension to which they had not contributed, or for some form of extended benefit by which they took more out of a fund than they put into it, he presumed that their request would be granted. As, however, cadets were asking to give service voluntarily, at great expense to themselves in many cases, they were, so to speak, relieved of their uniform and dismissed with ignominy.

The Surrey and Durham Associations, in their resolutions, argued that the recognition should not have been withdrawn before reference had been made to the county associations in whose hands the administration of cadet units had rested.

R.A.F. APPOINTMENTS

The following appointments in the Royal Air Force are notified:—

General Duties Branch

Wing Commanders.—R. Collishaw, D.S.O., O.B.E., D.S.C., D.F.C., H.M.S. Courageous, while attending Senior Officers' Technical Course, Portsmouth (May 5); A. Ascoli, D.S.C., D.F.C., to R.A.F. Depôt, Uxbridge, while attending Senior Officers' Technical Course, Portsmouth (May 5).

Squadron Leaders.—A. L. Gregory, M.B.E., M.C., to Central Flying School, Wittering (May 6); L. G. le B. Crosse, to R.A.F. Training Base, Leuchars (May 2); R. Harrison, D.F.C., to No. 17 Squadron, Upavon (April 29).

Flight Lieutenants.—C. B. S. Spackman, D.F.C., to No. 111 Squadron, Hornchurch (May 11); A. R. Jones, to No. 208 Squadron, Middle East (April 29); H. V. F. Baxter, 45 R.A.F. Depôt, Uxbridge (May 11).

Flying Officers.—J. C. B. Tingling, to R.A.F. Depôt, Uxbridge (May 1); J. C. Hargombe, to R.A.F. Depôt, Uxbridge (May 1).

Engineering Branch

Flight Lieutenant.—F. C. Griffin, to No. 2 Stores (Ammunition) Depôt, Altrincham (May 4).

Pilot Officers.—The following are all posted to the Home Aircraft Depôt, Henlow, with effect from April 29:—J. C. Read, W. A. Lee, L. Llewellyn, E. N. Lowe, J. W. C. Revell, G. C. Allen, B. S. Cartmel.

Medical Branch

Depôt Captain.—J. MacGregor, M.C., to R.A.F. Depôt, Uxbridge, supernumerary, on transfer to Home Establishment (April 20).

The fifth annual reunion of The Gloucestershire Regiment will be held at Horfield Barracks, Bristol, on Saturday, July 26. Accommodation for those attending from a distance for the night of July 26 can be provided. Tickets (2s. 6d.) can be obtained from O.C. Depôt, The Gloucestershire Regiment, Horfield Barracks.

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THE MANCHESTER REGIMENT

GREAT TRADITIONS

THE KING'S RECEPTION ON FRIDAY

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT)

On Friday the King will receive at Buckingham Palace a representative party of officers and non-commissioned officers from the Regular and Territorial battalions of The Manchester Regiment, of which the King became the Colonel-in-Chief towards the end of last year.

The honours borne on the colours of the regiment are as follows:—

The Sphinx, with the word "Egypt"—Guadaloupe 1759 — Egmont-op-Zee — Peniusula — Martinique 1809—Guadaloupe 1810—New Zealand—Alma—Inkerman—Sevastopol—Afghanistan 1879-80—Egypt 1882—Defence of Ladysmith—South Africa 1899-1902—Mons—Givenchy 1914—Ypres 1915, '17, '18—Somme 1916, 18—Hindenburg Line—Piave—Macedonia 1915-18—Gallipoli 1915—Megiddo—Baghdad.

The last 10 of these are a selection from the 72 earned by battalions of the regiment during the Great War in France, Flanders, Gallipoli, Egypt, Macedonia, Palestine, and Mesopotamia. At one period during the War there were 54 battalions of the regiment in existence, 42 being shown in the Army List, of which 27 served oversea. The total of all ranks killed, wounded, missing, or who died of disease was about 45,000, while the number killed in action, or who died of wounds was 14,122. Between them, the battalions earned during the War 12 Victoria Crosses, the earliest being those awarded to Second Lieutenant Leach and Sergeant Hogan, of the 2nd Battalion, for their great gallantry at Festubert on October 29, 1914; 67 D.S.O.s, 396 Military Crosses, 347 Distinguished Conduct Medals, and 1,228 Military Medals. Omitting mentions in dispatches, the total number of honours gained, from K.C.B.s downwards, was 2,250 British and 189 foreign.

The 1st Battalion, now quartered at Shorncliffe, under the command of Lieutenant-Colonel Bernard Freyberg, V.C., was originally the 63rd Foot, being constituted in 1758 from the 2nd Battalion of the 8th (The King's)—General Wolfe's regiment. Twenty-five years later it became known as "The 63rd West Suffolk Regiment." Reading through its earlier records one is struck by the frequency with which it served and fought in the West Indies. In all, during the first 60 years or so of its existence it seems to have been there for four different periods, lasting for a total of 17 years, though service in America during the War of Independence, two expeditions to Holland, and one each to Ferrol and Madeira, together with more humdrum duty in the United Kingdom, Gibraltar, and Malta, intervened. But Guadaloupe and Martinique both figure in the regimental battle honours, the former twice, and it is a fact that the 63rd assisted in the seizure or occupation of each of these islands on no fewer than three distinct occasions.

CRIMEA

In the Crimea the regiment fought gallantly in the battles culminating in the capture of Sevastopol. Landing in Kalamita Bay 1,068 strong in September, 1854, they embarked again at Balaklava in May, 1856, having lost in the interval 947 officers and men killed, died of wounds, or invalided. But they did not embark for England. Instead, they were sent to Halifax, Nova Scotia, where, and in Canada, they remained until 1865. By 1870 they were in India, and 10 years later served during the later phases of the Second Afghan War. It was in 1881, during the change in the organization, titles, and uniform of all Regiments of the Line, that the 63rd received their present title and adopted white facings in place of dark green. The battalion was in Egypt in 1882, and finally returned to England after an absence of 12 years.

During the Boer War the 1st Manchesters were besieged in Ladysmith and greatly distinguished themselves at the stubborn fight at Caesar's Camp, afterwards serving until the end of the campaign with a total casualty list of 20 officers and 721 other ranks killed, wounded, or died of disease. It is impossible here to mention the work of the many battalions of the regiment which fought in the Great War, but "Givenchy, 1914" is one of its proudest battle honours, the village of this name having been captured from a greatly superior force of the enemy on December 21, 1914, by the 1st Battalion with a loss of 66 killed, 126 wounded, and 46 missing. Proceeding to Mesopotamia at the end of 1916, it further distinguished itself in the advance up the Tigris, and in 1918 saw further service in Palestine.

No fewer than five regiments numbered 96 were raised and disbanded between 1761 and 1818, but in 1824, during a new threat of war with France, a sixth 96th, the real forebear of the present 2nd Battalion, was raised in Manchester. It was immediately sent abroad, returning home in 1835. Six years later saw it in New South Wales, with detachments in Van Dieman's Land, and in 1844 one of its companies was on active service against the Maoris in New Zealand, for which, in 1870, another battle honour was tardily granted. After five years' service in Australia the 96th was sent to India until the end of 1854, when it returned to the United Kingdom. Here it remained for nine years until it went to the Cape, and, in 1865, again to India. Returning home in 1873, it was linked with the 63rd Regiment to form the 16th Infantry Brigade, the depôt of which was at Ashton-under-Lyne, in Lancashire.

THE SPHINX

A year later the 96th were given permission to bear on their Regimental Colour the distinctions formerly worn by the old 98th Queen's Own Regiment disbanded in 1818. These consisted of the Sphinx with the word "Egypt," commemorating services in 1801, and also the word "Peninsula." Soon afterwards the Sphinx was taken into use as a cap badge for officers and a collar badge for the men. In 1881, under the scheme of reorganization already mentioned, the 96th lost its numbered title and became the 2nd Battalion of The Manchester Regiment, with white facings instead of yellow. After a short period of service in Egypt in 1882 it was sent again to India, remaining there for 15 years before transference to Aden for a year on its way home. Early in 1900 it embarked for South Africa and served throughout the Boer War, two additional battalions also being raised, which were finally disbanded in 1906. The next event of importance was the Great War, throughout which the 2nd Manchesters fought in France and Flanders. In 1919-20 they were again on active service during the Arab rebellion in Mesopotamia, and in 1921 went once more to India, where they still remain.

Those who served in or near units of the regiment during the War may remember that it had as its cap badge the arms of the City of Manchester, and a curious sidelight on the history of the regiment is afforded by the fleur-de-lis which has now superseded the city arms. The fleur-de-lis seems first to have been worn by the 63rd after the capture of Guadaloupe from the French in 1759, and was possibly granted as an official battle honour for its conduct on that occasion, being so worn on the epaulette straps, or on the coatees of the officers and sergeant-major, until after the Crimean War. In 1856, however, on the introduction of a new tunic, permission to wear the much-prized emblem was disallowed on the ground that no written sanction for its use could be produced. It is unlikely that it would ever have been used in the manner indicated without due authority, and it may be that the official document vanished in 1795, when the regimental baggage was taken by the enemy at Helvoetsluis, in Holland. Even after 1871, however, the French lily was still being worn unofficially by the officers, both as a headdress ornament and on their mess kit. It was not until 1923, after further application by all concerned, that the coveted fleur-de-lis was at last officially sanctioned as the headdress badge for all ranks, and for wear on the collar of the service dress jacket of officers, of both Regular and Territorial battalions. The badge of the old 63rd Foot is thus retained, the Sphinx of the 96th remains on the officers' buttons and collar of the tunic for all ranks, and the territorial connexion with the City of Manchester is shown by the name of the regiment.

There are many gallant and distinguished in the British Army; but the Manchesters have fought, and fought gallantly, all the world over. They need fear no comparison.

YPRES MEMORIAL SPORTS GROUND

The British Club at Ypres, which is trying to raise £600 to purchase, freehold, a field for a sports ground for British ex-Service men employed in keeping the cemeteries in the Salient, has received contributions from the Prince of Wales and the King of Spain, among others, towards the sum required. Donations, made payable to the "Memorial Sports Ground, Ypres," may be sent to the treasurer, Mrs. Margaret C. Russell, 60, Oxford-road, Ealing, W.5.

NAVAL, MILITARY, AND AIR FORCE

H.M.S. CARADOC FOR CHINA

H.M.S. Caradoc, now in the Reserve Fleet at Devonport, is ordered to be commissioned in July to relieve the Castor, Captain W. F. Wake-Walker, O.B.E., on the China Station. The Castor belongs to the Third Cruiser Squadron in the Mediterranean, but for some time past has been detached for service in China, and since the end of October, 1929, has been stationed at Hankow. She is ordered to leave Hong-kong on May 27 for home, arriving at Devonport on July 16. The Caradoc, completed in June, 1917, served in the Grand Fleet during the latter part of the War, and was present at the surrender of the German Fleet off Rosyth. In the post-War redistribution she was allocated to the Mediterranean, where she served until 1927, when she was thoroughly overhauled at Chatham at a cost of about £111,000. From October, 1928, until last January she served on the America and West Indies Station, while the Dauntless was undergoing repairs.

LAUNCH OF THE RAINBOW

The new submarine Rainbow, the first of those of the 1928 programme, is to be launched at Chatham Dockyard next Wednesday, when the naming ceremony will be performed by Mrs. Addison, wife of Vice-Admiral A. F. Addison, C.B., C.M.G., Director of Dockyards. There were originally six submarines in this programme, but two, the Rupert and Royalist, were cancelled soon after the Labour Ministry came into office a year ago. The other three are the Regent, Regulus, and Rover, building by Vickers-Armstrongs, Ltd., at Barrow. These "R" class vessels are all of 1,475 tons (2,015 tons submerged), and are expected to carry one 4-in. and two smaller guns, and to be fitted with eight torpedo tubes.

CRUISE OF THE WISTARIA

The sloop Wistaria, Commander Gerald Curteis, M.V.O., which grounded on the Peanut Islands while putting to sea from Palm Beach, Florida, where she had been on a week's visit, is reported to be undamaged, and has gone on to Nassau, Bahamas, in accordance with her programme. She should be there until next Friday, when she is to return to Bermuda, arriving on May 19. She should remain at the base until July 1, and is then expected to make another cruise to Halifax, Quebec, and other Canadian ports, lasting until the first week of October. Later in that month she will leave the station for the last time, as she is to be relieved by one of the new sloops of the Scarborough class.

DESTROYER CHANGES

H.M.S. Venomous is ordered to commission for trials at Chatham on June 5, as tender to the Pembroke, on completion of her refitting refit, and before being placed in the Maintenance Reserve. H.M.S. Veteran has recommissioned with a reserve complement at Chatham as tender to the Malcolm, pending being taken in hand for preparation for Maintenance Reserve. H.M.S. Wishart has paid off and recommissioned with a reserve complement as tender to the Constance at Portsmouth, and H.M.S. Woolston, with a reserve complement as tender to the Victory, pending leaving for Devonport to be fitted out to relieve the Heather as parent ship of the First Anti-Submarine Flotilla, Portland. All these destroyers have been recalled from the Mediterranean owing to the completion of new "A" class vessels.

THE RIFLE BRIGADE

Major and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel J. P. G. Crosbie, D.S.O., has been selected for command of the 1st Battalion, The Rifle Brigade, vice Lieutenant-Colonel H. M. Wilson, D.S.O., who was appointed to the Staff on May 1.

H.Q. STAFF CHANGES IN INDIA

Major-General G. H. B. Freeth, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., the D.A.G. at Army Headquarters, is officiating as Adjutant-General in India in place of General Sir Robert A. Cassels, K.C.B., C.S.I., D.S.O., A.D.C., transferred to the Northern Command. The consequential appointments are Brigadier D. G. Ridgeway, D.S.O., Director of Organization, as officiating D.A.G., and Colonel J. D. Belgrave, D.S.O., Assistant Adjutant-General, as officiating Director of Organization.

Lieutenant-Colonel E. H. Lancaster, L.A.S.C., has been confirmed in the appointment of Deputy Director of Supplies and Transport, Army Headquarters. Major H. Finnis, M.C., 2/12th Frontier Force Regiment, is officiating as Deputy Military Secretary. Other officiating appointments are Major B. H. Penn, D.S.O., O.B.E., as Assistant Director of Ordnance Services; Major F. B. Barker, O.B.E., as Deputy Engineer-in-Chief; and Lieutenant-Colonel E. T. Potts, C.M.G., D.S.O., and Major H. F. Panton, D.S.O., M.C., in medical appointments at Headquarters.

AERONAUTICAL RESEARCH PRIZE

The R. M. Groves Aeronautical Research Prize for the year 1929 has been awarded to Flight-Lieutenant Robert L. McK. Barbour, D.F.C., A.F.C., of the Aeroplane and Armament Experimental Establishment, Martlesham Heath, and formerly of the Experimental Section, Royal Aircraft Establishment, South Farnborough.

MOVEMENTS OF SHIPS

Abu Dhabi, May 8.—Lupin arrived and left.
Al Ajman, May 7.—Lupin arrived and left.
Amoy, May 8.—Bridgewater arrived.
Cape Town, May 8.—Protea arrived.
Chenglin, May 7.—Gnat arrived.
Gibraltar, May 9.—Active, Achates, Arrow, and Antelope arrived.
Hankow, May 6.—Castor left for Shanghai.
Helford, May 9.—Forres arrived.
Hoihow, May 7.—Marazion arrived.
Jervis Bay, May 7.—Australia arrived.
Khasab, May 7.—Lupin left.
Kiukiang, May 7.—Cricket and Peterel left for Shanghai.
Loanda, May 8.—Daffodil arrived.
Nanking, May 7.—Suffolk left for Shanghai.
North Shields, May 9.—Kate Lewis left for Portsmouth.
Penzance, May 9.—Beaufort left for St. Ives.
Portland, May 9.—Marlborough arrived.
Portsmouth, May 8.—Concord arrived. May 9.—Marlborough left for Portland.
Rosyth, May 9.—Warwick and Watchman arrived.
St. Ives Bay, May 9.—Beaufort arrived.
Saldanha Bay, May 8.—Protea left.
Scillies, May 8.—Forres left for Helford.
Sydney, May 7.—Australia left.
Tsingtao, May 7.—Seraph. Seraph, Sepoy, and Sterling left.
Vera Cruz, May 8.—Durban arrived.
Wei-Hai-Wei, May 8.—Seraph, Sepoy, and Sterling arrived.
Wusung, May 8.—Suffolk arrived.

NAVAL APPOINTMENTS

The following appointments were made by the Admiralty on Saturday:—

Capt.—C. A. Scott, to Warspite, in command (July 8).
Lieut.-Commrs.—F. H. Alderson, to Danae (May 14); and H. S. Walkley, to Despatch (May 15).
Lieuts.—E. E. Blackwell, G. A. Moore, R. S. Christian-Edwards and F. S. D. Fremantle, to Pembroke; T. L. Bravt, R. W. Armitage, C. E. Hurry, A.-C. Luce, S. J. S. Boord, and H. N. S. Brown, to Vivid; and L. de Villiers, to Verity (May 9).
Lieut. (F.O., R.A.F.).—F. G. Wynne, to Excellent (June 2), and to Dorsetshire (June 21).
Engne. Commrs.—G. J. B. Barry, to Greenwich (May 27); and C. J. G. Mackenzie, M.V.O., to Despatch (July 4).
Commr. (E.).—C. H. Nicholson, to Britannia, for R.N. College, Dartmouth (June 3).
Paymr. Lieut.-Comdr.—R. W. Moore, to Victory (June 2).
Paymr. Lieut.—C. E. C. Tomkins, to St. Vincent (May 15).
Paymr. Sub-Lieuts.—A. P. L. Newcombe, to Dorsetshire (June 7); and A. C. Mathews, to Resolution.

Promotions

Lieut.-Comdr. (Ret.)—J. L. L. Sloan, to rank of Commr. (Ret.) (seny. May 10).
Cd. Engnrs.—L. J. Fox and E. S. Johnson, to rank Lieut. (E.) (seny. respectively May 1 and 5).

Royal Naval Reserve

Lieut.-Commr.—W. W. Torrington, to Vivid (May 10); and G. Owen, R.D., to Sandpiper (May 12).
Actg. Sub-Lieut.—D. M. S. Fitzgerald-Lombard, to Vivid (May 17), and to Renown (June 28).

Royal Naval Volunteer Reserve

Actg. Sub-Lieut.—R. P. Carse, promoted to Sub-Lieut. (seny. April 27).

ARMY SENIOR OFFICERS' SCHOOL

The following officers have joined the Army Senior Officers' School, at the Well Marsh Buildings, Shoerness Garrison, for the second of the three courses arranged for 1930:—

Royal Navy.—Captain J. G. P. Vivian.
Army.—Major E. O. Alabaster, R.E.; Major H. V. Barnes, D.S.O., M.C., East Surrey R.; Major H. C. Bridges, North Staffordshire R.; Major C. C. E. Buchanan, R.E.; Major W. H. S. Burney, R.A.M.C.; Lieutenant-Colonel G. A. Campbell, D.S.O., R.A.S.C.; Major G. C. Campbell, R.E.; Major D. P. Clemmey, Sikh Pioneers; Major D. W. Cunningham, R.A.S.C.; Major A. F. Cox, R.E.; Major R. F. Dunstervile, D.S.O., R.A.; Major G. M. Ellison, Lincolnshire R.; Major J. C. Foley, Royal Ulster Rifles; Major G. G. F. F. Gwevillo, D.S.O., Highland Light Infantry; Lieutenant-Colonel R. T. Haunsell, D.S.O., R.A.; Major J. Hay Young, D.S.O., M.C., Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders; Major D. A. Hutchison, R.M.; Major F. M. A. Kerans, M.C., 3rd Carabineers; Lieutenant-Colonel R. Le Fanu, M.C., Leicestershire R.; Major F. H. Linton, D.S.O., Welch R.; Major J. Macready, D.S.O., Rank and Hants R.; Lieutenant-Colonel L. Maudes, D.S.O., O.B.E., R.E.; Major C. B. Matheson, R.A.O.C.; Major F. H. R. Maunsell, King's Shropshire Light Infantry; Major H. C. Mayne, D.S.O., M.C., Cameron Highlanders; Major R. V. Montgomery, M.C., R. Signals; Major P. M. Montrieff, M.C., R.A.; Major J. A. I. Muir, O.B.E., 14th/20th Hussars; Major J. J. Nixon, D.S.O., M.C., R.A.; Lieutenant-Colonel T. S. Riddell-Webster, Cameronians; Lieutenant-Colonel H. M. F. Stewart, D.S.O., Seaforth Highlanders; Major A. B. Thomson, The Buffs (East Kent); Major J. O. Thurstone, M.C., R.H.A.; Major R. S. Timms, D.S.O., Royal Canadian Dragoons; Lieutenant-Colonel C. C. Walker, D.S.O., O.B.E., M.C., Highland Light Infantry; Major E. M. Watson, D.S.O., Lancashire Fusiliers; Major A. F. R. Wiggins, Grenadier Guards; and Major W. H. Wynne Finch, M.C., Scots Guards.
Royal Marines.—Major J. B. Chancellor.
Royal Air Force.—Wing-Commanders D. Barton, A.F.C., and J. Sowrey, A.F.C.

DICKINS & JONES FUR WEEK

BEGINS TO-DAY

Lowest Prices for 14 years

THE remarkable reductions which Dickins & Jones have made for this week bring fur prices to their lowest level for 14 years. . . . This is an astonishing fact and one of which Dickins & Jones recommend their customers to take immediate advantage, as the recent London Fur Sales give a clear indication that a rise in the prices of the better grade skins will occur during the present year. . . . Any fur purchased during this week will be stored quite free of charge until the end of the year.

CANADIAN MINK

(*Above*) We shall offer our whole range of Canadian Mink Coats at greatly reduced prices for this one week only. The model illustrated, of which there are three, has a delightfully worked roll collar and sleeves. Former price 275 Gns. FUR WEEK PRICE GNS. 149

MINK MARMOT

(*Right*) Wonderful values are offered in this group of Coats, which, though hard-wearing, are unusually smart. Sketched is a model in fancy working, with roll collar. Plain Coats and fancy worked Coats this week from GNS. 12
Former prices 15-30 Gns.

PERSIAN LAMB

(*Above*) A very sumptuous model in Persian Lamb, most attractively modelled with Sable Kolinsky collar and cuffs. Made in a large size. Former price 189 Gns. FUR WEEK PRICE GNS 149

AMERICAN BROADTAIL

(*Left*) A group of Coats, including many original models in this hard-wearing, smart fur, will be offered at this greatly reduced price. Colours: Grey, Beige, Cocoa. Former price 21 Gns. FUR WEEK PRICE GNS. 12

Regular Fur Stocks Reduced

REMEMBER that these generous reductions have been made on Dickins & Jones' regular fur stock—at all times most moderately priced for its unvaryingly high quality—and that the Dickins & Jones' label in every coat (your guarantee of integrity and satisfaction) remains, despite the lowered prices.

GREY SQUIRREL STOLES

We are offering extraordinary value during Fur Week in this very becoming fur. Sketched is an 8-skin Stole in good quality skins of an excellent clear colour finished with two fine Squirrel tails. Former price 52/6 FUR WEEK PRICE 42/-

STOLES & TIES

Our entire stock of Stoles and Ties is being offered at big reductions this week. The tie sketched can be had in STONE MARTEN from 6½ GNS
SABLE KOLINSKY from GNS 3½

Furs, First Floor

SEAL CONEY

(*Above, left*) Fine quality French Coney skins have been used to produce this excellent group of Coats, offering amazing value. The collar and cuffs are of Natural Black Skunk, and every coat is beautifully lined. Former price 30 Gns. FUR WEEK PRICE GNS. 18

BLACK PONY

(*Above, right*) Made from choice glossy skins, with smart collars either roll or crush, of contrasting furs including Nutria Lamb, Grey Squirrel, Musquash, etc. Former price 29 Gns. FUR WEEK PRICE, GNS. 18

MOLESKIN GROUP

Our choice collection of Coats and Cloaks have been heavily reduced in price for this week. The Coat sketched, made from reliable skins, may be had from FUR WEEK PRICE GNS. 9½
Large Stock from GNS. 12
Outsize from GNS. 14

GROUP OF COATS

This Coat in Bronze Hair-seal, trimmed collar and cuffs of real Beaver, shows the opportunities awaiting the buyer from the 9½ Gn. group for personal shoppers. Other furs include Mink Marmot, Nutria Lamb, Grey Skink Lamb, &c. GNS. 9½

SQUIRREL GROUP

An extraordinarily varied group, including Coats in Natural Grey, Dyed Beige or Sable. The limited quantities make early application essential. Former price 49 Gns. FUR WEEK PRICES, from GNS. 29

NATURAL MUSQUASH

A very special purchase enables us to offer good quality Natural Musquash Coats made from full winter skins. These coats have a sumptuous roll collar and new sleeves. Former price 25 Gns. FUR WEEK PRICE GNS. 18

DICKINS & JONES, LTD. Telephone: Gerrard 9700 REGENT STREET, W.1.

MR. BALDWIN AT ST. ANDREWS

INAUGURAL ADDRESS AS CHANCELLOR

IDEALS OF UNIVERSITY EDUCATION

Mr. Stanley Baldwin was installed as Chancellor of St. Andrews University on Saturday afternoon, when the University also recognized the services of several notable men by conferring the honorary degree of LL.D. upon them. The ceremony took place in the new Younger Graduation Hall. After the oath had been administered, Mr. Baldwin was robed in his Chancellor's gown. The new Chancellor then delivered his address.

MR. BALDWIN'S ADDRESS

Mr. BALDWIN began with an expression of his appreciation of the great honour which had been bestowed upon him.

"It is not for me," he continued, "to wonder why you have crossed the border for your Chancellor, yet by coming to England you have, shall I say, balanced an appointment which you made when George II. was king. So far as your leading men were concerned, you were reluctant to change your allegiance after the revolution of 1688, but 57 years later you presented to this high office the victor of Culloden.

"It seems only characteristic of the impartiality of an intellectual corporation that you should now, when victor and vanquished are alike dust, place the Duke of Cumberland's robe on the shoulders of a descendant of one of those humble clansmen who withstood the might of England on that fatal moor, and who sacrificed his home as he would have yielded up his life for those unhappy Stuarts who never called on Highland loyalty in vain.

"Loyalties to far-off times, to systems that have passed away and passed away for ever, are not inconsistent with loyalty to what is best in the present. Sprung from the lions of the medieval Church as were the colleges of our ancient universities, their appeal to us in the twentieth century touches our hearts and our imagination in ways undreamt of by their founders. Guided by a profound natural instinct they regarded the university as an oasis in the desert of the workaday world, a retreat for scholarship and study: monastic alike in its retreat and in the collegiate life. Hence the foundations remote from crowded cities or forming of themselves a *rus in urbe*. Cambridge rose among the inhospitable fens, St. Andrews on the rocky coast of Fife, Oxford among her meadows and sedgy streams, whose very names are music and make our hearts ache for the green England which Chaucer loved.

"You may remember how Cardinal Newman when a youth of 18 was leaving Oxford for the Long Vacation and entered into casual conversation with an elderly stranger who was his fellow traveller on the coach. The stranger—for it was only later that he knew him as the great academical luminary of the day—urged that it was worth the consideration of the Government whether Oxford should not stand in a domain of its own. 'An ample range,' he continued, 'should be turned into wood and meadow and the university should be approached on all sides by a magnificent park with fine trees in groups and groves and avenues, and with glimpses and views of the fair city as the traveller drew near it. There is nothing surely absurd in the idea, for what has a better claim to the purest and fairest possessions of Nature and the seat of wisdom?' And Newman adds that his companion did but express the tradition of ages and the instinct of mankind.

"RUDE, CRUEL YEARS" OF MIDDLE AGES

The dream of the Oxford scholar, he continued, might never literally be realized, but the spirit was found in each medieval foundation, and as our ancestors looked to right learning to assuage the asperities of life in their time, so we were turning with new hope to our universities to provide men who would guide us through the troublous days to come. It was Walter Scott who said, "When Scotland was torn with convulsions and the battle-brand was yet red, our forefathers had sat down to devise the means of spreading the blessings of knowledge among their posterity as the most effective means of preventing those dark and bloody times from recurring." Scott and Newman alike saw the university ideal, the light that shone through the darkness, that drew men to it and filled them with the spirit of the torch-bearer. It was during the rude, cruel years of what we called the Middle Ages that the universities came into being, carrying on traditions which were already old when the barbarians swept through Europe. Was it not Marseilles of which Tacitus said, "It is a school in which Greek politeness was happily blended and tempered with provincial strictness"? Who would not wish to say that of his own university to-day? Possibly Gilbert had something of the sort in his mind when he spoke of Robin Oakapple combining the manners of a Marquis with the morals of a Methodist.

The years of stark horror through which we passed little more than 10 years ago had created an ardent desire for learning through all classes of our people, as though they, too, felt instinctively that "spreading the blessings of learning among their posterity may be the most effective means of preventing those dark and bloody times from recurring."

UNIVERSITY STANDARDS

"Now why should men desire a university education? I think the answer is clear, and it is in itself a tribute of the highest kind to our universities and to their traditions. It is because the best knowledge is there, and it can be ours if we choose to work for it. Whatever standards may have been debased in our country, the university standards are as high as ever, and the only class distinctions which exist in the examination lists are those of quality. The universities are drawing the pupils by their learning and their power of imparting it, and there is hardly a city in Great Britain that would not have its own university if it could.

"Nor is learning all. In the collegiate universities—those, I mean, where the students live together or are at all events conscious of a common life—there is the constant clash of personality, the interchange of ideas, the questionings, the testing of opinion, the growth of knowledge of human nature, all those things that no books can give and that can only be obtained by that free intercourse which is most natural and most easy in the elastic formative years of undergraduate life. From his own studies, and from such intercourse as I have endeavoured to describe, a man should find himself—and what pilgrimages some of us have to undergo before that essential knowledge is revealed! He should learn to think; he should become 'capax': by that I mean he should know the tool needed for the job, where to look for it, and how to use it.

KNOWLEDGE AND WISDOM

"Yet, though I have laid much stress, and rightly, on such words as learning and knowledge, there is one which I value more highly, which if not inborn it should be your chief endeavour to acquire, and that is wisdom. And I would pause here merely to suggest one or two lines of thought to be pursued at your leisure lest you fail to remember that the acquisition of knowledge is not the whole duty of man. It is worth remembering that the first bribe offered to our first parents was, 'Ye shall be as gods *knowing* good and evil,' or, in other words, a promise to gratify curiosity, playing as the devil would on the weak side of what may be a perfectly honourable motive. You get an interesting sidelight on that presumptuousness of mere knowledge of which innumerable instances will readily occur to your mind.

"Can we not say that knowledge is relative in this respect, that alleged facts tend to be displaced and disproved by the emergence of new facts, whereas wisdom, which is of the spirit and is indeed itself the spirit in which knowledge is applied, is absolute? Knowledge is the acquisition of the Hows and Whys of Things, and therefore is apt to be unrelated: Wisdom in herself is continuity. As so often happens, you have an eternal truth in an old saw, 'Knowledge comes but Wisdom lingers.'

"You may have vast knowledge but little wisdom, as you may have much wisdom but little knowledge. Wisdom is hard to define, but you are always aware of it when you find it and you instinctively stand hat in hand before it. Knowledge and cleverness (I am never very clear as to the meaning of that word) interest and amuse, but who does not know the thrill with which you chance from time to time on one or two lines, perhaps some half-dozen words, by some singer 3,000 years ago, how they strike back across the ages with all the wisdom of mankind learned by swea, and blood when Earth was young.

"Pray above all things to be delivered from that surfeit of mere knowledge which, in the conduct of affairs entrusted to us and in the ordering of our inner lives, brings unfaith and confusion. Let us correct the irreverence of mere knowledge by the innate decency of wisdom.

FINDING ONESELF

"But before I was led away by that great word Wisdom, I said that in my opinion one of the most valuable results of life in a university was that it enabled a man to find himself. There is one lifelong possession we ought to carry with us from a university, though I am not sure it is esteemed a virtue in these days, that is a proper sense of perspective, with a corresponding sense of values and the modesty appropriate thereto.

"In boyhood the world seems so vast and time eternal that it is only by degrees it is borne in on us that our own field is limited, and that there will be a term to our usefulness. And it may be only later that we realize what need there is for the best that we can give and how important it is that we should see how and where we can give it. So many men drift into their life work with no careful examination of themselves and their own qualities and of their fitness for the environment in which they find themselves.

"Happy are those who have sufficient imagination to consecrate themselves in their youth to the work wherein their own powers and character will have the best chance of developing and proving of service to the world. But most of us are ordinary men and, after all, a nation lives by the quality of her ordinary men. What can we ordinary men do to prepare ourselves for our manhood? What can we learn in our university?

"I suppose it is natural when an elderly man attempts to point out the road to those who come after he is apt to urge on them the practice of those virtues in which he himself is most conscious of his own deficiency. The essential virtue, if you are to make anything of your life, is diligence: it does not matter what word you choose if you understand what you mean by it. Concentration, industry, hard work, are all synonymous, or, if you like to draw on the vocabulary of the street, 'plugging' or 'sticking it' will give you the essential meaning with less elegance but more vigour. Diligence seems so commonplace that when we see a great accomplishment of learning, of discovery, in statesmanship, in what you will, we are always inclined to attribute it to genius, to good fortune, to anything and everything except that very power of concentration and continuous work which is its very foundation. And this belief is sometimes fostered by a human weakness not unknown among those who have dazzled the eyes of their own contemporaries. There is a temptation to make men believe that your success is due less to that capacity for work which is to be found in every position of life than to some innate superiority which has predestined you from the beginning to do, as a fit of absence of mind, as it were, what can only be accomplished by others, if indeed it can be accomplished at all, by the unceasing labour of a lifetime. But the greatest men claim the least, and it was Newton who said that he was conscious of nothing else but a habit of patient thinking which could at all times distinguish him from other men.

"There is one unfailing source to which we can go when we want truth, commonsense, wisdom. Let me remind you of Dr. Johnson's answer to Boswell on the subject we are considering. They were speaking of literary composition, and Boswell asked him very naturally whether one should wait for the favourable moment, for the afflatus, before beginning to write. 'No, sir,' said Johnson, 'he should sit down doggedly.' And that is how all the work best worth doing has been and will be done. There are no short cuts. No one has emphasized this point more or striven harder to drive it home to his students than that great man who was both a student and a teacher in this University, Dr. Chalmers.

DISCOVERING ERROR

"The difference between the trained and the untrained mind should show itself in the cultivated mind should show itself in the special capacity to discover error in however specious a guise it may present itself, to look for it in the least suspected lurking places, and to find truth independently by the use of our own faculties. This is the strait and narrow way to wisdom which many seek, but not all find.

"I have tried in these desultory thoughts to express to you what a university stands for in my mind. You are happy in your material, for your material is the Scot. It was an English poet of our own time who said:—

> 'The spirit perfervid of the heroic Scot,
> Its fire unlulled, and hardly in earth allayed.
> The ancient native prowess unforgot,
> Valour undrooped, and manhood undecayed.'

"And was it chance that brought these first seekers after truth to the eastern kingdom and to the sea? Was it not rather a profound instinct that sought the harsher East and the cold light of the morning? The West of blue distances and mysterious islands, rising out of the unplumbed, salt, estranging sea, that ocean full of marvel and boundless, what wonder that the Little People made their last home with the Gael; the land of the setting sun and the long afterglow, where all the forces of Nature join to turn the mind of man to the beauty of departing light and to the eternal miracle of mystery.

"But to you the sea was the highway to other lands: the sea, whose short waves were threshed by the oars of the long boats which brought the Danes to Fife what time Macbeth and Banquo drove them hence with blood and iron: the sea in which Sir Patrick Spens, the best sailor that ever sailed the sea, lies 50 fathoms deep

"Wi' the Scots lords at his feet,'

a restless, shallow ocean so dreaded, however, that it was enacted by a Scottish Act of Parliament that no ship should be freighted out of the kingdom with any staple goods betwixt the feast of St. Simon's Day and Jude and Candlemas.

"Such were the waters over which the bell of the Inchcape Rock tolled through the ages her warning note: the sea across which Queen Mary passed twice in her troubled life, leaving her home as a child one July day when the French galleys bore her to her beloved France, and returning 13 years later on an August evening, to reign over a turbulent people through the most turbulent years of their long history. Across your seas the link of centuries was maintained, first with Norway, then with France, seas illuminated by the rising sun and stirred by the east wind.

"What an environment for a university! To face the rising sun is a daily incitement to work, to search, to find. It creates an atmosphere of expectation: the mind looks forward rather than back. And under that sun is the east wind. You cannot dream in the east wind; it wakes you, it stimulates you, it brings with it energy and purpose. To enjoy it, you need difficulties to face, enemies to defeat. You remember Sir Walter Scott's confession of faith? 'I was born a Scotsman and a bare one, therefore, I was born to fight my way in the world—with my left hand if my right failed me, and with my teeth if both were cut off.'

"May the generations go forth into the world from this hallowed spot, equipped with knowledge, fulfilled with wisdom, warriors for truth."

HONORARY DEGREES

The graduation ceremony followed. The honorary graduates for the LL.D. degree were Sir Robert Bruce, Editor of the *Glasgow Herald*, Mr. John Buchan, M.P., Lord Chalmers of Northiam, Master of Peterhouse, Cambridge, Lord Jellicoe, Lord Plumer, Mr. Lewis Stimson, United States Secretary of State, and M. A. M. Tardieu, the Prime Minister of France.

In presenting Sir Robert Bruce, PROFESSOR A. BLYTH WEBSTER, Dean of the Faculty of Arts, said that he had maintained the prestige, not of his journal only, but of journalism, urging, as president of the Institute and British vice-president of the International Association, and confirming in his own management and example, its duty of responsibility to country, to citizens, and public interests.

Of Mr. Buchan Professor Webster said that his books reflected the occupations, interests, and affections of a crowded life; and alike in biography, history, or literature, on military genius, political thought, national character, or the judicial temperament, his findings rested on sober and impersonal pleas, long views before and after, and common sense, to which he lent uncommon light and warmth.

The Dean spoke of Lord Chalmers's eminent services as Permanent Secretary of the Treasury. It was characteristic of the Civil Service and the man, he said, that so laborious a career did not interrupt scholarly pursuits. As Orientalist he had been engaged in editing and translating Canonical Texts in Pali of Ceylon and Burma Buddhists. His contributions ranged at almost equal dates before and after his retirement; and in Ceylon in 1913 as Governor he addressed astonished Buddhist monks and Cingalese in Pali speeches. One who so represented the public services, the universities, the East, and Oriental learning had qualified for any honour St. Andrews could bestow.

Few naval commanders had more enjoyed the confidence of the Fleet than Lord Jellicoe, said the Dean. His magnanimity and temperateness of mind, his consciousness of supreme responsibility, of imperative duty to the post and fidelity to the trust, his single and unselfish purpose, these would be associated with his character and his command of Britain's largest Fleet afloat.

Professor Webster recalled that when the Menin Gate of Ypres was unveiled the spokesman for the living and the dead, outnumbered, outgunned, outammunitioned men who saved the Salient for the four years with their lives, was General Plumer, who had been entrusted for the great part of that time with its defence. To those who had served with him there was no other choice; his was the spirit of our armies at their work—patient, plucky, cheery, and unbroken.

In introducing Mr. Stimson, the Dean said he brought a record of public-minded service and success to the London Conference of this year, and with it gifts of clarity and frankness of discussion that made for confidence. If Anglo-American relations continued to improve, his personal share on that side of the Atlantic in the general credit of the result would be remembered and would not be small.

Professor Webster spoke of the long and diverse experience of affairs and men that had gone to make M. Tardieu's character and mind. His journalism, which included the conduct of the foreign news and international policy of France's leading paper, kept him in touch with questions of the day. As Premier of France, after 13 years as Deputy, he came to the Naval Conference with his admirable English, scarcely less polished than his French, his good humour, his candid comprehension of his country's needs and fears. Modern states or their electorates were fickle. Scotland and France did not forget their old alliance, and renewed its memories and sentiment in admitting to a Scottish Doctorate of Laws the representative of the "good will and the will" of France.

Those present included:—

Mrs. Baldwin, Lord and Lady Cochrane, Sir John Gilmour, Lady Erskine, Lord and Lady Lindsay, Sir Robert and Lady Spencer-Nairn, Sir James Urquhart, Commander A. D. Cochrane, Lord Rhanesburgh, Lord and Lady Southesk, Lady Spiot, Lady Irvine, Lady Bruce, Lady Stevenson, Sheriff Malcolm, Sir William Henderson, Sir Thomas and Lady Holland, Lord and Lady Sands, Sir Ralph and Lady Anstruther, Mr. J. Duncan Miller, M.P., Sir Harry Rope, M.P., Sir Robert Hutchison, M.P., Sir George Berry, M.P., Colonel Mitchell, Sir George Macdonald, Lieutenant-Colonel Anstruther Gray and Mrs. Anstruther Gray, and Dr. and Mrs. Harkness.

Later in the afternoon Mr. Baldwin went to the old Parliament Hall attached to the University Library buildings, where he held a reception. In the evening he was entertained at dinner by the University in the United College Hall. Yesterday morning he attended Church service in Holy Trinity Church, St. Andrews.

This morning Mr. Baldwin will receive the freedom of the City of St. Andrews, and a similar honour will be conferred at the same time upon Principal Sir James Irvine, St. Andrews University, and Dr. James Younger, Mount Melville, St. Andrews.

THE SIR JOHN COCKBURN ROAD OF REMEMBRANCE

Lord Edward Gleichen presided at a meeting on Friday to consider details in connexion with the Sir John Cockburn Road of Remembrance to be planted along, or near, the Harrietsham by-pass, Kent. It was announced that the following organizations had agreed to dedicate trees:—

Royal Empire Society, King Edward VII. R.C. Chapter, United Empire Lodge, Royal Colonial Institute Lodge, Masonic Study Society, Royal Society for the Protection of Birds, Salvation Army, Faculty of Arts, The Bacon Society, British Empire League, British Science Guild, Children's Museum Committee, Child Study Society, British Empire Union, Institute of Handicraft Teachers, and School of Economics and Political Science (University of London).

It was decided that the dedication should be in two parts—a social meeting in London, with brief speeches, and a little later, probably November 1, a roadside tree-planting ceremony at or near Harrietsham, to be attended by representative children from schools within easy distance.

PROFESSIONAL WORKERS AND 48-HOUR WEEK

The National Federation of Professional Workers, meeting in London on Saturday, unanimously passed the following resolution:—

This meeting notes that the International Labour Office, at the forthcoming session next month, will be considering a "proposed draft convention concerning the regulation of hours of work in commerce and offices," and that the draft is based entirely on the 48-hour week, making no mention of the two protective clauses foreshadowed by the *quasi-accord* of last year; and it therefore requests the general purposes committee to impress upon the Government the seriousness of this omission and the undesirability of making the 48-hour week the international standard for clerical, administrative, and professional workers, without at least putting in the forefront the reservations referred to above. It further urges the general purposes committee to do its utmost to obtain from the Government an assurance that they will closely cooperate at Geneva with the other delegations in an endeavour to bring the proposed Convention into line with the above.

NOTTINGHAM BY-ELECTION

A CLASH OF ECONOMIC THEORIES

Candidates { Mr. T. J. O'Connor, K.C. (U.).
Captain R. Berkeley (Lib.).
Mr. A. E. Waterson (Lab.).

Nominations, May 17. Polling, May 27.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

NOTTINGHAM, MAY 10

It is already clear that the contest in Central Nottingham will be chiefly interesting for the occasion it provides for a clash between the economic theories of the three political parties, owing to Mr. Snowden's decision not to renew the safeguarding duty on lace, one of Nottingham's leading industries.

The three candidates are well matched as strong party men, individually characteristic and able exponents of their respective causes, and have all sat in the House of Commons. Each man is being supported by the resources of his party's headquarters. The most experienced organizers are being sent down to direct the campaign in each case, and the issues will be defended or attacked on the platform by distinguished speakers. There appears to be little doubt, even thus early, that the seat—though, of course, there is time for many a slip before polling day—will be retained for Conservatism. But as the election, in the present economic and political situation, is bound to attract considerable attention, the desire of each party is to make the most of it by putting their views before the country and getting from it some guidance as to the drift of public opinion.

One gathers that this concentration of party activity on Nottingham is to some extent due to the election at West Fulham being regarded generally as somewhat inconclusive. The parties, it is said, have derived no clear lesson from West Fulham. Moreover, it is said, West Fulham is but a London dormitory—a place where voters sleep, and have their interests elsewhere. On the other hand, it is contended that Central Nottingham provides the appropriate constituency for thrashing out purely industrial issues. Nottingham was perhaps the one manufacturing town that was most startled by the Chancellor of the Exchequer's announcement that the safeguarding duties would not be renewed when the period of five years for which they were imposed by the late Government terminates on June 30, and that since then has been most engrossed with this threat to its trade and employment. The industries of Nottingham are many and varied. They include hosiery, boots and shoes, furniture, tobacco, machinery; but it is with lace-making that the town has been for many years prominently associated.

Central Nottingham itself is primarily a middle-class constituency. In it is the shopping centre of the town and a large residential district of the better class. It is inhabited also by many workers, especially railwaymen and engineers. About two-thirds of the lace-makers live in West Nottingham, which is held for Labour by Mr. Hayday, and Mr. Hayday has expressed in the House of Commons, and out of it, his "grave concern" lest the dropping of the safeguarding duties might throw numbers of his constituents out of work. I saw last evening a remarkable parade of some thousands of lace-workers. They called upon the Government not to provide them with work and bread but to allow them to continue earning their bread by work. At the meeting which followed the resolution was moved, seconded, and supported by trade union officials.

The demonstration had no direct relation to the contest, as it had been arranged for before the seat became vacant, but it was significant of the feeling animating all classes which must have its reaction on the election. It is going to be a strenuous fight between the parties. One cannot but feel already the presence of a spirit and atmosphere of unusual intensity.

The Sheriff of Nottingham received yesterday the Central Nottingham by-election writ, and fixed the election for May 27, with nominations on May 17.

MINERS AND HOURS OF WORK

A "LOCAL OPTION" PLAN

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

CARDIFF, MAY 11

The executive council of the South Wales Miners' Federation meets to-morrow at Cardiff, and I am given to understand that among the matters on the agenda is the proposal of the South Wales coalowners that representations should be made to the Government that a permissive clause should be inserted in the Coal Mines Bill, now in the House of Lords, giving the workmen in any particular district the right to decide for themselves whether the hours of working shall be a rigid seven and a half each day, as provided in the Bill, or a 90-hour fortnight with short shifts on Saturday to make up for the longer time worked during the other days of the week.

When that proposal was put to the men's side of the Coal Trade Conciliation Board specially called to consider the question last week, they explained that they were not in a position at the moment to give a definite promise to accept it, as they could not take upon themselves the responsibility of deviating from the declared policy of the national organization. Since then, however, it has been emphasized by Sir David Llewellyn, one of the largest coalowners in South Wales, that a rigid 7½-hour day would mean a reduction of 10d. to 1s. a day in the wages of every workman in the coalfield, while the Cardiff Chamber of Commerce and the Welsh Coal Exporters' Association have expressed the view that the Bill as it now stands would so increase the cost of production as to imperil the whole of the export trade, upon which the prosperity of the South Wales coalfield depends, and would inevitably lead to a renewal of wage conflicts, from which South Wales has been happily free in the last few years.

Mr. Finlay Gibson, secretary of the South Wales Coalowners' Association, declared yesterday that the establishment of a minimum 7½-hour day would not only worsen the wages position of the miners, but that the addition of 1s. 3d. to 1s. 6d. a ton to the cost of production, which was inevitable, would, in the present state of the industry, lead to the closing down of collieries, with consequent diminished employment not only of the miners but of all the other classes of labour, including railwaymen, dock workers, and seamen, who were dependent upon the coal trade. In these circumstances it is felt that the Government, even at this late stage, should pause before incurring such disastrous risks, and that the miners, in their own interests, should demand the right and liberty of deciding for themselves between the alternatives now facing the industry.

There is reason to believe that the rank and file of the workmen are by no means hostile to, but would even welcome, a 90-hour fortnight, with short Saturdays, but fears have been expressed that the owners might take advantage of the arrangement on some pretext or other to stop work entirely at the collieries on Saturdays, with a consequent loss of the bonus shift to the day-wage men.

Sir David Llewellyn has taken the earliest opportunity of dispelling this fear. "It would never do," he says, "to stop the pits on Saturdays and Sundays, two consecutive days. Even now the Monday shift after the Sunday stop is the worst shift of the week so far as output is concerned, because of the large amount of repairing work that has to be done." He felt sure, he added, that in the event of a readjustment of hours the workmen would be fully protected in any agreement arrived at, and that the coalowners would undertake to work the short Saturday shift.

In view of this declaration the business community here are still hoping that a compromise on this vexed question may be arrived at, which will avert the disasters which have been so freely and authoritatively predicted.

A correspondent writes:—Mr. Freville Gurney Christopher, who died suddenly in London last week, at the age of 63, was a worthy member of a family which has for generations been honourably known in the legal profession. He will be sorely missed, not only by those who relied upon him for sound and disinterested advice, but also by the many with happy recollections of unbounded hospitality at his beautiful country home at Goring-on-Thames, and of his love of the river and skill as a waterman.

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295 Gns. 129 Gns

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BEIGE AMERICAN BROADTAIL. This Coat has a collar of Fox, dyed to tone, and is lined Crêpe de Chine. Usually 75 gns. 25gns

SEALSKIN. Beautifully marked Sealskin is used for this model. Lined Corded Silk. Usually 30 gns. 8gns

MINK SQUIRREL. Silky skins of very fine quality are used in this Coat of Mink Squirrel. Usually 59 gns. 20gns

PERSIAN PAW. South American Skunk is used for the collar of this Coat of Persian Paw. Lined Satin Usually 45 gns. 15gns

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Harrods specialize in real Silver Fox. During this week early comers will be able to secure exceptionally fine ties at 15, 10, 8, 5 and 2 Guineas. All greatly reduced.

STONE MARTEN. A collection of Ties in this popular Fur offered at remarkable reductions.
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SABLE-DYED JAPANESE MARTEN. In this small collection of Ties there are really exceptional bargains. Usually 5½ gns. per skin NOW 35/-

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Also Peschaniki Coats. Usually 21gns. 8gns

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CHARING CROSS BRIDGE

THE REJECTED PLAN

HOUSING PROGRAMME OF THE L.C.C.

The rejection by the Private Bill Committee of the House of Commons of the London County Council (Charing Cross Bridge) Bill will be considered at the meeting of the Council to-morrow. The Parliamentary Committee, in their report on the decision of the Select Committee, say that the question of the action to be taken in view of the rejection of the scheme is receiving careful consideration. They add:—

"We have placed on record our high appreciation of the manner in which the case for the Bill was presented before the Select Committee. The scheme certainly did not fail of acceptance because of lack of skill or persistence in support. The scheme was one of the first magnitude, having many difficult and complex aspects, all of which were capably and promptly dealt with by the officers of the Council concerned. Evidence was admirably given by all witnesses who appeared for the Council, and we feel that appreciation of their efforts should be recorded. Great assistance was also rendered by officers of the Ministry of Transport."

The committee state that between April 10 and May 6 (when the Commons Committee rejected the scheme) there was a renewed examination, in cooperation with the Southern Railway Company and in consultation with the Ministry of Transport, of the numerous alternative proposals, and a detailed comparison between these proposals and the scheme of the Bill. The examination included five sites as possible alternatives which had been indicated by the Select Committee themselves, and three other possible schemes for placing the new station to the east of Waterloo-road at or near the Waterloo Junction site. Special attention was also given to the scheme submitted by the Lambeth Borough Council. The best of the nine schemes, when compared with the scheme of the Bill, was found, the committee say, to be much less convenient from many points of view to the travelling public; the facilities for dealing with general road traffic would be less efficient; the road approaches to the new station would be less direct; the demolition of additional important properties would be involved; working-class displacement would be much greater; the river embankment could not be included as an integral part of the scheme; and an increase in the net expenditure on the scheme of over £2,000,000 would be entailed.

Extracts from the statement which was submitted to the Commons Committee on May 6 have already been published. In this statement the Parliamentary Committee of the Council declared that there was no alternative scheme that they could take the responsibility of submitting to Parliament.

HOUSING AND TRAFFIC

The Housing Committee of the Council, in submitting the annual estimates for 1930-31, states that up to March 31 this year the capital expenditure on all dwellings and estates, including the clearance of unhealthy areas, amounted to about £34,000,000. In addition, the total advances agreed to be made on loans under the Housing Act, 1925, and the Small Dwellings Acquisition Acts amounted to £3,901,590. During the last financial year about 2,760 houses and flats on the Council's estates were completed and handed over by the contractors. At March 30 approximately 47,635 houses and flats, 1,880 cubicles at lodging houses, 230 shops, and 430 workshops and other buildings, or a total of 50,175 lettings, had been provided. The actual population of the dwellings is estimated at 220,000, which approaches that of Cardiff. The immediate programme of additional housing work, apart from re-housing operations, is for about 20,000 houses and flats, including 5,122 under contract, of which 2,892 are in actual course of construction. The income for 1930-31 is estimated at £2,312,467, apart from State grants and contributions from Metropolitan borough councils, and the estimated expenditure is £2,929,481.

The L.C.C. improvement scheme for the Elephant and Castle area has been criticized by the Minister of Transport. He was advised by the London and Home Counties Traffic Advisory Committee that the scheme would involve an unnecessarily long diversion for traffic proceeding from Walworth-road and Newington Butts to Newington-causeway. Another point made against the scheme is that a considerable amount of property would be left standing at various angles in the centre of the suggested ring road. The Minister has submitted a revised scheme showing a semi-circular road, 120ft. in width, with an external radius of approximately 392ft. based on the existing roadway joining Newington-causeway and the Walworth-road and lying to the west of these streets, and a widening of Draper-street. The Improvements Committee of the Council recommends the adoption of the main outline of the new scheme.

The Local Government Committee of the Council has accepted an offer to carry out repairs to a wing of the figure of Eros, which formerly stood in Piccadilly-circus, for £19 10s.

NEW RAILWAY BRIDGE AT FOLKESTONE

STEEL STRUCTURE TO BE OPENED TO-MORROW

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

FOLKESTONE, MAY 11

The work of substituting a new steel girder bridge for the old timber bridge which carries the railway lines over which the boat trains to Folkestone Harbour have to pass, and which spans the water channel in the inner harbour at Folkestone, could not be accomplished during the week-end.

The traffic to the Continent *via* Folkestone was diverted to Dover after the departure of the cross-Channel passenger boat to Boulogne yesterday afternoon at 3.50, and it was anticipated that the running on the railway lines would be resumed to deal with the boat from Boulogne to-morrow due to arrive at 1.5 p.m. The Southern Railway have decided that the port must remain closed until Tuesday, when the new bridge will be ready to carry the traffic arriving by the 1.5 p.m. boat from Boulogne. The usual boat from Folkestone to Boulogne at 10.50 a.m. will therefore on Tuesday run from Dover, as well as all the passenger and cargo services to-morrow.

The new steel girder bridge, which weighs 275 tons, has been built so as to swing in a similar manner to the old bridge, to enable vessels to enter the inner harbour. It has been necessitated owing to the heavier boat trains and larger engines required to pull them. It has been erected close to the old bridge by the Horseley Bridge and Engineering Company, of Birmingham and Tipton. The timber bridge, weighing 150 tons, has been in use since 1893, and has carried a tremendous amount of traffic, particularly during the War years, when close upon 11,000,000 troops left or arrived at Folkestone Harbour on their journey to or from the Front. At the time of its erection it was the longest swing bridge in the world. It was 132ft. long. The firm's engineers and the Southern Railway engineers estimated that they would be able to carry out the substitution of the timber bridge by the steel girder bridge well within the time allotted. However, they found that the old structure required more dismantling than had been thought.

About 80 men are employed continuously on the work, under the direction of Mr. C. Gribble, the new Works Assistant of the Southern Railway, and Mr. J. Shaw, Divisional Engineer of the eastern section of the railway. The new bridge, which was made to the design of Mr. Elson, of the Engineers Department of the Southern Railway, has been erected on trolleys, which have been placed on lines, and when the old bridge has been cleared away, the steel bridge will be pulled into position by means of three winches. When the old bridge came to be demolished by means of sawing it into sections, it was found to contain more steel plates and bolts than was expected. This caused the delay in getting it cleared away, and this task is not expected to be accomplished until early to-morrow morning.

COAL-LOADING HOURS AT WELSH PORTS

The employers at the South Wales ports, having refused to substitute a continuous shift system for the present coal-loading hours, a joint meeting of coal trimmers and tippers at Cardiff yesterday decided to take a ballot on the question of giving 14 days' notice to terminate the present arrangement. The ballot will be taken to-day and to-morrow, and the result will be reported to another joint meeting on Wednesday.

CANADIAN CIVIL SERVICE

ROYAL COMMISSION'S REPORT

(BY OUR CIVIL SERVICE CORRESPONDENT)

A Royal Commission appointed to inquire into the rates of salaries of technical and professional officials of the Civil Service of Canada has now issued its report, in which recommendations are made for improved salary scales costing in the first year $360,000 (£72,000), and rising in some five or six years to $750,000 (£150,000) annually. The total number of officers affected is 2,400.

The Commission's terms of reference required it to compare the salaries at present obtaining with those applying to similar positions outside the Service. The Commissioners state that while security of tenure, pensions and the provision for holidays and sick leave constitute advantages, when compared with the conditions ordinarily obtaining in private employment, "such advantages are not those which as a rule appeal most strongly to men of an energetic, creative temperament, among whom the leaders of the Service, no less than the directing heads of private enterprise, must be sought." The disadvantages of the Service, they state, are connected with the scale of salaries and the opportunities for promotion. While the salaries of entrants into the Service are not infrequently somewhat higher than beginners' salaries elsewhere, the Commissioners regard this feature as a necessity to compensate for the very limited range of advancement as compared with that offered by outside employment. In general, however, they believe that "the average of salaries in the technical, scientific and professional service is below the average for comparable workers outside the Service."

The Commissioners are impressed by the fact that the present system of classification of salary scales in the technical, scientific, and professional service is unnecessarily cumbrous, there being no fewer than 203 distinct and separate salary scales, overlapping of successive scales being the rule rather than the exception. They "regard it as essential to the more efficient administration of the Service that a limited number of salary scales should be substituted for the present multiplicity, that overlapping salary scales be eliminated, and that, for the future, the creation of new classes with special salary scales should be discontinued absolutely." The report accordingly proposes to substitute for the existing multiplicity of scales seven grades organized in two divisions, as follows:—

	Dollars
First Division	
Grade I.	1,800-120-2,160
Grade II.	2,280-120-2,760
Grade III.	2,880-120-3,360
Second Division	
Grade IV.	3,420-120-3,900
Grade V.	4,020-120-4,620
Grade VI.	4,800-240-5,520
Grade VII.	5,700-300-7,200

In addition there would be "special ratings" with salaries of $7,500 (£1,500) upwards. Thus, it is recommended that the salary of the Chief Railway Commissioner should be raised to $15,000 (£3,000) a year, and that the salaries of certain Deputy Ministers (equivalent in status to Permanent Secretaries in Great Britain), whose qualifications and duties are technical, scientific, or professional, should also be raised to $15,000 in view of the steadily increasing rewards offered in private employment.

With regard to promotions, an important departure from the normal Civil Service practice is recommended—namely, that promotions of individuals from grade to grade within the "First Division" should depend not upon the creation of vacancies, but upon industry and ability and the character of the work done. It is also proposed that the present probationary period for those who enter in Grade I. should be raised from six months to from one to three years. Another departure from normal Home practice is the recommendation that the initial salaries of probationers should not be uniform but should be varied according to the qualifications of the person appointed.

The Commissioners also urge the advisability of a general investigation into the Canadian Civil Service with a view to the possible improvement of the *personnel*, increase in efficiency, and consequent saving in expenditure.

CHESS

TWO FRIENDLY COUNTY MATCHES

(FROM OUR CHESS CORRESPONDENT)

Oxfordshire met Leicestershire at chess at Oxford on Saturday afternoon, but the match did not count in the regular programme, having been arranged as a friendly trial of strength. Several Oxford University players were included in the county team, who had Mr. T. H. Tylor at the first board, and the University champion, Mr. H. T. Reeve, at the second board. Leicestershire won with the following score:—

V. H. Lovell, ½; T. H. Tylor, ½; A. C. Garrett, ½; H. T. Reeve, ½; P. E. Collier, 0; W. H. Pratten, 1; F. Moore, 1; O. Warman, 0; H. W. Lee, 0; K. E. Shepherd, 1; A. W. Lawrence, 0; E. Wax, 0; A. Linton, 1; H. V. Dacombe, 0; A. C. Thompson, 1; S. Dale, 0; H. J. W. Gardiner, 1; W. Lyle Rees, 0; G. Rowley, 1; H. F. F. Williams, 0; W. Palmer, 1; H. Bottrill, 0; C. S. Geary, ½; Ellis Robinson, ½; W. H. Palmer, 1; H. S. Beard, 0; L. E. Pasant, 0; L. K. Hunt, 1; A. Murphy, 1; L. Lewis, 0. TOTAL, Leicestershire, 9½; Oxfordshire, 8½.

In another match, played on the same lines, Kent defeated Bedfordshire at St. Bride Institute, E.C., with the following score:—

O. C. Muller ½, S. W. Dickens ½; H. H. Cole 1, W. Church 0; F. W. Chambers 0, R. H. Rushton 1; B. W. Hamilton 0, P. N. Wallis 1; Sir Richard Barnett 1, F. Dickens 0; H. Storr Best 1, J. Bowden 0; Lieutenant-Colonel E. L. Cole 1, C. O. White 0; H. B. Eder 1, Dr. W. A. D. Lawson 0; G. Hanson ½, E. W. Padgett ½; R. G. Dixon-Addey 1, O. L. Browne 0; J. P. Goodfellow ½, J. W. Thorburn ½; C. H. Reid ½, J. T. Needham ½; Sir Stuart Hodgson 1, A. V. Oliver 0; R. T. Sargent 1, E. Radley 0; Miss Hocker 1, H. Meakin ½; R. D. Anson 1, H. A. Edwards 0; J. A. Randall 1, L. R. Lewis 0; J. W. Jamieson 1, T. Goddard 0; J. F. Cree 1, A. E. Reader 0; Major W. H. Cole 1, Colonel J. Rubi 0. TOTAL—Kent 15½, Bedfordshire 4½.

The following are the final results in the London Commercial Chess League for the season 1929-1930. Bowrings again won the First Division Cup, while Messrs. J. Lyons's team won the Second Division Cup on their first appearance in the competition.

FIRST DIVISION.—Bowrings, 6½ points; Gas Light and Coke Company and St. Helen's Court, 6 each; Port of London Authority, 5½; F. and O. and R.M.S.P., 4½ each; Union Castle, 3½; Liverpool Victoria and Shell-Mex II., 3 each; St. Mortons, 2½.

SECOND DIVISION.—J. Lyons and Co., 7 points; W. J. Bush, 4; Anglo-Mex. 3½; Shell-Mex II., 3; Lloyds, 4; Unicorn, 2; Celanese, 2½; Britannic House, 2; Gas Light Sports Association II., 1½.

THIRD DIVISION.—Port of London Authority, 9 points; Lloyds II., 6; Sedgwick Collins and Shell-Mex III., 5½ each; Liverpool Victoria II. and Nestlings, 4½ each; St. Helen's Court II., 4; Mortons III., 2½; Gas Light Sports Association II., 2; J. Lyons and Co. II., 1½.

THE ROYAL TOURNAMENT

It is hoped that the King and Queen will attend the opening performance of the Royal Tournament on the afternoon of May 29. Prince Arthur of Connaught will attend on May 30, and other members of the Royal Family on subsequent days.

The box-office for the Tournament will be opened on May 12, and already a heavy list of bookings by letter has been received, including many from America and overseas. The public are requested to book early. The box-office telephone numbers are Riverside 2720 and Victoria 8280 and 2427, and the addresses are Addison-road, Olympia, W.14, and 66, Victoria-street, S.W.1.

New displays this year will be a historical review by the 2nd Battalion, The Royal Fusiliers, piping by the Scots Guards, fencing by the Army Physical Training Staff, and a combined display by various arms.

ROADS BEAUTIFYING ASSOCIATION

The Roads Beautifying Association have succeeded in preserving a five-acre plot of land on the new North Orbital Road from ribbon development with the help of public generosity and in spite of many difficulties. The saving of this stretch of land, which gives an extensive view both to the south in the direction of the Thames Valley and to the north towards Rickmansworth and the Hertfordshire border, should help and encourage the branch of the Council for the Preservation of Rural England which has recently been started in Buckinghamshire. This is the first attempt in this country to form one of the roadside reserves which are so attractive and essential a feature of the Motor Parkway scheme successfully carried out in the neighbourhood of New York. It is hoped that the public will show their appreciation by avoiding litter and by the preservation of the wild flowers and trees on the site. The Association are appealing for a further £200 to recoup them for the cost of the timber, fencing, and other details of the purchase of the land. Donations may be sent to the Hon. Treasurer, 34, Chandos House, Palmer-street, S.W.1.

STATE OF TRADE

EFFECT OF DISTURBED OUTLOOK

(FROM OUR TRADE CORRESPONDENT)

Reports from the various industrial districts show that the effect of the disturbed outlook in several of our biggest markets abroad is being severely felt by exporters. The volume of production is still diminishing in many important trades. On the other hand, there is a little more movement in home trade, seasonal business in many lines showing a rapid recovery after a late start compared with previous years.

COAL.—Much concern is felt in South Wales over the diminution in the oversea demand for steam coal; pit stoppages are numerous. The bulk of present shipments is in fulfilment of old contracts, new business being difficult to procure. In the Northern coalfields, however, there is a slightly better tendency, shipments to the Baltic now moving more freely. The general outlook is very uncertain.

IRON AND STEEL.—There is a continued absence of any signs of a change for the better. In some departments producers have still much work to execute, but many contracts are fast approaching completion, and orders for several descriptions of material are urgently needed. Unless demand expands in the near future manufacturers will be compelled to lay more plant idle. Although fair order-books are held, tinplate works proprietors are becoming somewhat perturbed about future prospects, as buyers are naturally holding off the market in view of the fall in the price of tin.

DRAPERY AND CLOTHING.—More cheering accounts are given of the state of business in the retail trade, and wholesale houses report a strong revival of seasonal demand. Stocks in distributors' hands having thus been lightened, urgent orders for supplies have been sent to manufacturers for further deliveries. Makers-up are finding it difficult to cope with these sudden expansions in business, as it is hard to secure additional numbers of experienced work-hands at short notice. Wholesale clothing firms are very busy, many working almost to full capacity.

COTTON.—The cotton industry is not likely to experience any improvement until the situation in India is better; at the moment business is practically at a standstill for that great market, and the market in China is also idle and other countries are buying in small quantities.

LACE AND HOSIERY.—Makers of lace are hoping that the change of fashion in women's dress will do something to repair the injury done to the trade by the announcement of the removal of the lace duty. Meanwhile buying is, however, restricted in extent. On the other hand, business in rayon hose is more active and more machines are at work than before Easter.

WOOL TEXTILES.—As much machinery is still idle in the West Riding through the stoppage, the position in regard to supplies is becoming more difficult and foreign competitors are securing many orders that would otherwise have been placed in Bradford. Patterns for next season's trade are due for delivery, and it is feared that, through delay, much trade will be diverted abroad. Scottish tweed manufacturers are now showing the new ranges for the spring season of 1931. It is too early yet to say what the results will be, but it appears that merchants generally are not disposed to purchase beyond immediate requirements.

BOOTS AND SHOES.—A small but steady increase in business is reported from Northampton and some other centres, but so far seasonal business is less than a year ago.

**Further reports on the state of trade appear every week in *The Times Trade and Engineering Supplement*.

CHEAPER HILLMAN CARS

THE WOLSELEY "HORNET"

(FROM OUR MOTORING CORRESPONDENT)

An immediate result of the retention of the McKenna duties was seen in the reduction in the prices of Hillman cars recently announced. The reduction ranges from £30 to £50, according to the model.

Colonel J. A. Cole, who is chairman of the Hillman Motor Car Company, states that the works are being extended so that the firm will be able to increase the output substantially, which enables better value to be offered. The popular Fourteen is now priced at £275, £290, £295, and £338 as a tourer, safety tourer, saloon, and safety saloon respectively, while the Six Light Weymann saloon, the Segrave model, and a drop-head coupé cost £338, £338, and £378 severally. Safety models include additional equipment. The Straight Eight, which was remarkable before for being the lowest priced British car of this type and which was brought out in 1928, sells at £395, £410, £415, and £445 as a tourer, safety tourer, saloon, and safety saloon; while £445, £445, and £475 are the prices of the Six Light Weymann saloon, the Segrave model, and the drop-head coupé respectively. A sunshine roof on any closed model can be had for £10 extra.

It may be recalled that the 8-cylinder engine has overhead valves and rocker gear, and both camshaft and crankshaft run in five bearings. With a bore and stroke of 63 and 105 mm., the capacity is just over 2½ litres, being 2,620c.c. The engine oiling is under high pressure, and such parts as the filler and gause, the filter, and the pump are accessible. There is automatic advance for the coil ignition, the ingoing gas is heated by the exhaust, the water circulation is assisted by an impeller, there are thermostatically operated radiator shutters, while a temperature indicator is fitted on the instrument board. The single plate dry clutch passes the drive to a four-speed gearbox which has off-side change and forward gear ratios of 5, 7.75, 12.85, and 20 to 1. Engine, clutch, and gearbox form a unit. The propeller-shaft is open and has metal universal joints, and the spiral bevel-driven back axle is half floating. There are cam type of steering and six brakes. A vacuum servo helps the physical application of the four-wheel brakes, and there is primary hand adjustment for both sets. The half-elliptical springs work with shock absorbers and have Silentbloc shackles. The dynamo driving chain is automatically regulated, and a pump supplies the carburettor from a 14-gallon petrol tank. The accumulators are carried inside the frame members, and the steering column rake can be altered.

Just over a fortnight ago it was announced in *The Times* that Wolseley Motors had brought out the "Hornet," a new small 6-cylinder model to sell as a fabric saloon at £175. The coachbuilt saloon costs £10 more. These prices are undoubtedly progressive, especially in view of the equipment of the models, including as it does 12-volt lighting and starting with electrically operated dip and switch head lights and combined tail and stop light, chromium finish to all outside bright parts, safety glass, thermostatic radiator shutters and a calorimeter, petrol gauge, bumpers, hydraulic shock absorbers, and so forth.

The 6-cylinder engine is of 57 and 83 mm. bore and stroke, which make the capacity 1,271.3c.c., and the Treasury rating is 12.08 horse-power, which makes the annual tax £12. Both valves and camshaft are overhead, following modern Wolseley practice and inaugurated in the original 16/45 h.p. 6-cylinder, and they are driven by spiral bevel gears. The crankshaft runs in four bearings and there is full pressure lubrication. The carburettor is fed by gravity from a tank on the dash. It is noteworthy that the water circulation is helped by an impeller and there are thermostatically operated shutters in front of the radiator. Steering is by worm and wheel. The clutch and gearbox form a single unit with the engine, and, while the clutch is of the single-plate dry type, the gearbox has three forward speeds and a ball pattern central change lever. The propeller-shaft is open and has fabric disc joints. The spiral bevel driven back axle is three-quarter floating and has a two-pinion differential gear. The springs front and back are half-elliptical, and there are Lockheed hydraulic brakes. The tires are 4in. for 19in. rims. Wheelbase, track, and ground clearance measure 7ft. 6½in., 3ft. 6in., and 8½in., the overall length, width, and height are 11ft. 1in., 4ft. 3½in., and 5ft. 3in. respectively, while the turning circle is given at about 39ft.

MINERS' WELFARE FUND

The total income of the Miners' Welfare Fund from the time of its institution to April 30 this year, according to a return made by the Mines Department was £10,000,920. The allocations last month amounted to £103,019, while payments on account of allocations were £55,096. The total allocations have now reached £8,593,486, and the payments on account of allocations £7,365,425. An analysis of the allocations shows that £3,600,870 has been devoted to recreation, £2,558,569 to health services, £705,609 to education, £168,151 to administrative expenses, £669,043 to research, and £1,091,241 to pit welfare.

A new record was made at Grimsby last week when over 4,000 tons of fish were brought to the port, most of it by British fishermen.

LOUVRE FASHION WEEK
BEGINS TO-DAY

Black and white is always smart, and in this ensemble the combination is particularly effective, the material used being a rich satin. The bodice is fitted to the hips, from which the skirt flares gracefully, and the detachable cape is scalloped in a new and very attractive manner. GNS 8½

Capes are being worn on every possible occasion, and this model shows a delightful interpretation of the vogue. A slender line is given by the unusual seam treatment on the bodice, while the skirt is box-pleated in front. The georgette collar, cuffs, and front give a dainty finish. In black/white or brown/beige/blue. GNS 9

This daintyensemble is fashioned from a heavy quality printed crêpe de Chine and has a georgette tuck-in blouse. The finger-tip coat features a smart stand-up collar and is finished with two pockets, while the accordion-pleated skirt is neatly fitted to the waist. In black/beige or black/green. 89/6

Printed crêpe de Chine has been used for this attractive two-piece. The accordion-pleated skirt is divided from the bodice by a band of plain crêpe de Chine, which is repeated on the coat. Tucks on the bodice at waist ensure a slender fitting. Available in black/white only. GNS 7

Moiré silk and crêpe de Chine have been used for this stylish three-piece, which shows an interesting treatment of the flared skirt, which has one pleat at each side and a bib yoke. The tuck-in sleeveless blouse is of crêpe de Chine and has a pleat-edged jabot. In black/green or navy/saxe. GNS 9

The smartness of the spot design is charmingly illustrated in this three-piece of printed crêpe de Chine. The flared coat is of the new uneven length and has two georgette cuffs to match the tuck-in blouse. The skirt is fitted to the waist and has two inverted pleats each side. In black/white or navy/white. GNS 8½

Mannequin Parades Daily at 3 p.m.

NOT for many seasons has there been such a distinct change in fashion; long skirts and a higher waistline are once more *de rigueur*. In these parades at The Louvre will be shown a complete collection of Summer Fashions for every occasion, which cannot fail to engage the interest of every style-conscious woman.

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PRETTY SMOCK No. 7237, in Duro lawn with knickers to match, in many pretty shades. 22ins. Rising 1/- a size. 22/6

DAINTY COTTON WASHING FROCK, No. 1258, in a pin spot design. Colours: Red, Green, and Blue, with knickers to match. 24ins. Rising 9d. a size. 15/6

PRETTY HAT, No. 2031, in Blue Rush Straw, trimmed Blue Cherries 25/9

STRAW HAT, No. 1088, to match, trimmed corded ribbon. 22/6

DAINTY HAT, No. 2062, in Cream Straw with Ruched Ribbon round crown. Brim underlined lace. 16/9

BRUSHED WOOL CARDIGAN, No. 749, trimmed pretty wool design. Made in all colours. 16ins. Rising 9d. a size. 12/-

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COTTON WASHING FROCK, No. 1263, with knickers to match. Colours: Blue, Green, and Yellow. 24ins. Rising 9d. a size. 15/9

USEFUL TWEED SKIRT, No. 6729, with inverted pleats down front. Made in many useful colours. 20ins. Rising 1/- a size. 10/9

PLEATED SKIRT, No. 6654, in fine cloth, buttoning on to sateen bodice. Colours: Navy, Green, Beige, and Saxe Blue. 18ins. Rising 9d. a size. 14/9

HAND-KNITTED SILK/WOOL PULLOVER, No. 4934, in mixed colourings. Square neck, buttoning on shoulder. 18ins. Rising 1/- a size. 29/6

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SHADOW PROOF PRINCESS PETTICOAT in heavy quality Japanese Silk. A practical design for wearing with all light frocks, a deep panel of self material arranged back and front of skirt. Bodice trimmed with wide fold of Ivory or Ecru net. In Ivory, Pink, Peach, Beige and Black. PRICE 21/9

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DIRECTOIRE KNICKER to match with flat fitting knee band. PRICE 12/9

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NIGHT-DRESS AS SKETCH in Pure Silk Floral Crêpe-de-Chine of exceptionally rich quality. Original neck line and Jabot of Cream Honiton lace. Finished with pleats either side. In Peach, Ivory, Sky, Apple Green, Pink, Yellow, and Mauve. PRICE 29/6

Also in pure Silk Brocké Crêpe-de-Chine at the same price.

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DELPHIC FESTIVAL

"THE SUPPLIANTS" OF AESCHYLUS

THE ANCIENT TRADITION

(FROM OUR DRAMATIC CRITIC)

DELPHI

It is generally the habit of a modern Chorus in a Greek play to seem at once indecisive and affected. They appear to have found themselves unexpectedly on the stage, to have begun to wonder whether they are actors, dancers, or spectators, and to be moving always with the embarrassment of a schoolboy who, without understanding, construes with a bad crib. It is, too, commonly the fate of *The Suppliants* of Aeschylus to be spoken of as an obscure play to be treasured less for its intrinsic dramatic value than for its importance as a link between the drama and the dithyramb. What gives the Delphic performance its distinction is, first of all, that it converts the skeleton of Aeschylean text into a living work of art; and secondly, that its choral work is un-selfconscious, decisive, and firm.

The Danaids, divided into five groups each under the direction of a leader, and accompanied by two dozen handmaidens, wear the black, rigid wigs of Egypt and enwrapping robes of which the white is modified by a faint line. It is as far from being a pretty costume as a costume can be that is not deliberately grotesque; it is not comparable in grace with the silk classical garments of rich colour and heavy, closely woven texture that are made in Mme. Sikelianou's own workshop for the Daughters of Oceanus; but it is for its own purpose designed with genius and assists to mark the contrast between the austere ritualism of the Chorus of *The Suppliants* and the dramatically less important and more consciously decorative quality of the Oceanides.

The basis of Mme. Sikelianou's choral movements is a study of classical Greek vases. Some critics have objected to this on the following grounds—that the poses thus obtained are in their essence static and that to incorporate their angularities in a dance is to address an instrument to a wrong purpose and to imitate slavishly the faults of immature artists. There is reason in this objection, but not so much as should rob Mme. Sikelianou's work of honour. She might, indeed, when designing choral movement, take a leaf out of the book of M. Psachos, the composer of the music. He has drawn upon two principal sources: Byzantine music as represented in the traditions of the Orthodox Church, and peasant music which, having been handed down by illiterate folk from instrument to instrument and from voice to voice, is often of unfathomable antiquity. Mme. Sikelianou's critics would have her also allow authority to the village and the hillside, where, as one may see clearly enough in many parts of Greece, a stubborn and probably very ancient tradition of dancing has been naturally preserved. To borrow from this tradition more liberally than Mme. Sikelianou has done might give an added suppleness and freedom to her choral movement, but to rule out the vases as an acceptable source is to carry criticism too far. It is true that the vase-pictures are static, but that is no reason for their not being regarded as a kind of notation of movement. This is how Mme. Sikelianou has regarded them. The angularities of the original, though still perceptible, are softened in the fluency of the stately dance. And the final test is, after all, the Chorus's emotional effect. Do they fit into the Aeschylean pattern? Are they an assembly of *poseuses* or an integral part of the drama? Are they detached and, at best, decorative, or are they contributory to the theme? There were moments when the Oceanides did fall into decorative detachment, but the Danaids never. They were more than contributory to the theme; they were the theme itself. They were more than a part of the drama; they were its principal character.

It has often been pointed out as remarkable by commentators on *The Suppliants* that Aeschylus, having decided to use the actor and having latent in himself that prodigious power to thrust forward the history of drama of which his extant pieces are evidence, should here have employed the actor so little. Only in the sharp dialogue between the Argive King and Herald, it has been said, is there contest of individuals, and a complete, though momentary, emancipation of the dramatic from the narrative or ritualistic forms. The reason commonly given for this, and indeed the only reason deducible from an unacted text, is that Aeschylus was as yet half-blind to his own discovery; that he held the actor in his hands as a child holds a strange toy, knowing not how to use him. This explanation, this misunderstanding of Aeschylus, lies, I believe, at the root of the charges of obscurity and "primitiveness" that have been brought against the play. In performance at Delphi it is neither primitive nor obscure. When once the Chorus is felt as a living presence with collective individuality and character, the play appears, not as a primitive struggling towards a new drama, but as a fully developed product of an older tradition. In departures from this tradition Aeschylus was certainly experimenting, but the impression given by the performance is that the experiments were being made as much in reluctance as in eagerness. Whenever the actor shows his head above the choral unity we feel instantly that, though the tension is increased, an extraordinary composure, a deep and passionate perfection of design, is being dissipated. What was this composed perfection that our drama is without and that Aeschylus, for all the promise of a different form, was reluctant to sacrifice? May it not have consisted in this—that the collective formalism of 50 Danaids may more serenely express the universal truths of the spirit than the particularized portrait of one woman? Is it not possible that the pre-Aeschylean drama held already a key that gave it freedom from the bonds of naturalism—a key for which modern dramatists from Strindberg to Lenormand have been desperately seeking? The Chorus, we know, had other and less aesthetically conscious origins, but by the time of Aeschylus it had probably become a highly conscious aesthetic instrument used not merely ritualistically and lyrically but as a synthesis of humanity that our particularized and personal stage has lost.

Whatever the mystery of the dramatic past may have been, it was towards this remote secret that *The Suppliants* turned the attention of its audience. The excitement of it was not in witnessing, in a few fragments, the birth of the drama to come, but in striving to recognize in its substance the form and spirit of the ancient tradition from which it sprang. Every man might interpret in his own way the echoes of the past, and of such echoes, such close and intimate whisperings, the theatre at Delphi was full. None but a performance of the utmost beauty and wisdom could have invoked them.

EMMA HAMILTON

LETTER GIVEN TO MUSEUM

A SIDELIGHT ON HER HUSBAND

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT)

An interesting and apparently unrecorded letter from Sir William Hamilton to his nephew Charles Greville has come to light at the British Museum in a collection received by the Trustees as a gift from Lady Capel Cure. The general collection of papers presented by Lady Capel Cure is a very large one, consisting of charters and letters pertaining to the Greville and Oxenden families, and many manuscripts from the same sources have just been distributed to the Bodleian, the Guildhall Library, the Chapter Library at Canterbury, the National Library of Wales, and the India Office. The selection made for the British Museum is particularly rich in correspondence relating to the Hamiltons.

The most notable is a letter which Sir William Hamilton at Naples wrote on June 1, 1785 to Greville; it is addressed to the little house in Kings Mews, Paddington Green, where Greville was then living with Emma Hart and their child. A note on the back by the recipient's brother Robert makes it clear that it is an answer to one addressed to Sir William by Charles Greville on May 5 of the same year. Sir William has been travelling about Italy, and he records with delight his visit to Cicero's Arpinum villa, and to a Trappist monastery; he has been comparing on the spot the drainage system of the Fucine Lake constructed by the Emperor Claudius as it then appeared with the account of the scheme by Suetonius, and finds the historian on the whole accurate. A trip to "the famous convent of Monte Cassino," had given him a different pleasure.

From this record of his travels he breaks off with some unwillingness, to discuss certain business with which his nephew had apparently been pressing him, particularly Charles's prospects as his next inheritor. "Had I married Lady C.," says Sir William, "as might have happened, it would have been a cruel disappointment to you after having declared you my heir." This had not happened, and Charles might now consider himself reasonably secure. Sir William himself had had (so he suggests) a hard enough time until he was relieved by the generosity of the first Lady Hamilton (who had died three years before), but he will now have enough to live on, even should he be dismissed from his Majesty's service. But he will put nothing out of his power during his lifetime "to be sure so far I am selfish and I have lived long enough to experience that most people are so. . . . Being a younger brother myself and having made my own fortune and being at liberty to dispose of it myself," he will do so. Charles must wait.

Further matters of family business are discussed before Sir William comes to what was evidently the most important proposal in Charles's letter. It is as well to continue the quotation verbatim:—

"As to E., was I in England, and you was to bring your present plan to bear, and she woud consent to put herself under my protection, I would take her most readily, for I really love her and think better of her than of any one in her Situation, but my Dear Charles, there is a great difference between her being with you or me for she really loves you when she coud only esteem and suffer me—I see so many difficulties in her coming here shoud you be under the necessity of parting with her that I can never advise it—tho' a great City Naples has every defect of a Province and nothing you do is secret. It woud be fine funn for the young English travellers to endeavour to cuckold the old gentleman, Sig. Ambasciatore, and whether they succeeded or not woud surely give me uneasiness—my regard for E. is such that if she leaves you and retires in the Country, which I suppose she woud do was you to marry I woud willingly make her an allowance of 50£ a year till your circumstances enable you to provide better for her. I do assure you when I was in England tho' her exquisite beauty had frequently its effects on me it never would have come into my head to propose a freedom beyond an innocent kiss while she belonged to my friend—and I do assure you I shoud like better to be with you both here and see you happy than to have her all to myself for I am sensible I am not a match for so much wealth and beauty. Now all is out I most sincerely wish you success in any plan that can conduce to your happiness and I do really (?) believe my friendship for you is more sincere than most friendships are in this world. Adieu my Dr Charles."

Sir William's character—kindly, self-indulgent, and generous within limits—is well displayed, and it is especially curious to observe how near he is to predicting the tri-partite establishment which was to arise some 15 years later, not with Greville but with Nelson. He had met Emma in England in the summer of 1784, and is said to have made her a half serious offer of hospitality in Naples at that time. Greville now managed to overcome his uncle's objections, and the girl and her mother arrived in Naples on March 14, 1786, under the conduct of the painter, Gavin Hamilton, with the avowed purpose of studying music and singing. Not till November did she accept Sir William's more emotional proposals, and nearly five years later, in September, 1791, she succeeded in persuading him to make her Lady Hamilton in St. Marylebone Church. As for Charles and his prospects discussed in the early part of the newly discovered letter, it may be observed that when Sir William died in 1803 Greville was made his uncle's sole executor and received £7,000 and Hamilton's Swansea estate. He had himself been the means by which he was deprived of the sole interest in his uncle's fortune.

MANUSCRIPTS FROM CLUMBER

Other additions to the Department of Manuscripts at the British Museum, received on Saturday, include 179 manuscript volumes and seven rolls from Clumber, which the trustees of the late Duke of Newcastle have deposited on loan for a provisional period of three years. The illuminated manuscripts in this collection are of importance, for they include the Lamoignon Book of Hours (closely related to the French Bedford Book of Hours in the Museum), a fine North Italian breviary with late fifteenth-century pen-and-ink heads of great beauty, and a volume in which an exceptional number of Indian miniatures of various schools are collected. The Chartulary of Beaulieu, the medieval epitome of history known as the Chronicles of Gembloux, and texts of the Chronicle of Benet Hulme, Geoffrey of Monmouth's Historia Britonum, and the Chronicle of John of Oxenden are among the historical manuscripts. The holographs include the original Byron's "Curse of Minerva."

Among the purchases of the Department of Manuscripts is a fine Russian gospel bought through the Bridgwater Fund, which resembles in its decorations the Gospel Book of 1507, executed in the Nicolai Monastery at Moscow. The full-page miniatures of the evangelists (done in a style which has been a little tenuously compared with that of the icon-painter, Rublev) are faced with silk, and there are illuminated head-pieces. A number of medieval scientific texts of the Arabic, Turkish, and Persian schools are notable not only for their importance in the history of science, particularly astronomy, but also as examples of calligraphy.

The collection of prints and drawings has acquired two bound English collections, one a relatively complete assembly of the engravings of John Scott (1774-1838), the animal and sporting engraver. The second contains the travel sketches and water-colours of Barker, of Bath, dated in the year 1793, when he returned from Rome.

A contemporary British artist, Thomas Turner, who worked originally as an engraver and designer for porcelain and then founded the Caughley porcelain works in Shropshire, is represented in the Ceramic Department by 31 complete specimens of the porcelain made at Caughley between 1772 and 1814, and a number of fragments and "wasters." This valuable collection has hitherto been in the possession of Turner's descendants, and includes 17 copper-plates used for transfer of his designs, including variations of the Willow pattern, which he introduced to England.

The additions to Printed Books include the first English translation (1750) of Montaigne's "Esprit des Lois," and a number of small sixteenth and seventeenth century pamphlets. Among these are John Evelyn's reply in 1660 to the anti-Stuart pamphlet "The Late News from Bruxeles," decorated with a German engraving of Charles II., an heroic ode to "the All Conquering Genius" of James II. upon his accession, by one T. R. d. L., and an interesting Latin poem, "Aegloga," by the Belgian poet, Remacle d'Ardenne. This eclogue, published by Gilles de Gourmont apparently in Paris in 1513, is not recorded in the catalogue of the Bibliothèque Nationale, and is the more interesting as it reflects d'Ardenne's stay in England during the previous year.

RIFLE SHOOTING

CAMBRIDGE PAST AND PRESENT

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

N.R.A. CAMP, BISLEY, MAY 10

Though persistent rain here to-day made shooting uncomfortable, especially for half a dozen public school teams engaged in Ashburton practices, conditions were not really bad for marksmanship on the Century ranges. At Stickledown, however, a fish-tail wind that veered some three minutes of angle, with little or no indication of the change, kept scores low. Yet Mr. E. L. Eldridge won a Stock Exchange shoot with a score of 93 points out of 100, which included 49 points at 1,000 yards.

The schools were not concerned entirely with preparations for the Ashburton Shield. Harrow was preparing for a match with the Stock Exchange on May 31 as well as for the "Birthday" Trophy Empire competition, which the School won last year. Sussex R.A. has received 25 public school entries for the Cusack-Smith Bowl match, including four of the schools which shot here to-day. As all the matches and competitions are arranged on Ashburton lines, the earlier events will serve as useful trials for the Shield competition on July 10.

A match shot this afternoon, between teams of eight, of Cambridge University marksmen and ex-members of the University, served the same purpose, so far as two ranges are concerned in connexion with the Chancellors' Plate. The older men beat the undergraduates by 10 points at 200 yards; the latter reversed those figures at 600 yards; and it was by an advantage of only three points gained at 500 yards that the "veterans" won. The Indian team which Count de Salis is preparing for the Kolapore Cup shot over with the University match, and beat the winners by five points. As a trial, the result should satisfy the University men, for they scored 90·71 per cent. of the h.p.s. at 500 yards and 87·14 per cent. at 600 yards, whereas in the last Chancellors' Plate match, the Cambridge percentages were 87·5 and 85·5, respectively.

The vacancy caused on the N.R.A. Staff by the death of Captain C. E. Tucker has been filled by the appointment this week of Captain L. H. Whiteing, of the Loyal Regiment. Mr. G. Pothard, secretary of the S.M.R.C., has broken his leg, and his duties have been taken over temporarily by Mr. F. J. Tucknott of the statistical department.

The principal results in S.M.L.E. and .22 matches were as follows:—

CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY. PAST AND PRESENT
King's 1st Stage conditions; h.p.s., 840 points:—

	200 yds.	500 yds.	600 yds.	Tl.
1. VETERANS—				
A. J. Andrews	34	33	31	98
R. J. Middlemas	31	32	33	96
A. H. Vicars	32	34	30	96
D. H. Steere	34	32	30	96
P. V. J. Hobday	33	32	28	93
J. W. Notman	32	32	28	92
T. H. N. Whitehurst	32	32	28	92
G. F. Anderson	32	30	28	90
	260	257	236	753
2. UNIVERSITY—				
W. L. Fielding	34	32	32	98
E. H. Taylor	32	30	34	96
F. T. J. Prunty	30	32	32	94
R. P. Razzall-Oakeley	32	32	30	94
G. W. Lewis	31	32	30	93
E. A. Chapman	31	32	30	93
J. J. F. Russell	30	33	29	92
L. C. Lee	30	31	29	90
	250	254	246	750

N.R.A. CLUB COMPETITIONS

N. LONDON R.C. (first stage conditions):—1, J. Dalziel, 102; 2, E. Grimwade, 101; 3, D. L. McSweeney, 100; 4, T. Sutton, 100; 5, A. J. Warner, 99; 6, S. C. McKeon, 99; 7, F. F. C. Webb, 99; 8, A. H. Gilmann, 98; 9, A. J. Marchment, 98; 10, A. Orchardson, 98.

S. LONDON R.C. (First stage conditions):—1, E. Grimwade, 101; 2, W. Jagger, 100; 3, P. S. Bapty, 100; 4, F. Stanton Barnes, 99; 5, H. J. Vodden, 98; 6, G. W. Downs, 98; 7, G. Ayres, 97; 8, C. F. Floyd, 97.

STOCK EXCHANGE R.C. (200 and 600 yards; h.p.s., 100 pts.):—1, J. Coates, 91; 2, G. Richardson, 91; 3, K. C. Hawkey, 89; 4, Roger Riley, 88; 5, E. L. Eldridge, 88; 6, A. W. L. M. Blount, 83.

LONDON AND MIDDLESEX R.A. (first stage conditions).—1, T. Sutton, 102; 2, E. Grimwade, 101; 3, A. C. Bolton 101; 4, P. S. Bapty, 100; 5, F. Stanton Barnes, 99; 6, H. J. Vodden, 98; Alex. Martin, 96; 8, S. H. Alexander, 96; 9, W. Webster, 96.

CITY R.C. (first stage conditions):—1, E. Grimwade, 101; 2, A. C. Bolton, 100; 3, W. G. Young (Silver Medal), 97; 4, G. W. Downs, 96; 5, W. H. Alexander, 96; 6, C. F. H. Bayly, 96; 7, G. V. McCartney, 96; 8, S. Arkill, 96; 9, E. S. Fremantle, 94; 10, E. G. Dennett, 93.

S.M.R.C. LEAGUES

NATIONAL LEAGUE (Second Round).—Division I.—Ham and Petersham A, 2,340, beat St. John's (Bed.) A, 2,340; Ham and Petersham B, 2,340, beat Malden A, 2,340; Addiscombe A, 2,340, beat Polish Lord Roberts, 2,316; Wimbledon Park A, 2,337, beat Hendon and Cricklewood, 2,328. Division II.—Dickinson, 1,751, beat Faversham, 1,729; Uxbridge Saw Mills, 1,729, beat Grimsby Central A, 1,731; Exeter Central, 1,727, beat Alexandra Palace A, 1,735. Division III.—Wimbledon Park B, 1,704, beat Eltham, 1,720; Bournemouth A, 1,742, beat Ipswich, 1,727; Talbot, 1,740, beat Walthamstow Ensign, 1,701; Maidenhead, 1,730, beat Brentham A, 1,727. Division IV.—Wandsworth A, 1,762, beat Alperton Wembley A, 1,737; L.M.S. (Derby), 1,748, beat Hendon and Cricklewood B, 1,701; Grimsby Central B, 1,737, beat Lyons A, 1,694; Exeter Central, 1,727, beat Wimbledon and District, 1,718; Wimbledon Park C, 1,709, beat Exmouth B, 1,686. Division VI.—Cheam, 1,722, beat Abington, 1,610; Brentham B, 1,703, beat Ayot, 1,695; Upton R, 1,686, beat Dunlop B, 1,653.

SCOTTISH LEAGUE (First Round).—Edinburgh Caledonia, 1,737, beat Portobello, 1,704; Perth, 1,722, beat Rennell, 1,727; Laurieston, 1,727, beat Peebles, 1,724.

56TH DIVISION

H.A.C. SUCCESSES AT ANNUAL MEETING

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

PIRBRIGHT, MAY 11

The 56th (1st London) Division have been distinctly unlucky in their weather this week-end. With a long programme for their annual rifle meeting, they began a stage of their rifle championship in the rain storms of yesterday afternoon. Rain fell during the shooting this morning and when it ceased a strong south-westerly wind and a changeable light made conditions worse rather than better.

The effect of those conditions was felt at its worst in the Machine Gun competition for the Duke of Sutherland Challenge Cup. The match was shot on Dewar Trophy lines, modified to suit the standard of ordinary battalion competitions; but of 29 teams which entered only two (both from the H.A.C.) succeeded in scoring hits on an L.A. target, which came into use only after groups of plates (for which no points were allowed) had been struck.

The Lord Mayor and Lady Waterlow watched the final stage of the rifle championship and the Lord Mayor afterwards presented the prizes and congratulated Major-General H. Isacke on the efficiency of his Division.

The results of the squadded competitions were as follows:—

DUKE OF SUTHERLAND'S CUP.—Teams of one M.G. detachment; iron plates to be struck as preliminary to fire on 6ft. L.A. target.—1, No. 2 Coy., 3rd team, H.A.C., 29; 2, No. 2 Coy., 2nd team, H.A.C., 13.

CITY LIEUTENANTS' CUP.—Rifle teams of 16; conditions as for T.A.R.A. Lord Lieutenant's Cup; h.p.s., 1,280 points.—1, H.A.C., 1,021; 2, Post Office Rifles, 923; 3, L.R.B., 902; 4, 1st City of London Regt., 893; 5, Rangers, 859; 6, City of London Rifles, 701; 7, Queen Victoria's Rifles, 781; 8, Finsbury Rifles, 743; 9, 2nd City of London Regt., 692; 10, 3rd City of London Regt., 672; 11, 4th City of London Regt., 634.

HAMPDEN CUP.—Battalion teams of 14; 1 rifle and 1 L.G. section.—1, H.A.C., 430; 2, Rangers, 378; 3, L.R.B., 355; 4, Queen Victoria's Rifles, 347; 5, Post Office Rifles, 275; 6, 10th London Regt., 241; 7, 1st City of London Regt., 233; 8, 2nd City of London Regt., 190; 9, City of London Rifles, 197; 10, 4th City of London Regt., 153; 11, 3rd City of London Regt., 149.

FALKNER CUP.—Company teams of 13; 1 rifle and 1 L.G. section.—1, No. 4 Coy., H.A.C., 265; 2, No. 3 Coy., H.A.C., 262; 3, A Coy., Post Office Rifles, 169; 4, B Coy., L.R.B., 151; 5, D Coy., The Rangers, 147; 6, A Coy., L.R.B., 146; 7, D Coy., 1st City of London Regt., 134; 8, B Coy., 10th London Regt., 133; 9, D Coy., City of London Rifles, 96; 10, A Coy., City of London Rifles, 89.

MARCHMENT MATCH.—Revolver teams of three; conditions as for N.R.A. Bargrave-Deane Semi-final Round.—Post Office Rifles A beat the Rangers; Finsbury Rifles beat Post Office Rifles C. Final.—Finsbury Rifles beat Post Office Rifles A.

INDIVIDUAL RIFLE CHAMPIONSHIP.—Final.—Shot by 24 leaders in first stage; 600 to 400 yards, with movement.—1 (Gold Badge), Lt. R. E. W. Johnson, L.R.B., 103; 2 (Silver Badge), Rfn. Bailey, L.R.B., 95. Bronze Badges.—Cpl. Robertson, Q. Victoria's Rifles, 89; Cpl. Piper, H.A.C., 84; C.Q.M.S. Compton, 4th City of London Regt., 82; Rfn. Clayden, L.R.B., 81; L.-Cpl. Champness, H.A.C., 78; Pte. Mell, H.A.C., 76; Cpl. Brock, Rangers, 75; R.Q.M.S. Kiss, Finsbury Rifles, 73.

CONSOLATION PRIZE (non-prize winners).—1st City of London Regt.

THE POET OF THE MANX

The English Association held a meeting in the City of London School, Victoria Embankment, on Friday, when Mr. J. H. Fowler gave a lecture on "T. E. Brown: A Centenary Study." Mr. J. H. WHITLEY, the ex-Speaker, presided. Mr. FOWLER said it was quite possible that some of his audience knew T. E. Brown only by the two fragmentary poems that appeared in most of the anthologies. While he thought most of Brown's admirers would base his claim to poetic immortality upon his narrative poems in the Manx dialect, he suggested that among Brown's greatest poems were three that came mid-way in length between the shorter lyrics and the long poems in dialect—the "Epistola ad Dakyns," "Old John," and "Aber Stations." The "Epistola ad Dakyns" he regarded as the greatest of all. On their purely poetic merits there could be no doubt that "Fo'c'sle Yarns" deserved to live. These would always be cherished in their own island home, and outside of the island they would enjoy that real but limited life which was enjoyed by Crabbe's "Tales."

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£15 Group — SQUIRREL — NATURAL GREY SQUIRREL, BEIGE SQUIRREL, MUSQUASH AND MOLESKIN, AMERICAN BROADTAIL AND MINK MARMOT models beautifully furriered and originally made to sell at the prices indicated below. 69 gns., 59 gns., 49 gns., 39 gns. All now £15

£10 Group — MUSQUASH — ANTELOPE, BROWN MUSQUASH, SILVER MUSQUASH, PESCHANIKI, MINK MARMOT, trimmed and untrimmed models in brown or black fur indicate the variety which is available in this group originally priced at 49 gns., 39 gns., and 29 gns. All now £10

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KOLINSKY. A group of furs moderately priced, none made to sell at less than twice the figure. The group includes Sable ties, Stone Marten, Baum Marten, Skunk Wraps, Sable Kolinsky, illustrated, large and small wraps. This week 9 Gns

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Below are described eight typical examples from the collection of original Paris Models at £20, no two alike—and Gooch's advise an early inspection.

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Oddments — Reduced from 10, 8, & 7 GNS.

16 BEAR STOLES reduced to 10/6

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MOLESKIN COATS, Mink Marmot, American Broadtail Lamb, Antelope, Seal-colour Fur Coats, trimmed with Skunk, outsize models and small size models indicate the variety available in this Special Group. None was priced originally at less than 16 GNS. All now at the three prices

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Sable & Martens — Baum Marten and Mink

7 SABLE TIES originally priced at 12 gns. £4

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in a beige shade with a good depth of fur, fine brush and mounted head lined with silk. None priced at less than 4 Gns. All for sale at £1

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Letters to the Editor

COAL MINES BILL

CONTROL OF PRICE AND OUTPUT

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—The House of Lords has given the Coal Mines Bill a second reading, and will now proceed to discuss it in Committee. Probably no other course was open to a Second Chamber whose functions are restricted to those of revision and of preventing legislation which has not been endorsed by public opinion in the country.

Broadly speaking, there are two tests of public opinion—the endorsement of the programme of the victorious party at a General Election, and the views of the elected representatives as expressed in the House of Commons. Let these two tests be applied to the Coal Bill. The Government may justly claim to have secured a mandate for shorter hours and the creation of appropriate machinery for the settlement of disputes. It cannot, however, assert that the restrictive clauses regulating output and fixing a minimum price have ever been submitted to the verdict of the electorate. Never before has it been suggested that to dig out of the ground more than a certain quantity of coal or to sell it at less than a certain price should be regarded as punishable offences. How can this policy be squared with the laudable objects of protecting the consumer and providing employment which the Government is now endeavouring to tackle?

As to the second test, the Bill can hardly be said to represent the views of the majority of the House of Commons. In the early stages many of its provisions were strongly denounced by Liberal members, and its third reading was only carried through the abstention of the bulk of this party. "Log rolling" is a mild description of this kind of legislation. In these circumstances the moral responsibility of the Second Chamber to the electorate to undertake a careful scrutiny, and if need be drastic revision, is clearly indicated.

In the past the prosperity of our industries has been built up on three factors—enterprise, competition, and cheap raw materials. This Bill seeks to eliminate all three, substituting in their place State control, combines, and dear coal. Further, it will tend to increase unemployment, especially in the exporting coal areas. An ounce of experience is worth a ton of theory. For instance, in South Wales the voluntary marketing scheme, whose main features the Bill is intended to stabilize, has now been in operation for several months. During this period one of the largest exporting coal companies has lost a number of contracts abroad owing to the minimum price restrictions. It has invested large sums in equipping coal depôts in South America and elsewhere where it has to meet German and American competition. Our competitors are not bound by this restriction. They know the minimum price and are therefore able to undersell us. Our powers of bargaining with our customers are severely curtailed. Whatever truth there may be in the assertion of one speaker in the House of Lords that negotiations are afoot with Continental exporters to carve out spheres of influence abroad, it is certain that in the meantime we are rapidly losing markets which we have consistently supplied for many years. Once lost it will be difficult, if not impossible, to regain them. To give one example, I may mention the case of a Brazilian railway which has always used South Wales coal on its system. Recently tenders were invited in the usual way, but our quotation, based upon the minimum price under the scheme, was beaten by 1s. 9d. per ton for German coal.

These marketing conditions are reflected in the operations at the collieries, on the railways, and at the docks. The volume of traffic is correspondingly reduced. Loss of contracts means less output; restricted output produces unemployment. Thus at the nine collieries of this concern the aggregate number of "stop" days registered during the months of February, March, and April was 102, 67, and 53 respectively, which means that in some weeks our employees have been compelled to return home with only three or four days' pay instead of a full week's wages. Many of them would probably have been better off if they had been on the "dole."

Never during the last 40 years have we experienced such conditions, which, if not wholly attributable to, have nevertheless been seriously aggravated by those very restrictions which the Bill now seeks to impose upon the export of Welsh coal.

I am, Sir, yours faithfully,
DAVID DAVIES, Chairman, Ocean Coal and Wilsons, Limited.
Plas Dinam, Llandinam, Montgomeryshire, May 9.

SAFEGUARDING INDUSTRY

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—Standing outside of the political world, I hope I may still express my satisfaction on reading in *The Times* yesterday Mr. Neville Chamberlain's outspoken words, under the heading of "The Conservative Policy," on the question of safeguarding certain industries.

There will be many people throughout the Kingdom recognizing free trade as a policy to which our efforts should be directed who will welcome the promise of the extension of the safeguarding policy, where experience and economic theory show that it will be helpful to certain trades. Even my friend Harold Cox, shy of seeming to say an encouraging word as to safeguarding certain industries, admits, in his interesting article in this month's *Nineteenth Century* magazine, that "it is of course true that in one or two special cases, the imposition of a tariff has been followed by, or accompanied by" (he is very cautious), "such an extension of trade that it has been found to reduce the cost of production." But I may ask whether he and others have forgotten the words of Lord Moulton, spoken in his last speech at a luncheon at which I was present. He said:—

> I am an old free trader; my definition of a free trader to-day would be more elaborate than that which used to satisfy me; we dare no more leave our great industries at the mercy of a foreign country than we dare trust a foreign country for our guns and ammunition.

He had not forgotten that we had to send abroad for the chemical glass required for the manufacture of the optical instruments which our Army absolutely needed.

Yours obediently,
PHILIP MAGNUS.
Chilworth, May 9.

VETERANS OF THE CRIMEA

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—With the death of Fleet Engineer William Glasspole there passes one who is believed to have been the oldest officer on the Navy List. In addition to those names of surviving officers mentioned in *The Times* to-day, another is Captain J. Edward Hunter, R.N., now in his 97th year. But the oldest naval veteran of the war with Russia is believed to be William Wilkie Freeman, of Semaphore, near Adelaide, South Australia, who is in his 101st year. He holds the Baltic Medal (1854). He is now blind.

A. J. WATERFIELD.
11, Lightcliffe-road, Palmers Green, May 10.

ARBITRATION AT GENEVA

AMENDING THE COVENANT

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—In view of the forthcoming discussions at Geneva, may I make a plea that this country should not commit itself to the proposed amendments to the Covenant until it has thoroughly understood their implications? I would refer especially to the amendment to Article XV., which confers upon the Council powers of compulsory arbitration in respect of all disputes submitted to it. It reads as follows:—

> If the report by the Council is unanimously agreed to by the members of the Council, other than the representatives of the parties to the dispute, the members of the League agree that they will comply with the recommendations of the report. If the Council's recommendation is not carried out the Council shall propose suitable measures to give it effect.

This change effectively destroys the character of the Council as a conciliation commission. The amendment may still leave to the Council powers of simple mediation—that is to say, powers which enable it to bring the parties together and negotiate in their presence. A conciliation commission, however, is something more than a mediator: it has the duty of recommending to the parties a likely solution. Such recommendations the Council will not in future be free to make. When it proceeds to make a final recommendation, it can only do so as an arbitral body, and make an award binding on the disputants, whether the latter agree or not to the solution. Furthermore, the Council undertakes to enforce its decision. The members of the League are already committed to the use of sanctions against a State resorting to war; this amendment places upon them the further duty of employing coercive measures to compel a political settlement.

In these circumstances States will be far less inclined to make use of the Council, which has hitherto provided, for the first time in history, a permanent organ of conciliation. By its means a valuable technique has been developed, enriching the ordinary forms of conciliation by exploiting all the resources and powers which the Council of the League possesses as a constitutional body meeting in regular session.

The proposed change alters the whole basis of the Covenant, under which arbitration is optional (Art. XIII.), and only conciliation is obligatory. The Council is designed especially to deal with political disputes, that is, those involving rights in the future—changes in the *status quo* allocation of territory, &c.; legal disputes—those relating to existing rights (*e.g.*, interpretation of treaties)—are the kind amenable to compulsory arbitration. States go to war more often about rights in the future, and, when new rights have to be created, the States concerned wish to have an effective voice in their creation; in other words, such disputes are usually settled by conciliation. The sponsors of the amendment, moreover, do not realize that the value of the Council lies not only in thus providing means of settling grave political disputes, but also, if its efforts do not immediately win success, in its powers to safeguard peace while time softens the stubborn wills of the parties. To allow time to work its conciliatory influence is indeed one of the most valuable and the least appreciated of the Council's resources. On the other hand, to impose a swift settlement against the will of one or other of the parties is to court unnecessary risks to peace. The effect indeed would be to attach more importance to the enforcement of justice than to the maintenance of peace, as some members of the Drafting Committee have pointed out.

The Council's tried methods have proved highly successful in most of its 24 cases. The transformation of the Council into an arbitral body would render unworkable its valuable machinery, whose potential uses—including possibly the revision of treaties—are of even greater promise than its actual achievements.

Yours faithfully,
T. P. CONWELL-EVANS.
14, Frognal-gardens, Hampstead, N.W.3, May 10.

SADLER'S WELLS

AN AUTUMN SEASON?

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—After five years of effort the committee of the Sadler's Wells Fund have almost achieved what has often during that period seemed an impossible task. A sum of nearly £80,000 has been raised, much of it in small sums from poor people, to create a second Old Vic, incidentally to save and turn to an admirable use the historic theatre of Sadler's Wells in North London.

We appealed through your columns in February last for £8,500, the sum required to complete the reconstructed theatre by providing seats, equipment, and the necessary minimum of working capital. Towards this total £2,500 has been collected, leaving no more than £6,000, but an essential £6,000, to be raised. Unless this final amount is available by May 28, the date of the next meeting of the Old Vic Governors, it has been definitely decided that the proposed opening of Sadler's Wells in the early autumn must be postponed.

The decision is unavoidable because contracts with players both in drama and opera must be made by the end of May for an autumn season. This will clearly be impossible unless the money for the completion is in sight by the date mentioned. In the circumstances we ask most earnestly for immediate support. Any help will be of value, but we trust that it may be on a substantial scale from those who can afford it.

We wish to draw attention to a feature in the reconstructed Sadler's Wells Theatre which will be unique. All seats given will bear the initials of the donor. This will not carry any exclusive right to their use, but it is hoped that anyone who has given a seat or seats will feel that he or she has a permanent stake in the theatre; and it may be of interest to some to book in advance particular seats so allocated.

The cost of providing a seat in the stalls is £1 9s., in the circle £1 5s., in the pit or gallery 15s. Four seats, one of each description, can therefore be provided by a gift of £4 4s. Similarly, a half-row between gangways (15 seats) can be provided for £21 15s. in the stalls and for £18 15s. in the circle.

About 200 seats out of nearly 2,000 have so far been given. It is hoped that eventually all the seats may be personally given and the cost of many other articles of equipment supplied in the same way, but we appeal to your readers for prompt help in any form to bring into being an establishment that will be of vital benefit to the poorer sections of the community. All contributions should be sent to the honorary secretary, Sadler's Wells Fund, 119, Piccadilly, W.1.

Yours faithfully,
DEVONSHIRE (Chairman, Sadler's Wells Fund).
LYTTON (Chairman, Old Vic Governors).
JOHNSTON FORBES-ROBERTSON.
ARTHUR PINERO.

"JACKAROO"

It is not often that one finds a word wrongly defined in a modern dictionary, but I think I have found one. The word is "Jackaroo," and if a dictionary gives any definition at all it is usually described as "an immigrant from England who is new to the bush (Australia)." This description aptly fits the word "Pommy," derived from "Pomegranate." I was a Jackaroo in New South Wales, and I think a better definition would be "a pupil on a sheep station (Australia)." Certainly an Australian can be a Jackaroo, and I have never heard of a Jackaroo save on a sheep station.—Mr. R. G. W. LANE, The Gables, Falfield, Glos.

NAUTICAL MEMORIES

INFORMATION FROM THE AGE OF SAIL

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—During the last 10 years there has been unprecedented publishing activity in nautical subjects and especially in books on the epoch of sail. This is clear evidence that the art, romance, history, and technology of the sailing ship are the subjects attracting the interested public. Much research has been carried out recently, but the field still to be covered is very extensive, and when we consider nautical history of comparatively late times it is open to question whether we are taking all the opportunities for the accumulation of information that are presented to us.

There is an opportunity of obtaining from aged seamen a large amount of detailed and connected information on maritime matters of the last 120 years. Seamen still alive and of 70 years of age and upwards must have seen, and a good proportion of them must have served in, ships which were built at least 20 years before they were born; further, some of these men, when boys, were shipmates with other seamen whose recollections at that time went back 50 years at least. Hence, the old seamen still living should be able to furnish a considerable quantity of accurate information on the undermentioned subjects and covering a period of 110 to 120 years:—

1. Construction of ships and rigging, equipment, &c.
2. Terminology.
3. Seamanship.
4. Sea manners and customs.
5. Details of life on shipboard.
6. Facts about certain famous ships.
7. Passages and passengers.

To put this suggestion into operation it would be necessary to prepare simple *questionnaires* touching specific points, or, alternatively, to invite general comments on any nautical subject on which these aged seamen might be able and willing to tender information, either in writing or orally. It is, in effect, a case of taking the depositions of these men and then submitting their statements to careful scrutiny and comparison one with another and with facts already known. Research closely resembling this has already been carried out with much success in country districts, where information on folklore and folksongs has been collected from the elder inhabitants.

But it is necessary to bear in mind that the opportunity is steadily slipping away as the much attenuated ranks of these survivors of the era of sail are still further thinned by death. There should not be much difficulty in discovering these seamen, for they are likely to be found in institutions and homes for aged mariners, or through the officials of aid societies, and by advertisements in nautical journals, &c.

Yours faithfully,
T. W. MAC ALPINE.

THE CADET CORPS

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—In connexion with the Cadet Corps controversy, may I add my little to the positive side of the question? I am an ex-C.O. of a Grammar School Cadet Corps, and at present a teacher in a selective central school taking boys from 11 to 14 years. I am also a member of the N.U.T., and nothing has decreased my admiration for that body lately more than this unwarrantable interference on their part.

For myself, and I think I am not alone in this experience, I have spent some of the pleasantest moments of my life with a Cadet Corps, both as a cadet and as C.O., on the parade ground and at camp. The great value of such organizations cannot be over-estimated in my opinion, and it is the lack of similar character-formative influences that is one of the weaknesses of the average elementary schoolboy's educational life. There is a certain type of boy who will benefit by the training in a Cadet Corps where nothing else will touch him very much. He "finds himself" in it, and the difference is surprising. In my opinion, it would benefit the majority of boys between 13 and 14 years to have at least two years' service in such an organization.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,
EX-C.O. AND N.U.T. MEMBER.

Points from Letters

DEATH DUTIES AND INSURANCE

It is often suggested that the owner of land or a business may provide for the payment of death duties by insurance, but one consideration is sometimes overlooked. The owner of property worth £1,000,000 desires to keep the capital intact. The estate duty on that value is £290,000, at the rate of 29 per cent., but it will not suffice to insure for £290,000. The estate duty on £1,290,000, at 32 per cent., is £412,800, and there is left £877,200. In order to preserve the capital it is necessary to increase the value of the estate and to pay duty on that increase. In the example given an insurance of £500,000 would not be too much, but on a life aged 50 or 60 the premium would be heavy. Is there a remedy? The obvious one is that insurances effected to provide for payment of death duties ought not themselves to pay duty, but that is hardly practical politics. And now it is proposed, instead of encouraging insurance, to lessen the income-tax rebates on life insurance premiums.—Mr. JOHN F. CHILD, Leicester House, Henley-on-Thames.

PLACING OF PUBLIC MONUMENTS

A correspondent in your issue of May 9 regrets that "there is no body of persons of taste and authority to regulate the arrangement of art treasures in such a way that they shall be shown to the best advantage instead of the worst." She will be glad to know that that evil has recently been remedied and that the body which she advocates does actually exist in the Royal Fine Arts Commission. All that is necessary now is to make proper use of it.—Mr. IAN MACALISTER, Royal Institute of British Architects, 9, Conduit-street, W.1.

THE TELEPHONE TO AUSTRALIA

The cable companies will need to look to their laurels. We had occasion on Saturday to transmit a long message to Australia which would have gone by cable in the ordinary way. Instead we utilized the new telephone service, and in a three-minute conversation, during which the hearing was perfect, the message was transmitted at a considerably less cost (£6) than the ordinary cable rate of 1s. 8d. a word. Many justifiable criticisms are made as to the ordinary telephone service, but in this case at least we have nothing but praise.—Mr. S. ALEXANDER, London manager, Bell's Asbestos and Engineering Supplies, Limited, 157, Queen Victoria-street, E.C.4.

MOTOR CYCLE TRIALS

We wish to join in the protest against the organized invasion of the most secluded parts of the countryside by hordes of motor cyclists on Sundays. This plague has now descended upon the quietest parts of Bucks. They select the narrowest winding lanes, and the footpaths through the woods, and they disfigure the trees with blue paint which apparently is meant to be permanent. It seems incredible that these people have the right to come in a hideous procession roaring and plunging along these remote, peaceful, woodland paths. They do not yet infest all the woods every Sunday, but clearly it is only a beginning, and I think you will agree that the prospect of giving up the beautiful beech woods of Buckinghamshire to the noisiest type of motor traffic is appalling.—Mr. W. S. WATKINS.

THE "IDLE RICH"

I lately advertised for a gardener and had nearly 200 replies, many from employers recommending some man they had had for years and saying: "Owing to excessive taxation we can no longer keep him. Do give him a chance, or he will be out on the world workless." It is the same with chauffeurs. Also many, many people can no longer afford to support the hospitals and charitable institutions that have always been kept up by the "idle rich." Can any country prosper under such a state of affairs? When will these blind Socialists realize that to kill capital is to kill the goose that lays the golden eggs?—Mrs. BOUSTEAD, The Long House, Coombe Warren, Kingston Hill.

STAGE LIGHTING

Mr. Stanley B. Gardner, in *The Times* of May 6, says that the Brunswick Boys' School, Cambridge, has a "fit-up" stage equipped with a collapsible cyclorama and a lighting system which allows of colour mixing. We have also at Trent a stage set of this description. It also was designed and made in the school. The set was completed and tested in our dramatic society's performance last term, and proved to be perfectly satisfactory. Our inspiration was derived from Mr. Harold Ridge, his excellent book, the Festival Theatre, Cambridge, and Mr. John Hampden, whose article, "Everybody's Cyclorama," in the January *Drama* gave us the idea we had long been seeking. The cost of the cyclorama, its lighting equipment, including floods and lamps and six liquid dimmers, was less than £10.—Mr. C. G. VASEY, Trent College, Long Eaton, Nottingham.

LUGGAGE ON THE ROOF

I can vouch for the fact that in the sixties and seventies the railway companies generally allowed the racing boats of crews rowing at regattas to be conveyed on the tops of the carriages in which the oarsmen travelled. I remember at Manchester I and another of the crew had to fix the boats ourselves, which we just completed, and slipped down from the roof through the open carriage window as the train whirled out of the station. There was just room between the boats and the roofs of bridges, and, in my experience, no boat was ever injured.—Mr. W. H. EYRE, Thames Rowing Club, Putney.

A STARLING IN DISTRESS

I was recently interested to see a starling with a piece of bread in his mouth being chased by a rook. The starling was flying round and round in a circle, occasionally uttering a cry of distress and tenaciously keeping the bread. Presently another rook joined in the pursuit and then a third, two of them being posted at different spots and taking up the chase in turns. Finally a fourth rook appeared on the scene, and still the contest continued, when I lost sight of it, but I think the starling won.—Mr. W. MARSHALL, 49, Dover-street, W.1.

NOTTINGHAM LACE

In the recent controversy about the lace trade in Nottingham a very important point has, I think, been forgotten, *i.e.*, "Fashion." Had it been the fashion to continue to adorn the beauty given to women with more lace and embroidery as in former years (and most of us will agree that it was far more becoming than the modern cosmetics, lipstick, &c.), the safeguarding duties would have shown enormous benefit to Nottingham and other districts noted for these articles.—Mr. JOHN WOOD, Melrose, West Mersea, Essex.

HEBREW FOR TELEGRAMS

In spite of Article 22 of the Mandate for Palestine, laying down quite definitely that Hebrew is one of the official languages of the country, and although it is recognized in the White Paper of June, 1922, as the vernacular language of the Jews in Palestine, this right and recognition is set at naught by the Telegraph Department of the Palestine Government, and all complaints up to now have proved of no avail. In the Jewish "National Home" it is possible to send telegrams in almost all languages, including, of course, English and Arabic; only Hebrew is not permitted.—Mr. I. AMIKAM, Haifa.

A COMMON MISQUOTATION

Captain G. S. C. Swinton has repeated the familiar misquotation from the Church Catechism. He writes, "That old command to do our duty in that state of life to which it has pleased God to call us." The Catechism says:—"To do my duty in that state of life, unto which it shall please God to call me."—Mr. C. G. GREAVES, 24A, Cavendish-avenue, Cambridge.

JEFFREYS AT LYME REGIS

In following the interesting pursuit after the veracity of the story told of Jeffreys regarding Christopher Battiscombe, it may be observed that Macaulay, in a footnote to his History, gives the following as the sources of his information relating to this tale:—"Bloody Assizes; Locke's Western Rebellion; Humble Petition of Widows and fatherless Children in the West of England; Panegyric on Lord Jeffreys." In a succeeding footnote dealing with another execution, Macaulay states, "As to the Hewlings, I have followed Kiffin's Memoirs, and Mr. Hewling Luson's narrative, which will be found in the second edition of the Hughes Correspondence, Vol II., Appendix. The accounts in Locke's Western Rebellion and in the Panegyric on Jeffreys are full of errors. Great part of the account in the Bloody Assizes was written by Kiffin and agrees word for word with his Memoirs."—Mr. ALFRED NORTH, Bovey Tracey.

MEN OF THE LAST ICE AGE

Apart from the study of racial types and of climatic changes, there are to be considered the effects of the introduction of the bow into Europe. A theory has been advanced that the bow was brought into the Mediterranean basin by refugees from Atlantis. It may have come from Africa. Even the formidable Neanderthal type of man would have been at a fatal disadvantage against superior intelligence armed with a weapon which could kill at a distance.—Mr. EUGENE TODD, Bonsies, 23, Churchfield-road, East Acton, W.3.

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ARCHITECTURE OF COTTAGES

COTSWOLD STYLE

MR. GREENWOOD ON RURAL HOUSING

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

FILKINS, MAY 10

In this Cotswold village of Filkins today Mr. Greenwood, the Minister of Health, opened a group of four cottages which have been built in the traditional Cotswold style.

The cottages belong to the Witney Rural District Council, but they have been built by Mr. Stafford Cripps, a landowner and resident of the village. When he learnt that the local council proposed to erect four cottages he undertook to build them and provide the accommodation required if the authority would give him the money which they intended to expend on the work. Mr. Cripps stated to-day that he was desirous of preserving the traditional beauty of the Cotswolds, which would be marred by the erection of brick rough-cast cottages of the modern type.

LOCAL STONE

The main walls of the cottages are of local stone. The windows and doors have simple stone dressings, and the roofs are of local stone slates. With a Tudor doorway in the centre of the group and long gardens in front, the cottages are in perfect harmony with their surroundings. Two of the houses have four bedrooms and the other two three bedrooms, and all have a parlour, a kitchen, and a scullery. The architect was Mr. P. Morley Horder, and the total cost was £1,778 2s. 11d., or £444 10s. 9d. a cottage. The work has been carried out by men engaged on Mr. Cripps' estate, with assistance. The stone used for the cottages has been quarried on Mr. Cripps's estate and has been charged at the actual cost of the quarrying. Mr. Cripps explained that the building has been executed by direct labour and there has been no allowance for contractor's profits.

Much interest was shown by visitors in the bill of costs for the four cottages. It was as follows:—

Wages (including supervision), £741 2s. 1d.; stone and stone tiles, £150 12s. 10d.; materials purchased, £807 17s. 3d.; haulage, £66 14s. 6d.; insurances, £11 13s. 3d. TOTAL, £1,778 2s. 11d. PER COTTAGE, £444 10s. 9d.

A summary of the materials purchased, making the sum of £807 17s. 3d. shown in this bill, contained the following items:—Bricks, 37,850 at 70s. (less 2½ per cent.), £129 3s. 2d.; timber, £165 18s. 10d.; dressed stone (windows, coyns, &c.), £130 9s. 9d.; cement, 1, 1-3 tons, £44 7s. 4d.; lime, 1 ton 3 cwt. 2 qrs., £15 6s. 1d.; sand, 99 loads at 6s. 6d., £32 10s.; breeze blocks, 200 yards at 3s., £43 17s. 6d.; concrete lintels, at 1s. 4d. foot, £15 9s. 4d.; damp course, £7 19s. 9d.; drain and paving, £15 19s. 3d.; doors and frames, £33 16s. 6d.; windows, £70; grates, £22; stairs, £21 1s. 3d.; wood block floors, £22 2s. 9d.; sinks and coppers, £9 11s.; grates, £2 4s. 1d.; paints, &c., £4 9s. 2d.; nails, screws, locks, hinges, &c., £8 11s. 8d.; sundries, £15 9s. 10d. TOTAL, £807 17s. 3d.

It is understood that the cost of the four cottages is more than that which would have been spent on the houses which the council proposed to build. But Mr. Cripps stated that the experiment had shown that the work could be carried out at a lower cost, and he presented a statement of estimated savings which would be possible if a similar contract on a larger scale were repeated. This showed a net cost per cottage of £402 3s. 3d., a reduction of £42 7s. 6d. on each house. It was stated that the cottages would probably be let at 6s. per week exclusive of rates.

MR. GREENWOOD'S SPEECH

Mr. GREENWOOD, in his speech, said there was now before Parliament a Housing Bill which he hoped would do much to remove the disgrace regarding housing conditions in many of our rural areas. The housing problem was not merely an urban one, it was also a problem of the countryside. There were houses in the Cotswolds with beautiful exteriors, but with interiors which were unworthy of us today. A very large number of people working on the land or associated with the land were living under conditions which, in the most moderate language, one could say were unsatisfactory. He hoped it might be possible very shortly, where the conditions were bad, to replace them by something better and to do it in the rural areas with the assistance and cooperation of the county councils.

"But your problem," Mr. Greenwood continued, "is not merely a problem of seeing that people have decent shelters over their heads, important though that may be. It is to do it in such a way that your children will not be ashamed of you. Many of us to-day are ashamed of what the generation before us has done, and what, indeed, people of this generation are doing to defile the countryside." There was a persistent beauty about our countryside. Buildings had been incorporated in the landscape and were as much a part of the countryside as the hills and the valleys with their streams and trees. There was no reason why that should not continue. There was no reason why they should invade the countryside with structures that were foreign to the countryside. He hated to see the sprawling, disorganized development of buildings which were ugly in themselves and formed no part of the countryside on which they had been planted.

Where they had a well-established architectural tradition that had woven itself into the fabric or life of a district there was not much to be gained by imitating some of the dreary streets of London or Birmingham. He was attracted by the traditions of the Cotswolds. They were worth maintaining and preserving. They were in a very intimate way a part of the very lives of the people in the area. He hoped the representatives of public authorities present would find a real interest in the new cottages that had been erected in the village. There was no reason why there should not be more houses of that type. We should never be a self-respecting nation so long as we permitted families to dwell under conditions which were not merely depressing but were unhealthy, demoralizing, and soul-destroying.

AIR PAGEANT IN YORKSHIRE

WOMAN PILOT'S FINE PERFORMANCE

The Yorkshire Aeroplane Club, which was one of the pioneers in civil flying, celebrated its fifth year of activity by holding a very successful pageant at its aerodrome at Sherburn-in-Elmet on Saturday. Well-known pilots performed sensational feats, which were thoroughly appreciated by a crowd which numbered at least 20,000.

A 30 miles race was flown by private owners for a cup presented by Lord Brotherton, of Wakefield. Among the entries for this cup was Lady Bailey, of London, who flew her own machine from London to the pageant, returning home by air afterwards. Another equally enthusiastic woman pilot was Miss Winifred Brown, of Manchester, a member of the Lancashire Aero Club. Flying an Avro Avian, Miss Brown had the maximum start of 2min. 42sec., which enabled her to maintain a gradually diminishing lead which was only wrested from her in the last few seconds by Mr. Ivo W. H. Thomson, of York. Mr. Thomson, who had 9sec. start, flew a Gipsy Moth owned by Mr. G. Mallinson, of Brighouse, and so excellent was the handicapping that it was not until they had practically completed the last lap of the triangular course that Miss Brown was overhauled. Mr. Thomson, who is a member of the Yorkshire Club, where he learnt to fly, completed 28 miles 1 furlong in handicap time of 19min. 53sec., with an average flying speed of 101 miles per hour. Miss Brown's handicap time was only 2sec. longer, and her average speed was 87½ miles per hour. Lady Bailey had 14sec. start, and finished third in handicap time of 20min. 14sec. Her average speed of 93 miles per hour was the same as that of the remaining competitors—Mr. G. Ambler, Bradford, whose handicap of 8sec. gave him 20min. 20sec., and Mr. Pollock, of Huddersfield, scratch, 20min. 28sec. With the exception of Miss Brown all the competitors flew Gipsy Moths.

A competition in which competitors in flight had to burst as many as possible of a bunch of six balloons released into the air was won by Captain R. H. Bentley, Shell Mex pilot, the most trying portion of the all forms of transport race was the mastering of a four-legged animal which the competitors had to ride. The winner of the competition was Mr. Thomson. Thrills were provided by Flight-Lieutenant H. M. Schofield, who rolled, looped, combined both these evolutions, and carried out a falling leaf, in addition to spinning, and flew on its back a Desoutter closed-cabin monoplane. Captain Bentley indulged in what was termed "crazy flying" so close to the ground that the tips of his wings occasionally nearly touched. Mr. John Tranum made a parachute descent from a Blue Moth aeroplane.

HOSPITAL SERVICES

SUGGESTIONS FOR AREA ORGANIZATION

The relation of voluntary hospitals to patients from areas in which contributory schemes do not operate and the question of linking up the smaller hospitals with those in the big centres are discussed in a memorandum drawn up by the Merseyside Hospitals Council and issued over the signatures of Lord Derby, Lord Cozens-Hardy, and Dr. H. J. W. Hetherington, Vice-Chancellor of Liverpool University.

This memorandum deals with the organization of hospital services in South-West Lancashire, Cheshire, and North Wales, but it raises questions which are common to the contributory schemes of hospitals in all great cities. It shows that last year services to patients from outside the Merseyside contributory area cost the Liverpool hospitals £16,000, and caused treatment of some local contributors to be deferred because of the insufficiency of beds. The memorandum says:—"There is here, clearly, an element of unfairness, which may easily operate to the detriment of this new effort to improve both the finances and the medical efficiency of the Liverpool hospitals. But it is very clearly recognized that the way to remedy it is not by closing the Liverpool hospitals to outside patients. . . . The remedy, therefore, is to be sought not in the exclusion of these patients, but in bringing them, somehow, within the scope of the contributory fund." This might be done by extending the scope of the fund so as to cover the whole area, but this, it is feared, might decrease interest in local hospitals and result in patients being sent to Liverpool who should be treated at the local hospitals. The council, therefore, suggests that contributory schemes similar to its own should be set up in suitable centres throughout the region for the joint support of the local and the Liverpool hospitals.

Councils might be formed for this purpose in West Lancashire, Deeside, North East Wales, and North West Wales. The memorandum adds:—"The most cursory review of this problem opens up at once the much larger question of the relation of the Liverpool hospitals to the general medical services of a wide area. Liverpool is the medical metropolis of a region extending westwards of the main London Midland and Scottish Railway right to Anglesey. Within that large area there are districts which have developed considerable hospital services of their own, though all of them are accustomed to use the Liverpool hospitals . . . to supplement their own services. And under the recent Act, it is possible that there may be a notable development of local hospital services under the control of the municipal or county authorities. The problem, therefore, is one of some complexity."

"If it were possible," it continues, "to make a survey of the whole area, an ideal scheme would presumably be framed in some such fashion as this. Convenient local areas would be plotted out, each of which would be responsible for the development of its own local hospital or hospitals, of whatever type best suited the circumstances of that area. The local hospital would provide for the great bulk of the local patients normally eligible for hospital treatment. Several of these local areas would be grouped round a larger centre (for example, Chester) in which would be found hospitals equipped for dealing with such cases as require treatment of a kind not available in the local hospitals. Both in the localities and in the larger centres there would still remain a small number of cases which required the application of even greater resources than are to be found in the central hospitals. These would be transferred to the metropolitan or teaching hospitals in Liverpool."

A series of conferences, to discover the feeling of the district on these suggestions, is to be arranged.

NEW HOSPITAL FOR EDENBRIDGE

FOUNDATION-STONE LAID BY PRINCE ARTHUR

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

TUNBRIDGE WELLS, MAY 10

Prince Arthur of Connaught laid the foundation-stone of the Edenbridge War Memorial Cottage Hospital at Mill Hill, Edenbridge, this afternoon. The ceremony was witnessed by the largest crowd that has ever gathered in this small but picturesque town on the borders of Kent and Sussex.

Prince Arthur, who was accompanied by the Princess, was accorded an enthusiastic welcome, and the route from Hever Castle, where the Royal party were the guests of Major J. J. Astor, M.P., and Lady Violet Astor, to the site of the new hospital was gaily decorated with flags and bunting, and thronged by members of the public.

On arrival at Mill Hill, the Prince inspected the guard of honour furnished by the 4th Battalion, The Queen's Own Royal West Kent Regiment, under Captain De S. H. Lewis-Barned, and also the Edenbridge branch of the British Legion, and ex-Service men and women from the neighbourhood.

MAJOR ASTOR, who is the president of the hospital, welcomed their Royal Highnesses, and said that the ceremony had a double significance. In the first place, Prince Arthur had consented to lay the foundation-stone of a memorial to those who fell in the Great War, and secondly, his Royal Highness was helping them to realize their hope, long cherished, that they should possess a hospital of which they could be proud. The existing hospital was founded in 1920, as a temporary building, and it had done admirable work. It was the first hospital in the country to start a contributory scheme, and, furthermore, it had the distinction, probably unique, that it had never been in debt. The accommodation of these premises had become inadequate to meet the increasing demand of a growing district, and they had decided to build a new hospital. The response to the appeal for money for the hospital had been wonderful. They had raised £13,500, and were now looking forward to the completion of the building within a year. They were grateful to Prince Arthur for attending the ceremony, and the hospital would mean all the more to them because of the happy and memorable circumstances under which the foundation-stone had been laid.

PRINCE ARTHUR of CONNAUGHT expressed thanks for the cordial welcome extended to him and the Princess, and said that it was a privilege to him to help a hospital, whether it be large or small, and to encourage those who laboured so unselfishly for the benefit of hospitals. He was quite certain that Major Astor and Lady Violet had done their share in the work of helping the Edenbridge Hospital. As one who was connected with the Middlesex Hospital, and who came into contact with them, he was well aware of what they did in hospital work in general. He congratulated those responsible for the hospital.

Prince Arthur proceeded to lay the foundation-stone, within which was a scroll inscribed with the names of those to whom the hospital is a memorial. Prayers by the Archdeacon of Tonbridge (the Ven. L. Savill), and a hymn sung by a massed choir followed, and the past and present members of the committee and the honorary medical staff were then presented to Prince Arthur.

MUSICIAN'S STRANGE BEHAVIOUR

At Leeds Police Court on Saturday PERCY TYRELL FROSTICK, 48, a prominent Leeds violinist and orchestra leader, was charged with being deemed a lunatic, and was remanded to Beckitt-street Poor Law Hospital for 14 days for further medical observation. It was stated that Frostick, who left his wife about two years ago, had been peculiar in his manner recently, and had been worried because, except for occasional engagements, he had been out of regular employment. He left his lodgings on Friday afternoon, and about 6 o'clock he was found in a nude condition praying before an image of Buddha in the Theosophical Hall, Queen's-square. He seemed dazed, and appeared not to know what he was doing. After some difficulty a police officer roused him and helped him to dress. He was then taken into custody and certified by Dr. Hoyland Smith, the police surgeon.

ACQUITTALS

Charles James Woolgar, 21, committed from Acton on a charge of housebreaking and theft, was found *Not Guilty* at Middlesex Sessions on Saturday and was discharged.

No evidence was offered at Middlesex Sessions on Saturday against Charles H. Osborne, 48, motor engineer, committed from Acton on a charge of stealing a quantity of petrol. The jury returned a formal verdict of *Not Guilty*, and he was discharged.

VIRGIL STAMPS

BI-MILLENARY ISSUE

No national celebration seems to be complete nowadays without its attendant issue of commemorative postage stamps. The Virgil bi-millenary has proved no exception, and a very striking set of 10 values has been prepared by the Italian post office in consultation with the Ministry of Fine Arts in honour of the occasion.

The designs illustrating familiar episodes and passages from the poet's works have been effectively carried out in the manner of mural paintings by the artist Dr. Corrado Mezzana, finely reproduced by the rotogravure process in large traverse rectangular format. Each vignette has inscribed beneath it an appropriate quotation in the original Latin. Thus a picture of the meeting between Helenus and Aeneas which adorns the 15 centesimi stamp bears the legend "*Ecce tibi Ausoniae tellus, hanc arripe velis*" (Aeneid III., 477). Anchises and Aeneas watching in the underworld the march of the great Romans to be is the subject of the 20 centesimi denomination, accompanied by the quotation from Aeneid VI., 851, "*Tu regere imperio populos, Romane, memento.*" The 25 centesimi value depicts Aeneas feasting in the shade of Albunea, with the inscription "*Salve fatis mihi debita tellus . . . Hic domus, haec patria est*" (Aeneid VII., 120-122). A mother with her children, surrounded by fruits of the earth, gives point to the extract in praise of Italy from the Georgics II., 174, "*Salve, magna parens frugum, Saturnia tellus,*" in the design of the 30 centesimi denomination, while a pastoral idyll of harvesters at work in the fields typifies the words "*O fortunatos nimium, sua si bona norint, agricolas,*" taken from the Georgics II., 458 (50 centesimi). For the 75 centesimi vignette the artist has again sought inspiration from the Georgics—II., 523—"*Interea dulces pendent circum oscula nati,*" interpreted by a peasant group, including a woman at the loom with two children at her knee, and a calf nuzzling in the background. Anchises and his sailors sighting Italy furnishes the motif of the 1.25 lire stamp, which illustrates the passage "*Italiam laeto socii clamore salutant,*" from Aeneid III., 524. A solitary quotation from the Bucolics VII., 49, "*Hic focus et taedae pingues, hic plurimus ignis,*" is represented by a shepherd piping beside a blazing hearth, with two lambs warming themselves in the glow (5 plus 1.50 lire). Jove's prophecy to Cytherea, "*His ego nec metas rerum nec tempora pono*" (Aeneid I., 278), is inscribed beneath a picture of an old Roman watching the flight of an eagle upon the 8.50 plus 2 lire stamp, which is reserved for air post purposes. Finally, we have as the subject of the tenth and highest value, 10 plus 2.50 lire, Aeneas at the head of his army. Part of the proceeds of the sale of these bi-millenary stamps is to be devoted to restoring the statue of Virgil and the balance to the founding of a national literary institute.

Coincident with the opening of an International Philatelic Exhibition at Algiers on May 4, a special stamp of 10 francs denomination was put on sale at the temporary post office attached to the exhibition, thus completing the series commemorative of the centenary of French rule in Algeria inaugurated in March last. Beautifully engraved and printed with a miniature reproduction of M. Vereczke's painting of the port of Algiers in 1830, it bears at the top the inscription "Centenaire de l'Algérie" and at the foot "Exposition Philatelique Internationale de l'Afrique du Nord, 1930." The issue is limited to 50,000 copies, which are procurable only by those holding a ticket of admission to the exhibition.

In addition to those of Germany and the United States, the Brazilian post office has provided a special set of three particular postage stamps to be used upon mail matter carried by the dirigible Graf Zeppelin on her return flight from South America this month. The vignette common to all values shows the airship over the Atlantic with an old-fashioned sailing ship on the horizon, with the inscription "Primeiro Voo Commercial, 1930," across the top, and the stage of the flight at the foot, thus:—10 milreis blue (Brasil-E.U.A.), 5 milreis green and 10 milreis red (Brasil-Europa). These stamps are surface printed by the Rio de Janeiro Mint.

WOOL TEXTILE DISPUTE

DELAY IN WITHDRAWAL OF OTHER WORKERS

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

BRADFORD, MAY 11

With regard to the threatened stoppage this week-end at wool textile mills of enginemen, firemen, electrical workers, engineers, and dyers, who up to the present have not been involved in the dispute between the textile operatives and the employers, the Enginemen and Firemen's Union has decided that its executive shall call out members where it thinks fit. The A.E.U. definitely repudiated the acceptance by the local committee of the union of the invitation of the unions in the textile trade to call out its members yesterday.

At the moment the enginemen and firemen are not being called out, advantage being taken of the fact that there is at least some doubt whether the dyers, who are more closely linked with the textile operatives' unions, are going to leave work. They were to have done so now, but a consideration of the legal position of these people, who did not give notice to leave work until last Tuesday, has led to the putting off of the leaving-day to next Tuesday. Thus the plans for a withdrawal of labour by non-textile workers this week-end have been "held up."

Mr. E. J. Martin, the employers' secretary, states:—"The change of front on the part of the Enginemen and Firemen's Union, following closely on the heels of the decision of the engineers not to withdraw their services, must, I think, be a great disillusionment to many who during the last 10 days have been building their hopes on the assistance of the members of these unions to bolster up a declining resistance."

Alluding to an unofficial movement by some Huddersfield employers in the direction of a compromise settlement, on the basis of which it is announced that one large firm has decided to reopen its works to-morrow, Mr. Martin said:—"Undue importance has been attached to these incidents—and they are merely incidents—in the course of the dispute. There is no breach in the employers' ranks, nor is there likely to be. It would be unusual if a contest of this character were carried through entirely without casualties. The general body of employers is as solid to-day as it was when the decision to post notices was reached at the Eastbrook Hall, Bradford. Indeed, it is more solid, because the one firm which voted against the decision at that meeting subsequently stood in loyally with the other employers and posted notices of reduction. Neither of the firms represented by Sir Emmanuel Hoyle and Mr. Ashley Mitchell was represented at the Eastbrook Hall meeting, as they are outside membership of the federation."

COOPERATIVE CHOIR FESTIVAL

The second choir festival of the London Cooperative Societies' Joint Education Committee was held at the Crystal Palace on Saturday, when a number of singing competitions were decided. There were four competitions open to the Enfield Highway, London, Royal Arsenal, and South Suburban Cooperative Societies, namely, for ladies' choirs, male voice choirs, senior mixed voice choirs, and junior choirs. The results were as follows:—

Ladies' Choirs.—Stratford first, winning the London Joint Education Committee's Ladies' Choir Shield and the London Cooperative Society's Management Committee's Challenge Shield.

Male Voice Choirs.—John Ruskin first (the only competitor), winning the London Joint Education Committee's Shield.

Competitions open to all Cooperative choirs in the London area and the Southern Section of the Cooperative Union, Limited:—Senior Mixed Voice Choirs.—Sheerness first, winning the London Joint Education Committee's Senior Mixed Voice Choir Shield and the Challenge Shield of the Southern Cooperative Choral Association; Peckham second. Penge and Beckenham won the South Suburban Cooperative Choral Shield, and Tottenham won the Education Committee's Challenge Shield. Junior Choirs.—New Malden, first, winning the Junior Choir Challenge Shield of the Association; Teddington second, winning the Lethaby Challenge Shield.

MUSICAL FESTIVAL AT ST. ALBANS

Mid and West Hertfordshire musical festival concluded on Saturday at St. Albans with competitions for advanced choral societies and choirs. The aggregate cup was won by Abbots Langley Choral Society (conductor, Arnold Foster). The male quartet prize went to Wycombe Orpheus Male Voice Choir; mixed voices chorus, St. James' Church Choral Society, Watford; special class for girl guides and rangers, 7th St. Albans Rangers. The judges were Messrs. Herbert Howells and Arnold Goldsbrough.

ROUND THE SHOPS

FURS AT REDUCED PRICES

Fur sales are being held in a number of shops this week, and it is a good opportunity of buying at low prices fur coats or wraps which can be worn for a time on chilly days or evenings and then stored until autumn. Fur ties for immediate wear are practical purchases, and there are collections of sable, marten, silver fox, and other skins at considerable reductions. These fur sales are being held at Harrods, Dickins and Jones, Gooch's, and Selfridges.

HARRODS, Brompton-road, begin their fur week to-day. A few Canadian mink coats remaining from the season's stock are being offered at half their usual price. Seal musquash coats are at low prices owing to a fall in the cost of this fur, and there are attractive models at 32 guineas. There are useful coats in black pony skin at eight guineas, and there is a collection of 100 coats in various furs, pony, musquash, wallaby, susliki, and lamb, being cleared at five guineas. Among the bargains in fur ties are silver foxes from two guineas to 15 guineas. This week also there are special offers of French *lingerie*, wardrobe trunks, and handkerchiefs.

MARSHALL AND SNELGROVE'S, Oxford-street, are showing bridesmaids' hats in their inexpensive millinery department, where the difficult problem of hats that will look well in various schemes of colour in bridal groups is solved in transparent brimmed shapes in the new crinolines, in picot and other straws with simple and distinctive trimmings at 59s. 6d. At the same price are lace caps trimmed across the back with silk flowers and suited to flower-like bridal groups. In their six-guinea dress department there is a comprehensive selection of evening gowns, day gowns, two-piece suits, and frocks with long coats or short coats. There are lace and chiffon two-piece suits at this price which are suited to day or evening wear, and others in black marocain made with long coat and sleeves in both coat and frock.

BRADLEYS, Chepstow-place, have just issued a useful booklet giving suggestions for the buying of clothes of good quality at reasonable prices in the sections of their house which have ready-to-wear garments. Here are to be found frocks in styles which are not extreme for every occasion for both young and the mature. A matron's evening gown skilfully designed to give a slimming line is in georgette with bead embroideries and is mounted on georgette. It is in medium and large sizes at 15 guineas. A matron's afternoon ensemble in black lace and georgette has a long coat of the lace and in large sizes costs 10 guineas. A frock for a younger woman, and suited for afternoon or evening wear, is in fancy chiffon, with a short cape edged with a frill; it costs 7½ guineas. Printed voile frocks, which are cool summer wear, are in pretty designs at 5½ guineas and 7s. 6d. A dress in washing silk with a contrasting vest is designed for medium or large figures at 5 guineas. A two-piece suit in English spun silk costs 6 guineas and there are inexpensive tennis frocks and other sports clothes. Tailored clothes, travelling coats, summer coats, millinery, blouses, and lingerie are also illustrated. The booklet will be sent on request.

FENWICK'S, New Bond-street, have some two pieces in good style for present wear. They are made in beige, Madonna blue, green, and other colours with a printed crêpe de Chine dress, and a long coat in a wool crêpe unlined and faced with the material of the dress, and cost 6½ guineas. Another neat suit is in Rodier's floquella and has a three-quarter coat lined crêpe de Chine made with a stand collar and a pleated skirt with a neat fitting hip yoke. This is in the new spring tones in lemon, azure blue, red, and other becoming colours; it costs 8½ guineas, and is also made with a dress and short coat at the same price. Fresh, long-skirted net frocks with coatees, with lace *appliqué* and the dress lined in crêpe de Chine, are also at 6½ guineas and are suitable for dinner wear or later for Ascot; they are in black, white, parchment, and Dijon rose pink. In the millinery department the light, small caps popular with young girls and their elders are in new stitched shapes in stockinette at 39s. 6d.; there is a new copy of an Agnes model in jersey that is adaptable, being shaped on the wearer's head, and costs 39s. 6d. Straw caps in many colours cost 49s. 6d., and there are some useful shapes in wide-brimmed straws at a guinea and 29s. 6d.

HARVEY NICHOLS, Knightsbridge, begin a shoe week to-day, when a number of ladies' shoes will be sold at special prices. There are walking shoes in brown python and glacé kid with one bar at 39s. 6d.; a new model in a tie shoe in nigger and brown glacé, combined with brown pigskin, and also in tan and white, costs 42s. 9d. A number of sports models are also at special prices. A shoe in beige calf combined with a darker shade, with a crêpe rubber sole and small heel, is suited for summer golf, and costs 23s. 9d. A novelty is a sports shoe in beige net, trimmed to tone and with a crêpe rubber sole, at 19s. 11d. In the knitwear department there are attractive coats in pastel and other colours, embroidered in small designs, and costing from 79s. 6d. There is a revival this year in bouclette, and there are matching jumpers and coats in this material in novel designs. There are also neat yachting suits in navy and oatmeal crêpe materials; the coat is in navy in the new three-quarter length, with brass buttons.

GOOCH'S, Brompton-road, begin their fur week to-day with bargains in a wide range of furs. There is a collection of Paris model coats, all different, and all at £20, the original prices of which have been from 95 guineas to 49 guineas. Among them are a beige squirrel coat, an American broadtail lamb trimmed with fox, and a seal musquash trimmed with grey squirrel. Other bargains are groups of coats at £4, £10, £15, and £50. Fur ties for present wear are at half price or less, and there are sable, baum marten, and mink ties at less than half price.

THE LOUVRE, Oxford-circus, celebrates its anniversary with special displays of moderately-priced clothes, and is holding mannequin parades at 3 p.m. to-morrow, on Wednesday, and on Thursday, for which seats can be reserved by post, personal application, or telephone.

ELIZABETHAN LITERARY SOCIETY

MISS CLEMENCE DANE AND AMERICAN SLANG

The Elizabethan Literary Society entertained Miss Clemence Dane as chief guest at its annual supper held at the Palace Hotel, Bloomsbury, on Saturday.

Replying to the toast of her health, proposed by DR. F. S. BOAS, the president, Miss DANE said that while it was very interesting to find out what they all thought about the Elizabethans, what interested her as a modern was what the Elizabethans thought about the English of to-day. It was pleasant to imagine that those Immortals had still the faculty of observing. They had left us a great inheritance. Had we used the talents they had committed to our care? She would like to know what they thought of the after-War English, what Shakespeare thought of our way of handling democracy, Hawkins's views on the Naval Conference, and those of Queen Elizabeth on the modern woman. (Laughter.)

Were we quite happy about our English language? She certainly was not. We were suffering from the invasion of American slang and American Lms, and we did not seem to have the courage to stand up against the monstrous words they gave us. While she could do nothing but admire the Americans in matters of development why expect us to use their slang when we had such very good slang of our own? (Laughter.)

The modern poet had been warned off writing in verse for the stage. Was it not all due to the fact that the public had lost the power of listening through the ear? For a century they had been spoiled with pageantry, scenery settings, and love of spectacle, and the silent film had completed the ruin of audiences. The Elizabethans might well laugh at us for losing such a great gift as the art of enjoying blank verse. Yet she had hope. The talkies, with all their abominations, were teaching us to listen, wireless was doing the same, and the much-abused art of jazz was also teaching the general public the charm and value and secret of rhythm.

Those present included:—

Mrs. Boas, Mr. A. C. Hayward (vice-president), Professor J. W. Mackail, Professor Leslie and Mrs. Hotson, Professor C. and Mrs. Sisson, Mr. Percy Alden, Mr. Bertram Ayrton, and Miss Joyce Brown (hon. secretary).

Pleading "Guilty" to four charges of burglary and housebreaking at Willesden, John Crane, 26, a clerk, was sentenced at Middlesex Sessions on Saturday to five years' penal servitude. He asked that 18 similar offences should be taken into account. One of the houses he broke into was the home of a detective engaged in the finger-print department at Scotland Yard.

THE SALE ROOM

SILVER FOR LINCOLN CATHEDRAL FUND

Messrs. Christie have undertaken to sell on Wednesday week a considerable quantity of old English silver for the benefit of the Lincoln Cathedral Restoration Fund. There are 42 lots, which have been contributed by the residents in the county, among others Lord Yarborough, Lord Ancaster, Mr. and Lady Beatrice Pretyman, Dame Alice Godman, and Sir Charles Welby.

The silver is mostly of the eighteenth and early nineteenth centuries, and the articles are all of the type which is now keenly collected, both here and in the United States. They include a George II. octagonal coffee-pot by George Boothby, 1730, a choice pair of George II. octagonal spice-boxes, the lids engraved with the Royal monogram, crown and garter motto, by A. Tanqueray, 1728, a Charles II. plain porringer, 1683, and a pair of William and Mary candlesticks, 6in. high, 1690. There are also a few pieces of Dutch and other foreign silver, and a few lots of plated goods.

HORNBY CASTLE

The trustees of the Duke of Leeds have instructed Messrs. Knight, Frank and Rutley to sell the antique furniture, pictures, porcelain, &c., at Hornby Castle, Bedale, Yorkshire, and the auction will be held on the premises on June 2 and five following days. The sale will include a Jacobean carved oak buffet, a William and Mary coffer of bird's-eye maple-wood, seventeenth-century walnut day bed, pre-Chippendale and Chippendale console tables, settees, three sets of gilt chairs in striped silk, a mahogany longcase clock, by Hindley, York, a Georgian mahogany bureau bookcase, an eighteenth-century English serpentine shaped commode of mahogany, a similar bureau, and two sets of 12 carved oak frame dining chairs. There are also paintings of the English, Italian, and Dutch Schools; drawings and engravings, sporting prints in colour, after Alken and F. C. Turner; Chelsea, Delft, Bow, Worcester, Leeds, Chinese, and Imari porcelain; bronzes, marble figures, and busts; a library of miscellaneous literature, and the contents of the museum; Persian and Turkey carpets, silk tapestry, and embroidered curtains; four Hepplewhite carved four-post bedsteads with drapery in Jacobean embroidery and chintz, other eighteenth-century four-post bedsteads, and bedroom appointments.

ROAD REPAIRS IN LONDON

TRANSPORT MINISTER'S LIST

Below is the list issued by the Minister of Transport of works of road maintenance and improvement in London to be begun during the fortnight ending May 24. The Minister points out that the statement deals only with works by road authorities which involve one-third or more of the carriage-way being closed to traffic.

In the following list alternative routes are shown in parentheses and the date of beginning and the estimated date of completion follows:—

Heath-street, Hampstead.—High-street to New End (Pinchley-road, Arkwright-road and Fitzjohn's-avenue, or Finchley-road and North End-road), May 12-June 7.

Holloway-road, Islington.—Pemberton-gardens to No. 625 and No. 645b, to Junction-road (St. John's-road, Ashbrook-road, and Fairbridge-road), May 12-June 7.

Peckham-road, Camberwell.—Talfourd-road to Lyndhurst-road (no suitable alternative route available), May 12-June 5.

Marylebone-road, St. Marylebone.—W. side of Albanplace to east side of Northumberland-street (Nottingham-place, Woodstock-street, and Paddington-street), May 12-31.

Commercial-road, Stepney.—Heath-street to No. 541 (no suitable alternative route), May 12-26.

Upper Richmond-road, Wandsworth.—New By-Pass to borough boundary (New By-Pass), May 12-June 14.

Upper Richmond-road, Barnes.—Priest's Bridge to The Willoughbys (New By-Pass), May 20-July 22.

Old Kent-road, Camberwell.—Ayundale-square to No. 511 (no suitable alternative route), May 19-June 7.

West End-lane, Hampstead.—Broadhurst-gardens to Cleve-road (Broadhurst-gardens, Priory-road, and Woodchurch-road), May 19-June 21.

Grove Green-road, Leyton.—Francis-road to 500 yards north (Francis-road and Richmond-road), May 23-Sept. 25.

High-road, Leyton.—Francis-road to Brunswick-road, and No. 382 to No. 432 (no suitable alternative route), May 23-June 21.

Salisbury-road, Willesden.—Brookville-avenue to Brondesbury Park (Chevening-road, Kingswood-avenue, and Windermere-avenue), May 19-June 7.

Farnham Urban District Council are to consider whether a herd of deer shall be restored to Farnham Park. The park, attached to Farnham Castle for centuries, was acquired early this year by the town. The Bishops of Winchester, up to the time of the present Bishop, always maintained a herd of deer, from which Farnham's ancient Venison Feast was provided.

ENGLISH HISTORICAL PAGEANTS

SEVERAL FORTHCOMING PRODUCTIONS

Several historical pageants are now being rehearsed for presentation in England, and their character should attract audiences drawn from all parts of the country.

The first will be held in Hanley Park, Stoke-on-Trent, from May 19 to May 24, and will form a part of the Josiah Wedgwood bi-centenary celebrations. There will be eight scenes, 5,000 performers, and an orchestra of 100. The pageant will open with an episode showing early Britons urged by their Arch-druid to resist the occupation of the Romans under Suetonius Paulinus at Stoke-on-Trent in the year A.D. 58, and a closing scene in the form of an allegorical portrayal of the modern pottery industries promises an elaborate spectacle. Princess Mary, Countess of Harewood, will be present at the first performance.

Blackpool on June 11, 19, and 28 is to stage a Pageant of Progress, and plans are being made to accommodate hundreds of thousands of visitors along the entire promenade from Victoria Pier to the Gynn-square. There will be three sections. The first will depict phases of British history through all the dynasties, ending with the Victorian era. In the second the progress of industry will be represented, and the third will tell the story of cotton and include scenes of Oriental bazaars, the growing fields of America and Egypt, and groups of various nationalities which use the materials woven in Lancashire. Eighteen candidates selected by popular ballot from the mills of Lancashire, Cheshire, and Derbyshire will parade for the honour of being acclaimed Britain's cotton queen, and there will be a mannequin parade to display the latest fashions in garments made from cotton fabrics.

Ipswich from June 23 to 28 is to have a Wolsey Pageant. This will commemorate the fourth anniversary of the death of the great Cardinal Archbishop. More than 1,000 performers, supported by a large chorus and orchestra, will present scenes depicting Wolsey as a boy watching the Ipswich Guild processions, his rise to fame and power, his tragic fall, and his death and funeral. The pageant will close with the coronation of Anne Boleyn. The Prince of Wales is to attend the performance on the afternoon of June 26.

The Pageant of Farnham Castle, written 20 years ago by the present Bishop of Portsmouth, when he was rector of Farnham, is to be reproduced in the castle grounds from July 3 to 10, under the direction of the present rector, Canon E. M. Girling, who is seeking to raise £1,200 for the restoration of the church fabric. The periods of the Plantagenet, Tudor, and Guelph Houses are ideal for pageantry, and the story of the building of the castle by Henry de Blois, and events during the time of other distinguished holders of the See of Winchester, provide rich colour and picturesque detail. The Bishop of Guildford is taking a keen interest in the pageant, and proposes to take the part of a character at one of the performances.

A remarkable pageant at Warwick Castle in 1906 is still remembered. In July this year, from the 16th to the 19th of the month, another pageant, "The Spirit of Warwickshire," is to be presented in the shadow of the castle. The prologue by Mr. John Drinkwater will be spoken by Titania and Puck. There will be episodes depicting Saxon Britain, the Norman Conquest, the Elizabethan Age, the period of the Civil War, English life in the 18th century, and the visit of the Prince Regent to Warwick Castle in 1819. Shakespeare's Warwickshire origin offers great opportunities to a producer, and in the present pageant he will be introduced as a boy of 11, a spectator with his father at the Revels at Kenilworth Castle. As the revellers leave the lad emerges from the throng and throws himself down to sleep on a bank. Puck, Titania, and the elves dance round and summon in procession the characters of his future plays. Then the Earl of Leycester's Players come forward and persuade Shakespeare to join his fortune with theirs. Nearly 5,000 performers are to act in the pageant, which should be full of colour and movement.

A pageant, "Time's Daughters," is to be produced at Bedford College, Regent's Park, by the students on May 17. There will be 20 scenes. The costumes have been designed by the students themselves. The lighting scheme in the final tableau, where Time and his daughters will appear framed in a suggested portrait gallery of the future, is giving the students some interesting problems in practical electricity.

News in Brief

George Welling, seven, of Rising Hill-street, Pentonville, fell 20ft. from a window on Saturday and was killed.

Lady Astor, M.P., laid the foundation-stone of a maternity home at Slough on Saturday, which has been provided anonymously at a cost of £5,786.

Mrs. Ann Liddle, of Blyth, Northumberland, celebrated her 101st birthday yesterday. Mrs. Hannah Soanes, of Dudley-gardens, West Ealing, is 100 to-day.

Ravensbury Park, Mitcham, was declared open on Saturday by Mr. George Lansbury, First Commissioner of

Selfridge & Co., Ltd.
(Editorial Rooms), London.
NOTE.—This space is occupied every day by an article reflecting the policies, principles, and opinions of this House of Business upon various points of public interest.
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EXAGGERATION IS NOT GOOD BUSINESS

By CALLISTHENES

In the back pages of the newspapers last week there was a curious little message from Berlin.

It said that the Chamber of Commerce had just issued regulations which show that to declare that an article is "absolutely reliable" is against the law. To say that the article is "the most perfect of its kind" is "fair competition." To say that an article is "completely beyond competition" or that it "has no equal substitute" is *verboten*.

Strange things can be found in statute-books if you look long enough. It is possible that even this country has some such law against over-statement of the qualities of goods. But whether in Berlin or London laws against exaggeration in trade are a poor substitute for that spirit of honour and sincerity without which business is not worth while.

No legal draughtsman that ever lived could draw up an exhaustive list of phrases of exaggeration. Evasion would be so easy that the law would be a dead letter in half-an-hour. Commercial honesty rests not upon law but upon character.

In this House we do not exaggerate. Even the word "guaranteed" is seldom used and then only under the most careful restrictions. What our salesmen and saleswomen say about the goods is true. It is true in word, true in intention, true in implication. If a customer has the slightest feeling that what we have said about our merchandise is not absolutely true and so comes to regard it with a possible dissatisfaction she can bring it back, the money will be returned without question or quibble, or the article will be changed till she gets complete satisfaction.

Such a policy kills exaggeration at its roots. There can be no profit in exaggeration when you have pledged yourself in advance to put right the dissatisfaction which must inevitably follow.

The plain truth, as we see it in this House, is that exaggeration is not good business. Exaggeration destroys confidence, and the business which does not win the confidence of the public must have a short life—and an unhappy one. Exaggeration destroys friendship. Towering and misleading stories about how long a pair of boots or gloves or what not will last turn friends into opponents.

Success can never come to a business which forgets friendship.

But exaggeration is more than bad business: it is "bad form." In ordinary social intercourse men aim at accuracy and moderation of statement. In our view business should never fall below the highest standards of ordinary life. We do not believe in having two standards of truth of intercourse.

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Entertainments

THE THEATRES

"THE UGLY DUCHESS"

The only new play to be produced in London this week will be *The Ugly Duchess*, which has been adapted by Miss Esme Beringer from Lion Feuchtwanger's historical romance of the same name. It will be given at the Arts Theatre for 13 performances, beginning on Thursday, with Miss Esme Beringer as the Duchess and Miss Minnie Bagden in the part of the Duchess's beautiful rival, Agnes von Flavon. Others in the cast are Mr. O. B. Clarence, Mr. Henry Hallatt, Mr. Eugene Leahy, Miss Marjorie Gabain, Mr. George Skillan, and Mr. T. G. Savile. This will be perhaps the most ambitious production at the Arts Theatre since *The Lady With the Lamp*. Future attractions there will include a performance by Mme. Tamara Karsavina and company and the reappearance of Mme. Yvette Guilbert.

To-night, at the New Theatre, Mr. J. T. Grein's Cosmopolitan Theatre will present *Magda* in English. Miss Gwen Ffrangcon-Davies will repeat in English the part she has already played in German, and many others of the German-speaking cast will also appear in the English version. Newcomers to the cast are Miss Charlotte Leigh, Miss Lesley Braham, Miss Joyce Warrack, and Mr. Norman Fraser. To-morrow, Sir Nigel Playfair will revive *The Beggar's Opera* at the Lyric Theatre, Hammersmith. Mr. Frederick Ranalow will again take the part of Macheath, Mr. Scott Russell will appear as Peachum, Mr. Arnold Pilbeam as the Beggar, Miss Elsie French as Mrs. Peachum, and Miss Beryl Freeman as Diana Trapes. Newcomers to the cast are Miss Olive Groves, who will play Polly; Miss Florence Hayes, Lucy Lockit; Miss Vera Robson, Jenny Diver; Mr. Stanley Newman, Lockit; and Mr. Leslie Holland, Filch; Miss Marian Wilson, who produced the dances for the original production in 1920, will produce them again.

A new programme, consisting of *Three Ways*, a play in rhyming verse, written by Mr. Clifford Bax; a short fantasy, and *The Lost Key*, a mimed play dramatized by Miss Hilda Spencer Watson from a tale by Mr. Maxwell Armfield, will be given by the Hilda Spencer Watson Theatre at the Rudolf Steiner Hall on Wednesday evening and Thursday afternoon.

Mr. Jimmy James, assisted by Miss Stella Dena and company, will appear at the Coliseum this week in a sketch entitled *The Spare Room*. Other contributors to the programme include Miss Olga Spessiva, Mr. Norman Long, and Mr. Randolph Sutton. At the Palladium the principal contributors include Miss Gracie Fields, the Houston Sisters, and Messrs. Payne and Hilliard.

THE PRINCE EDWARD THEATRE

London's newest theatre—the Prince Edward, which was opened some months ago with *Rio Rita*—is to be equipped with sound-film apparatus. The first film to be shown, on May 26, there will be *Song o' my Heart*, in which Mr. John McCormack, the tenor, makes his first appearance in a talking film, one which is described as "a singing, talking movietone romance."

The next production by the Venturers' Society will be a modern problem play entitled *Ruth*, by Mr. Harold Martin, and it will be staged at the Globe Theatre on Sunday. The period is set in 1950. The cast will include Miss Clare Harris, Miss Dorothy Dunkels, Miss Pamela Carme, Mr. Emlyn Williams, Mr. E. Scott-Gatty, and Mr. Alfred Clark. On Sunday, May 25, the Repertory Players will appear at the Strand Theatre in a new work by Mr. H. M. Harwood and Miss Tennyson Jesse entitled *How to be Healthy though Married*. The leading parts will be played by Miss Marie Ney, Mr. George Zucco, and Mr. Campbell Gullan.

Mr. Maurice Browne has made arrangements to present the Old Vic's production of *Hamlet* at the Queen's Theatre during the next month or two in succession to *The Apple Cart*. Sir John Martin-Harvey has also arranged with Mr. Bernard Shaw to revive *The Devil's Disciple* at the opening of his next season in London early in September. The next production of the Everyman Theatre Guild will be a new play, *Old King Coal*, by Mr. Edward A. Wilson, which will be given at the Everyman Theatre to-day week. The play deals with a coalmine, and some very realistic scenes of an explosion in a pit are said to be included in the production.

The Hypocrites Amateur Dramatic Society will present at the Rudolf Steiner Hall to-morrow and on Wednesday *Evelina*, a comedy by Miss Mary Parkington, adapted from the novel by Fanny Burney. The performances will be given in aid of the Ex-Service Friends' Association.

ENGAGEMENTS THIS WEEK

To-night.—*Magda*. New.
To-morrow.—*The Beggar's Opera*. Lyric, Hammersmith.
Thursday.—*The Ugly Duchess*. Arts.

WEEK-END CONCERTS

MR. BOROVSKY AT THE AEOLIAN HALL

At the first of his two recitals at the Aeolian Hall on Saturday afternoon Mr. Borovsky played works by eighteenth-century composers, dividing his programme between the music in its original form and transcriptions by modern virtuoso pianists. The first group included Bach's Chromatic Fantasia and Fugue, a Sonata in D major by Haydn, and some pieces by Couperin and Handel. Among the transcriptions were four by Busoni from the Choral Preludes by Bach and some French pieces edited by Godowsky. Mr. Borovsky's playing was always finely shaded and admirably clear. He never forgot the scale of dynamics proper to the style of the music, and his rhythms were full of vitality. We felt in the pieces by Bach that the emotional intensity, which should have been latent, but perceptible, in his very perfect presentation of the facts, was missing, and the pianist was most completely successful in his exquisite performances of the pieces by Couperin.

MR. GOLDENBERG

Liszt's sonata was the chief work in the programme of Mr. Franciszek Goldenberg's recital at the Aeolian Hall on Friday night. Possessing no real musical value, it still serves a useful purpose in revealing the extent of a pianist's prowess in certain directions. Mr. Goldenberg has the technical qualifications and controlled the difficulties well enough; but his tone is singularly dry, and the interpretation was lacking in the necessary executive enthusiasm. More should have been made of the opportunities for massive harmonic colour, and the chord-playing was not sufficiently sonorous. Handel's amiable "Harmonious Blacksmith Variations" were played in rather a hurried manner and with arid phrasing. In Casella's feeble suite, "Pezzi infantili," Mr. Goldenberg was neat-fingered and commendably clear. The programme was completed with some Chopin and pieces of Poulenc and De Falla.

MISS LILA BODDAM

The singing of Miss Lila Boddam at the Grotrian Hall on Saturday afternoon showed some promise. It is true it was difficult to detect how much of the vital quality of temperament she possesses, since it seemed clear that all her thoughts were centred on purely technical matters, and the interpretation sounded veiled and indeterminate in consequence. But she has a mezzo-soprano voice of attractive quality, and the tone is already steadily held. In the actual execution a good deal more finish of style is needed, especially in the direction of obtaining a more flexible phrasing. She was assisted by Mr. Lauri Kennedy, who played some violoncello solos, and by Mr. Ivor Newton, who played her accompaniments.

HYDE PARK CARILLON

To-day's recitals on the Wellington (New Zealand) War Memorial Carillon in Hyde Park will be by electro-pneumatic operation, the programmes being:—

4.30 to 4.45 p.m.—"Changes on 10 bells," "Minuet" (Paderewski), "Gavotte," "Hark, Hark My Soul," "Musette" (Bach), and "Changes on 12 bells."
8 to 8.15 p.m.—"Changes on 10 bells," "Adeste Fideles," "Prelude," "Sicilian Mariners," "The Ash Grove," and "Changes on 12 bells."

ST. JOAN OF ARC

A crowded congregation attended the religious and national festival of Sainte Jeanne, d'Arc at the Roman Catholic Church of Notre Dame, Leicester-place, Leicester-square, London, yesterday morning. Solemn High Mass was attended by the French Ambassador, the French Consul, and members of the staffs of the Consulate and the Embassy, and by a number of French Boy Scouts. The statue of Saint Joan, standing on the right of the main altar, was adorned with French flags and with flowers. The Rev. Father P. F. Laurent delivered a panegyric on the life and character of Saint Joan.

ART EXHIBITIONS

ENGLISH PAINTINGS

Though it contains examples of Gainsborough and Constable, the exhibition of 22 eighteenth and nineteenth century English paintings at the Independent Gallery, 7A, Grafton-street, represents rather "the brown" of the school, and so serves a very useful purpose. It is true that art knows no boundaries, but it is also true that the closer we get to native characteristics, particularly in landscape and portraiture, the more reason we have to be proud of English painting, and there is a good as well as a bad meaning to provincialism. What the exhibition suggests, no doubt fallaciously, is an intelligent gleaning from smaller country houses, rectories, and so forth, where a few good pictures, originally acquired for subject rather than name, have been secluded rather than displayed for several generations. Most of the pictures are small, and none of them looks as if it claimed to more than a domestic purpose. It is, in short, an exhibition with an atmosphere, to which pleasant speculation about the circumstances of past ownership adds its contribution.

Artistically the jewel of the collection is the little "Landscape with Church," by Gainsborough. It has the familiar characteristics of his Ipswich period, the sandy bank and the dead tree, but concentrated, so that emphasis is thrown upon the design, which has a Cotmanesque boldness and simplicity. Though it represents an East Anglian worthy, the small "Portrait of Rev. Samuel Uredale, Rector of Barking, Suffolk," is painted with the light hatching stroke of Gainsborough's later period. The earlier picture is balanced by a charming little grey "Landscape" by Constable, with a tree standing aside, as it were, to let the eye travel over the country. There are three Wilsons, "Landscape with Ruins" being the most complete as a classical composition, and two of the rare oil paintings of Peter de Wint, deep in tone and rich in colour. If memory can be trusted, "Battle of Fort Rock," by Turner, with its tangle of trees, represents material that is used in one of his more famous paintings—the one with the coils of a snake, or dragon. The most "swagger" picture in the collection is a half-length "Portrait of an Officer," by Alan Ramsay. "The Thames, London from Southwark," by W. Marlow, suggests a combination of Samuel Scott and Constable, and there are attractive small landscapes by S. D. Colkett, J. Sanders, A. Stannard, and F. W. Watts. The brilliant "Charles V. visiting Francis I. after the Battle of Pavia," by Bonington, is a water-colour study for the picture in the Wallace Collection.

PAINTINGS OF PALESTINE

A new and engaging artistic experience is to be had at Messrs. Tooth's, 155, New Bond-street, where there are 29 paintings of Palestine by a native artist, Mr. Rubin. There are signs that Mr. Rubin has at least looked at contemporary French artists, and his landscapes have a general foundation in Cézanne, but what he has brought away from these models seems only to lend facility to his racial expression. All the characteristics, qualities, and propensities that, rightly or wrongly we look upon as specifically Jewish—unashamed family affection, poetical sentiment, musical rhythm, rounded forms, rather "sweet" colour, and a preference for slippery surfaces—come out in his paintings with remarkable ease and lightness of statement. A general Orientalism is indicated by occasional reminiscences of Persian painting, but the individual accent is definitely Jewish. One picture in particular, "The Horsemen," riding, riding through an olive grove, brings back the high romanticism of the race, often overlooked in the estimate of softer, subtler qualities, which was impressed upon us in youth on reading a novel called "The Lion of Judah."

Nearly all the pictures are high in key, with the light disposed to give the maximum of colour-gradation in each rounded form, and what may be called a melting quality prevails. "The Family of Safed"—she, in pink, nursing her baby, and a black goat, with kid, nibbling at a spray of foliage in the husband's hand, with a background of olives—seems to sum up all that one has ever read about Jewish ideals of earthly bliss. Another elaborate figure composition is "Jaffa Fisher Family," full of curly rhythm, cleverly countered by the hang of the fish in the father's hand. Mr. Rubin is particularly successful in getting the silvery quality of olive trees, and, punctuated with the little black flames of cypresses, it gives charm to such landscapes as "Nazareth." The atmosphere of the whole exhibition supports the statement that, for Mr. Rubin, Palestine is "the land of promise realized," and any artistic shortcomings in his pictures—they certainly lack "bone"—are readily forgiven for the candour and enthusiasm with which his affections are expressed.

PATERSON GALLERY

M. Gabriel Volkoff has essayed a number of different styles in his paintings of early spring in Italy, now on view at the Paterson Gallery, 5, Old Bond-street. But he does not seem as yet to have found one exactly suited to what would appear to be a strictly rational temperament. His achievement is unequal: the study of "Cyclamen," for example, being scarcely worthy of inclusion with the rest. But whether he is painting Hyde Park Corner, Assisi, or Switzerland, M. Volkoff's vision is never obscured by the manifold associations which cluster round so many of his subjects. And in the clear colour and firm outline of such paintings as his "Nesso, Lake of Como" (No. 32) and "Armenian Convent, San Lazzaro, Venice" (No. 15), there is promise of good work when he shall have evolved a style of his own.

THE BULLFIGHT

The portraits of bullfights of Old Spain and sketches of the bullfight by the Basque artist, Mr. Gustavo de Maeztu, now on view at the Spanish Club Gallery, 3, Cavendish-square, are of circumstantial rather than strictly artistic interest, and can be recommended to those interested in the sport. Mr. Maeztu, whose better-known decorative work is rather cloying in colour, brings home the personalities of such heroes as "Pedro Romero," "Frascuelo," and "Lagartijo," their costumes of state lending themselves well to the purposes. But—though his subjects may repel some people—the most interesting works are the vivid impressions in water-colour of the bullfight itself, such as "El recorte" and "Pase por alto." They may not rank higher than pictorial journalism, but they give a remarkably good idea of the way things happen.

CHESTER GALLERY

Miss J. E. Lumsden is the best represented of the three artists at the Chester Gallery, 2, Chester-terrace, where her water-colours are at present being shown alongside water-colours by Mrs. Kate Wilcox and portraits by Lady Kinloch. Flower paintings and landscapes are among the subjects she has chosen, and the landscapes cover a wide field, from northern Italy and Switzerland to the picturesque corners of Cornwall. But there is a uniformity in her style which is not unrelated to the cheerfully romantic of Mrs. Wilcox. "Malcesine, Lake Garda," which has all the virtues of clear atmosphere and pleasing shapes characteristic of an Italian hill-town, may be mentioned as the most attractive example of her work.

At the same gallery there is a display of some beautiful Vesta glass, designed by Mr. Walter Gilbert, with special reference to its uses for interior lighting and decoration.

The Broadcasting Programmes for to-day and Broadcasting Notes will be found on page 24

MUSIC THIS WEEK

OPERA AT COVENT GARDEN

At Covent Garden the second cycle of *The Ring* begins to-night with Herr Robert Heger conducting. *The Flying Dutchman* will be performed for the first time this season—with a new ship too—to-morrow, when Herr Friedrich Schorr will sing the part of the Dutchman, and a new-comer, Mme. Bella Fortner-Halbaerth, the part of Senta; English singers, Miss Constance Willis and Mr. Parry Jones, also appear in the cast. At the performance of *The Valkyrie* on Thursday Miss Eva Turner will appear as Sieglinde. At the last performance of *Parsifal* on Friday Mme. Frida Leider resumes the part of Kundry and Herr Otto Helgers that of Gurnemanz.

The Amsterdam Orchestra, conducted by Dr. Mengelberg, will give three concerts in the Albert Hall on Wednesday and the two following nights. A charity concert given by singers from the Opera will take place on Friday afternoon at Covent Garden. *The Beggar's Opera* will be revived for "positively the last time" by Sir Nigel Playfair at the Lyric Theatre, Hammersmith, to-morrow night.

To-night.—A joint piano and song recital will be given by Miss Gladys Lack and Mr. Percival Garratt (Grotrian Hall, 8.30). Mr. Edward Pavaroff will give a piano recital (Wigmore Hall, 8.30).

To-morrow.—The Bach Cantata Club will give an instrumental concert at the Royal College of Music at 8.15, at which concertos for two flutes and two pianos will be played. Mr. Heifetz will give a violin recital (Queen's Hall, 8), at which he will play a new concerto by Lisgounoff. Recitals will be given by Miss Sophie Wordman (Grotrian Hall, 8.30). The Guild of Singers and Players has arranged a concert (Wigmore Hall, 8.30) to be given by Miss Louise Gerard (singer), Miss Phyllis Sellick (pianist), and Miss Nancy Unwin (violoncellist).

Wednesday.—The Amsterdam Orchestra will give its first concert at the Albert Hall at 8.30. Miss Dorothy Barker will give a violoncello recital (Aeolian Hall, 3), at which she will play d'Albert's concerto. Sonatas for violin and piano by Mozart, Bach, and Beethoven will be played by Mme. Marie Soldat and Miss Fanny Davies (Wigmore Hall, 5.30). The Guild of Singers and Players has organized a second concert at Wigmore Hall (8.30), at which Miss Margaret Harvey-Samuel will play the piano, Miss Maud Anderson the violoncello, and Mr. Maurice Bannister will sing.

Thursday.—At the second concert of the Amsterdam Orchestra, Mr. Iturbi will play Mozart's D minor piano concerto (Albert Hall, 8.30). The Harold Brooke Choir will give a concert at the Bishopsgate Institute (8), when they will sing Bantock's choral suite "A Pageant of Human Life." Piano recitals will be given by Miss Marguerite de Pachmann (Aeolian Hall, 3), and by Mr. Robert Taylor (Wigmore Hall, 8.30). At their second violin and piano recital (Aeolian Hall, 8.45), Messrs. Samuel Dushkin and Beveridge Webster will play sonatas by Reger, Mozart, and Brahms.

Friday.—The Amsterdam Orchestra will play Strauss's "Ein Heldenleben" at their third and last concert (Albert Hall, 8.30). Miss Dorothy Canberra will give a song recital (Aeolian Hall, 8.30), assisted by Mr. Joseph Slater (flute). The Covent Garden concert (2.30) is in aid of the Royal Free Hospital.

Saturday.—The *B minor Mass* will be sung at Southwark Cathedral at 3, when the soloists will be Miss Joan Elwes, Miss Gladys Palmer, Mr. Steuart Wilson, and Mr. Keith Falkner. Mr. Philip Goldesgeyme will give a violoncello recital (Wigmore Hall, 8.30).

LECTURES AND MEETINGS

ROYAL INSTITUTION,
21, ALBEMARLE-STREET, W.1.
May 16, FRIDAY, at 9 p.m.
THE GREAT BARRIER REEF OF AUSTRALIA. C. M. Yonge.

GRESHAM COLLEGE, Basinghall-street, E.C.2.—FOUR LECTURES will be delivered by PROFESSOR OLIVER ELTON, Litt.D., F.B.A., on Tues., Wed., Thurs., and Fri., May 13, 14, 15, 16. Subject: "Seventeenth Century Poets." The lectures are FREE and commence at 6 p.m.

ENTERTAINMENTS

ROYAL TOURNAMENT, OLYMPIA.
Patron: His Most Gracious Majesty The King.
MAY 29th to JUNE 14th, at 2.30 and 8.
Box Offices now open, 10 to 6. Olympia (Addison-road entrance). Tele.: Riverside 2720; 68, Victoria-street. Tele., Victoria 8260 and 2427; and principal booking agents. Reserved seats 5s., 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., and 15s. 6d., all free of tax.

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Open 2 p.m. Tuesday, May 13, and thereafter daily 10.30 a.m. to 5.30 p.m. until Saturday, May 24th. Saturdays, 10.30 a.m. to 1 p.m.
ADMISSION FREE.

ZOOLOGICAL GARDENS. Open 9 a.m. till 8 p.m. Mondays, except Bank Holidays, 6d. Others days: Adults 1s., Children 6d. Aquarium, Mondays, except Bank Holidays, 6d. Other days: Adults 1s., Children 6d. Sundays, Fellows and Fellows' Orders only.

MADAME TUSSAUD'S EXHIBITION. Baker-street Station. Daily 10-10. Sundays 2-10. "A FAMOUS PAGEANT." Admission 1s. 3d. (including tax). Children under 12, 6d.

GREAT TERRIER DOG SHOW, Olympia, May 13th, from 10 to 5. Great champions of the day.

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PICTURE THEATRES

ALHAMBRA. British International Musical Burlesque. "NOT SO QUIET ON THE WESTERN FRONT"; also BILLIE DOVE in "THE OTHER TO MORROW," a First National Talkie. Continuous 12 noon.

ASTORIA. Gerr. 5528. 1-11. "MIRTH and MELODY" (All-Talking and Singing). Lois Lane, Joe Wagstaff; 1, 4, 10. Also "At The Villa Rose" (All-Talking).

AVENUE PAVILION, Shaftesbury-avenue. Ger. 3981. Reopening to-day: "LUMMOX" (All-Talking). Three separate performances daily, 2.45, 6.15, 8.45. All Seats Bookable.

CAPITOL. Reg. 4455. 12-11. Janet Gaynor and Chas. Farrell in "HIGH SOCIETY BLUES" (All-Talking and Singing); 2.50, 6.40, 9.30. Also "Murder on the Roof" (All-Talking). Programme commences 12, 2.40, 5.30, 8.20.

CARLTON, Haymarket. Daily, 2.45, 6, 8.45. Sons. 8, 8.45. DENNIS KING in "THE VAGABOND KING" with Jeanette MacDonald, O. P. Heggie, Lillian Roth, and cast of thousands. All Colour! All Talking! Screen's Greatest Musical Romantic Sensation! "Vagabond King" starts at 2.10, 6.25, 9.10. All seats bookable from 2s. 4d. Reg. 2211.

EMPIRE, Leicester-square. 12-12. 2nd BIG WEEK. GRETA GARBO TALKS in "ANNA CHRISTIE." The greatest drama ever put in film. With Marie Dressler, Charles Bickford, George Marion. From 11.30 to 1.0, any seat (except loges) 1s. 6d.

KENSINGTON. (Western 3577.) 2 till 11. All-TALKING. Warner Oland in "The Mysterious Dr. FU MANCHU." Carl Brisson in "The American Prisoner."

MARBLE ARCH PAVILION. Continuous 2-11. ALL-TALKING Programme. GEORGE ARLISS in "THE GREEN GODDESS," preceded by "Dark Red Roses," &c., &c. Programme commences 2, 5, 8.

NEW GALLERY. Gerr. 9805. 2-11. Sapper's "TEMPLE TOWER"; with Kenneth MacKenna as "Bulldog Drummond" (All-Talking); 3.50, 6.50, 9.50. Also "The Big Party"; programme commences 2, 5, 8.

PLAZA. Only 4 more days! WM. POWELL in "The Finest Performance of His Career." E. Brandon's "STREET OF CHANCE." The Classic All-Talking Thriller, with Kay Francis, Jean Arthur, Alec Marie Dressler in "Dangerous Females" Talkie Scream. Adm., 1s. 6d., 11.45-1. Reg. 7201.

POLYTECHNIC. Regent-st., Lang. 1744. "SEA HAWKS," with Captain C. W. R. Knight, M.C., and "Rainbow." Also Talkie News and "Mickey Mouse." Daily, 2.30, 5.30, 8.30.

REGAL, Marble Arch. John Boles in the all-colour operetta "SONG OF THE WEST," and Lilian Harvey in "Knight in London." Padd. 0911.

STOLL PICTURE THEATRE, Kingsway. Daily from 12.30. 'Phone, Holborn 2702. All-Talking. "THE MYSTERIOUS DR. FU MANCHU," with Warner Oland; "RIVER OF ROMANCE," with Charles Rogers and Mary Brian.

TIVOLI. Temple Bar 5222. Continuous performance. The film of "JOURNEY'S END" (All-Talking). 1.15, 4, 6.45, 9.25. Sessions: 12.35, 3.20, 6.5, 8.55. 1,000 seats at 1s. 6d. between 12 and 1 daily.

OPERA

ROYAL OPERA, COVENT GARDEN.
Lessees: Covent Garden Opera Syndicate, Ltd.
SEASON OF INTERNATIONAL OPERA.

**RHEINGOLD.* TO-NIGHT, at 8.30.
(First performance, Second Cycle.)
Odette de Foras, Maria Olczewska, Gladys Palmer, Bettr Thompson, Anna Tibell, Josephine Wise; Ivar Andresen, Octave Dua, Arthur Fear, Eduard Habich, Otto Helgers, Edward Leer, Friedrich Schorr, Fritz Wolf.
Conductor—ROBERT HEGER.

†*DER FLIEGENDE HOLLANDER.* To-morrow, at 8.
Frida Leider, Constance Willis; Ivar Andresen, Parry Jones, Rudolf Laubenthal, Friedrich Schorr.
Conductor—ROBERT HEGER.

†DIE FLEDERMAUS .. .. Wednesday, at 8.15.
†DIE WALKURE .. .. Thurs., at 5.15.
†PARSIFAL .. .. Friday, at 5.30.
Last Performance of this Opera.
†DIE MEISTERSINGER .. .. Monday, May 19, at 8.15.
* PRICES (including tax): Boxes, 10 guineas and £5; Stalls, £2, 6s.; Circle, 25s. and 24s.; Balcony, 21s. 6d.; Amphitheatre, 15s.; Gallery (reserved), 5s. 6d.
† PRICES (including tax): Boxes, 10 guineas and £5; Stalls, 25s.; Circle, 24s. and 21s. 6d.; Balcony, £1; Amphitheatre, 12s.; Gallery (unreserved), 3s. 6d.
Box-office 10 to 6. Telephone: Temple Bar 7331.

ROYAL OPERA, COVENT GARDEN.
H.R.H. the PRINCESS MARY, COUNTESS of HAREWOOD,
has graciously consented to be present at an
AFTERNOON CONCERT,
by WORLD-FAMOUS OPERA ARTISTS,
on FRIDAY, NEXT, MAY 16th, at 2.30 p.m.,
in aid of the Royal Free Hospital
Extension to ensure Medical Education for Women.
LOTTE LEHMANN. MARIA OLCZEWSKA
ELISABETH SCHUMANN. IVAR ANDRESEN.
GIOVANNI INGHILLERI. HEDDLE NASH.
are generously giving their services.
Prices: Boxes 5 Guineas; rest from 5s.; unres. 3s.
Tickets to be obtained at Box-office and usual Agents.

THEATRES

ALDWYCH. Tem. 6404. NIGHTLY, at 8.15. Matinées, WED. and FRI., 2.30.
TOM WALLS and REGINALD HIGHLEY present
RALPH LYNN in
"*A NIGHT LIKE THIS.*"
A New Farce by BEN TRAVERS.
Mary Brough Whitfield Shotter
and TOM WALLS.

AMBASSADORS. Evgs., 8.30. Tues., Fri., 2.30
THE MAN IN POSSESSION.
With ISABEL JEANS and RAYMOND MASSEY.
Preceded by "THE CONFEDERATES." (Tem. 1171.)

APOLLO. 8.40. Thur., Sat., 2.30. G. 6970.
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MARJORIE MARS. LESLIE PERRINS.
DENYS BLAKELOCK. DAVID HORNE.
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"CHEERED TO THE ECHO . . . ONE OF THE STRONGEST PLAYS OF RECENT TIMES."

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MARIE LOHR. MALCOLM KEEN.
"FINE CRIME PLAY."—*Daily Mail.*
"REAL DRAMA. PLENTY OF THRILLS."—*D. Sketch.*

DALY'S. (Ger. 0201.) 8.30. Mats., Wed., Sat., 2.30.
BASIL FOSTER and TOM MILLER present
"*A SONG OF SIXPENCE.*"
By IAN HAY and GUY BOLTON.

DOMINION, Tottenham Court-rd. Mus. 2176.
NIGHTLY, at 8.15. MATS. WED. & SAT., 2.30.
THE ROMANTIC MUSICAL COMEDY
SILVER WINGS.
HARRY WELCHMAN LUPINO LANE
MARK STONE DONALD MATHER
DESIREE ELLINGER EMMA HAIG
ALL SEATS BOOKABLE. 2s. to 8s. 6d. PLUS TAX.

DRURY LANE. (Temple Bar 7171.)
NIGHTLY, at 8.15. MATS., WED. SAT., 2.30.
DENNIS KING in
"*THE THREE MUSKETEERS.*"
A ROMANTIC MUSICAL PLAY.

DUKE OF YORK'S. Props.: Willhut, Ltd. (Smoking.) EVGS., 8.30. MATS., WED., SAT., 2.30.
SUSPENSE.
By Patrick MacGill.
GORDON HARKER.
SIDNEY MORGAN. OSWALD DALE ROBERTS.
VIVIENNE WEST. ROLAND CULVER.
VINCENT HOLMAN. ROBERT DOUGLAS.
The Play Produced by Reginald Denham.

EVERYMAN. 8.15. Thurs. & Sat., 2.30.
"*THE GLEN IS MINE.*"
THE SCOTTISH NATIONAL PLAYERS.

GAIETY. Tem. Bar 6991.
NIGHTLY, at 8.15. Mats., Tues. and Fri., 2.30.
"*DARLING, I LOVE YOU.*"
A New Musical Play, with GEORGE CLARKE.

GARRICK. Tem. 8713. NIGHTLY, at 8.30.
Matinées, THURS. and SAT., 2.30.
RENEE KELLY in
"*ALMOST A HONEYMOON.*"
THE DARING BUT REALLY FUNNY FARCE.

GLOBE. LAST WEEKS. Gerrard 8724.
NIGHTLY, at 8.40. MATS., WED. and SAT., 2.30.
MAURICE BROWNE presents
"*B. J. ONE.*"
By Commander Stephen King-Hall.
"SPELL-BINDING."—*Evening News.*

HAYMARKET. Evgs., 8.30. Wed., Sat., 2.30.
THE FIRST MRS. FRASER.
A Comedy by ST. JOHN ERVINE.
MARIE TEMPEST and HENRY AINLEY

HIPPODROME, LONDON. (Ger. 0048.)
EVGS., 8.30. Mats., Weds., Thurs., & Sats., 2.30.
"*THE CO-OPTIMISTS OF 1930.*"
"VERY MUCH THE BEST ENTERTAINMENT THE CO-OPS HAVE YET GIVEN."—*Daily Mail.*

HIS MAJESTY'S.
Proprietor: Joseph Benson. Licensee: W. C. Gaunt.
NIGHTLY, at 8.30. Mats., WED. and SAT., 2.30.
11th Month of CHARLES B. COCHRAN'S Production
"*BITTER SWEET.*"
An Operette by NOEL COWARD.

KINGSWAY. Hol. 4032. NIGHTLY, at 8.30.
Matinées, Wed. and Sat., 2.30. For 2 more Weeks.
"*HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR.*"
Cathleen Nesbitt. C. M. Hallard. Lawrence Hanray.

LONDON PAVILION. NIGHTLY, at 8.15.
Matinées, TUESDAY and THURSDAY, 2.30.
CHARLES B.
COCHRAN'S 1930 REVUE.
RETURN OF
ADA-MAY, ALICE NIKITINA,
with
MAISIE GAY. SERGE LIFAR.
And Full Original Cast.

LYCEUM. Temple Bar 7617.
THE CALENDAR.
Edgar Wallace's Great Racing Play.
NIGHTLY, 8.15. Mats., Wed. & Thurs., at 2.30.
MARGARET BANNERMAN. ALFRED DRAYTON.

LYRIC. (Gerrard 3686.) Licensee, A. C. Belsey
NIGHTLY, at 8.30. MATS., WED. & SAT., 2.30.
"*DEBONAIR.*"
A Comedy by G. B. STERN and FRANK VOSPER.

LYRIC, Hammersmith. Riverside 3012.
TO-MORROW (Tues.), at 8 (subsequently 8.15).
FAREWELL PERFORMANCES of
THE BEGGAR'S OPERA.
FREDERICK RANALOW
OLIVE GROVES ELSIE FRENCH
Produced by SIGEL PLAYFAIR
First Matinee, Saturday next, at 2.30.

NEW. (Tem. Bar 3878.) TO-NIGHT, at 8.30.
FOR TWO WEEKS ONLY.
GWEN FFRANGCON-DAVIES in
"*MAGDA.*"
Mats., Thurs., Sat., 2.30 commencing Thurs. next.

PALACE. Gerrard 6834.
NIGHTLY, at 8.15. MATS., WED. and SAT., 2.30.
"*HEADS UP!*"
A New Musical Comedy.
SYDNEY HOWARD LOUISE BROWN
ARTHUR MARGETSON CLARICE HARDWICKE
EDMUND WILLARD CECIL HUMPHREYS

PICCADILLY. (Reg. 4506.) Opp. Regent Palace Hotel.
TO-DAY, 2.30 & 8.15. MATS., MON., WED., 2.30.
A JULIAN WYLIE Production.
"*HERE COMES THE BRIDE.*"
"THE BEST MUSICAL COMEDY."—*Hannen Swaffer.*
CLIFFORD MOLLISON EDMUND GWENN
JEAN COLIN RICHARD DOLMAN
Vera Bryer, Maria Minetti, Albert Bruett, Bowell, Harper and Nafti

PLAYHOUSE. Evgs., 8.15. Ger. 5162.
GLADYS COOPER presents
"*DISHONOURED LADY.*"
By Margaret Ayer Barnes

Imperial and Foreign News

BRITISH GUIANA

HARDSHIPS AND GRIEVANCES

Sir Edward Denham is leaving for British Guiana during the last week in May to assume the Governorship in succession to the late Sir Gordon Guggisberg. The following article is written by a correspondent who lately visited the Colony.

The three Guianas—British, Dutch, and French—are all unhappily among the colonies of which the possessing powers have least reason to feel proud. Lying in a compact parcel on the north coast of South America, just above the Equator and the Brazilian Amazon Basin, they have long been the only surviving European dependencies on the continent and thorns in the side of advanced supporters of the Monroe doctrine. Never fabulously rich, they have been receding during the past hundred years from a decent prosperity to a condition of stagnation. Demerara, or British Guiana, will present its new Governor with a particularly depressing spectacle.

The Colony, almost exactly the size of Great Britain with less than 1 per cent. of her population, has a façade of fertile lands below sea-level fronting the

Atlantic, and behind are dense forest and savannah, scarcely accessible up rivers interrupted by frequent cataracts. There is no natural port for ships of any size, and no avenue for trade into the interior. Last September the opening by Colonel Lindbergh of a new American airway, operated by seaplanes from Miami in Florida, made it a port of call on the line from North to South America by way of the West Indies. The growth of transit traffic may eventually put Demerara on a sound economic footing, which devotion to a single primary crop—sugar—has conspicuously failed to do.

THE SUGAR CRISIS

It is not necessary here to repeat the history of the West Indian sugar crisis, due to over-production throughout the world, aggravated by the present policy of the British Government, but certain aspects with particular reference to British Guiana must be mentioned. The Colony is dependent on sugar to an extent rare even in staple crop communities. Not merely the private income but the entire revenue of the colonists comes directly from sugar. A great part of the social services—hospitals, schools, drainage, and so on—has been provided by the planters and not by public effort. The units of production vary greatly in efficiency and scale of operations, and were separated, in a very able memorandum laid before the Commission last November by the planting community, into two groups, of which the larger, although severely depressed, was considered economically sound, while the smaller admittedly needed rationalization to put it on a paying basis. Much has been done towards the adoption of modern methods, but the present situation is impossible owing to the rapid and largely undeserved impoverishment of the planters.

The choice for the future lies therefore between three courses. Sugar may be retained as the dominant industry, by wholesale reconstruction in the Colony and a guaranteed Imperial market—a solution which would naturally be seized upon if the Home Government could be persuaded to take the initiative. Secondly, failing that initiative, the Colony might change over to some other crop, more or less abandoning sugar to its fate. Some steps in this direction have been taken recently under the direction of the energetic head of the agricultural department; rice has been successfully cultivated till there is an exportable surplus above the large internal consumption by East Indian immigrants. But the sacrifice of capital and skill involved in such transition may be compared to the problem of supplanting cotton by artificial silk as the staple of Lancashire, if that county were a remote part of the Empire fiscally dependent on a cotton levy.

TALK OF TRANSFER TO U.S.

The third course is for the valuable littoral belt to go out of cultivation altogether, in which case the Colony must become depopulated of its most industrious inhabitants—the East Indians—and assume financial liability for their repatriation to the extent of nearly a million pounds. Such an agricultural collapse, which it is discreditable to the Empire to have to consider, would leave the Colony with a purely exploitative export of diamonds, gold, bauxite, balata, greenheart, and other timber, on a more or less insignificant scale.

The idea of a peaceful transfer to United States sovereignty, in return for some concession on the American Debt, is being freely discussed. It would be a slander on the loyalty of the colonists to give the impression that responsible elements are moving in that direction, but that Lord Olivier found it necessary seriously to argue the point in his address at Georgetown at least indicates that it cannot be ignored. Judging by examples from the Caribbean, the prosperity of the Colony under American control would soon return. Much more would be spent on capital construction—for example, on the deep-draught harbour and on interior communications whose absence bars progress. Whether the emancipated negroes in the Colony, who are most disposed to favour American domination, would find it palatable if it came is open to question.

Any scheme for putting the Colony on an economic footing would have to cut down the absurdly high labour charges (in many cases actually higher than in England) or secure in return for them a much greater output of efficient work than the labourers are accustomed to give. Ever since the emancipation the supply of labour in the country has been inadequate in every respect, an important factor in retarding its development. Not enough capital, not enough satisfactory labour, not enough transport make a vicious circle particularly difficult to break through. The comparatively small scale of operations and the high overhead costs, especially of administration, in an ample territory with the same population as West Ham handicap it in the absence of outside help of any sort.

Whatever may be the shortcomings of various sections of the Colony, it is difficult to avoid the impression that British Guiana is not being fairly treated. An effort was certainly made to balance the inevitable but reactionary revision of the Constitution by the appointment of a Governor of proved excellence in the late Sir Gordon Guggisberg. His breakdown and the collapse of the sugar market left the Colony in an unenviable plight, confronted with domestic ruin and the indifference of the Mother Country. Sir Edward Denham, in taking up the administration, will need not merely courage, energy, and foresight, but a much greater share of sympathy and active support from home than his predecessors have enjoyed.

For the last century British Guiana has been a backwater which has never needed much attention. Now it is a halt on the aerial highway to South America; it is our only possession on that continent, and a target for disparaging comparison between British and American government. A marked improvement in its development becomes a matter of prestige.

PETITION TO POLISH PRESIDENT

CONVOCATION OF PARLIAMENT DEMANDED

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

WARSAW, MAY 10

The text of a petition to the President of the Republic, bearing the requisite number of Deputies' signatures to procure the convocation of an extraordinary session of Parliament, was approved on Friday by a meeting of delegates of the Centre and Left Oppositions, and put into the hands of the Marshal of the Seym, who asked for an audience, at which he delivered it to the President.

The petition says that, in spite of the Prime Minister's announcement forecasting an early election, the President has not yet thought fit to appeal to the country in order that it may adjudicate on the conflict between the Executive and the Legislature, and, pending such an appeal, the resumption of Parliamentary business is necessary. Mention is made of the acute economic crisis, the measures of fiscal reform, the commercial treaties awaiting ratification, the supplementary money votes, and the auditing of Treasury accounts for past years as matters on which work was interrupted by the closure of the ordinary session. It is also recalled that the present Seym, being the second to have been elected since the Constituent Assembly, enjoys special non-recurrent facilities for revising the Constitution, and ought not to be prevented from using them by being kept inactive for months on end. For nearly four years, the petition concludes, the normal legislative work of Parliament has been continually paralysed.

The President is obliged by the Constitution to summon the extraordinary session within a fortnight, but if he wishes he may immediately adjourn it for not more than 30 days. It is not known yet whether the Government will prefer to dissolve the House and face the dubious prospects of an election, or to court defeat on a motion of censure.

ESPIONAGE TRIAL IN RUMANIA

POLICE OFFICIAL SENTENCED

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

BUCHAREST, MAY 11

After a trial lasting three days a Court-martial at Chisinau, in Bessarabia, on Friday sentenced Constantine Tibacu to 10 years' imprisonment and a fine of 100,000 lei [about £125]; Alexei Karamanoff to five years' imprisonment and a fine of 50,000 lei; Beloff to five years' imprisonment and a fine of 5,000 lei in addition to five years' correctional interdiction; Reghina Tibacu, wife of Constantine, to five years' imprisonment; Vladimir Stricker to five years'; and Mihail Stenhaus, who has disappeared, to 10 years' imprisonment and a fine of 100,000 lei with six years' correctional interdiction, when he can be caught.

Karamanoff was a courier for the Odessa Ogpu (Cheka), who, when captured by the Rumanian authorities in February, denounced Tibacu, then a high official in the headquarters of the Bucharest police, as being the chief of the Ogpu's secret service in Rumania. Tibacu was arrested with several of his accomplices, and subsequent investigations and the evidence at his trial have proved that he was employed by the Odessa Ogpu and had been furnishing it with secret political information.

THE ANGOLA BANK NOTE CASE

A DEFENDANT'S ADMISSION

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

LISBON, MAY 11

The trial of the men charged with obtaining an unauthorized issue of Bank of Portugal notes was continued yesterday. The Court heard the evidence of Reis, who is alleged to have been the chief conspirator, and who has made a confession of forgery, stating at the same time that he acted from patriotic motives, hoping to rescue Angola from financial embarrassment. Reis's evidence was to show that his co-defendants and Marang were ignorant of the means whereby the notes were obtained.

According to Reis the idea of issuing the notes was formed in Berlin in 1924, when he met Hennies, against whom Reis made several charges. Reis said he was further tempted when on interviewing the secretary of the Bank of Portugal he found that the bank had no control or supervision of the department concerned with circulating notes. Reis stated that he circulated exactly 86,000 contos of notes; if more were discovered they must have come from the notes seized.

THE FLAG QUESTION IN S.W. AFRICA

WINDHOEK (SOUTH-WEST AFRICA), May 10.—The Legislative Assembly of South-West Africa has passed a motion in favour of the Union Flag Act of 1927 applying to South-West Africa. The German members abstained from voting.—*Reuter.*

*** The Act passed by the Union of South Africa provided for a special South African flag on which the Union Jack and the old Republican flags are shown in miniature. At the same time it was enacted that the Union Jack should be flown at the ports, and also on Government buildings on certain occasions. South-West Africa is governed, under mandate, by the Union of South Africa.

WILD LIFE IN FRANCE

PARIS, May 11.—Hunters using special reflecting lanterns to dazzle the animals are still searching the forests in the region of Agen for the lions or tigers which, some people suppose, are roaming there. M. Cassauli, whose circus was at Moissac on the night of the disastrous flood, says that 35 carnivorous beasts were washed away and he thinks all were drowned, but a report that only 15 bodies have been recovered opens up a vista of disquieting possibilities. It is declared that the last wild animal seen in the forest was a hyena.—*Exchange.*

THE SITUATION IN SPAIN

ELECTIONS TO BE HELD

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

MADRID, MAY 11

Madrid University, which was closed a week ago as a result of the students' agitation, is to be reopened to-morrow. The Governors have decided, however, that should there be renewed disturbances the University will be definitely closed until September and the examinations due to be held during the next six weeks will be postponed until that month.

In conversation with Press representatives yesterday, General Berenguer, the Prime Minister, said that he considered the political situation satisfactory. He referred to the student outbursts as mere incidents of little moment which, however, the Government is not disposed to permit. As to a return to dictatorship, of which there had been rumours of late, the Prime Minister said no such possibility exists, for, whereas in September, 1923, the atmosphere was favourable to and the Press generally ready to support a *coup d'Etat*, to-day the nation was absolutely opposed to any form of dictatorship, and without the support of public opinion or a strong part of it such a movement could not be carried out.

General Berenguer confirmed the statement that he intends going through with his programme and carrying out Parliamentary elections as soon as the new census has been taken. He is of opinion that the monarchy will have little to fear in these elections, as he says, "Spain is not republican; in the villages there is no republicanism whatsoever, and in the towns there is much less than some people think. The immense majority of the nation is monarchist."

MISSING UNDERGRADUATE'S BODY FOUND

VICTIM OF AN AVALANCHE

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, MAY 11

The body of Mr. Overton Fallis Kershaw, an Oxford undergraduate, who had been missing since his departure on a week-end tour from Grippe, in the French Pyrenees, has been found in the mountains just outside French territory, near Pielsa, on the Franco-Spanish border. He had been killed by an avalanche.

Mr. Kershaw, who was 22 years of age, left London on March 30 with a friend in order to make a walking tour through France and Spain as far as Madrid. His friend fell ill on reaching Pierrefitte, and Mr. Kershaw continued alone as far as Grippe, where he was last seen alive. He set out from there intending to reach Madrid and rejoin his friend on April 16. An appeal for investigation was broadcast by the B.B.C. in three languages at the request of Scotland Yard on Thursday, whereupon a party of gendarmerie from Villefranche, near Apt, set out and finally discovered the body.

The dead man was the eldest son of the late Judge Kershaw, of the Egyptian Court of Appeal, and had lived with his mother in London. He was in his fourth year at Balliol and had intended to enter the Colonial service.

AERIAL POLICE FORCE IN FRANCE

FLYING OVER FORTIFIED AREAS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, MAY 11

Commercial and private aircraft are forbidden to fly over the fortified areas in the Moselle Department, except along a route which follows the Saar Valley, and an aerial police force, the first of its kind in Europe, has now been organized to enforce the regulations.

Since the beginning of this month two military aeroplanes at Metz and two more at Thionville have been held at the disposal of the aerial police. Any strange machine which enters the prohibited area is reported by posts on the ground and pursued. A commercial aeroplane belonging to the Farman Air Line was recently chased and made to land in this way.

MAIL AEROPLANE IN THE SEA

FOUR LIVES LOST OFF MONTEVIDEO

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BUENOS AIRES, MAY 11

A mail aeroplane belonging to the Compagnie Générale Aéropostale which left here at 1.55 a.m. on Saturday on the usual weekly Buenos Aires-Rio de Janeiro stage of the mail service to France came down in the River Plate estuary two miles off Montevideo during a dense fog at 6.20 a.m., either through having lost its way or through lack of fuel.

The French pilot (M. Negrin), the French director of the company's South American section (M. Julien Prainville), the telegraphist, and a Brazilian passenger were lost with the aeroplane and the mails. The sole survivor was the other Brazilian passenger, who managed to swim ashore.

THE RAHIR LIBRARY SALE

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, MAY 11

The three days' sale of the library of the late M. Edouard Rahir at the Hôtel Drouot brought a total of 12,735,000 francs (£101,880), or nearly twice the sum which had been estimated by the auctioneers.

The highest price paid during the last two days of the sale was 410,000 francs (£3,280) for "L'Oeuvre d'Antoine Watteau, Peintre du Roi" (Cèrc 1740). A copy of "La Pucelle d'Orléans," dated 1774, fetched 365,000 francs (£2,920), Ovid's "Metamorphoses" (1767-1770), with the engravings in duplicate, fetched 325,000 francs (£2,300), and the "Contes de Perrault" (1781) 260,000 francs (£2,080). A copy of "Hymni et Epigrammata Marulli" (1497), from the library of Grolier, fell at 261,000 francs (£2,088), "Daphnis and Chloe," bound by Monnier in 1731, at 281,000 francs (£2,248), and a set of engravings by Freudeberg and Moreau the younger, "To serve for the history of the costumes and manners of the French in the Eighteenth Century," at 241,000 francs (£1,928).

MEMORIAL TO SIR A. MUDDIMAN

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

SIMLA, MAY 11

In the presence of a crowded congregation the Viceroy to-day unveiled at Christchurch, Simla, a memorial to the late Sir Alexander Muddiman.

The monument is a simple canopied white marble tablet designed by Mr. Walter George, F.R.I.B.A., the distinguished New Delhi architect, as his contribution to the memory of Sir Alexander, and was erected at the cost of the memorial fund which was subscribed by a large number of English and Indian friends. The greater portion of the fund will be devoted to the endowment of a room at the local Y.M.C.A. or a ward in the hospital.

RED PROPAGANDA

LONDON AS A BASE

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

RIGA, MAY 11

In connexion with the report that the Comintern (Communist International) has in view the establishment in London of a propaganda centre, trustworthy information from Moscow gives ground for the belief that a definite decision to make London an important base for world operations was taken in February at a conference of the Presidium of the I.K.K.I. (the Executive Committee of the Comintern). The conference had under consideration a special report from Mr. Harry Pollitt about the "revolutionary situation," and the Communist Party's work in Great Britain and the British "Colonies and semi-Colonies." At the same time the comparative advantages and disadvantages of Berlin and Paris as European centres were discussed, the members expressing uneasiness at the growing symptoms of intolerance on the part of official circles in both capitals. So far as can be ascertained, the Presidium regarded London as safer at present, but whether it is intended to promote London at the expense of Berlin, or merely to make London an alternative base in case of emergency, is uncertain.

The British Communist Party and all Communists in England have strict standing orders from Moscow to "organize the workers for violent assaults on the authorities of Great Britain, the world citadel of Imperialism." The orders explain in much detail how this must be done.

The orders say:—"When the dominating classes are disorganized, when the masses are worked up to a state of revolutionary ferment, when the intervening strata of population waver towards the proletariat, when the masses are prepared for action and sacrifice, then the Communist Party must lead them out for a direct attack on the bourgeois State."

The orders further urge the party to bear in mind that it is not a peaceful conquest that is sought, for such a conquest cannot be achieved through acquiring a Parliamentary majority, but the bourgeoisie must be "broken with stern violence," as the masses can obtain control only by "violently overthrowing the bourgeois authority, *destroying* the capitalist State machine, the army, the police, the bureaucratic hierarchy, the Courts of Justice, and Parliament."

The orders, which promise that the Soviet Union itself will play a "tremendous revolutionary role in the capitalist crisis," say that it is already carrying out an immeasurably great work as "the motive engine driving the masses to the revolutionary seizure of power." They go on to explain some of the methods employed already by the Soviet Government to put into effect the Comintern's programme, particularly "economic manœuvring and the exploitation of economic ties with capitalist countries by means of monopolized organization of foreign trade, credits, loans, and concessions, as the chief and fundamental policy must be the establishment of the most extensive possible relations abroad."

But, it is observed, the capitalist States have become wary, and "constantly waver between their trade interests and their fear of strengthening the U.S.S.R. and consequently strengthening the international revolution." Nevertheless, the risk that war may be made on the U.S.S.R. "will not deter the Russian Communist Party, as the leading section of the Comintern dominating the proletarian dictatorship in the U.S.S.R., from fulfilling its international duty of rendering assistance to the Labour movement in capitalist countries and to the movement among colonial peoples."

The orders mention India and India's millions as offering one of the most promising fields for the "breaking of Great Britain's power." This could be done, they say, with the help of the Communists and their allies in the Mother Country, and methods are prescribed. These are the same as those which were employed in China. Emphasis is placed on the inexpediency of immediately intruding naked Communism unduly into any public programme. It is pointed out that the first thing is to throw off the foreign yoke under the banners of the nationalist revolution; the conversion of the masses to Communism should come later.

It is unknown what supplementary secret instructions have been sent out, but these standing orders were passed by the last congress of the Comintern and published as a 32-column supplement of the *Pravda*. Appended to the orders is the statement that "Communists consider it unnecessary to conceal their views and intentions. They openly declare that their object may be attained only by violently pulling down the entire existing edifice of society. Let the dominating classes tremble."

The strictness of the orders is apparent from a special note that this Russian text is authentic, and that all translations and copies should be made from it.

VETERAN FRENCH ACTOR'S FAREWELL

THE ART OF M. DE FERAUDY

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, MAY 11

M. Maurice de Féraudy, one of the most popular actors at the Comédie Française, has resigned after 50 years' continuous service. M. de Féraudy, whose reputation was based upon the classics as much as upon the modern repertory, chose for his farewell programme the second act of Brieux's *Blanchette*, the fourth act of *L'Avare*, the third act of *Les Affaires sont Les Affaires*, by Octave Mirbeau, and the last act of M. Sacha Guitry's *Le Veilleur de Nuit*. In the last item of the programme, in which he had not previously appeared, M. de Féraudy was supported by the author and Mlle. Yvonne Printemps. M. de Féraudy does not intend to retire altogether from the stage, and he will probably be seen shortly in one of the theatres of the boulevards.

A correspondent writes:

The retirement from the Comédie Française of M. de Féraudy, its *doyen* and its greatest actor, should not pass without notice in England.

It is strange that an actor as great as Coquelin or Guitry should, as I believe, be almost unknown in England. His art has ever been of the finest quality and of the utmost variety. One has felt sure, too, of his unselfish simplicity since he has, at the height of his fame, over and over again condescended to play the part of the Interpreter in *L'Anglais tel qu'on le parle*. To have seen Monsieur de Féraudy as the Cardinal in *Primerose*, the Innkeeper in *Blanchette*, Isidore Lechat in *Les Affaires sont les Affaires*, Bridoison in *Le Mariage de Figaro*, and (I think at his greatest) as Monsieur Poirier and Monsieur Brottoneau endows one with an experience and a memory of great art for which it is impossible to be too thankful.

M. PICASSO'S ACTION FOR FRAUD

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, MAY 11

M. Pablo Picasso, the well-known painter, has brought an action against a Spaniard and an American for obtaining by false pretences and selling about 400 pictures and sketches made by him when a boy.

M. Picasso found a number of his pictures and sketches exhibited in a gallery in Paris. He was told that they had been bought from a dealer. These works and others had been obtained from M. Picasso's mother at Barcelona by two men, who borrowed them on the pretext that they were preparing a book on M. Picasso's work, and left a deposit of 1,500 pesetas [about £44]. The two men are alleged to have taken the pictures to France and sold them for 200,000 francs [£1,600]. Three hundred of the drawings were recovered by the police from a Paris dealer yesterday. The alleged thieves have not yet been traced.

Police suffered many casualties and failed in an attack on a fort near Dansalan held by outlaw Moros in the PHILIPPINES.

FRENCH FLEET AT ALGIERS

THE PRESIDENT'S REVIEW

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

ALGIERS, MAY 10

The sun shone in a cloudless sky this afternoon for the President's review of the French naval division off Algiers. Some 12 foreign Naval Attachés, including the British, were present, but the Italian Naval Attaché regretted that he was unable to attend owing to illness.

The first squadron, commanded by Vice-Admiral Durand-Viel, flying his flag in the battleship Provence, consisted of 47 ships and three Flights of aeroplanes. The second light squadron, commanded by Vice-Admiral Ledo, flying his flag in the cruiser Mulhouse, consisted of 19 ships and eight Flights of aeroplanes. At 2.45 the President and his suite went on board the Duquesne, which then broke the Presidential flag. The native chiefs and guests were accommodated on board sloops.

At 3 o'clock the Provence led the review, and other units passed in the following order:—The cruisers, the aeroplane-carrier Béarn, the cruiser Mulhouse, submarines headed by a sloop, destroyers headed by flotilla-leaders. The aeroplanes preceded and escorted the first group. After saluting the Presidential flag, the Provence took up a position east of the Duquesne and remained there for the rest of the review, for which the ships were all dressed. They formed the biggest naval force yet seen at Algiers.

THE ITALIAN NAVAL ESTIMATES

LIMIT TO REDUCTION

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

ROME, MAY 11

The "report" on the Naval Estimates was issued yesterday to the Chamber, where the Estimates will soon form the subject of the next most important debate. Much of the report goes beyond the strict scope of this year's Estimates, as it begins with a general survey of the naval situation from the political standpoint and traces the history of the various attempts at naval disarmament from the Washington Conference onwards.

The report illustrates the vital importance of a fleet to Italy, not only as an "element of prestige" but also as a protection to her supplies, three-fourths of which come from oversea along vulnerable routes within striking distance of foreign naval bases. Another section of the report deals with new construction, and, after insisting upon Italy's efforts to bring about disarmament, declares that the Italian programme cannot be reduced below certain limits. "The examination of the international situation . . . and especially of that created by the results of the London Conference (the report continues) proves clearly that when the vital interests of Italy have been taken into account, the sum of money assigned under Article 2 of the Bill cannot possibly be reduced in any manner whatever."

The report refers with particular satisfaction to the improvements made in Italy in the manufacture of instruments of precision and of submarine weapons, so that Italy little by little is becoming independent of foreign industries.

FRANCO-CHINESE TARIFF TREATY

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, MAY 11

The French Minister to China has arrived at Shanghai in order to sign a Franco-Chinese Tariff Treaty in regard to Indo-China, which has been the subject of discussions for the past 18 months. The treaty, under which Chinese Consulates will be established at Hanoi and Saigon, settles many outstanding disagreements over tariffs.

THE CEYLON FLOODS

15,000 PERSONS HOMELESS

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

COLOMBO, MAY 10

Fifteen thousand persons have been made homeless by the floods, which are three feet higher than the previous record of 1913. The water in North Colombo is level with the housetops. The deaths due to the floods and gale number five, three of which were caused by the capsizing of a canoe in a lagoon at Jaffna, in the Northern Province of Ceylon.

Relief measures on a large scale have been started in Colombo, including the housing of 5,000 destitute people in schools, churches, garages, and technical institutes. Six and seven families are living in houses which normally accommodate one. Processions of boats and improvised rafts continue to float to the city from the derelict suburbs and villages. The refugees' patience, cheerfulness, and readiness to help one another afford a striking example of Oriental fortitude.

A detachment of Royal Engineers was hastily summoned yesterday to strengthen the bund protecting the southern part of Colombo, which was endangered, and day-and-night efforts saved the whole city from being inundated. Over half of Colombo is still without power and light.

FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE'S BIRTHDAY

NEW YORK CELEBRATIONS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

NEW YORK, MAY 11

In connexion with the celebration tomorrow in the New York City schools of the anniversary of the birth of Florence Nightingale, Dr. George J. Ryan, President of the Board of Education, has sent a letter to Dr. William J. O'Shea, Superintendent of Schools, which the latter has directed shall be read in all schools.

The letter, pointing to the fact that it was *The Times*, through Russell's despatches, that revealed the neglect of sick and wounded soldiers in the Crimea, and, rousing public opinion, forced the Government to take remedial action, asks the students in the schools to see in this a lesson of the value of "a free and courageous Press." After describing the life of Florence Nightingale, the letter goes on to say:—

American newspapers have performed, and are performing, many acts of service to humanity equal to that of *The Times* at the time of the Crimean War. Our students should know that the Press must be left free to point out all wrongs, and that they may some day be called upon to fight forces that in various parts of the country seek by "gag" legislation, injunction, and contempt suits to destroy the real freedom of the Press.

THE PRESIDENT-ELECT OF BRAZIL

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

RIO DE JANEIRO, MAY 11

As soon as his election as the new President of Brazil is confirmed by Congress, Dr. Prestes will return the visit which Mr. Hoover, as United States President-elect, made to Brazil in December, 1928. Dr. Prestes will make the voyage to New York in a Brazilian liner, escorted by two cruisers. He will be accompanied by his wife and family and a suite of 12. Afterwards he will continue his journey, without the escort, to Europe, and will visit London and Paris.

Telegrams in Brief

Fifteen inches of rain fell in four days last week in the NILGIRI hills in India.

Lord Irwin, the Viceroy, has given Rs.1,000 (£75) to the BURMA Earthquake Relief Fund.

Mustafa Pasha Nahas and the other members of the Egyptian Delegation have arrived in PARIS from London. They go on to Marseilles to-day.

A telegram from BHOPAL says that the Begum Mother (who abdicated in 1926 in favour of her second son) underwent an abdominal operation yesterday. The patient is doing well.—*Reuter.*

King Haakon opened on Saturday at NIDAROS (Trondhjem) the national Historical Exhibition, organized to commemorate his predecessor on the Throne of Norway, Saint Olav, who introduced Christianity in 1030.

The Finance Committee and the Committee of Foreign Affairs of the HUNGARIAN Parliament discussed and passed on Saturday the Bill concerning the ratification of the Paris agreement regarding Eastern Reparations.

Mme. Foch received on Saturday a Belgian deputation from a committee which has been formed to set up a memorial to Marshal Foch in BELGIUM. The memorial, for which a subscription has been opened, will take the form of an equestrian statue 30ft. high. It will be placed at Spa.

The twelfth anniversary of the exploit of H.M.S. Vindictive at OSTEND was observed on Saturday, when the municipality of Ostend had flowers placed on the graves of the British dead in the cemetery. The members of the British Legion and the British Consul also visited the cemetery.

Our COPENHAGEN Correspondent reports that the Crown Prince Frederik, Prince Knud, and Prince and Princess Axel returned on Saturday night from their tour in the Far East. The Crown Prince expressed great satisfaction with the tour and with the position of Danish subjects in the Far East.

The annual ceremonies and processions in honour of Saint Joan of Arc were held in PARIS yesterday. M. Tardieu, M. Maginot, General Gouraud, and other representatives of the Government took their places in the Place de Rivoli and saw a march-past by troops, Boy Scouts, and patriotic societies.

The text of the agreement between the British, Brazilian, Netherlands, Norwegian, and United States Governments and the Chinese Government relating to the Chinese Courts in the International Settlement at Shanghai, concluded at Nanking on February 17, has been issued as a White Paper [Cmd. 3563], price 2d.

An appeal in the poisoning cases at Szolnok, HUNGARY, has failed. The Szolnok Court had sentenced to death Mme. Michael Kardos, who was found guilty of having murdered her son and husband. Another woman, Mme. Foldvary, was acquitted at the same time. Yesterday the Tribunal of Budapest, which is the Court of Appeal, upheld both sentences, but there is a further appeal to the Supreme Court.

Our KARACHI Correspondent states that the Indian airman, Man Mohan Singh, did not land at Karachi civil aerodrome till 1 p.m. on Saturday. He had to make a forced landing on Friday afternoon about 10 miles from Cape Monze (40 miles from Karachi), owing to lack of petrol. Mr. Tata, another Indian airman who is competing for the Aga Khan's prize, reached Le Bourget from India yesterday, and hopes to complete the journey to England to-day.

NEW 66-STOREY BUILDING FOR NEW YORK

DOUBLE-DECKER LIFTS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

NEW YORK, MAY 10

Plans have been filed with the Building Department for a 66-storey building, to be erected at Pine, Pearl, and Cedar streets, in the Wall-street district, by Henry L. Doherty and Co. and the Cities Service Company. Among other new devices, the building will have double-deck lifts, which will permit the taking on and discharging of passengers at two floors simultaneously.

The tower of the building will be 30 storeys high, and the building will house 7,700 persons. It is the first of a chain of sky-scrapers that will be erected by the Doherty interests, who have leases on four acres of ground in the financial district.

Other Foreign News on following page

J.C.C.
"DOUBLE 12"
1st and 2nd
(IRRESPECTIVE OF CLASS)
BENTLEY
sweeps the board
and BUGATTI wins
Class D
all on
"Racing
SHELL"
AND "SUMMER SHELL" PETROL
AND
SHELL OIL

INDIA

A CRITICAL WEEK REVIEWED

PROBABLE DATE OF CONFERENCE

NO CENSORSHIP

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

SIMLA, MAY 11

There is reason to believe that the Round Table Conference on Indian affairs will be summoned to hold its first session on the morning of Monday, October 20.

My information comes from entirely unofficial sources, and until the Government issues a statement, which is expected very shortly, it should be taken with a certain amount of reserve. There is no doubt, however, that the strongest effort is being made to hold the Conference in the coming autumn, and therefore the date mentioned is probably approximately correct. The natural desire of the Government to hasten definite developments is somewhat ourbed by the uncertainty still surrounding the fate of the resurrected All-Parties Conference—composed of the leaders of all sections of Indian political thought except the Congress Party and the revolutionaries—which is to meet on Wednesday in Bombay. The advantage of a constructive step at this juncture is obvious.

It is a clear week since Mr. Gandhi was arrested. Whatever may happen at the last moment, the fact remains that this first week, which was rightly regarded as the critical period, has passed with much more calm than most people in India ever imagined possible. This, no doubt, will read strangely to people at home, who have been shocked by the recent record of outbreaks attended with violence and loss of life. It must also be admitted that we are a long way from being out of the wood, and it is quite possible that the next few days may defeat present hopes; but nothing can alter the fact that history has repeated itself and that, as in 1922, Mr. Gandhi's arrest has failed to arouse any spontaneous and national movement in protest.

SHOLAPUR OUTRAGES

Calcutta and Delhi have had their riots, which were serious enough in all conscience. These were expected in any case, the only cause for surprise being that the outbreaks were sporadic and lasted no more than a few hours. Sholapur was a worse affair. There were unspeakable outrages, and the fate of the magnificently loyal police, fighting against odds, who were tied together and burned alive finds a parallel in the tragedy of Chauri Chaura, which was a product of the last "civil disobedience" movement. [At the village of Chauri Chaura in 1922 Mr. Gandhi's volunteers raided the police station and murdered and burnt 24 policemen and watchmen.] It seems too much to hope that either Mr. Gandhi or the other Congress leaders will recognize this as fresh evidence of the hopeless hypocrisy of the non-violent creed.

Even Sholapur, however, was an isolated incident and not connected with any premeditated plan. There was also a distinct suggestion of communal influences at work, and it is a notable circumstance that all the police killed were Moslems, and that the outbreak occurred in a hotbed of racial antagonism on the eve of the festival of Bakr' Id, when devout Moslems sacrifice cows to the glory of Allah and the horror of Hindus.

The fact that the outbreaks have not been worse than they were is largely due to the foresight of the Government of India and the local Governments, which, refusing to be rattled by the ill-informed criticism of busybodies several thousand miles away, have carried out a consistent policy, which, as events have proved, amply safeguarded the situation when the critical moment arrived. An impartial observer may still think that the critical moment might with advantage have been hastened, but that is a matter of opinion, and does not affect the truth. Credit is also due to the loyal cooperation of the European community, who in many places such as Calcutta volunteered at grave personal risk for special duty in order to reinforce the sorely-tried police forces. The term "European community" is used advisedly, for the volunteers were by no means confined to the British. In Bombay, for instance, many Americans offered their services for the duty, which was plainly non-political, of safeguarding life and property against the danger of attack from the misguided masses.

After all, however, no amount of Government foresight, Service efficiency, or loyalty of civilians could have prevented a national movement had the genuine impulse been there. The truth is that the urban disturbances were the natural outcome of a long campaign of sedition fomented by unscrupulous agitators and a Press which was curbed rather late in the day. Throughout the villages, fields, and plantations—which are the real India—the peasantry is far more interested in the approach of the monsoon, already signalled from Colombo, than in the little man cooling his heels in Yeravda Gaol.

DISCUSSIONS AT SIMLA

So much for the past few days. Now to return to the Conference. During the past week both Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru and Sir Chimnlal Setalvad have visited Simla for useful conversations with the Viceroy. It may, therefore, be assumed that the intelligent Liberals of the country are prepared to emerge from the chaos of the last months, make a fresh start, and apply their minds to something more constructive. There are, however, many difficulties ahead, and, whatever the official statement on the Round Table Conference may be, it would be unwise to take the Conference itself as a *fait accompli*. The apparent resolve of the All-Parties Conference to "compose communal differences" before talking in terms of London is difficult to understand. On the face of it, it seems absurd that the All-Parties Conference can hope to effect in a few days what the country as a whole has been unable to do in generations.

Even the Liberals are not an entirely happy family, and Mr. Jayakar, who, like Mr. Jinnah, is a strong political force, even when he chooses to play a lone hand, has sent to Sir Annepu Parasuramadas Patro, chairman of the conference, a faint-hearted apology, stating that a previous engagement in South India makes it impossible for him to attend. In view of his apparent decision "not to play," his subsequent criticism of the Government of India and his pious advice to the conference itself are scarcely worth the paper they are written on. [Mr. Jayakar's letter was summarized in *The Times* of Friday.] Mr. Jayakar's defection is only one symptom that the path ahead is by no means clear. But it is no use meeting trouble half way, and the cheerful fact remains that there is at least a gleam of hope that it will shortly be possible to write a dispatch without mentioning Mr. Gandhi's name and to talk about the Round Table Conference instead.

The next stage in the journey will be the publication of the Simon Report. Opinion in this country, which for so long has been concentrated on angry passions close at hand, is now settling down to the keenest speculation on what the Report will bring forth.

It is useless to tabulate a list of the intelligent anticipations and tips straight from the stable which solemn prophets have told me during the last few days, but one thing is very important. At a time when the Press of the country is disorganized, many important newspapers having been closed down for their sins and many more having welcomed martyrdom and voluntarily ceased publication as a convenient escape from their creditors, it is necessary above all things that the people of the country are given an accurate account of what the Report really recommends. No doubt certain newspapers that still survive will, for their own ends, choose to emphasize some points and skim over others; but many Indian newspapers which wish to make an honest attempt to summarize the Report will find it a very difficult task with the limited staffs at their disposal. For all these reasons it is to be hoped that the Report will be accompanied by an intelligent *précis*, issued on the Government's own responsibility, which it will be possible to put straight into the paper without hours of feverish sub-editing.

Largely owing to the self-immolation of the local newspapers—whether due to editors or creditors—Delhi and other centres continue to be disturbed by rumours of imaginary happenings ranging from a mutiny of British regiments at Meerut to the appointment of Commander Kenworthy as the next Viceroy. These and similar absurdities may do little save to keep excitement in the bazaars alive, but they add to the difficulties of the police in restoring normal calm.

As for the censorship of news sent by correspondents to England and other parts of the world, I have it on unimpeachable authority to-day that, although there may have been one or two instances of over-rigorous interpretation of ordinary rules during the crisis of the past week, there is now neither censorship nor delay in the transmission of full messages from accredited correspondents to newspapers abroad.

THE DELHI OUTBREAK

CONGRESS CAMPAIGN OF INCITEMENT

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

SIMLA, MAY 11

The Government of India has issued, on behalf of Mr. Johnson, Acting Chief Commissioner of Delhi, a further long *communiqué* describing the course of the disturbances in that city last week.

The situation in Delhi for some time past had required careful watching, the *communiqué* states, for Congress propaganda had been persistent, insidious, and paid no regard whatever to truth. Certain arrests had been made of men who had been most prominent in seditious activities, and the Press Ordinance enabled a check to be placed on the flood of calumnies, falsehoods, and incitements to lawbreaking, which had been a special feature of a section of the Press; but the Congress and civil disobedience organizers obtained a considerable measure of success in misleading and deluding a large number of people and in working up a movement which contained the gravest potentialities of danger and over which they could not exercise adequate control.

Throughout the night of May 5 and the early morning of May 6 Congress volunteers indefatigably worked to produce an overwhelming demonstration which, they hoped, would so overawe and intimidate the civil authorities that respect for law and order would be undermined. The proceedings began with a *hartal*, and Moslem shopkeepers, in spite of their protests, were forced to close by the threat that otherwise they would be looted. The next step was to establish a forcible picket of the Magistrate's *Cutcherry* [Court] in the Kashmir Gate, where pleaders and clerks were debarred from entry. Orders were passed for the police to deal with the situation there.

It appears that the first outbreak was a determined attack on a European officer motoring through the Kashmir Gate. He luckily escaped from his swarming assailants. The crowd soon afterwards attacked the Deputy Commissioner and the Senior Superintendent of Police, who, with difficulty, reached the *Kotwali* [police headquarters] in the Chandni Chowk. Police patrols then rescued another European who was being attacked in his car near the Kashmir Gate.

Military assistance by now had arrived and little more happened till the afternoon, when, as already reported, the attack on police lorries in the Chandni Chowk occurred. The *communiqué* repeats the earlier account of how the police were assailed by a stream of stones and bricks hurled from the Sikh Gurdwara [Shrine]. After that episode the troops again emerged from the Fort to support the police, but it was not necessary at any time to use the troops in actual conflict with the rioters. A very satisfactory feature was that Moslems kept almost wholly aloof throughout the day.

The Congress workers, on May 6, endeavoured to create further excitement by organizing a huge funeral procession at the burial of two men who died in hospital from injuries received. This effort was a direct defiance of the District Magistrate's order under section 144 of the Criminal Procedure Code prohibiting the carrying of *lathis* and the assembly of crowds; and its object was to re-establish the influence of Congress agents in opposition to constituted authority. Knowing from past experience the danger of such processions, the authorities made it clear that processions contravening the order would be firmly dealt with, and the precautions taken had such a deterrent effect that the Congress workers failed to organize further defiance of authority.

The Chief Commissioner says that loyal Moslems successfully used their influence with their own community, which continues to cold-shoulder the mischief-makers and sedtionists. There has been no recrudescence of trouble, and it is hoped that a regrettable chapter in the history of Delhi has been closed. The casualties are estimated at three Hindus and one Moslem dead; 190 injured, many only slightly; 18 police treated in hospital, one being seriously injured; 20 police slightly injured. The Chief Commissioner pays the highest tributes to the manner in which after the most trying strain of constant insult and provocation deliberately offered for weeks, indeed months, past, a serious situation was successfully dealt with and controlled, thanks to the splendid spirit shown by the police of all ranks and by the civil officers. He also warmly thanks the troops for their generous support.

U.S. CLERGYMEN'S APPEAL

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

NEW YORK, MAY 11

The following telegram, signed by 102 American clergymen in New York, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, Milwaukee, and other cities, was sent yesterday to Mr. MacDonald:—

In the interest of India, Great Britain, and the world, we beg you to seek a way to an amicable settlement with Gandhi and his people. As ministers of religion who cherish the principles of democracy, freedom, and brotherhood which you represent, and believe in the spiritual ideals which Gandhi sublimely embodies, we refuse to believe that you and Gandhi cannot work together. We look to you, who hold power and authority in this crisis, to avoid the tragedy of a conflict which would mean catastrophe for Great Britain, India, and mankind.

ATROCITIES AT SHOLAPUR

FATE OF MOSLEM POLICE

VICEROY'S MESSAGE

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BOMBAY, MAY 11

The day passed in comparative quiet at Sholapur yesterday, Moslems celebrating Bakr Id as usual, but the panicky feeling has not disappeared and is being occasionally stimulated by wild rumours. The mob's disposition to violence was twice shown on Saturday, when small parties, eluding the police patrols, entered unoccupied police *chowkies* [posts], removed furniture and clothes, and burnt them.

It is still not possible to state definitely whether two of the Moslem policemen murdered were burnt alive. One unofficial version states that both bodies were burnt after murder. Another story is that one was burnt alive and that the other was burnt after being beaten to death. Nor is there any authoritative news about the five missing policemen, but the authorities believe that two of them were probably thrown into a well. It is unofficially estimated that the Civil Court buildings destroyed by fire were worth about a lakh of rupees [£7,500]. Of 27 injured admitted to hospital after Wednesday's riot, six died, including one policeman.

Although there is general praise for the unlimited patience and forbearance shown by Mr. Knight, the District Magistrate of Sholapur, the criticism is heard that too much latitude was given to the leaders of the local *Satyagraha* [civil resistance] movement. For the past two months they have held almost daily meetings, making speeches calculated to inflame the minds of ignorant people. Only two persons have been imprisoned there for breach of the Salt Act, and it is said that these were boys, the real leaders escaping punishment. All are agreed that the disturbances were the outcome of the violent speeches made by *Satyagraha* leaders, who found the mill workers ready to carry out their purpose. There is only one small millworkers' union at Sholapur, which has been captured by the Congress Committee.

A conference held in the Bardoli *taluka* [revenue area] yesterday resolved that Bardoli farmers would not pay land revenue till Mr. Gandhi or Mr. Vallabhai Patel, brother of the late President of the Legislative Assembly, directed them to do so. Mr. Abbas Tyabji, who presided at the conference, urged a social boycott of those who do not observe the resolutions.

Dadubhai Desai, a former member of the Legislative Council, has been appointed "dictator" of the Kaira District, and will shortly convene a conference of representatives of that district to consider the question of non-payment of land revenue. About 30 villages in the Jambusar *taluka* of the Broach District have decided not to pay land revenue.

MOB DISPERSED BY TROOPS

SHOLAPUR, May 11.—This evening crowds deliberately and repeatedly disobeyed the District Magistrate's order forbidding assemblies, merely dispersing into adjoining houses for a few minutes when armed police and troops passed by in lorries.

A mob of 5,000 collected a large pile of stones and other missiles with a view to attacking the troops. Five motor-lorries, however, quickly brought a detachment of the 4th Bombay Grenadiers, and with their arrival on the scene quiet was restored. The situation, nevertheless, is disquieting.

With the arrival of more reinforcements from Poona, the troops now here total over 800.

The Viceroy has sent a message through the Governor of Bombay, informing all ranks of the police at Sholapur of his personal appreciation of the courage and restraint with which they faced the situation, conveying his feeling of horror at the foul murder of three policemen at Sholapur, and expressing sympathy with their families.—*Reuter.*

PROJECTED RAID ON SALT DEPOT

JALALPUR, May 11.—Mr. Abbas Tyabji, Mr. Gandhi's successor, is marching from Karadi to-morrow morning with volunteers, and it is expected that the party will reach Dharsana on Wednesday. A raid on the salt depôt there will be made the next day.

The District Magistrate and District Superintendent of Police arrived here this evening with 50 armed police as a precaution in view of the raid. A hundred Customs police, who had already arrived, are staying at Jalalpur Camp. Several motor omnibuses have been requisitioned by the police.—*Reuter.*

EARTHQUAKES IN PERSIA

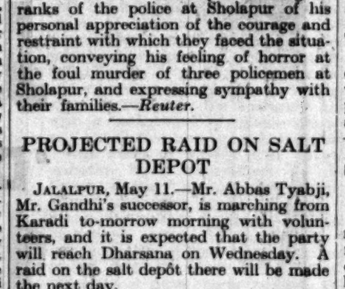
GREAT LOSS OF LIFE

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

RIGA, MAY 11

News of a severe earthquake in Persian Azerbaijan has reached Moscow, although so far only in a fragmentary form. The reports state that the first shock was felt in the Urumieh Lake district a few days ago, causing the majority of people to leave their homes and camp in improvised tents.

A second and a more severe shock occurred 11 or 12 hours later and destroyed a number of villages. Houses



collapsed and buried all those who had not heeded the first warning. Information has not yet been obtained from the whole area affected, but the victims are estimated to exceed 1,000 killed and a greater number injured.

TEHERAN, May 10.—Reports received here concerning the earthquake state that the shocks have been extremely severe in Salmas, which has been almost entirely destroyed, the new quarter of the town suffering extensively. It is reported that 2,000 persons have been killed in the district and 5,000 injured.

Many tremors have also been felt in Tabriz, and yesterday they culminated in an earthquake which lasted a minute and a half. Most of the inhabitants took refuge on the low hills to the south of Tabriz.

The Shah has given £2,000 to a relief fund.—*Reuter.*

NAVAL POLICY

A DEBATE IN THE COMMONS

THE SIMON REPORT

(From Our Parliamentary Correspondent)

Question time in the House of Commons to-day promises to be of more than usual interest. It is hoped that Mr. Benn, the Secretary of State for India, will be in a position to inform the House when the report of the Simon Commission is to be published. It is already known that the report will be divided into two sections, the first dealing with the situation as the Commission saw it, and the second with their recommendations. There will be a short interval between the publication of the two sections of the report, and they will be issued simultaneously in this country and in India. A suggestion will be made to Mr. Benn this afternoon that a brief summary of the report should be issued at the same time.

Again, the Prime Minister is being invited to-day to say whether it is the Government's intention to secure the passing of the School Attendance Bill this Session. It is now understood that the present Bill is to be withdrawn, and that its place is to be taken by a more comprehensive measure dealing with the raising of the school age, the provision of maintenance grants, and the concordat with representatives of religious denominations on the position of the non-provided schools. There are also questions on the Order Paper to the Prime Minister and to Mr. Clynes, the Home Secretary, about a recent incident which has caused some uneasiness among members of all parties. It is alleged that after certain newspapers had published news of the Cabinet's attitude in the event of the arrest of Mr. Gandhi, the home of the Parliamentary correspondent of one of the journals was visited by police officers, who were endeavouring to discover the source of the information under the Official Secrets Act.

CRUISER STRENGTH

The Government had hoped to give up three days to the business of Supply this week by taking the debate on the Naval Treaty on Thursday on the Vote for the Prime Minister's salary. It was found, however, that if this Vote were put down it would be possible to discuss only matters relating to the actions of Mr. MacDonald in his position as First Lord of the Treasury, and it was felt that this would not give wide enough scope. The debate accordingly will take place on a motion for the adjournment of the House. Mr. MacDonald will be the first speaker, and he will deal with the important question of the replacement of cruisers, to which Lord Bridgeman called attention in the House of Lords last week. Mr. Churchill will be the leading speaker for the Conservatives, since Mr. Baldwin cannot be present, and Mr. Alexander, First Lord of the Admiralty, will wind up the discussion.

To-day and Wednesday will be devoted to Supply. This afternoon the Liberals intend to discuss the position of British agriculture, and special steps have been taken during the past few days to polish up the Liberal Party's agricultural policy and to bring it thoroughly up to date. On Wednesday, at the request of the Conservative section of the Opposition, the Board of Trade Vote will be put down, so that there may be a general discussion on the state of British trade, with special reference to the decision of the Government to allow the safeguarding duties to lapse.

Four Bills have been put down for consideration to-morrow—the Air Transport (Subsidy Agreements) Bill, the Sea Fisheries Regulation (Expenses) Bill, the Mental Treatment Bill, and the Overseas Trade Bill. Friday is the third of the four days set aside for the consideration of Bills introduced by private members which have made most substantial progress. It is hoped to secure the Report and third reading stages of two measures—the Illegitimate Children (Scotland) Bill and the Hairdressers' and Barbers' Shops (Sunday Closing) Bill.

THE COAL BILL

The House of Lords will begin the Committee stage of the Coal Mines Bill to-morrow, and, though a certain amount of other business has been put down, there is little doubt that the Bill will occupy the attention of the Upper House for the remainder of the week. In order to make a good start it is proposed to sit after dinner to-morrow evening. A large number of amendments have been handed in, some of them by Lord Thomson on behalf of the Government to clear up matters which arose when the Bill was before the House of Commons. There seems to be little doubt that the main criticism will be devoted to the proposal for compulsory amalgamations of colliery undertakings, the method of allocating the quota of coal production in the districts, and the return to the seven and a half hour day in the pits. On the last point there is considerable support for the suggested permissive ninety-hour fortnight as an alternative to the compulsory seven and a half hour day, and it is generally believed that the Peers will amend the Bill in this direction.

RAILWAY WAGES

END OF 2½ PER CENT. CUT TO-DAY

Under the agreement entered into between the railway companies and the railway trade unions in October last the 2½ per cent. wage reduction accepted for all grades in 1928 to assist the companies in a difficult period will be restored from to-day. The reduction has been in operation for 18 months.

It was arranged originally for a year, but was extended for a further period of six months. Associated with the agreement that the reduction should be continued until May 12, 1930, and should then cease, was an undertaking that for a further six months, until November 12, 1930, no general proposals to vary pay or conditions shall be made by either side.

The reduction was voluntarily accepted and applied, not only to traffic grades and shopmen, but to the higher officials and directors. The return to the rates of 1928 will cost the railway companies more than £2,500,000 a year.

THE CHANTREY BEQUEST

The following official list has been issued of works in the Royal Academy Exhibition purchased by the President and Council under the terms of the Chantrey Bequest:—

PAINTINGS

"The late Dame Millicent Fawcett, C.B.E., LL.D."—Mrs. A. L. Swynnerton, A.R.A.
"From My Bedroom Window"—A. J. Munnings, R.A.
"Cordelia"—W. W. Russell, R.A.
"The Chess Players"—Sir John Lavery, R.A.
"The Artist's Mother"—Fiddes Watt.

SCULPTURE

"Spring" statue, bronze—Charles Wheeler.
"Autumn" statuette, carved ivory—Richard Garbe, A.R.A.

LEAGUE COUNCIL

OPENING TO-DAY

FOREIGN MINISTERS' DISCUSSIONS

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

GENEVA, MAY 11

The formal work of the 59th session of the Council of the League of Nations, which opens to-morrow (Monday) morning, will perhaps be less important than the private conversations outside the Council chamber.

There will be seven Foreign Ministers at to-morrow's meeting. Mr. Henderson will represent Great Britain, M. Briand France, and Signor Grandi Italy. Herr Curtius, for Germany, will make his first appearance in the Council, in succession to the late Herr Stresemann. M. Marinkovitch (Yugoslavia) will preside, and Poland and Finland will also be represented by their Foreign Ministers. Many of the questions which the Council has to consider are serious enough in a modest way; but no very grave problem has to be solved, no great decision has to be taken. The Council will be occupied largely with routine matters; outside, the Foreign Ministers assembled for the session will have an opportunity to discuss privately and informally problems which affect the whole organization of peace.

The most important private discussions will be those between Mr. Henderson, M. Briand, and Signor Grandi. The differences between France and Italy which prevented these two countries from coming to agreement at the Naval Conference remain to be adjusted, and it is expected that M. Briand and Signor Grandi will cautiously and tentatively begin new negotiations, with Mr. Henderson as honest broker to do whatever may be in his power to assist them. No more than a beginning can be made; time will be required for a full adjustment; but the indications are that some progress—if it is only in the creation of the right "atmosphere"—should be possible. As land and air armaments cannot be considered without regard to naval strength, the decision that the meeting of the League Preparatory Commission for Disarmament should be postponed until November is generally approved. The earlier meeting would have saved no time. In disarmament it is better to hasten slowly and surely. The Preparatory Commission will have an easier task if France and Italy can first reconcile their differences over naval requirements.

The business of bringing the Covenant of the League into harmony with the Briand-Kellogg Pact will also be discussed. The report of the committee which has been seeking to amend the Covenant will be presented to the Council, but it is probable that the Council will do no more than pass the report on to the Assembly. In private, it may be expected, this problem and the question of security will be more freely considered. M. Briand will also, no doubt, have something to say about his project for the closer cooperation of the European States. It is probable that one special matter, the Saar, may be discussed by M. Briand and Herr Curtius. The most important of the reports to come before the Council will be that of the work of the recent "tariff truce" conference.

Palestine is not on the Council's agenda, but it is understood that Mr. Henderson will announce during the session the names of the three neutral Commissioners who have been invited, in accordance with the British Government's recent promise, to make an independent inquiry into the rights and claims of Jews and Arabs in the Wailing Wall.

FRANCE AND SIGNOR GRANDI'S SPEECH

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, MAY 11

Mr. Henderson left Paris for Geneva yesterday, and M. Briand followed him to-day. M. Zaleski, the Polish Foreign Minister, who had been in Paris since Wednesday, also left for Geneva this morning.

In a review of the prospects of the meeting of the League Council, the *Temps* to-day appeals to Herr Curtius to clear up certain "disquieting aspects of German policy, especially in the matter of the agricultural tariff in Germany, which seriously affects Polish interests and notably reduces the value of the Polish-German Commercial Treaty."

Having thus taken up the cudgels for Poland, the semi-official newspaper says that the real interest of the meeting will be in the conversations between M. Briand, Mr. Henderson, and Signor Grandi, which will presumably be in the nature of a general review. Here the *Temps* is continuing its comment on Signor Grandi's speech last Friday, which attracted a great deal of attention in France. In a leading article on the speech, after welcoming Signor Grandi's conciliatory tone, which it compared favourably with that of the Fascist Press, the *Temps* drew attention to his condemnation of unjust distinction between victorious and defeated countries in the application of treaties. The *Temps* has evidently noticed the tendency of Italy to take the lead of what may be called the dissatisfied nations in Europe, in opposition to France, which heads the group of victorious States on the Continent.

For the rest, the *Temps* welcomed Signor Grandi's support of the League of Nations as being perhaps the first sign of a change of attitude in Rome, and it reiterated the French objections to the Italian claim for naval parity.

RHINELAND EVACUATION

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, MAY 11

M. Briand yesterday received Herr von Hoesch, the German Ambassador, and had a long discussion with him concerning the measures to be taken for the evacuation of the third zone of the Rhineland. It is understood that Herr von Hoesch formally requested that the evacuation be completed by June 30.

THE ROYAL ACADEMY

VISIT OF THE KING AND QUEEN

The King and Queen, accompanied by several members of the Royal Family, visited the exhibition of the Royal Academy yesterday afternoon, and spent about two hours in the galleries, inspecting all the pictures. Other members of the Royal party were the Duke of Gloucester, Princess Mary, Countess of Harewood, and the Earl of Harewood, Princess Beatrice, Princess Helena Victoria, and Princess Marie Louise.

The visitors were received by:—

The President of the Royal Academy (Sir William Llewellyn), the Keeper (Mr. W. W. Russell), the Treasurer (Sir Frank Short), and the following members of the council:—Sir Reginald Blomfield, Sir John J. Burnet, Sir Herbert Hughes-Stanton, Mr. Melton Fisher, Mr. W. Reid Dick, Mr. H. Pegram, and Mr. W. R. M. Lamb (secretary).

THE INVALIDS

Lord Hewart, the Lord Chief Justice, who is confined to bed with a chill, was last night stated to be much better.

The Bishop of Norwich was reported last night to be going on nicely, and to have passed a good day, with less pain.

Mr. Edgar Granville, M.P., was stated last night to be going on very well.

MISS JOHNSON'S FLIGHT

INDIA IN SIX DAYS

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

KARACHI, MAY 11

The young airwoman, Miss Amy Johnson, who is attempting to fly alone to Australia, arrived here yesterday from Bandar Abbas. She described the heat of the Persian Gulf as "terrific," and said that at Bandar Abbas it was difficult to land; with these exceptions, everything had gone well. She spent the night at Government House as the guest of the Commissioner in Sind.

Miss Johnson was garlanded and handed a floral bouquet by the chief officer of the Karachi Municipality before her departure for Allahabad this morning. She was escorted for some miles on her way to Allahabad by a Royal Air Force aeroplane, and by Wing Commander Crosbie, the local De Havilland agent, in a Moth machine.

A NEW RECORD

Miss Johnson's six-day journey to Karachi sets up a new record for a solo flight from London to India. The best time hitherto was that of Mr. Hinkler, who, following a different course, took eight days.

The route taken by Miss Johnson was shorter by about 500 miles, but she has saved time also by raising the average daily mileage. Her shortest day's flight was 470 miles, as compared with 400 by Mr. Hinkler, and her average daily journey was 700 miles, against less than 600 miles by Mr. Hinkler on this part of his flight to Australia.

A comparison of the routes and distances of the two flights is made below:—

	Mr. Hinkler		Miss Johnson	
Days	—	Miles	—	Miles
First ..	Rome	870	Vienna	780
Second	Malta	430	Constantinople	790
Third ..	Benghazi	400	Aleppo	550
Fourth	Tobruk	900	Baghdad	470
Fifth ..	Ramleh		Bandar Abbas	830
Sixth ..	Basra	800	Karachi	720
Seventh	Jask	730	—	—
Eighth	Karachi	570	—	—
	Total	4,700	Total ..	4,140

The Gipsy Moth aeroplane in which Miss Johnson is flying is not a new one and has already done service on long flights. It was used last year by Captain Hope to follow the Prince of Wales on his African tour, and has since been flown by Air Taxis, Limited, from whom Miss Johnson bought it just before leaving England. It is specially fitted with extra tanks, so that 80 gallons of petrol may be carried. Its cruising speed is about 85 miles an hour and its maximum range might be 1,400 miles.

Miss Johnson had previously had little experience of long flights or of navigation in unfamiliar areas. She is a member of the London Flying Club and was the first woman to take an Air Ministry certificate as a ground engineer.

ECONOMIC ILLS OF CHINA

BANKER'S INDICTMENT OF AUTHORITIES

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

SHANGHAI, MAY 11

At the annual meeting of the shareholders of the Bank of China yesterday the chairman, Li Ming, one of the best known and most trusty of Chinese bankers dwelt on the alarming extent to which economic and political evils were sapping the life of China. He pointed out that during the past year China had imported rice, wheat, and wheat flour to the value of $200,000,000 [£20,000,000].

China (he said) has been known throughout history as an agricultural country, and it is absurd that we should have imported such incredibly large quantities of foodstuffs. This is a life-and-death problem, yet the authorities have failed to realize this grave situation, and through petty differences continue to wage war on one another. They have also failed lamentably in the suppression of bandits, who prey on the innocent people tilling the land. I fear that it will not be long before the entire structure of the nation may collapse unless this state of affairs is brought to an end.

In connexion with Li Ming's speech it is pointed out that over a hundred silk filatures in the Shanghai district have been recently closed owing to scarcity of cocoons. The latter are produced by countryfolk in the regions adjacent to the Shanghai-Nanking Railway, particularly around Wusih, where every cottage keeps at least a few silkworms. At this time of the year it is customary to send vast quantities of silver dollars from Shanghai to purchase the cocoons. It was formerly an unwritten law that, no matter what civil war was raging, the silk money was regarded as inviolate and the cocoons were safely delivered. This year, for the first time, a consignment of silver was seized by outlaws, with the result that the merchants are afraid to send money to buy. It is estimated that the supply this year will be short of the normal by half.

REPORTED DEFEAT OF NANKING FORCES

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

PEKING, MAY 11

A *communiqué* has been issued by Yen Hsi-shan's military headquarters here in which it is claimed that the Nanking Government forces have been severely defeated in an engagement to the west of Hsuchowfu [junction of Tientsin-Pukow and Lunghai Railways]. It states that one Nanking division was annihilated, leaving the ground covered with dead, and that "complete disorder now reigns along the Nanking front."

In the absence of any independent confirmation these reports are at present treated with reserve here, but it is generally believed that the main armies of the opposing sides are now in contact and that fighting on a serious scale is imminent.

SIGNOR MUSSOLINI'S TUSCAN TOUR

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

ROME, MAY 11

Signor Mussolini yesterday morning began a week's tour through Tuscany appropriately enough at the town of Grosseto. Perhaps no region in Italy owes more to the vigorous land reclamation policy of the Government than the Maremma, and the enthusiasm of the population made it clear that it is Signor Mussolini who, in their opinion, is responsible for the transformation of a centre which was, a few years ago, being reduced to a waste by malaria. The Duce in turn expressed once again the sympathy felt by the Fascist Government for the rural population, and promised a still greater development of the Tuscan countryside in the near future.

He spent to-day at Leghorn, where he inspected the progress of work on the new Italian cruiser, the Gorizia. This cruiser was laid down on March 17, and will, it is hoped, be launched before the end of next year. The Duce stated that the object of his visit was to "rekindle the Fascist enthusiasm" of the inhabitants, and reminded them that the source of their "fortune and their riches" was the sea.

RACIAL OUTBURST IN TEXAS

NEGRO BURNT TO DEATH

WHITE MOB'S FURY

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

NEW YORK, MAY 11

There was a hideous outburst of racial feeling at Sherman, Texas, on Friday, during which a negro was slowly roasted to death, and the negro quarter of the town wrecked by a mob of white men. The excitement appears to have continued until yesterday, when the town was handed over to the complete control of the Military.

The murdered negro, whose name was Hughes, was on trial for attacking a white woman, a charge to which he pleaded "Guilty." On Friday afternoon, while the trial was proceeding on the upper floor of the Court House, behind locked doors guarded by soldiers, a mob led by local farmers crowded the stairs of the lower floors and the street outside, howling for Hughes. The mob was temporarily dispersed by tear-gas bombs, but the soldiers received a telegraphic message from Mr. Moody, Governor of the State, ordering them to refrain from using fire-arms, so the mob re-formed and attacked again. The soldiers succeeded in transferring Hughes from the court room to a concrete strong room with steel doors on the upper floor of the Court House.

All through the afternoon and evening the whites kept up the attack. They made a move to break into the gaol, some distance from the Court House, and when the soldiers were withdrawn from the Court House to defend the gaol those remaining at the Court House were easily overpowered. Young men poured gallons of petrol through the lower windows of the Court House and the place was set on fire. As the Fire Brigade attempted to extinguish the blaze the men walked round and round the building, slashing the hoses with long knives. The building burned a long time. At last part of the outer wall fell in, and men climbed up to the strong room and bored through the wall of the room with acetylene torches and small charges of dynamite.

Inside was the shrivelled body of Hughes sitting at a table with his head on his arms, as he had been when the heat overpowered him. The white leaders dragged his corpse through the hole in the wall of the room, and threw it from the second storey to the ground, while the crowd, composed of men and women, some with children in their arms, cheered delightedly. Members of the crowd tied the body with ropes to a motor-car and dragged it through the streets to the negro quarter, where they strung it up to a branch of a tree. Then they looted negro shops along the block, piled the contents under the tree, set fire to the heap, and burned the body. They went on to wreck other parts of the negro quarter of the town.

The negroes form only 5 per cent. of the population of Sherman, which is known as the "Athens of Texas," on account of its numerous educational and religious institutions. Although the total population is only 16,000, there are 27 churches in the town and a strong branch of the Y.M.C.A.

The Governor of Texas has issued a statement characterizing the burning of the negro as unpardonable, and describing the destruction of the Court House, valued at $60,000 [12,000], as "crime in its most reckless fashion."

CHANCELLORSHIP OF CAMBRIDGE

MR. BALDWIN'S NOMINATION UNOPPOSED

Mr. Baldwin was nominated on Saturday for the Chancellorship of Cambridge University. His nomination, which was the only one received by the Vice-Chancellor, was signed by 53 members of the Senate. The actual election will take place next Saturday.

Mr. Baldwin has been elected to fill the vacancy on the Board of Governors of Harrow School caused by the death last year of General Lord Horne.

*** A report of Mr. Baldwin's Inaugural Address as Chancellor of St. Andrews University will be found on page 9.

ENTERTAINMENTS INDEX

(For details see page 14)

OPERA

Covent Garden	RHEINGOLD	8.30

THEATRES

Aldwych	A NIGHT LIKE THIS	8.15
Ambassadors	THE CONFEDERATES AND THE MAN IN POSSESSION	8.30
Apollo	INSULT	8.40
Comedy	THE SILENT WITNESS	8.30
Daly's	A SONG OF SIXPENCE	8.30
Dominion	SILVER WINGS	8.15
Drury Lane	THE THREE MUSKETEERS	8.15
Duke of York's	SUSPENSE	8.30
Everyman	THE GLEN IS MINE	8.15
Gaiety	DARLING, I LOVE YOU	8.15
Garrick	ALMOST A HONEYMOON	8.30
Globe	B. J. ONE	8.40
Haymarket	THE FIRST MRS. FRASER	8.30
Hippodrome	THE CO-OPTIMISTS OF 1930	8.30
His Majesty's	BITTER SWEET	8.30
Kingsway	HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR	8.30
London Pavilion	COCHRAN'S 1930 REVUE	8.15
Lyceum	THE CALENDAR	8.15
Lyric	DEBONAIR	8.30
New	MAGDA	8.30
Palace	HEADS UP!	8.15
Piccadilly	HERE COMES THE BRIDE	2.30 & 8.15
Playhouse	DISHONOURED LADY	8.15
Prince Edward	RIO RITA	8.15
Prince of Wales	JOURNEY'S END	8.30
Princes	A WARM CORNER	8.30
Queen's	THE APPLE CART	8.15
Royalty	OUR OSTRICHES	8.45
St. James's	MICHAEL AND MARY	8.30
St. Martin's	HONOURS EASY	8.30
Shaftesbury	THE MIDDLE WATCH	8.30
Vaudeville	DOWN OUR STREET	2.30 & 8.30
Victoria Palace	FOLIES BERGERE REVUE	8.15
Winter Garden	THE HOUSE THAT JACK BUILT	8.15
Wyndham's	ON THE SPOT	8.30

VARIETIES

Coliseum		2.15, 5.15, & 8.15
Holborn Empire		6.30 & 9
Maskelyne's Theatre		3 & 8
Palladium		6.30 & 9

CONCERTS

Grotrian Hall

THE TIMES

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Weather Forecast

ENGLAND, S.E.—Moderate or fresh winds between west and south, strong at times; mainly cloudy, some rain and showers; moderate temperature.

Further Outlook.—Unsettled. (p. 18)

TO-DAY'S NEWS

HOME

Mr. Baldwin was installed on Saturday as Chancellor of St. Andrews University. In his address he dealt principally with ideals of university education. (p. 9)

The Minister of Health on Saturday opened a group of four cottages, built in the traditional Cotswold style, at Filkins, in Oxfordshire. (p. 13)

The Minister of Agriculture announces his intention of applying the National Mark to canned home-grown fruit and vegetables. (p. 22)

The effect of the Consumers' Council Bill on agriculture is discussed by our Agricultural Correspondent. (p. 22)

A steady increase has been taking place in the number of visitors to Northern Ireland. (p. 23)

Prince Arthur of Connaught laid the foundation stone of the Edenbridge War Memorial Cottage Hospital at Mill Hill, Edenbridge, on Saturday. (p. 13)

The Conservative and Unionist Central Office has issued in tabular form a list of the organizations carrying on subversive propaganda in this country under the direction of the Communist International in Moscow. (p. 18)

Speeches when Mr. Shaw received the deputation upon the withdrawal of recognition from the Cadet Corps last Wednesday are published in an official report. Mr. Shaw promised to consider whether means could be devised to help the Corps on the non-military side. (p. 8)

A proposal that miners in any district should have the right to choose between the rigid 7½-hour day and the 90-hour fortnight, made by the South Wales coalowners, is to be considered to-day by the executive of the South Wales Miners' Federation. (p. 9)

A collection of papers presented to the British Museum by Lady Capel Cure contains an apparently unrecorded letter (1785) from Sir William Hamilton to his nephew, Charles Greville, in which he speaks of his feelings at that time towards Emma Hart, afterwards Emma Hamilton. (p. 11)

POLITICS

The business before Parliament this week includes a debate on the Naval Treaty in the House of Commons and the discussion of the Coal Mines Bill in the House of Lords. (p. 16)

IMPERIAL AND FOREIGN

Our Special Correspondent in India states that there is reason to believe that the Round Table Conference on Indian affairs will hold its first meeting on October 20. A statement by the Government is expected very shortly. (p. 16)

There were unruly scenes last night at Sholapur, where 800 troops have now arrived. The Viceroy has sent a message expressing horror at the foul murder of policemen. A *communiqué* on the disorders at Delhi shows that for weeks the Congress agitators had carried on a seditious campaign of incitement. (p. 16)

Fifteen thousand persons are homeless in Ceylon as the result of the floods, which are 3ft. higher than the previous record in 1913. The southern part of Colombo was saved from inundation by strenuous efforts, in which a detachment of Royal Engineers took part. (p. 15)

Miss Johnson, who is attempting a lone flight to Australia, left Karachi yesterday for Allahabad. Her six-day journey to Karachi has set up a new record for a solo flight from London to India. (p. 16)

The Council of the League of Nations meets to-day at Geneva. Important private discussions will be held between Mr. Henderson, M. Briand, and Signor Grandi. (p. 16)

Our Riga Correspondent, dealing with the report that the Communist International had in view the establishment of a centre of propaganda in London, states that there is ground for the belief that the Presidium of the Ikki (Executive Committee of the Communist International) in February had decided to make London an "important base of world operations." (p. 15)

The Court House at Sherman, Texas, where a negro was on trial, was attacked and burnt on Friday by a white mob. The negro lost his life in the fire, and the mob then wrecked the negro quarter of the town. (p. 16)

Severe earthquakes are reported from Persian Azerbaijan. The loss of life is estimated at 1,000 to 2,000. (p. 16)

COURT AND PERSONAL

On Friday the King will receive at Buckingham Palace a representative party of officers and non-commissioned officers of The Manchester Regiment, of which the King became the Colonel-in-Chief towards the end of last year. (p. 8)

SPORT

The Victoria Cup at Hurst Park was won on Saturday by Mr. B. Davis's Eclipath, with Caballero second and Guards' Parade third. (p. 4)

R. W. Hartley (Royal St. George's) beat Dr. O. F. Willing (U.S.A.) in the replay for the St. George's Challenge Cup at Sandwich by six strokes yesterday. (p. 6)

The Australians dismissed Yorkshire for 155 at Sheffield on Saturday, C. V. Grimmett taking all ten wickets for 37 runs, and the Australians then scored 69 for one wicket. Derbyshire were dismissed for 172 at Lord's by Middlesex, who scored 44 for no wicket. (p. 5)

British cars occupied the first four places in the Double Twelve Hour motor race at Brooklands on Saturday, the race being won by Captain Woolf Barnato's Bentley. (p. 4)

H. G. N. Lee (Great Britain) won the only Singles match played against Poland in the second round of the Davis Cup at Torquay on Saturday. The other Singles match was postponed until to-day. (p. 7)

In an Association football match in Berlin on Saturday England drew with Germany, each side scoring three goals. (p. 6)

FINANCE AND COMMERCE

In "City Notes" comment is made on:—Another Corporation Loan; A New Trust Company; the Report of the Brush Electrical Engineering Company; Hambros Bank Balance-Sheet; Tin Mining Problems; Preference Share Finance; Australian Coal Mining Deadlock; Quicksands of the City; and Staff Pension Schemes. (p. 25)

In Lombard-street on Saturday money was in plentiful supply. Discount rates were unaltered. Foreign Exchanges were generally steady. The Swiss exchange again advanced; a slight recovery occurred in Spanish currency. Silver exchanges declined. The price of gold advanced ½d. to 84s. 11½d. per oz.; silver declined 1-16d. to 19 5-16d. The Bank reported the sale of £274,000 in bar gold. (p. 25)

WORK FOR GENEVA

The fifty-ninth Session of the Council of the League of Nations begins to-day, and it brings together as usual the principal Foreign Ministers of Europe, in addition to other distinguished national representatives. As the War recedes into the background the attention of the Council tends to become focused upon the routine business of the League, and big political issues do not usually now form so important a part of these gatherings as they did two or three years ago. The programme of the coming Session is chiefly made up of the useful but inconspicuous tasks which the League performs in settling refugees, regulating the traffic in opium, trying to promote and give some practical form to the growing sense of economic interdependence, and organizing health services all over the world. Among these items occurs a proposal of the Government of China for "collaboration with the League in health matters"; and it is an illustration of the wide range of the League's activities that one of its representatives is already in China to report upon quarantine regulations and sanitation in ports. And this mission also illustrates the manner in which the League in these post-War days is superseding individual nations in the performance of duties of this sort. What Great Britain has done in Hong-kong and Wei-hai-wei—the civilizing tasks of fighting disease and improving material conditions which she and the other colonizing nations have performed in many parts of the world—is now to a growing extent being undertaken by the common international action of the League.

But the administrative and humane activities of the League of Nations will certainly not occupy the whole time of the representatives of the Council. There are some items which, if they are not direct consequences of the War Treaties, form part of what our French friends call the "Organization of Peace," such as the proposals for financial assistance to countries threatened by aggression, and the report of the committee which has been considering the amendment of the Covenant so as to bring it in harmony with the Pact of Paris. On these matters it is safe to say—and it is all that need be said now—that no decision can be taken by the Council alone. They interest closely all the States composing the League, and only the Assembly can have full authority to reach final decisions. They will probably therefore be adjourned until September. And the British, French, Italian, and German Foreign Ministers, in their daily meetings, will inevitably take the opportunity of discussing some questions that do not appear among the agenda. It is significant that MR. HENDERSON did not allow his exhausting negotiations with the Egyptian delegation to delay his departure for Paris by more than a few hours, and his sojourn in the French capital included a long conversation with the French Foreign Minister. M. BRIAND is understood to have discussed with his British colleague his proposals for an Economic Federation of Europe; and MR. HENDERSON on his part is reported to have urged the importance to the general cause of disarmament of an early resumption of negotiations between France and Italy on naval limitation. The next stage will certainly be under consideration at Geneva. SIGNOR GRANDI'S notable speech, which was delivered in Rome on the day on which MR. HENDERSON and M. BRIAND were in conference in Paris, was clearly designed to keep this question in the foreground. He stated emphatically that Italy was ready "immediately to take up again the negotiations which had been interrupted," and he refused to believe that it was impossible to reach a definitive naval agreement. But it is obvious that before such discussions can usefully be held a common basis must be found for them. So long as parity is insisted upon by one party and as resolutely rejected by the other no technical negotiations can carry the matter forward one inch. Possibly the word "parity" may gradually be eliminated from the conversations. At any rate the next step must be taken by the political chiefs; and private talks at Geneva provide an excellent and discreet opportunity of reaching the desired understanding.

There is another question which also does not appear among the Council's agenda and to which the same considerations apply. It is urgently necessary to find a basis for future discussion of the question of the Saar. The fate of this territory constitutes the one outstanding War-settlement problem between France and Germany. Three Committees of Experts have been discussing it intermittently for several months in Paris; but it is clear from the messages which have been published in the last few days from Paris and Berlin that the French and German delegations have two quite separate ways of approaching the problem. For Germany the issue is political; for France it is economic. For Germany it is a matter of territorial restitution; for France a matter of technical cooperation in the exploitation of the mineral resources which give to the district its chief importance. On what basis are the experts to proceed? Only an understanding to be reached between M. BRIAND and HERR CURTIUS at Geneva seems at all likely to make immediate progress possible. In theory, of course, the political status of the Saar territory does not come up for decision until 1935; but it was implicit in the informal conversations which M. BRIAND and the late HERR STRESEMANN often held on the subject that its earlier restoration to Germany might form part of a general settlement of outstanding problems. If the present meeting at Geneva can prepare the way for the final elimination of this difficulty in the course of the present year it will have achieved one definitely useful piece of work; and if, in addition, it can contribute to an improvement of the relations between Italy and France it will have shown what important services may still be rendered at these periodical gatherings over and above the conventional work of the League.

Rationalization

There appears on this page to-day the first of a series of six articles devoted to a study of the problem of rationalization. Their purpose is to explain the meaning of a rather clumsy term—borrowed, as everybody knows, from the economic phraseology of post-War Germany—and to show how the various technical processes which it denotes can be applied to the reorganization of our basic industries. Never has the problem of industrial reconstruction in this country been more pressing. The wave of depression, world-wide in its effects and almost unparalleled in its intensity, which broke last autumn found our older industries still grappling painfully ten years after the Armistice with the difficult problem of readjustment to post-War conditions. The slow but steady upward trend in our export trade during the past few years, which was beginning to inspire a revival of confidence, has once more been reversed, as the increase in the unemployment figures is a grim but eloquent reminder. No one will underrate the gigantic difficulties, not of their own making, with which our exporting industries have been forced to struggle. But the need for a radical change in our economic organization is still unfortunately too little realized. Old habits, outworn traditions, and obsolete prejudices still bar the way to progress. Harsh as they are the renewed sufferings of the present set-back may yet prove a blessing in disguise if they can force upon us the essential lesson that rationalization is indispensable to recovery.

Although the circumstances differ enormously in each particular trade there is one root trouble from which our depressed exporting industries suffer alike. Coal, cotton, wool, iron and steel, engineering—each exhibits in varying degrees the manifestations of the same malady. Faced with the problem of surplus capacity, owing to the changes in world trade, originated or accelerated by the War, which have largely diminished their foreign markets, these industries have failed to adapt themselves to post-War conditions, largely through the lack of co-operation. The multiplicity of independent producers all working for their own ends according to the time-honoured traditions of Victorian individualism, which achieved such success during an era of expansion, has proved disastrous in a period of contraction. The desperate scramble for orders has resulted in severe internal competition which has depressed prices while increasing costs. Instead of being concentrated upon a few large efficient plants working at their full capacity, production has been dispersed over the whole field of units (many of them more or less obsolete) all of which alike have been kept working short time with greatly increased overhead charges. The waste of economic effort entailed by this want of system has been enormous, and its consequences have proved progressively vicious. Free competition has been sufficiently severe to turn profits into losses, but it has not been allowed to work out its own cure by eliminating a sufficient number of the weaker firms. Meanwhile ten years of depression have rendered adequate renewals of fixed capital extraordinarily difficult, with the result that, as compared with German and American standards, much plant and equipment with which our industries are working to-day is undeniably out of date.

It was in order to avoid precisely these difficulties that the German industrialists devised the method known as rationalization. Brought down to its simplest terms, rationalization is nothing more or less than the technique of reducing costs. The first stage of this process consists in the elimination of unnecessary and wasteful competition by the formation of cartels to regulate production and to equate supply with demand and the combination of producing units in "horizontal" amalgamations. Once this has been successfully accomplished, the way is open for a very large number of economies. Among the more obvious of these sources of saving are the suppression of redundant staffs and middlemen through centralized buying and selling, the reduction of unnecessary specifications through more adequate standardization, the closing down of obsolete plant, and the concentration of production on the best equipped units, which can be kept working continuously on a single type of product, thus avoiding a great deal of wasteful duplication. In the sphere of labour costs the economies made possible by amalgamation are in some respects even more important. The credit resources of big combines render possible large and frequent renewals of fixed capital and consequently enable the most modern labour-saving devices to be adopted on a scale which is impracticable for smaller units—especially during a prolonged period of bad trade. The classical example of the advantages of such a thoroughgoing process of reorganization is furnished by the iron and steel industry in the Ruhr, which in spite of enormous difficulties has managed to maintain itself on a profit-making basis. It would be foolish, of course, to suggest that the British manufacturers should merely imitate German methods slavishly. Nevertheless, there is no reason why the same fundamental principles of rationalization should not be applied to the very different industrial circumstances in this country with equal success. Already the iron and steel industry is feeling its way, a little gingerly perhaps, towards a more rational form of organization along these lines. In Lancashire too, in spite of exceptional difficulties, the idea of reconstruction is making headway. The road to be traversed is still long and difficult, but once the real meaning of rationalization has been properly understood, not merely by financiers but by industry itself, progress will become more rapid. Much patience will still be necessary and not a little courage, but above all the firm conviction is that the new way in industry is the only road to prosperity.

Monuments of East London

Another welcome volume is published to-day from the Royal Commission on Historical Monuments in England. This is the Commission's inventory for East London (H.M. Stationery Office: 17s. 6d. net), which concludes their volumes on London as a whole, and is, it is hardly necessary to say, compiled and edited with the same scholarly care as its predecessors, and illustrated with the same wealth of photographs. East London, for this purpose, comprises a region now represented by twelve boroughs, but it was for the most part unspoilt country in the year 1714, which marks the end of the period under the Commission's survey; and, at first sight, when the map is unfolded, it may appear to be for its size poor in monuments, especially when the riches concentrated in the narrow area of the City are recalled. Indeed several boroughs possess hardly any monuments in the Commission's sense. Others, however, make up the deficiency. Stepney includes the Tower; Southwark has its Cathedral; Greenwich has its Hospital; and under Woolwich comes Eltham Palace. These are monuments known all over the world; but there are also others of high interest and artistic value. Altogether the Commission recommends as "especially worthy of preservation" seven ecclesiastical and sixteen secular monuments. Among the latter are Charlton House, Morden College, the Queen's House and the Royal Observatory at Greenwich, Trinity Hospital at Stepney, St. John's Institute and Brooke House at Hackney, and the last old galleried inn in London—the George at Southwark. The area, if it is weak in some types of buildings, such as Roman remains, mediæval churches, and monastic relics, happens to be particularly strong in almshouses; but its chief glories lie in those national possessions the future of which is secure. Like Westminster Abbey, which has a volume to itself, they will always be visited; and the present volume may be accepted as the standard authority on them.

In his introduction LORD CRAWFORD calls attention to a particular feature of this final volume. The opportunity has been taken to incorporate into it certain broad surveys of matter bearing on the antiquities of London as a whole. These surveys, which are signed by the writers, contain much that could not find a place within the stricter framework of the inventory. MR. J. W. BLOE, for instance, writes of the early building materials used in London, he enumerates their kinds and sources, and exemplifies the purposes and structures to which they were applied. MRS. ESDAILE traces the art of monumental sculpture through six centuries. MR. MILL STEPHENSON sums up the brasses of London, MR. E. E. DORLING treats of its heraldry, and DR. M. R. JAMES of its glass. A special note on the Whitefriars district comes from MR. E. V. LUCAS. Lastly, DR. CLAPHAM contributes a survey of architecture and decoration from CHARLES II. to QUEEN ANNE—the consideration of which, he says, will confirm the wisdom by which the Commission's terminal date was fixed at 1714, a year which makes a definite and convenient centre point for a very real change in this field. For another reason, as LORD CRAWFORD points out, the date is not so convenient, though it has been interpreted in such a way as to give monuments on the border line the benefit of the doubt. Liberality in this respect is a policy which can be more safely pursued for London than for the country, since the proportion of early buildings is smaller than in the counties. LORD CRAWFORD adds that it is six years since the first London report appeared, and that "with our meagre staff and slender purse" it is difficult, if not impossible, to provide more than one volume a year. Moreover the farther the county is from London, the slower is the work; and "many years," he prophesies, "will elapse before our successors present their final report." Though they have a long vista before them, the Commissioners may be consoled with the knowledge that a good deal more than the foundation of a magnificent national masterpiece has already been laid.

Old English Drinks

A promising idea has been nipped in the bud. On Friday a correspondent suggested in these columns that profit awaited any man who would take a house on a frequented road and sell there home-made English drinks. This morning another correspondent makes it plain that not profit awaits such an enterprise, but loss and probably disgrace as well. Licences, duties, penalties—these are the lures which the law holds out to encourage the venture; and, worst of all, it fastens upon old English drinks the indignity of being technically sweets. Many a cup of those forbidden wines would be needed to drown the memory of that insolence; and every cup might cost the maker and purveyor of it several hundred pounds. His revival of old days and ways would indeed be, if we may misquote Orlando, the service of the antique time, when service sweat for duty, not for mead—the duty payable on the mead amounting to eighteenpence a gallon.

The law must have been less officious in the days when young LEIGH HUNT and his fellows called themselves the Elders, not so much because they wanted to appear as old as they thought themselves wise, as because they habitually drank and really enjoyed elder wine. And the law must have been less officious in days which many a man now living can remember, when a visit to a big farm house began with the cream and the curds and whey in the great luminous dairy and ended with cake and home-made wine in the dark, chilly parlour. It was those wines—elder, cowslip, black-currant and the others—which gave many a small boy the conviction that he hated wine. Most boys, perhaps unfortunately for their fathers and their digestions, lost that conviction, either by natural death or by wilful murder, in their first year at the University, when they drank gooseberry wine under another name and pretended to like it. Would that old hatred revive now if some bold, bad antiquary were to defy the law and open a roadside inn (appropriately constructed, like the newest petrol stations, of olde-worlde oak beams, plaster and thatch) for the sale of mead, metheglin, elder-flower wine, "frontiniac," sage-wine, and the many other home-made drinks of which our contemporary, *The Sussex County Magazine*, is monthly recalling the old recipes? The odds are that, for a time at any rate, the dashing, lawless place would be as popular as a night-club which sold drinks after hours. And, when that vogue was over, it might settle down to a steady and respectable business by selling that rarest of all liquors, good old English beer.

PEACE ON THE FRONTIER

ROADS IN CENTRAL WAZIRISTAN

A PROVED POLICY

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—I was much interested in Lord Winterton's letter on the Frontier which appears in your issue of May 10, for I was under the impression that the "roads policy" in Mahsud and Wazir territory was first sanctioned in 1920, when Mr. Montagu was Secretary of State and I was Viceroy; at least I find that on August 20, 1920, in addressing my Legislative Council, I spoke as follows:—

We have decided, with the approval of his Majesty's Government, that our forces shall remain in occupation of Central Waziristan, that mechanical transport roads shall be constructed throughout the country, especially roads linking the Gumal with the Tochi line, and that our present line of posts shall be extended as may seem necessary. It is not possible to set any limits to the period of our occupation, our main care being that we shall not lose the advantage gained during the past nine months at the cost of valuable lives and of much money and that there shall be no recurrence of the series of outrages of which I have given you an outline. We hope that the peace which must eventually attend our domination of these tribesmen will bring its usual blessings in its train; that they may be weaned from their life of rapine and violence and may find, both in material improvements in their country, such as the extension of irrigation and cultivation, and in civilizing intercourse with India, a more stable prosperity than they have ever derived from their traditional profession of robbers and marauders.

I find also in my papers a long and continuous correspondence with Mr. Montagu on the subject.

I am aware, of course, that certain changes have been made in the alignment of the roads and that the site of the central cantonment was subsequently shifted to Razmak—indeed, modifications were under discussion in my time as we became better acquainted through occupation with the terrain. I cannot think, however, that these changes vitiate my assertion that the "roads policy" was first sanctioned in 1920. My only object in writing this letter is to correct a matter of historical fact; in other respects I cordially agree with every word of Lord Winterton's letter.

The "roads policy" has been carried out; it has been successful; and it is not a matter of great importance as to whom the credit of initiating the policy should be given. There can, of course, be no question that the successful carrying out of the policy is due to Lord Reading and his officers.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,
CHELMSFORD.

118, Eaton-square, S.W.

CHARING CROSS

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—The decision of the Select Committee in rejecting the official scheme for Charing Cross has saved the public from an irretrievable blunder.

Sir Lynden Macassey, on behalf of the London County Council, said that if their scheme was rejected the Council would not take the responsibility of submitting any alternative scheme to Parliament, and that they saw no prospect of securing a new road bridge at Charing Cross. But why? It is true that all schemes which involve the removal of the station, whether high level or low, are now out of court; but there are other possibilities. Three points have come out clearly in the course of discussion: (1) the immense cost both in money and time of moving the station across the river; (2) the intolerable inconvenience to the public of doing so; (3) the reluctance of the company, amounting to a refusal, to move at all. Surely the common sense and practical conclusion is to let the company settle its own affairs, to leave the station where it is till the time comes for it to put itself underground, and to form the new bridge and its approaches outside of the company's property and to the east of it. The site I suggest is from a point opposite Charing Cross Hospital in a straight line to the intersection of York and Waterloo roads, with a probable saving of some three-quarters both of the cost and of the time required by the rejected scheme. If navigation is the difficulty, that can be met by increasing the spans of the bridge.

Every one will regret that the L.C.C. should have been put to so much trouble, and so far in vain; but the matter is of too vital importance to the public to admit of personal feeling. It has been rumoured that if the scheme was rejected the L.C.C. would pull down Waterloo Bridge and build a wider one in its place. The only result would be to double the congestion of traffic in the Strand. There can be no sort of doubt that a new roadway traffic bridge near Charing Cross is absolutely necessary, and it is surely for the L.C.C. to set to again and reconsider the whole problem on practical lines.

May I take the opportunity of thanking *The Times* for the keen interest it has taken in the Charing Cross problem and the invaluable help it has given in its consideration?

Your obedient servant,
REGINALD BLOMFIELD.

Frognal, Hampstead.

FAGGING AT SEDBERGH

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—As an Old Sedberghian who left the school only at the end of last summer term I was astonished to read the possible explanation of his suicide, given at to-day's inquest on the body of Geoffrey Fairhurst. The system of fagging at Sedbergh is quite unobjectionable and is a good discipline for all concerned. I entered the school myself at the age of 13 and can safely say that, although I had the usual share of fagging, I was never either unreasonably or unfairly treated, nor did the fagging in any way hinder my studies. Fagging as practised at a school like Sedbergh should certainly not be abolished. It does no harm to teach small boys to wait on their elders and is very useful in dispersing the "superiority complex" sometimes evident after the softer home or preparatory school life. Every prefect or elder boy has had to go through the mill himself, no matter what form he may be in. The case of Geoffrey Fairhurst is extremely sad and every one must deeply sympathize with his parents, but at the same time it is extremely wrong that the Sedbergh system should be blamed.

Yours very truly,
T. A. HALE.

89, Gloucester-terrace, W.2, May 9.

OLD ENGLISH DRINKS

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—Mr. Garnet Man in his letter in *The Times* to-day says, "profit awaits any man, I believe, who will take a house on some frequented road," hang out a sign, and sell home-made wines. He omits to say that fines await any man who does what he advises unless licences are first obtained. Wines made from fruit and sugar are technically known as "sweets," and their manufacture and sale are regulated by law. He must obtain an Excise licence to manufacture, costing 3 guineas, and other legal formalities have to be complied with. Infringement of the regulations entails liability to penalties up to £500. The wine itself bears a duty of 1s. 6d. a gallon. To sell the wine requires a licence from the Licensing Justices, and if sold without involves a penalty up to £100.

Yours faithfully,
J. LLOYD.

St. John's House, Cambridge, May 9.

THE NEW WAY IN INDUSTRY

RATIONALIZATION

I.—TRADE IN TWO CENTURIES

Rationalization is a policy which, while it has won general acceptance from the responsible leaders in industry, finance, and politics, is still only in its earliest stage in this country.

The article below is the first of a brief series of articles designed to define rationalization, to investigate the faults in industrial production which it can remedy and the agencies by which it can be initiated and applied.

Rationalization!—"An ugly word of doubtful origin imported from Germany, much talked of lately in the Press"; "a glorified name for some very old industrial devices, such as amalgamation and price rings." The average idea of the new industrial revolution which has taken place in Germany and the U.S.A. during the last decade, which, even in this country, is slowly accomplishing itself, has hardly progressed beyond this very imperfect and inadequate conception. To explain what rationalization really means is no easy task. The factors which make up such a complex process are so various; they differ so widely in each industry, and even in each branch of the same industry, that it is difficult to fit them together under a single principle. Yet the basic idea of which rationalization is the expression is in fact very simple: it is merely the elimination of waste—the systematic reduction of costs by conscious and deliberate planning, not of this or that individual enterprise, but of each industry or group of industries as a whole. To the detached and philosophic observer from another planet such an idea might appear too obvious for novelty; but the whole industrial development of this country has made it extraordinarily difficult for the English manufacturer to realize its significance.

In the nineteenth century British industry "just growed." There was little or no attempt to envisage its development as a whole—that was nobody's business. Each entrepreneur was left to develop his own enterprise in his own sweet way, where and how he thought he could make it profitable. The resourcefulness of the Victorian manufacturer, his sturdy individualism, his unqualified acceptance of free competition which inspired the religion of *laissez-faire*, combined in the pioneer age of industrial expansion to make him extraordinarily successful. The huge growth of population quickly buried the effects of past mistakes, and temporary depressions were rapidly followed by still greater expansion. From the beginning he was favoured alike by natural and political advantages; the copious riches of natural resources, such as coal and iron, placed conveniently near the seaboard, a command of seamanship and trade routes possessed by no other nation, an Empire world-wide in range, a long-standing financial and commercial tradition, and last, but not least, a peculiar aptitude for mechanical and scientific invention. But even more important perhaps was the fact that he was first in the field, and so had at his disposal all the markets of the world. Long before the beginning of the present century the position had entirely changed. The plant and machinery that the British manufacturer had supplied were beginning to be used to oust him from his former markets. The great technical discoveries, upon which modern industry is based, had been made and published to the world, large and flourishing industries had sprung up all over Europe and America, and British manufactured goods, no longer enjoying their early monopoly, were competing with those of Germany and the United States. But until 1914 the rapid expansion of world trade, influenced by the upward trend of gold prices, from the turn of the century up to the War, was sufficient to ensure, on the whole, a steady though somewhat slowly increasing prosperity, which seemed to justify the individualist habits and methods of the past.

A CHANGED WORLD

Then came the War with its cataclysmic disturbance of all the normal channels of world trade. Partly out of necessity owing to the lack of transport, partly for strategic reasons, the belligerent nations began deliberately to organize their industrial economy on nationalist lines. The struggle for economic self-sufficiency developed industries in many countries which before would have proved unprofitable, and, in order to supply War needs, expanded others, such as the coal, iron, and steel industry, to an abnormal degree under the treacherous influence of world-wide currency inflation. After the collapse of the short-lived "boom" which followed the Armistice this country awoke gradually to a changed world. Industry found itself either with obsolescent and deteriorated plant or else, where new plant had been installed at inflated prices, loaded with enormous debts, the real weight of which was steadily increasing owing to the rise in the value of money. It was compelled to compete against countries in which real wages owing to continued inflation were kept far below the British level, in an obstinate struggle to enter contracted markets over larger and ever higher tariff walls.

At first it was hoped that the depression would prove to be nothing more than a temporary reaction, but after a slight recovery in 1923-24 it gradually became apparent that the exports of our basic industries were settling down to a new equilibrium of world trade which left them more or less permanently contracted—unless or until the difficulty of reducing costs could be successfully surmounted. At the close of the inflationary period German industry had been faced with similar and in some respects even greater problems. The solution to these was found in a concerted scheme of rationalization, which in essence is nothing more than the technique of eliminating waste. How such waste arises and how it can be eliminated can only be understood by surveying the way in which our unrationalized industries have been functioning during the prolonged period of depression which succeeded the post-Armistice "boom."

SIX FEATURES

An examination of the distressed basic industries in this country which are responsible for by far the largest portion of the more or less permanently unemployed shows that they all possess certain very significant features in common:—

1. They are industries working largely for export trade.

2. They are organized into a multiplicity of independent units, which differ greatly from one another in size, age, and the efficiency of their plant and management.

3. At the present level of comparative costs of production they all in greater or less degree exhibit the symptom of surplus capacity; in other words, the orders obtainable are not sufficient to "go round," hence

4. They are all suffering more or less acutely from internal as well as from external competition, which depresses prices, but at the same time increases the costs of production by dispersing orders over a large number of individual firms all or most of which are kept working on a part-time basis. As a result of this dispersion it frequently happens that the least modern and least efficient plant can actually be operated on a part-time basis more cheaply than

the more up-to-date plant, which, were it enabled to work full time, would be able to produce much more cheaply and efficiently.

5. This tendency to uneconomic competition has been largely reinforced by financial factors —e.g., in the cotton industry. Many concerns which during the Armistice "boom" re-equipped themselves at enormous expense or changed hands at inflated prices—found themselves at the end of the "slump" loaded with heavy prior charges, debentures, bank loans, &c., the real burden of which was doubled by the rise in the value of money. These charges, which have to be met independently of any profits, exert an almost irresistible pressure towards the admittedly disastrous practice of "weak selling."

6. The long period of industrial depression has made the replacement of obsolescent plant particularly difficult. Under financial pressure adequate allowances for depreciation have frequently not been made, and the passing of dividends has rendered the raising of new capital on feasible terms almost impossible.

All these conditions have been affecting in a greater or less degree the old-established exporting industries of this country. By what methods, if any, can they be eliminated? The old philosophy of *laissez-faire* assumed that in times of bad trade the devil would take the hindmost and eliminate the unprofitable firm. Under the conditions which existed in the nineteenth century this assumption was approximately true. World conditions, speaking generally, made for a steady expansion, and a few failures were enough to adjust productive capacity to demand within the comparatively narrow fluctuations of the trade cycle. The mobility of Capital and Labour and plasticity of wage-rates and other costs were, moreover, sufficient to make the requisite adjustments more or less automatically.

Since the War, however, this automatic adjustment has failed to take place for a variety of reasons. Taking the world in general, the increase in productive capacity of the basic industries since 1913 has been far greater than growth in the volume of international trade. The various nations of Europe and Asia, to say nothing of the United States, have striven hard to attain a far greater degree of economic self-sufficiency. India, China, and Japan, for instance, have vastly increased their production of cotton goods; Germany has gone far towards replacing the plant which she lost owing to the transfer of Alsace and Lorraine to France; Spain and the countries of Central and Eastern Europe; Brazil and Argentina, not to mention India and Australia, have all been building up manufacturing industries of their own behind tariff barriers. The competition in the export of manufactured goods has consequently grown much keener. Moreover, currency inflation and low wages have tended to give many of our rivals special advantages in the markets of the world, with the result that our exports have diminished by more than a quarter of their pre-War volume. On this post-War basis of contracted exports the gap between capacity and demand has been so widened that these two factors can only be adjusted by the closing down of a substantial proportion of existing plant. This is a much more difficult business than merely eliminating a few unprofitable concerns. The vitality of the average firm under conditions of free competition is surprisingly persistent—especially when the principal creditors are anxious to keep it alive because the break-up value is practically nil, or can afford to keep it alive because they have a prior lien on the assets.

(To be continued)

PRINCESS MARY'S VISIT TO GLASGOW

INSPECTION OF GIRL GUIDES

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

GLASGOW, MAY 11

Princess Mary, Countess of Harewood, fulfilled a number of engagements in Glasgow yesterday, the chief of which was the annual inspection of the Girl Guides of the city. Although she desired her visit to be as informal as possible and no official welcome was extended to her, and not even her hosts, Lord and Lady Weir, greeted her at the station, thousands of people were present to cheer her when she left her train at Queen-street Station in the morning.

After breakfasting at Eastwood Park, her Royal Highness, wearing the Girl Guide uniform, motored to Messrs. John Brown and Co.'s shipyard at Clydebank, where she inspected the C.P.R. liner Empress of Britain, which is to be launched by the Prince of Wales in June. Then she proceeded to the Royal Hospital for Sick Children, paying her third visit to the hospital since 1914, when she accompanied the King and Queen on the occasion of the opening of the building. Brief though her tour of the hospital was, she had time to chat with quite a number of the little patients. Elizabeth McColl, a tiny mite who is fast recovering from a broken arm, presented her Royal Highness with a bouquet of carnations and irises, but was overtaken with fright and almost burst into tears. Princess Mary, however, led her on to the balcony and soon had her smiling again. Another child, seven years old, Hector Ross, who suffers from blindness, distinguished himself by singing a ballad.

After luncheon at the Royal Scottish Automobile Club Princess Mary proceeded to Scotstoun showground, where she took the salute as 8,000 guides, rangers, and guiders marched past. Several cripple guides, who were accommodated in chairs near the Royal stand, came in for special attention from her Royal Highness, and when the visit was concluded the air to which she left the showground was "Will ye no come back again." The Royal visitor took tea in the large marquee, and left Glasgow by train in the evening.

OMNIBUS MEN'S STRIKE IN DUBLIN

700 MEN IDLE

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

DUBLIN, MAY 11

By the sudden strike of drivers and conductors in the service of the Irish Omnibus Company some 700 men are idle and some 300 omnibuses are out of action. The company serves long-distance routes to the South and West of Ireland. Recently, when it absorbed a number of smaller companies it introduced fixed scales of wages, with additional allowances for overtime work and lodging expenses.

The men made protests against the new scales, but the real issue is their claim to be represented in negotiation by the National Union of Railwaymen, of which they are members. This claim is based on the fact that the Irish Omnibus Company has co-ordinated certain services with the Great Southern Railways. The company, however, is a wholly independent concern, and refuses to discuss a settlement of the strike with the railwaymen's union. It announces to-day that it will not "under any circumstances" recognize the union, and that after 10 o'clock to-morrow morning it will refuse to consider any applications for re-employment by the men who are on strike.

The company has refused the proffered intervention of the Free State Ministry of Industry and Commerce, and the situation at present seems to be a complete *impasse*. Picketing is in progress at the company's offices and omnibus stations, but no serious disturbances have occurred.

COAST EROSION NEAR HASTINGS

One of the most popular walks along the Fairlight Cliffs, near Hastings, is threatened by landslides. The cliffs are gradually crumbling away, and large quantities of earth have fallen into the sea during the last few months. At a meeting of the Hastings Rural District Council it was reported that owners of property at the cliff edge had given up part of their land so that the footpath could be moved and the safety of pedestrians preserved. Warning notices have been erected at several points along the path.

Replying to the Grand Jury at Middlesex Sessions on Saturday, the chairman, Sir Montagu Sharpe, K.C., said that the Calendar was rather heavy. There were 32 persons for trial as against 11 in May last year. At the last Sessions in April there were 35 prisoners.

THE PASSION PLAY

MANY VISITORS FROM ENGLAND

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

OBERAMMERGAU, MAY 11

Whereas the audience at the Passion Play on Thursday, apart from a number of Press representatives, consisted almost entirely of Germans from different parts of the Reich, more than four-fifths of the spectators at the official opening performance to-day came from Great Britain and the United States. From before noon yesterday till late at night an unceasing stream of English-speaking tourists poured into the village by train, motor-coach, and private car. The hotels and lodging-houses were all crowded, and the appearance of the throngs in the normally quiet streets and the ceaseless buzz of conversation in English made the mountain village resemble a popular seaside resort in July or August.

To-day Oberammergau was favoured with much better weather than on Thursday. It was far milder and, though dull, rain fell only during half an hour of the performance. This and the absence of wind enabled the voices to reach all parts of the great hall, and the effect of the numerous fine choruses, sung by about 50 male and female voices, was a distinct improvement on the first occasion.

Herr Alois Lang's portrayal of Christ was as simple and unaffected, yet fully as powerful, as before, and to-day his voice was clearly audible even when he seemed to be speaking scarcely above a whisper. The whole production was carried out with the same conscientiousness, thoroughness, and intense earnestness which characterized Thursday's performance. This afternoon, during the scene before Pilate's house, perhaps the most splendidly produced and impressive scene in the whole play, the sun came out for a short time, enhancing the effect of the bright costumes of the actors. Later on the sunshine gave place to a thunderstorm, which broke during the Crucifixion scene, and the vivid flashes of lightning falling on the form of the crucified Saviour produced an effect far more impressive for being accidental.

R.A.D.A. PLAYERS

"THE LIGHT COMEDIAN"

By HERMAN OULD

Simon	..	REGINALD GARDINER
Mrs. Rebecca Pett	..	VIOLET FARREBROTHER
Sylvia Pett	..	URSULA JEANS
Mr. Pett	..	OLIVER JOHNSTON
Huntie Walden	..	HUMPHREY MORTON
Mr. Petherick	..	AUBREY DEXTER
Jerry Tremayne	..	LAURENCE GREEN
Mrs. Trotter	..	KATHLEEN HARRISON
Penelope Stuart	..	MARJORY CLARK

The Light Comedian is comedy of no great distinction, but the R.A.D.A. Players, who presented it last night, all obviously enjoyed themselves hugely, and their enjoyment communicated itself to the audience. It has passages of much vivacity and humour. They become less frequent as the play proceeds. Gradually, and perhaps reluctantly, the author entangles his characters in a situation so absurd that we can imagine none of them submitting to it. Mr. Ould owes it to his characters, especially to Simon, the attractively modest light comedian, and the Pett family, which belongs to a somewhat lower stratum of the theatrical profession, to write another play about them so that we may know what really happened to them.

These people are most amusingly alive while they are still awaiting recognition in the provinces. Simon, the natural comedian, less aware of his talent than of his romantic love for Sylvia, is full of life. So are Sylvia, the feather-headed girl who has no talent that anybody but herself can divine, and her mother, the aged professional actress struggling bravely but without illusions against the day when she must turn landlady. Their characters and various interactions are sketched with lightness and exactness up to the point at which they are all moved from the provinces, to which they belong, to London, where they seem to shed their characteristics and to become dull puppets in a slightly incredible story. Mr. Gardiner played the light comedian very adroitly; Miss Farebrother the more exacting part of the aged actress with a fair measure of success; and Miss Marjory Clark, as a siren, emerged with distinction from a difficult scene.

SAFEGUARDING AND TRADE REVIVAL

SIR A. STEEL-MAITLAND'S PLEA FOR RESOLUTE POLICY

Sir A. Steel-Maitland, M.P., speaking on Saturday afternoon at the annual meeting of the Tamworth Conservative Association at Birmingham, said they had witnessed in the last 12 months a steadily increasing trade depression. It would be the task of a Conservative Government to restore confidence without which trade cannot flourish. In combination with the restoration of confidence, safeguarding was the one and only means by which trade could be restored to a healthy condition and unemployment brought to a pre-War level. The execution of the policy of safeguarding should be strong, resolute, and consistent, and based on definite principles.

He always had been in favour of free trade within the Empire. If they could not get free trade with all parts of the Empire, then they should get it with as many Colonies and Dominions as they could, and by developing mutual preferences, they should get as near to free trade with the others as was possible. With regard to duties on foreign foodstuffs his view corresponded exactly with the statement of policy made by Mr. Baldwin last Thursday. The great need of the country to-day was economy. The country, in its own interest, ought to be prepared to preserve agriculture and to pay the price necessary, sooner than let it be ruined. He would support action to that end.

THE CORPORATION OF LONDON

To fill vacancies in the Corporation of the City of London, two elections are about to be held. In Candlewick Ward, which was represented by the late Mr. Walter Dennis, the candidates are Sir George Broadbridge, merchant, of Martin-lane, Cannon-street; Mr. Claud W. Dennis, architect, Cannon-street; and Mr. R. J. D. Stoneham, solicitor, Cannon-street. Sir George Broadbridge in his address states that it is "his desire to attain to the highest civic office." In Walbrook, where Mr. H. Percival Monckton retires, the candidates are Mr. William Sparks, solicitor, Walbrook, and Mr. Henry G. Daniel, chemist, St. Swithin's-lane.

COMMUNICATION WITH SHETLAND

Communication was yesterday established by means of a portable wireless plant with Shetland, which had been isolated after the direct cable from Lerwick to the north of Scotland snapped last Thursday. The portable wireless, sent from Aberdeen by steamer, was erected at the dismantled wireless station near Lerwick and private messages were transmitted *via* Wick wireless sation.

The Faroe Islands and Iceland were also isolated, since the cable which broke on Thursday serves them nightly.

THE PRESIDENT OF MAGDALEN

The *London Gazette* announces that Captain G. S. Gordon (late General List, Territorial Army) has been promoted to the rank of major for service with the Oxford University Contingent, Officers Training Corps. Major Gordon is President of Magdalen College, and is the only head of a college in Oxford serving in the O.T.C. He served with distinction in The West Yorkshire Regiment and was wounded during the War, and since then he has retained his interest in the O.T.C.

NORTH FORELAND LODGE

TWENTY-FIRST BIRTHDAY OF SCHOOL

North Foreland Lodge, at Broadstairs, has just celebrated its twenty-first birthday. There was a large gathering of old girls, who entertained at dinner Miss Wolseley-Lewis, headmistress since the school was opened, and presented her with a diamond ring.

At the prize-giving, which took place on Saturday, Miss Wolseley-Lewis said in her report that her object in founding the school was to provide a boarding school, limited in numbers, for the daughters of the leisured class, where they might receive an education not inferior to that of the great girls' public schools and based upon religion. She added that the object of the school was to prepare the girls to be good citizens; good daughters, wives and mothers; unselfish, intelligent, and broad-minded. It was difficult to measure success in such an endeavour, but several of the old girls, whom she named, were playing a useful and in some cases conspicuous part in the life of the nation as doctors, headmistresses, and social workers.

The prizes were presented by Mrs. Winston Churchill, who has a daughter at the school. Mrs. Churchill referred wittily to the great changes which had taken place in school life since her own days at school. She was particularly impressed by the many practical ways in which the girls were educated for after life.

On the platform were Sir Courtauld Thomson (present chairman of the council), Lord Dawson of Penn (late chairman), Lady Birkbeck, Mrs. Ronald, and Sir Harold Morris, all members of the council. It was pointed out by one of the speakers that, with the exception of the present chairman, all the members of the council were parents of girls who had been head girls of the school. In summing up, the Chairman spoke feelingly of the incalculable debt the school owed to the inspiration and untiring work of Miss Wolseley-Lewis.

Almost all the old girls were able to remain for the Corporate Communion and a brief Thanksgiving Service in the beautiful Memorial Chapel of the school on Sunday morning, at which the Rev. C. H. S. Matthews, who has been connected with the school for the last 16 years, officiated.

ARCHBISHOP ABBOT'S SCHOOL, GUILDFORD

The 350th anniversary of Archbishop Abbot's School, Guildford, fell yesterday, and to mark the occasion a commemoration service was held at the Cathedral Church of the Holy Trinity on Saturday. The procession through the busy High-street was picturesque; scholars in their robes as choristers of the Cathedral Church were followed by the Mayor (Councillor C. T. Bateman, an old Abbotonian) and members of the corporation in their scarlet and black gowns. The Bishop of Guildford, owing to ill-health, was unable to preach, and an address was delivered by Canon A. T. Barnett.

Canon Barnett said that Thomas Baker, the founder of the School, was three times Mayor of Guildford, and founded the School in 1580, four years before he died. Baker built a new market house for the town, the rents of which, together with those of a number of small cottages in High-street, were to be spent by the Mayor and the "approved men of the boro'" on the education of 30 boys. The School had been moved three times and for one period was conducted in the tower of the Cathedral Church.

Canon Barnett hoped that the School would soon be moved to more spacious and suitable surroundings. He appealed to the Mayor and Corporation as representatives of the city to honour the founder and benefactors by imitation. Unless the forward step was taken very soon it was difficult to see how Guildford could make educational use of its two-fold advantage—an ancient town with a brilliant future.

ESSEX HIGH SCHOOL FOR GIRLS

The Duchess of Atholl, M.P., on Saturday opened a new wing at the Essex County Council High School for Girls, Woodford Green.

The main building was formerly known as Highams Hall, the seat of one of the five Lords of the Manor of Walthamstow. The last Lord of the Manor residing there was Sir Courtenay Warner, now Lord Lieutenant of Suffolk. After Sir Courtenay Warner, the hall was occupied for some years by the late Lady Henry Somerset. Later it became the Essex residence of the Bishop of St. Albans before Essex was detached from Hertfordshire and constituted a separate see. In the War the Hall was used as a military convalescent hospital, and soon after the Armistice was bought by the Essex County Council and adapted for secondary educational purposes. The council also purchased 15 acres of the manorial land and laid it out as playing fields and for open-air dramatic performances by the pupils.

NATIONAL CHAMBER OF TRADE

SIR F. CLEAVER ON BURDEN OF HIGH TAXATION

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

BELFAST, MAY 11

About 400 delegates to the National Chamber of Trade Conference which opens in Belfast on Monday, arrived in the city yesterday from London and leading centres in England and Wales. During the conference many topics of public interest will be discussed, including the Budget proposals, unemployment, the restoration of the penny post, hours of shop assistants, the cost of education, the taxation of cooperative societies, national and local expenditure, and various aspects of trading. The board of management will bring forward a special resolution on the Budget.

The president (Alderman E. B. Lewis, of Oxford) and the members of the board of management were officially welcomed on board the Liverpool boat on arrival, by Sir Frederick Cleaver, president of the Belfast Chamber of Trade. The board of management were subsequently entertained at luncheon by the Belfast Chamber.

Major J. T. Duffin, immediate past president, extended a welcome and hearty greetings from the Belfast Chamber.

Mr. J. Walker Clark (Halifax), chairman of the board of management, responded.

Sir Frederick Cleaver, responding to the toast of "The Belfast Chamber of Trade," proposed by Alderman Aveling (Southport), said the Belfast Chamber had exercised considerable influence upon the civic life of the community. At all times they advocated and worked for honest, straightforward trading. He was particularly struck with one item in the annual report—that the number of insurable people employed in the distributing trades was 1,679,090, and that there was no other single insured industry approaching anything like that figure. He was also glad to see that the percentage of unemployment was very much less than the average figures for the whole of the insured trades. The National Chamber was constantly pressing on all political parties the necessity for retrenchment in expenditure and also for reduction of taxation. He was one of those who believed that high taxation was doing more than anything else to retard progress in the country at the present time, and, unless a halt came very soon, he was afraid conditions would become worse instead of better. What they wanted was a period of strict economy and lesser output of legislation, especially legislation that had for its object the pinpricking restriction of trade.

CHARGE AGAINST A HINDU DISMISSED

In view of the prison doctor's report, Sir Chartres Biron, the magistrate at Bow-street Police Court, on Saturday dismissed an adjourned charge against Ishwarlae Thakor, 51, a Hindu, of Argyle-square, W.C., who had been accused of assaulting a 13-year-old girl, Marjorie Tolhurst, by kissing her in the public gardens in Euston-road. Thakor, who denied the charge, was ordered to be taken to the infirmary. Police officers who were keeping special watch from a window overlooking the gardens alleged that while the girl was at play Thakor passed his hands over her forehead "in the manner of a mesmerist." He afterwards followed her to a seat and kissed her. When arrested he said that he was teaching the girl astronomy. Thakor told the magistrate that he was very fond of children and was trying to make the girl realize the motion of the moon round the earth. He was a social reformer in India and had taught astronomy in a high school.

Alderman J. W. McGuffie, one of the pioneers of the Socialist Party in Walthamstow, was buried at Walthamstow Cemetery on Saturday. The Rev. R. Sorensen officiated, and an address was delivered by Mr. V. McEntee, M.P. The coffin was draped with a red flag.

SOVIET PROPAGANDA IN BRITAIN

ORGANIZATIONS AND LITERATURE

The Conservative and Unionist Central Office has issued in tabular form a list of the organizations carrying on subversive propaganda in this country under the direction of the Communist International in Moscow. Extracts are also given from the publications of these organizations to show the character of propaganda, aimed at the destruction of the State and the British Empire, now carried on by the Komintern in Great Britain.

The following are named as the propaganda organizations:—The Communist Party of Great Britain, which is the British section of the Third International; National Minority Movement; National Unemployed Workers' Movement; International Class War Prisoners' Aid, which is the British section of the "International Red Aid"; Workers' International Relief; Labour Research Department controlled by members of the Communist Party of Great Britain; Modern Books, Limited; Friends of Soviet Russia; the Meerut Defence Committee; the *Labour Monthly*; and the Workers' Defence Force.

It is recalled that Mr. Henderson, speaking of the Government interpretation of Article 7 of the Anglo-Soviet Treaty of 1929, said in the House of Commons on November 5:—"We stand by the declaration we made in 1924, to the effect that we could not allow any direct interference from outside in British domestic affairs, and would insist that the promise given by the Soviet Government to refrain from any act liable to endanger the tranquillity or prosperity of the British Empire, and to restrain from such acts all persons and organizations under their direct or indirect control, including organizations in receipt of any financial assistance from them, such as the Communist International, which is organically connected with the Soviet Government, should be carried out both in the letter and in the spirit. This is, in fact, an undertaking that Soviet propaganda will not be tolerated in any form or at any time." The Conservative Central Office submits that Soviet propaganda is being tolerated by the Government in flagrant disregard of Article 7 of the Soviet Treaty which Mr. Henderson has pledged himself to enforce. The propaganda, it is stated, is in same cases tendencious, in some cases direct; but the advocacy of revolution and the desire not only to endanger the prosperity and tranquillity of the Empire, but to break it up, appears throughout.

The publications referred to in the document were collected openly, either in the street or from the offices of the various organizations during the month of March. Apart from the daily organ of the Communist Party and monthly journals, attention is called to occasional publications on sale, including a pamphlet entitled "Sailors' and marines' programme." The "programme" it is stated in its introduction, has "circulated in every important naval barracks in the country and on most of the bigger ships." Quotations are also given from leaflets. The various extracts are of the familiar revolutionary type and include such sentences as "The programme of the Party must be popularized among the broad masses of the Forces," "The Communist Party wants to make it possible for Service men to fight with their fellow-workers for the establishment of a revolutionary workers' government and Socialism in Britain," "A Workers' Government must as 'one of its first jobs see that the working-class is armed,'" and "A civil war for the establishment of a revolutionary workers' government and a Soviet republic in Great Britain becomes a slogan of decisive importance for the British workers at the present time."

ENGINEERS' UNION AND RUSSIA

HOPE OF INCREASED TRADE

At the concluding session at Manchester on Saturday of the annual meeting of the National Committee of the Amalgamated Engineering Union a resolution was carried declaring that negotiations between the British Government and Russia would result in increased trade in engineering products, and that, in view of the "organized campaign of calumny and opposition to the U.S.S.R.," all members of the union be urged to do their utmost to maintain relations with the Soviet Republic and prevent war against Russia.

An emergency resolution was tabled congratulating the textile workers on their determined resistance to attempts to reduce wages, and offering full support to them in their struggle. The President ruled that, in view of the fact that the executive council of the union and the Bradford District Committee were taking action regarding the union's position in the dispute, the resolution was out of order.

A resolution instructing the executive council to endeavour by all possible means to prevent the formation of a National Industrial Council, as suggested by the Melchett-Turner Conference, was defeated by a large majority.

The executive council was instructed again to raise the question of one week's holiday and four statutory day holidays, with pay.

DYERS' OPPOSITION TO RATIONALIZATION

GENERAL SECRETARY'S WARNING

The Amalgamated Society of Dyers, Bleachers, Finishers, and Kindred Trades, at their annual conference at Blackpool yesterday, carried a resolution expressing opposition to rationalization. The resolution asked the executive to discuss steps to overcome it.

One delegate stated that under rationalization they were doing more work for less money, and it ought to be opposed in every form. Under the principle of rationalization less people were employed, but more work was going through.

Mr. J. Harrison, of Bradford, said there was only one alternative to rationalization, and that was nationalization.

Another delegate declared that rationalization was stabilizing the present employers, who were sacrificing the workers to stabilize their own position.

Mr. E. Verity, the general secretary, said that the strike weapon was useless to combat rationalization. It was an international question, and reduction in wages had nothing to do with it except in an indirect form. Strikes, he said, were never more out of fashion than in 1930. Until the country was self-supporting it could no more stop rationalization than King Canute could stop the tide. "If you do not have rationalization you will become a decaying nation," he added.

ILLNESS OF CAPTAIN SIDNEY HERBERT, M.P.

Captain Sidney Herbert, M.P. for the Scarborough and Whitby division since 1922, and for some years Parliamentary Private Secretary to Mr. Baldwin, has intimated to his constituency that owing to ill-health he will not seek re-election. He has placed himself entirely in the hands of the local Conservative Association. At a meeting of the association held at Scarborough on Saturday a resolution passed by the executive was confirmed expressing profound regret and hopes for a recovery that would enable Captain Herbert to remain in the House of Commons until the end of the present Parliament and stating that if after a few months the state of his health still prevented Captain Herbert's regular attendance at Westminster, the executive committee were of opinion that it would then be necessary to accept his resignation and for a by-election to be held in the autumn. Lord Downe intimated that that course had the approval of the Chief Conservative Whip and also that Captain Herbert had several times during his illness offered to resign.

MAN FOUND SHOT IN A TRAIN

When the 11.40 train from St. Pancras on Saturday night drew up at Bedford main line L.M.S. Station early yesterday morning, a man, the sole occupant of a first-class compartment, was seen hanging out of the window. Station officials found that his head had apparently been battered, and there was a large pool of blood on the footboard. The police surgeon who made an examination of the body discovered that the man had been shot. There was a bullet wound in the right temple, and the surgeon expressed the view that it had been self-inflicted. A motor driving licence issued in the name of Humfrey Nowel Hopper, of Shakespeare-road, Bedford, was found in the man's possession, and later the body was identified. Mr. Hopper was an official of the Central Sugar Company, of Peterborough and Newark, aged about 38, and leaves a widow and daughter.

MEMORIAL AND FUNERAL SERVICES

CANON H. P. CRONSHAW

The King was represented by Prebendary L. J. Percival at the memorial service for Canon H. P. Cronshaw, which was held on Saturday morning at St. James's, Piccadilly. The service was conducted by the Ven. C. E. Lambert (Archdeacon of Hampstead and rector of St. James's), assisted by the Rev. A. Linzee Giles.

Among those present were:—

Lady Frances Balfour, the Countess of Limerick, Lady Trotter, Lady Mary Scott, Viscountess Harcourt, Sir Henry Imbert-Terry, Sir Herbert and Lady Stephen, Lady Hope, the Hon. Mrs. John Hesaiker, the Rev. W. G. Pennyman, Mrs. Robertson-Lawson, Mrs. Andrew Lang, Mrs. Rean, Mrs. Warner, Mrs. Huxley, Miss Cicely Wilson, Miss Scafe, Miss Blackburn, Mrs. Watkin Hemfrey, Miss McEntire, Mrs. Albin Corry, Mrs. B. J. de St. Croix, the Misses Snowden.

Prebendary and Mrs. Thicknesse, Mr. N. Keiser, Miss Gibbs, Mr. R. Watson, Miss L. F. Hinkley, the Rev. H. F. Webb-Bowen, Mrs. Croft, Miss MacVicar, Mrs. Nutting, Miss Fenn, Mrs. Martin Dale, Mrs. Andrew Gow, Major and Mrs. Cardew, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Ward, Mrs. Lambert, Mrs. Lewis Hall, Mrs. Kenneth E. Swan, Mr. Joseph H. Sharpe, the Rev. J. W. Griffiths, Mrs. Fred Wright, Mrs. Reiss, the Rev. Basil G. Bourchier, Miss Mabel Hawtrey, Miss Graham, the Rev. J. E. T. Evitt, Miss Winnicott, Miss Victoria Lloyd, Miss Wildy, Miss Stopps, Miss Burt, Mr. Roger Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Hattersley, Miss Cavill, Dr. Maynard, Mrs. Roxburgh, Miss Roxburgh, Mr. and Mrs. J. Edwards, Miss Pelham Burn, Mrs. Collingwood, Mr. G. Bostock, Mrs. Carruthers, Miss Mildred Hawtrey, Miss Blunt, Mrs. Whelan, Mrs. Arthur Davidson, Mr. Henry Bell, and Mrs. Davenport.

Canon R. D. Swallow

A funeral service for Canon R. D. Swallow was held on Saturday at St. Mary Abchurch. The officiating clergy were the Bishop of London, the Archdeacon of London, the Rev. W. P. Besley, the Rev. E. D. Arundell, the Rev. John H. Ellison, and Canon Bullock-Webster. The congregation included:—

Miss Margaret Swallow, Miss Lottie Swallow, Miss Ada Swallow, Miss Isabel Swallow, Mr. James Swallow, Mr. R. Swallow, Mrs. Swallow, Miss C. M. Wood, Sir Joseph Lowry, Lady Phipps (representing Dame Jessie Phipps), Sir Edmund Phipps, Major Oliver, and Mrs. Selwyn Image.

Lady Cooper, the Master of the Charterhouse, the Master of Corpus Christi College, Cambridge, Sir John Gilbert (Chairman of the Education Committee of the L.C.C.), Mr. W. G. Coles (representing Lord Ebbisham), Mr. H. de Havilland (Chairman, Essex Education Committee), Sir Robert Blair, Mr. G. H. Hayter (Education Officer, L.C.C.), Mr. W. O. Lester Smith (Director of Education, Essex), Sir Robert and Lady Armstrong-Jones, Sir Daniel Keymer, Mr. F. S. Orme (President of the Incorporated Association of Headmasters), Mr. C. Edgar Thomas (President of Bede College), Mrs. Alexander, Sir Francis Green, Mr. John Brewitt, Mr. E. H. Stewart Walde (Headmaster of Chigwell School) and Mrs. Walde, Major R. Rigg, the Rev. L. E. St. George Schomberg, Lady Trustram Eve (L.C.C.), Miss Edith Dunlop.

The Rev. Henry Dewhurst, the Rev. B. G. Bourchier, Dr. Fotell, Mr. G. F. Griggs (L.C.C. Education Department), Canon W. E. H. Morrow (representing the Chelmsford Cathedral Chapter), Mr. W. E. Beddall (representing Sir Ernest Lamb, Deputy of the Ward of Candlewick), Mr. E. H. Rollinson (the Ward Clerk), Mr. J. Tyrrel Glandfield, Mr. Percy J. Reeds, Mr. G. Percy Coughtrey, Mr. R. T. D. Stoneham, Mr. H. S. Mountsomerby, Mrs. and Miss Sommerville, Mr. N. L. Garrett, Mr. Claudius R. Algar, Mr. Arthur T. Cumming (Vestry Clerk of St. Mary Abchurch and St. Laurence Pountney), Miss Wallis (L.C.C.), Mr. Hurlstone Jones (Secretary, Headmasters' Association), Mr. F. W. Venning, Canon S. L. Brown (representing Brentwood School), Mr. J. F. Hough (Headmaster of Brentwood School), Mr. A. E. Diggens (Headmaster of the County High School, Ilford), Miss Gowan (Principal of St. Katherine College), Lieutenant-Colonel and Mrs. Shakespear, Mr. J. Cann, Mr. E. M. Rich, Mr. H. Bailly, the Rev. Richardson Eyre, Mrs. Eyre, Dr. Sybil Eyre, Mr. H. J. E. Bailey (Headmaster, King Edward VI. School, Chelmsford), Mr. C. G. Broome (Headmaster of Emanuel School), Dr. and Mrs. Symes Prior, Mr. E. F. Cholmeley, the Rev. A. H. O. McCheane, Mr. W. R. Brown, Miss Osler, the Rev. Charles Seaman, Mr. E. Woolley, Miss G. Wilkinson, the Rev. T. Thomas, Mr. H. Milman, and Mrs. Hall, Mrs. Montgomerie, Mr. F. Ashby, Mr. Claude W. Dennis, Captain Dennis, Miss Fawcett, Mr. H. F. Ellen, Mrs. Ellison, the Rev. E. H. Arkwright, Mr. H. H. Seby, Mr. H. Chiarenza, Mr. A. R. Valens, Miss Buchanan, Mr. H. T. Goodhart, Prebendary Russell, Mr. S. T. R. Johnston, Mrs. Yabsley, Mr. L. Newman, the Rev. J. F. Marr, Mr. Aubrey Paine, Mr. R. S. Mountstephen, Mr. H. J. Tymms, the Rev. G. C. Michael, Miss Hilbert, Miss Ironside, the Rev. S. T. H. Saunders, the Rev. A. Taylor, Mr. R. H. B. Stannard, Mr. H. W. Davies, Prebendary and Mrs. Vincent, Miss Goode, Mr. W. A. Chadwick, the Rev. M. Johnson, Miss Skinner, Dr. A. B. Hill, Miss Hutchings, the Rev. A. Thornton Down, Mr. F. W. Keighley, Dr. Pryor, Prebendary and Miss Hobson, Mr. F. W. Venning, Mr. J. H. Hall, Mr. S. S. Huskisson, Mr. F. J. Purchas, Mr. B. M. Wright, Mr. S. Hagan, Mrs. Banister, the Rev. R. Seymour, Mr. H. W. Davies, Mr. A. G. Naldrett, Mr. and Mrs. Richard Hodge, Mr. C. S. Clarke, Mr. Richard Buckland, and Mr. W. Pinnock.

The interment of Canon R. D. Swallow took place in the churchyard of St. Mary's, Chigwell, on Saturday afternoon. The officiating clergy were the Bishop of Barking, the Archdeacon of Southend, the Rev. M. W. Smith (vicar of Chigwell), the Rev. P. N. Maitland, the Rev. Charles Seaman, Canon H. E. Olivier, the Rev. J. W. Eisdell, the Rev. J. W. Armitage, the Rev. J. H. Barrow, the Rev. A. W. Goodhart, the Rev. H. E. Jennings, and Canon Brown.

The prefects of Chigwell School, of which Canon Swallow was headmaster from 1876 to 1912, were pall-bearers, headed by the captain of the school, H. R. Smythe. The present headmaster, Mr. E. H. Stewart Walde, was present, and at the conclusion of the service dropped a wreath of laurel on to the coffin. The school choir sang, and the boys of the school attended in the charge of the Rev. C. Kay and the Rev. D. F. P. Grant, two of the assistant masters. The chief mourners were:—Mr. Percy Swallow, Mr. M. Swallow, Miss Lottie Swallow, Miss Margaret Swallow, and Miss Dawson. Among others present were:—

Lord Stanmore (chairman of the Governors of Chigwell School), Alderman F. Dent (representing the Essex County Educational Committee), the Rev. R. C. Guy (Headmaster of Forest School), Mr. H. C. Playne (Headmaster of Bancroft's School), Mr. Howard Wall (secretary, Forest Hospital), Mr. J. Paget (representing Chigwell Parish Council), Sir Robert and Lady Armstrong-Jones, Sir Joseph and Lady Lawrez, Mr. Revsley Maitland, Mrs. Alderman Baily, Mrs. Warner Lewis, Mrs. Edward Finch, Mr. A. J. Spelling, Mr. T. R. Scott, Mr. R. H. J. Strong, Miss Waller, Mrs. and Miss Lawrence, Captain Montgomerie, Mr. and Mrs. Richard Hodge, Mr. Stafford Crossman, Mrs. Keith Chandler, Mr. F. J. Allen, Mr. R. C. de Sitteen, Mr. Lloyd Howard, Mr. R. C. Savill, Mr. F. Ashley, Mr. G. P. Douglas, and Mr. S. Marshall.

The Rev. J. F. Stern was unavoidably prevented from being present.

Mr. T. R. Ferens

The funeral of Mr. Thomas Robinson Ferens, High Steward of Hull, will take place tomorrow, when a service for relatives and intimate friends will be held at Brunswick Wesleyan Chapel, Hull, at 1 o'clock. A public meeting will be held simultaneously at Holy Trinity Church, Hull, which will be attended by the Lord Mayor and members of the Hull Corporation and representatives of the chief charitable and business institutions of the city. Later the body will be cremated at Hull Crematorium. There will be no flowers, by request.

Before the public service at Holy Trinity Church the municipal authorities will have an opportunity of publicly paying tribute to Mr. Ferens, when an informal meeting of the Hull City Council will be held with that object. The council will gather at noon, and after the meeting a civic procession will be formed and will proceed to the memorial service at Holy Trinity Church. All the public bodies usually represented at civic services will be invited by the Lord Mayor to assemble at the Guildhall at 12.30, and the procession will leave at 12.35.

Mr. Spurley Hey

A funeral service for Mr. Spurley Hey was held at Harrogate on Saturday. Canon A. W. R. Little officiated. Among those present were:—

Sir Percy Jackson (chairman, West Riding Education Committee), Mr. P. E. Meadon (Director of Education, Lancashire), Mrs. Manning (president, National Union of Teachers), Mr. J. A. Mair (Director of Education, Rotherham), Mr. W. E. C. Jallam (Director of Education, Harrogate), Dr. James Graham (Director of Education, Leeds), and the following representatives of education committees:—Mr. T. Walling, Alderman S. Hall, Colonel W. E. Raley, Alderman Rawlinson, and Alderman Robinson.

Others present included:—Alderman R. Annakin, the Mayor of Harrogate, and Mr. J. Turner Taylor (Town Clerk), Mr. G. Roberts, Mr. T. H. Stevenson, Mr. J. F. Purdy, Mr. J. Thompson, Mr. F. W. Bell, Mr. A. Bailey, Mr. W. Allen, Mr. A. S. Barker, and Mr. H. Steer.

Fleet Engineer Glasspoole

The funeral of Fleet Engineer Glasspoole, R.N., took place at Portsdown Churchyard on Saturday with Naval honours. Among those present were:—

Engineer Rear-Admiral H. S. Garwood (representing Admiral of the Fleet Sir Roger Keyes, Commander-in-Chief at Portsmouth), Rear-Admiral Oliver E. Leggett, Engineer Captain H. T. Garwood, Engineer Captain Sutton, Engineer Commander F. Bridgwater, Engineer Commander A. K. Dipley, Colonel C. E. Eastmead, and Major J. E. L. Masterson, V.C.

The Patriarch of Serbia

A memorial service for Mgr. Dimitriye Pavlovitch, Patriarch of Serbia, will take place at St. Magnus the Martyr, City, at 12.15 to-day.

Mrs. M. P. Grace

The funeral service for Mrs. M. P. Grace will take place at 3 o'clock this afternoon at Golders Green Crematorium. Flowers may be sent to Messrs. John Barker and Co., Kensington.

REQUIEM MASS

Miss F. L. Feilden

A requiem Mass was said on Saturday morning at St. Stephen's, Gloucester-road, for Miss Frances Louisa Feilden. Among those present were:—

Major J. Feilden, Mrs. Romer, Major Ramsey Feilden, Miss Blanche Feilden (representing Major Granville Feilden).

DICKINS & JONES BLOUSE WEEK

FASHION is stressing suits—and each suit means several new blouses, for this season it is the blouse that gives a feminine accent to the ensemble. The smartest of the new styles are being shown at Dickins & Jones this week—with special price reductions to make the event even more attractive.
Come and see them.

"BINNIE" Sleeveless tuck-in model suitable for small ladies, in soft Washing Satin. The hand-linked bands and small glass buttons provide a smart finish. In Ivory, Oyster, Beige, Tea-Rose, and Thyme. Made in our own workroom. SPECIAL WEEK PRICE **39/6**
Outsize made to order only, 5/6 extra.

"LUCIA" Blouse in fancy Crêpe de Chine in charming designs. The front is slightly gauged on shoulder seam to give the necessary fullness, and is finished with small glass buttons. In Black, Navy, and Brown grounds. Stock size only. SPECIAL WEEK PRICE **29/6**

"EYNSFORD" Tuck-in Blouse in silk Crêpe de Chine, the full fronts being outlined with a design in hand button-hole stitch to tone. Long sleeves into cuff. In Ivory, Beige, Grey, Powder Rose, Navy. SPECIAL WEEK PRICE **27/6**
Outsize, 4/6 extra.

"GARCIA" Lace Coatee for afternoon or evening wear. The edge is bound georgette and the coatee fastens with a paste buckle. Sleeves finished fur. In Black, Beige, and Green. Stock size. SPECIAL PRICE WEEK **49/6**
Blouse Salon, First Floor

DICKINS & JONES, LTD.
REGENT STREET, W.1

Court Circular

BUCKINGHAM PALACE, MAY 10

The Viscount Churchill (Steward of Ascot) had the honour of being received by The King this morning.

Field-Marshal the Duke of Connaught visited The King and Queen and remained to Luncheon.

Their Majesties visited the Princess Louise, Duchess of Argyll, and the Princess Beatrice, at Kensington Palace this afternoon.

The Revd. Prebendary L. J. Percival (Domestic Chaplain to The King) represented His Majesty at the Memorial Service for Canon H. P. Cronshaw (Chaplain to The King), which was held at St. James's Church, Piccadilly.

MAY 11

The King and Queen, and the Duke of Gloucester, with the Ladies and Gentlemen in attendance, were present at Divine Service in the Private Chapel this morning.

The Service was conducted by the Revd. A. H. O. McCheane (Priest-in-Ordinary in Waiting) and the Venerable L. E. Blackburne (Archdeacon of Surrey, Canon of Winchester Cathedral), preached the Sermon.

The Princess Mary and the Earl of Harewood visited Their Majesties and remained to Luncheon.

The King and Queen, attended by the Dowager Countess of Minto and Captain Sir Charles Cust, Bt., R.N., visited the Exhibition of the Royal Academy of Arts at Burlington House this afternoon and were received by Sir William Llewellyn (the President).

The Spanish Ambassador and the Marquésa de Merry del Val will receive the members of the Spanish colony on the birthday of the King of Spain on Saturday, May 17, from 4 to 7 p.m.

The Rev. the Marquess of Normanby and the Marchioness of Normanby will arrive at 90, Eaton-square on May 26 from Mulgrave Castle.

The Earl and Countess of Strathmore will return to 84, Eaton-square to-day from St. Paul's Waldenbury.

The Earl and Countess of Haddington have arrived at 19, Cowley-street, Westminster, for the season. (Telephone, Victoria 3427.)

Earl and Countess Stanhope have returned to 111, Eaton-square from Chevening, Sevenoaks.

Countess Cawdor gave birth to a daughter at 22, Mount-street on Saturday.

Lady Margaret Nicholson will return to 31, Pont-street to-day from Bereleigh, Petersfield.

Lady Alness left 28, Hyde Park-gate on Friday for Abden House, Edinburgh, where she will remain until the end of the month.

The Hon. Arnold and Mrs. Henderson and Miss Diana Henderson have arrived at 29, Chester-terrace, Regent's Park, for the season. (Telephone, Museum 5996.)

Sir Felix and Lady Helen Cassel will return to 25, Bryanston-square to-day from Putteridge Bury, Luton.

Sir Hugh and Lady Alice Shaw-Stewart have arrived at 22, Sussex-square, W.2. (Telephone, Paddington 0283.)

Sir FitzRoy and the Hon. Lady Anstruther-Gough-Calthorpe were among the chief mourners at the funeral of Miss Emily Charlotte Duncombe, at Waresly on Friday.

Sir Seymour King, who is cruising in the Mediterranean, expects to return to London on May 24.

Sir Albert and Lady Stern have returned to 14, South-street, W.1, from the South of France.

Sir Frederick Eckstein is at a nursing home, where he underwent an operation for appendicitis early yesterday morning.

Lady Walker and Sir Ian Walker have arrived at Coombe Green, Kingston Hill. (Telephone, Kingston 3786.)

Lady (George) Jessel and Mrs. Harvey Kearsley will give a dance for their daughters at 39, Hill-street this evening.

Lady Bird is giving a small dance for her daughter, Miss Pamela Bird, on June 17 at 90, Eaton-place.

General Sir Philip Chetwode will arrive at 44, Grove End-road on May 17 from India.

Lady Eliott of Stobbs left Southampton on Saturday in the Mauretania for New York.

Brigadier-General and Mrs. Cecil Wray have returned to 2, Walton-street, S.W.3, from Kent.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Mrs. Edgar Brassey have arrived at 42, Upper Grosvenor-street.

Major and Mrs. A. A. Dorrien Smith and Miss Anne Dorrien Smith have arrived at 42, Lowndes-street for the season.

Captain and Mrs. Hober-Percy and Miss Heber-Percy have arrived at 17, Ovington-square. (Telephone, Sloane 5576.)

Mme. François de Juge-Montespieu and her daughter, Miss Lois Oswald Walker, have arrived in London from Paris and are staying with the Hon. Lady Parsons at 1, Upper Brook-street.

Mrs. Richard Raphael is postponing her dance for her daughters, Miss Marjorie and Miss Rosemary Raphael, from June 18 to Tuesday, July 8.

Mrs. Stopford Sackville, of Drayton House, Northamptonshire, has given birth to a daughter at 51, Elm Park-gardens, Chelsea.

Mrs. James W. Corrigan will arrive to-day at 16, Grosvenor-street for the season.

Mrs. William Milburn has returned from New Zealand and has arrived at 22, Lennox-gardens.

Mr. and Mrs. James Carlton Cross and Miss Brenda Cross have returned to 4, Green-street, W., from Majorca.

Mrs. Hugh Elliot and her son thank friends for their kind letters of sympathy and for the beautiful flowers sent. The letters have been a great comfort to them in their overwhelming grief.

The "Living Poster Ball," in aid of the Children's Country Holiday Fund and the Elizabeth Garrett Anderson Hospital, will be held at Grosvenor House on July 8 instead of July 9 as previously announced. A feature of the ball will be a pageant procession of "living posters," in which various well-known firms will be represented.

A few tickets can still be had at 81, Baker-street, W.1, for the Marylebone Conservative entertainment on Thursday, May 15, at Portman House, lent by Captain the Hon. Gerald Portman. The performers helping include Phyllis Bedella, Harriet Cohen, Ann Penn, Betsy de la Porte, Ralph Alderson, the Griller Quartet, Charles Hayes, Norman Long, and Owen Nares.

Memorial and Funeral Services will be found on page 18

FORTHCOMING MARRIAGES

MR. E. L. HICKMAN AND MISS M. CROSBIE

The engagement is announced between Edgar Lawrie Hickman, only son of Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Hickman, of Sutherland Place, St. John's, Newfoundland, and Margaret, daughter of Sir John C. and Lady Crosbie, of Devon Place, St. John's, Newfoundland.

MR. D. O'NEILL AND MISS WALTER

The marriage arranged between Mr. Denis O'Neill and Miss Pamela Walter will take place at All Souls Church, Langham-place, on June 21, at 12 o'clock.

MR. D. A. F. HOME AND MISS JOHNSON

The marriage arranged between Mr. Douglas Home and Miss Frances Johnson will take place at 2.30 p.m. on Tuesday, June 24, at the Church of Our Lady of the Assumption, Warwick-street, Regent-street, W.1. Owing to mourning in the bride's family there will be no reception, but friends will be welcome at the church.

LIEUTENANT E. I. R. LEIGHTON, R.N., AND MISS SHAKERLEY

A marriage has been arranged, and will take place on June 24 at Sydney, Australia, between Lieutenant Evelyn I. R. Leighton, R.N., H.M.A.S. Canberra, and Cecilia, only daughter of the late Lieutenant-Colonel G. C. Shakerley, D.S.O., 60th Rifles, and Mrs. Shakerley, Whittington Lodge, Worcester.

CAPTAIN J. S. A. BUNTING AND MISS G. BRAUEN

The marriage between Captain J. S. A. Bunting, M.C. (late Green Howards), and Gertrude, youngest daughter of Mr. Alfred Brauen, of High Welwyn, Herts, and Vaumarcus, Switzerland, will take place on June 3 at the Old Church, Cheyne-walk, Chelsea, at 2 p.m.

MR. J. GUISE AND MISS BUCHANAN

The engagement is announced between Mr. John Guise, The Wiltshire Regiment, elder son of Captain R. C. Guise and Mrs. Guise, of Tiverton, Devon, and Sheena, only daughter of the Rev. J. L. Buchanan, B.D., LL.D., vicar of Christ Church, Bath, and Mrs. Buchanan.

DR. TREVOR HUGHES AND DR. E. CEIRIOG-CADLE

The marriage arranged between Dr. Trevor Hughes, of The Manor House, Ruthin, and Dr. Enid Ceiriog-Cadle, of Holme Lea, Penarth, will take place quietly on June 12 at St. Augustine's Church, Penarth, at noon.

DR. C. B. PICKEN AND MISS MEDLEY

The engagement is announced between Christopher Barugh Picken, only son of Captain and Mrs. G. A. Picken, of 8, Hillsborough, Plymouth, and Doris Irene, only daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Medley, of Romsey, Hants.

MR. C. CONNER AND MISS DOUGLASS

The engagement is announced between Cyril Conner, only son of the late Mr. J. Conner and Mrs. Conner, of Eastbourne, and Mary, only daughter of the late Mr. Norman Douglass and Mrs. Douglass, of 23, York-terrace, Regent's Park.

MR. A. G. WELTON AND MISS SCOFFIN

The engagement is announced between Alan Graham Welton, only son of Mr. Albert C. Welton and the late Mrs. Welton, of London, and Dorothy Anne, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Scoffin, of 87, Willingham-street, Grimsby. The marriage will take place shortly.

MR. N. KIRKPATRICK AND MISS C. C. BUTLER

The marriage arranged between Mr. Nigel Kirkpatrick and Miss Christine Cadbury Butler will take place at 2.15 p.m. at Old Edgbaston Parish Church, Birmingham, on Saturday, May 17.

MARRIAGES

MR. O. P. HAIG AND MISS PONSONBY

The Queen of Norway was present at the marriage, which took place on Saturday at All Saints', Ennismore-gardens, of Mr. Oliver Peter Haig, son of Colonel Haig of Ramornie, and Miss Rosamond Ponsonby, eldest daughter of Mr. George Arthur Ponsonby, Comptroller of the Household and private secretary to the Queen of Norway.

MR. J. I. S. THORPE AND MISS LUCEY

The marriage took place on Saturday, at St. Mary's, Fittleworth, Sussex, of Mr. James Ian Sydney Thorpe, elder son of the late Major J. S. Thorpe, Scots Guards, and Mrs. Thorpe, of Coombelands, Pulborough, and Miss Agatha Hope Lucey, only child of the Rev. A. C. Lucey, rector of Fittleworth and rural dean of Petworth, and of the late Mrs. Lucey. The Bishop of Chichester officiated, assisted by the Rev. A. L. Whitfield.

The bride, who was given away by her father, wore an ankle-length gown of deep cream satin, with long, tight-fitting sleeves and a very long train falling from the shoulders trimmed with sprays of orange-blossom. Her tulle veil was held in place by a wreath of orange-blossom, and she carried a sheaf of lilies. Master Ivor Thorpe was the train-bearer, and he wore a kilt of the MacDougal tartan. Miss Phoebe Bradley-Williams and Miss Priscilla Bradley-Williams were the two other child attendants, and Miss Olivia Constable was the only grown-up bridesmaid. They wore dresses of yellow chiffon with green shoes and wreaths of green leaves in their hair. They carried sheaves of lilies and had green necklaces. Mr. A. J. Houison-Crawfurd, Scots Guards, was best man, and the bride and bridegroom were piped from the church by two pipers from the 2nd Battalion, Scots Guards. A reception was held afterwards at Coates House, Fittleworth, when among the guests were:—

The Bishop of Chichester and Mrs. Ball, the Hon. Mrs. Boyle, Captain and Mrs. Bradley-Williams, Mrs. Courtauld, Miss Jean Courtauld, Mrs. Cadogan, Mr. and Mrs. Constable Mr. and Miss J. Durnford, Colonel and Mrs. Cecil Hankey, Admiral Sir Herbert and Lady Heath, Colonel and Mrs. Kenyon-Mitford, Rear-Admiral the Hon. Sir Herbert and Lady Meade-General Sir Ivo and the Hon. Lady [illegible] Maxse, the Hon. Mrs. Ivo-Fiennes, Lieutenant-Colonel the Hon. Stuart and Mrs. Pleydell-Bouverie, Mr. and the Hon. Mrs. Edward Stanley, the Dean of Winchester, Prebendier and Mrs. G. Thorpe, Colonel and Mrs. McClymont, Miss Thorpe, Sir Horace and Lady McMahon, Mr. and the Hon. Mrs. Wilson Westhoose, Admiral and the Hon. Mrs. Nelson-Ward, and Miss Blandy.

CHRISTENINGS

The christening of the infant son of Viscount and Viscountess Hambleden took place yesterday at Hambleden Church. The child was named William Herbert, and the godparents were Lord David Cecil, Viscount Sudley, Captain Sydney Herbert, Lady Balniel, Lady Caroline Paget, and Mrs. Garten.

The christening of the infant daughter of Mr. and the Hon. Mrs. Geoffrey Youard took place on Saturday afternoon at Battle Church, Sussex. The Dean of Battle, the Very Rev. W. W. Youard, officiated, and the child was named Rachel Elizabeth. The godparents were Mr. Christopher Gibbs, the Hon. Elizabeth Atkin, and Miss Woodland.

The christening of the infant daughter of Captain and Mrs. Cecil Trafford took place at Brompton Oratory on May 2. Father John Talbot officiated, and the child was named Anne Mary. The godparents were Captain Charles Moore, for whom Mr. E. T. Bunbury stood proxy, and Princess Blücher, for whom Lady Clifford stood proxy.

The christening of the infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Algernon Dudley Ryder took place on Saturday afternoon at Maresfield, Sussex. The Rev. Algernon Dudley Ryder, grandfather of the child, who was named Charis Elizabeth, officiated, and the godparents were Mr. Harold Mitchell, Mrs. Frederick R. Pelly, and Mrs. Charles Lloyd.

The christening of the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. George Francklyn Lawrence took place at Maresfield, Sussex, yesterday, at the same time as the christening of Mr. and Mrs. Algernon Dudley Ryder's child. The baby was named David Bruce, and the godparents were Mr. Blake Lawrence, Mr. Richard Hurd, and Mrs. Ronald Ross.

RECEPTION

MRS. PHILIP SNOWDEN

Mrs. Philip Snowden entertained at tea on Saturday, at 11, Downing-street, the members of the Hungarian Male Voice Choir. The choir gave selections from their repertoire after tea. The Lord Mayor of Budapest was present, and presented Mrs. Snowden with a bound volume of hand-drawn views of Budapest. The Chancellor was unavoidably compelled to be absent, but among those present were:—

The Lord Mayor of London, M. Pallavicini, Lord Thomson, Lily Lady Jellicoe, Countess Bl. alla, Lo Hon. Mrs. Graham Murray, Sir Henry and Lady Coward, Mr. Kirby, Dr. Elizabeth Sloan Chesser, Mr. and Mrs. Lazzo de Lambos, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Barrett, Major McNeill, Miss de Berth, Mme Cobs de Berth, Miss Annette Kolb, Mrs. Hector Macdonald, Mrs. St. John Hornby, Miss Shepstone, Mrs. Fred Bramley, Miss Gladys Cross, Miss Cochrane, Mr. E. A. Shepherd, Mr. Redmond Howard, Dr. Rees, Miss C. Jones, Mr. and Mrs. Whyte, Mrs. P. I. Griss, and Mrs. Lloyd.

Ecclesiastical News and Wills and Bequests will be found on page 23

HIS MAJESTY'S LEVÉE

THE LORD CHAMBERLAIN'S REGULATIONS

The King will hold a Levée at St. James's Palace on Monday, June 2, at 11.30 a.m.

DRESS

NAVY.—Officers, R.N., R.N.R., and R.N.V.R., in possession of Full Dress Uniform—No. 1 Dress (Full Dress).

Officers, R.N., R.N.R., and R.N.V.R., not in possession of Full Dress Uniform—No. 3 Dress (Frock Coat with Epaulettes).

ARMY.—Officers in possession of Full Dress of their rank—Levée Dress.

Officers not in possession of Full Dress Uniform of their rank—Service Dress.

AIR FORCE.—Officers in possession of Full Dress Uniform—Full Dress.

Officers not in possession of Full Dress Uniform—Service Dress.

CIVILIANS.—Levée Dress.

The following are the Regulations to be observed:—

1. Peers, Bishops, His Majesty's Lieutenants of Counties, Deputy Lieutenants of Counties, Members of Parliament, Officials connected with the Houses of Parliament, Clergy of all Denominations, and all gentlemen other than those mentioned in the following Regulations, should communicate with the Comptroller, Lord Chamberlain's Office, St. James's Palace. No applications can be received from gentlemen in the foregoing categories wishing to be presented. Their names must be forwarded by the gentleman making the presentation.

2. All gentlemen referred to in the following Regulations, wishing to attend or be presented at a Levée, should make a written application as directed below.

3. All Officers, whether on the active or retired lists of the Royal Navy and the Royal Marines, will communicate with and obtain their cards, whether for attendance or presentation, from the Private Secretary to the First Lord of the Admiralty.

4. All Officers on the active, retired, and reserve lists of the Regular Army, the Militia, and the Territorial Army, except Officers of the Household Cavalry and the Brigade of Guards, and except Officers of the Indian Services and Indian Army and Colonial Service and Colonial Forces, will communicate with and obtain their cards, whether for attendance or presentation, from the Under-Secretary of State, War Office. Officers of the Household Cavalry and the Brigade of Guards will communicate, through their Regimental Headquarters, with the Comptroller, Lord Chamberlain's Office, St. James's Palace, to obtain their cards for attendance or presentation.

5. All Officers on the active list of the Royal Air Force and Officers of the Special Reserve and Auxiliary Air Force will obtain their cards, for attendance or presentation, through the usual channels. Officers of the Reserve of Air Force Officers and Officers on the retired list of the Royal Air Force will communicate with and obtain their cards, whether for attendance or presentation, from the Secretary, Air Ministry, Kingsway, W.C.2.

6. All Officers of His Majesty's Civil Service will communicate with and obtain their cards for attendance or presentation from the Department under which they serve.

7. All Officers of the Indian Services and of the Indian Army, whether on the active or retired lists, will communicate with and obtain their cards, for attendance or for presentation, from the Political A.D.C. to the Secretary of State at the India Office, Whitehall.

8. All Officers of the Colonial Service and Colonial Forces, whether on the active or retired lists, will communicate with and obtain their cards, whether for attendance or presentation, from the Ceremonial and Reception Secretary, Colonial Office, Whitehall, with the exception of Officers of the local Forces of the self-governing Dominions, who will apply to the Under-Secretary of State, the War Office, for their cards for attendance or for presentation, supporting their application in all cases by a credential from the Governor-General, Governor, Officer commanding the local Forces, or the representative in London of the Dominion concerned.

9. Gentlemen connected with the Treasury, the Foreign Office, and other Government Departments will make their applications, whether for attendance or for presentation, through the Private Secretaries to the Ministers of the respective Departments. Gentlemen serving under the Colonial Office will communicate with the Ceremonial and Reception Secretary, Colonial Office.

10. Lord Mayors and Mayors, High Sheriffs, Sheriffs, Recorders, Chairmen of Quarter Sessions, Metropolitan Police Magistrates and other Stipendiary Magistrates, and gentlemen connected with the Home Office, will make their applications, whether for attendance or for presentation, through the Ceremonial and Reception Secretary, Home Office.

11. Lord Provosts and Provosts and Conveners of County Councils will make their applications for attendance or for presentation through the Private Secretary to the Secretary of State for Scotland, at the Scottish Office, Whitehall. Scottish Judges, Law Officers, King's Counsel, and Legal Officials in Scotland should make their applications through the Legal Secretary to the Lord Advocate.

12. Chairmen of County Councils, and gentlemen connected with the Ministry of Health, will similarly make their applications through the Private Secretary to the Minister of Health.

13. Judges, Law Officers, King's Counsel, and all Legal Officials holding appointments under the Crown, other than those already mentioned, will similarly make their applications through the Private Secretary to the Lord Chancellor.

14. The names both for attendance and presentation must be received at the various Offices above indicated as soon as possible, and in any case not later than 10 days prior to the date of the Levée.

MEDIEVAL ENGLISH EXHIBITION

The exhibition of Italian illuminated manuscripts at the British Museum, which has occupied the Grenville Library since the beginning of this year, has now been withdrawn for the arrangement in its place of a special display of English illuminated manuscripts of the Middle Ages. The new exhibition, which will open next Wednesday, has been arranged in conjunction with the general loan exhibition of English medieval art at the Victoria and Albert Museum, South Kensington, and will (like the latter) remain on view until the middle of September.

It is intended to show at Bloomsbury nearly 70 of the finest manuscripts in the national collection, and these, with the 80 examples on loan at the Victoria and Albert Museum, will provide in London a simultaneous public exhibition of English medieval painting the richness of which can hardly have been equalled at any time.

The Luttrell and Bedford Psalters, for the purchase of which the Museum has recently appealed, will naturally form the centre of the present exhibition. The latter, completed in the fifteenth century, is one of the latest works to be shown, as the Hiberno-Saxon Lindisfarne Gospel of 700 is the earliest. While the Luttrell Psalter may now be considered as definitely purchased, and will therefore remain throughout the exhibition, the fate of the Bedford Psalter is still uncertain, and it may not impossibly be permanently removed from the Museum in July to form part of the collection of Mr. Pierpont Morgan, who has so generously lent it to the Museum since last summer.

SERVICE DINNERS

SURREY AND SUSSEX YEOMANRY

The annual dinner of the Surrey and Sussex Yeomanry Regiments was held at the Cavalry Club on Thursday. The following officers attended:—

Colonel the Earl of Midleton and Lord Lecconfield, Lieutenant-Colonels Earl Winterton, G. O. Borwick, F. G. D. Colman, and R. W. Barclay; Majors R. S. Clarke, G. A. Ledingham, the Hon. A. E. Cubitt, F. D. Mitchelson, and J. M. Pre-Smith; Captains the Hon. I. R. Freeman-Thomas, B. Carlisle, R. J. Lawrence, G. Sparrow (R.A.M.C.), H. T. W. Clements, and D. W. Clarke (Adjutant); Lieutenants H. C. Powell, the Hon. C. G. Cubitt, W. R. Burrell, J. Phillips, P. E. Phillips, J. Ellice, R. B. Barclay, R. L. Bristowe, C. R. Egerton, the Hon. E. C. Bigham, C. N. H. Du Boulay, G. L. Lyon-Smith (R.A.M.C.), and G. Bevan.

12TH LONDON REGIMENT (RANGERS) O.C.A.

The 12th London Regiment (Rangers) Old Comrades Association's annual dinner was held on Saturday evening at the Battalion headquarters at Chenies-street. Colonel A. D. Bayliffe was in the chair, and others present included:—

Colonels A. S. Barham and J. Edsell, Lieut.-Colonels S. Chart and G. M. B. Portman, Major W. J. H. Illingworth, Captains The Rev. W. A. Simmons, C.F., C. F. Mayne (R.A.M.C.), J. A. Taylor (Rifle Brigade), F. Kesmer, F. M. Potter, A. J. N. Silvewright, Bertram, C. M. G. Wyatt, Bennett, R. E. Jacques, A. V. Taylor, E. J. Stone, R. E. Clarke, and Mr. R. A. Ryan (honorary secretary).

The Bishop of Kensington consecrated, before 3,000 London Boy Scouts, the new colours of the London Diocesan Boy Scouts' Association on the Horse Guards Parade on Saturday. The colours were presented by Scout Masters to mark the twenty-first year of the association. A service in the Central Hall, Westminster, followed.

DANCES

THE SEASON'S LIST

The following is a list of private dances which will be given during the coming season. The list will be revised and repeated every Monday:—

TO-NIGHT.—Lady Jessel and Mrs. Harvey Kearsley, for their daughters, Miss Vanda Swetenham and Miss Ursula Kearsley.

TO-MORROW.—Lady Madden and Lady (Herbert) Cayzer, for their daughters, Miss Joan Madden and Miss Pamela Cayzer, Mall House.

MAY 14.—Lady Helen Cassel, for her daughter, Miss Hermione Cassel, and her niece, Miss Diana Hesketh Prichard, Brook House, Park-lane.

MAY 15.—Mrs. Lee Ewart, for her daughter, Miss Geraldine Ewart, Ritz Hotel.
Princess Louise's Kensington Regiment regimental ball, Headquarters, 1a, Iverna-gardens, W.8.

MAY 16.—Mrs. T. H. Barnard, for her daughter, Miss Gwendolen Barnard.

MAY 19.—Mrs. Hulbert, for her daughter, Miss Patricia Lambert, 19, Hyde Park-gate.

MAY 20.—The Hon. Mrs. Guy Feilden (small dance), for her daughter, Miss Priscilla Feilden, 20, New Cavendish-street.
Lady Aird, for her granddaughter, Miss Gundred Cunliffe.

MAY 22.—Mrs. Alastair Sandeman, for her daughter, Miss Muriel Sandeman, 28, Princes-gardens.
Mrs. Archibald Rose, for her daughter, Miss Charlotte Fry, Claridge's.

MAY 23.—Mrs. William Johnson, for her daughter, Miss Lorraine Johnson, May Fair Hotel.

MAY 26.—Lady Pigott-Brown, for her daughter, Miss Pigott-Brown.
The Hon. Mrs. Ferguson, for her daughter, Miss Jane Ferguson, 92, Eaton-square.

MAY 27.—Mrs. Robert Mathias, for her daughters, Miss Diana and Miss Betty Mathias, 41, Berkeley-square.

MAY 28.—Lady Dawson of Penn, for her daughter, the Hon. Rosemary Dawson.

MAY 29.—Princess Ottoboni, for her niece, Miss Elizabeth Humphreys-Owen.
Lieutenant-Colonel W. B. Du Pre (small dance), for his daughter, Miss Joy Du Pre, 4, Princes-gardens.
Lady Anderson (small dance), for her daughter, Miss Diana Anderson, 7, Palace-green.

MAY 30.—The Hon. Mrs. Richard Preston, for her daughter, Miss Elizabeth Preston.
The Marchioness of Downshire (small dance), for her nieces, Miss Joan and Miss Eve Foster, 43, Charles-street, Berkeley-square.

JUNE 2.—The Countess of Granard, for her daughter, Lady Eileen Forbes.

JUNE 3.—The Hon. Mrs. Wilfrid Abel Smith and Mrs. Alasdair MacGregor of Cardney, for their daughters, Miss Sylvia Abel Smith and Miss Gelda MacGregor.
47th (2nd London) Divisional ball, Hyde Park Hotel.

JUNE 5.—Lady Margaret Nicholson, for her daughter, Miss Joan Nicholson.
The Hon. Mrs. Home Drummond Moray and Mrs. Hugh Gurney, for their daughters, Miss Anne and Miss Grace Drummond Moray and Miss Priscilla Gurney.

JUNE 9.—412th Battery (Suffolk Yeomanry), R.A., T.A., Benacre Hall, Suffolk (by permission of Sir Thomas and Lady Gooch).

JUNE 11.—Mrs. St. George, for her daughter, Miss Vivien St. George.
The Hon. Mrs. R. H. Hermon-Hodge (small dance), for her daughters, Miss Pamela and Miss Lorna Hermon-Hodge.

JUNE 12.—Mrs. Brian Molloy, for her daughter, Miss Molly Molloy.
The Hon. Mrs. Wentworth Chetwynd (dinner dance), for her daughter, Miss Joan Chetwynd, 28, Cleveland-square.
Mrs. Barty-King (small dance), for Miss Marguerite Barty-King.

JUNE 16.—Mrs. John Walter, for her son's coming-of-age, Claridge's.
The Royal Caledonian ball, Grosvenor House.

JUNE 17.—Peterhouse, May week ball.
Lady Bird (small dance), for her daughter, Miss Pamela Bird, 90, Eaton-place.

JUNE 19.—Baroness Quarles van Ufford, for her daughter, Miss Morrison-Scott, 44, Belgrave-square.

JUNE 20.—Annual Session ball of the Royal Naval College, Greenwich.
Lady Merriman, for Miss Rosemary and Miss Violet Merriman.
The Old Cheltonian ball, Town Hall, Cheltenham.

JUNE 23.—Christ Church Commemoration ball.
Magdalen College Commemoration ball.
The Hon. Lady Anstruther-Gough-Calthorpe.

JUNE 24.—New College Commemoration ball.
Lady Violet Astor, Zoological Gardens.

JUNE 25.—Mrs. Christopher Hoare, 40, Great Cumberland-place.
St. John's College Commemoration ball.

JUNE 26.—O.U.D.S. Commemoration ball, Town Hall, Oxford.
Mme. Calmettes (small dance), for her daughter, Miss Rosemary Calmettes, 53, Portland-place.
The Hon. Mrs. Guy Wilson, for her daughter, Miss Susan Wilson.

JUNE 27.—Lady Howard Stepney, for her daughter, Miss Marged Howard Stepney.
Royal Artillery (Summer) ball, Royal Artillery Mess, Woolwich.
Wycombe Abbey School dance (for seniors of Wycombe Abbey, St. Leonards, and Benenden Schools), Park Lane Hotel.

JUNE 30.—Mrs. Alfred Pitman, for her daughter, Miss Sybil Pitman.
Lady Keyes and Mrs. Dorrien Smith, for Miss Diana and Miss Katherine Keyes and Miss Anne Dorrien Smith.

JULY 1.—Mrs. Weisweiller (small dance), for her daughter, Miss Nadine Weisweiller, 2, Albert-gate.

JULY 4.—Mrs. Patrick Villiers-Stuart (small dance), for her niece, Miss Katherine Taylor, and her daughter, Miss Patricia Villiers-Stuart.
Mrs. Percy Mayer.

JULY 8.—Mrs. W. Reiersen Arbuthnot (small dance), for her daughter, Miss Betty Arbuthnot.
Lady Luke of Pavenham, for her daughter, the Hon. Enid Lawson-Johnston.
Mrs. Richard Raphael, for her daughters, Miss Marjorie and Miss Rosemary Raphael.

JULY 9.—Vincent's Club ball, May Fair Hotel.

JULY 10.—Trinity Hall Boat Club ball, May Fair Hotel.
Ladies' Carlton Club.

JULY 11.—Eton and Harrow ball, Hurlingham Club.
Mrs. Alan Pilkington (small dance), for her daughter, Miss Rosemary Pilkington, 56, Sloane-street.
Mrs. Warren Pearl, 26, Rutland-gate.

JULY 12.—Mrs. E. J. Cottam (small dance), for her daughter, Miss Audrey Cottam, Piccard's Rough, Guildford.

JULY 13.—Bar Golfing Society ball, Lincoln's Inn.

VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT

Prince and Princess Arthur of Connaught were present at a variety entertainment, which was given at Drury Lane Theatre yesterday evening in aid of the hospitals and charities of St. Marylebone and the Actors' Benevolent Fund.

The Mayor of St. Marylebone, Councillor S. G. Joseph, is organizing an appeal for these charities, and among the artists who gave their services yesterday were Sir John Martin-Harvey, Dame Madge Kendal, Sir Johnston Forbes-Robertson, Mr. David Burnaby, Mr. Owen Nares, Miss Phyllis Neilson-Terry, Mr. Harry Welchman, Miss Lilian Davies, Mr. Basil Foster, Mr. Cedric Hardwicke, Mr. Ralph Lynn, Miss Ivy St. Helier, and Miss Edna Best.

THE COMING COURTS

As space for descriptions of dresses to be worn at their Majesties' Courts on Wednesday and Thursday and on May 27 and 28 will be strictly limited, inquiries should be addressed, in writing, to the Social Editor, *The Times*, Printing House-square, E.C.4, at the earliest possible moment.

Notices of Forthcoming Marriages and other Society Announcements on this page are inserted at the following rates: Three guineas for five lines or less, and twelve shillings and sixpence for each additional line. A line consists of about six words. Announcements, which are subject to editorial revision, should be addressed to the Manager, Private Announcement Department, "The Times," London, E.C.4. Black letter should be used for names and address.

PARIS FASHIONS

IN SUMMER MATERIALS

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT)

Many silver fox furs have been worn at Longchamp with spring dresses of crêpe de Chine, crêpe marocain, crepella, and other light woollen and silk materials. Short coats and boleros went with the dresses, and there were some capes and cape-coats. Coats and skirts and soft white georgette blouses were worn with shoulder furs of silver fox and straw hats trimmed with ribbon. Out of a hundred dresses ninety are black and white. Silk dresses reach nearly to the ankle. Tailormades are still reasonably short. Shoes are black, stockings light, and gloves light or white. Bags are of black suède.

Among the new dresses there are some becoming costumes of coat, skirt and blouse, little dress and coat, made of a rather woolly shantung or of a new and pliant alpaca or of *toile de soie*. The skirts are pleated to fall full in front, with some fullness behind; the hips are slim and there may be pockets. Again a skirt may be cut to shape or with godets to fall wide about the knees; this movement is not exaggerated. Coats are straight, short, and easy fitting, with no collars, pockets, or front fastenings. Bodices or blouses are almost tight fitting, or may have a bolero or bloused effect. Light grey-beige materials are put with dull rose trimmings, white with bright red, bright blue, and green. Some materials are striped or checked, others are spotted or have flower designs. Lingerie collars and cuffs are worn.

Madeleine Vionnet is setting her skirts full from the waist line down the hips. This fashion suits young girls. Louise Boulanger has given fullness to the hips of some of her evening dresses. It is more usual to see slim hip lines and full hem lines. Printed chiffon dresses are worn in the afternoon and evening, a sleeveless dress and a short coat with sleeves being fashionable. Dance dresses are not very long, and when there is no dancing skirts may touch the floor. Some have trains. There are dinner dresses of Spanish and Alençon laces, black, grège, and pale green; fur-trimmed three-quarter coats may match them. White net and silk or cotton muslin dresses, with full skirts and straight, tight bodices, cut low behind with capes at the back, have short silver-trimmed or beaded white chiffon coats. The short velvet wrap is worn, and so is the long wrap, half cape, half coat. A line of white ermine may trim the neck, or a long narrow scarf collar is twisted about the throat and shoulders.

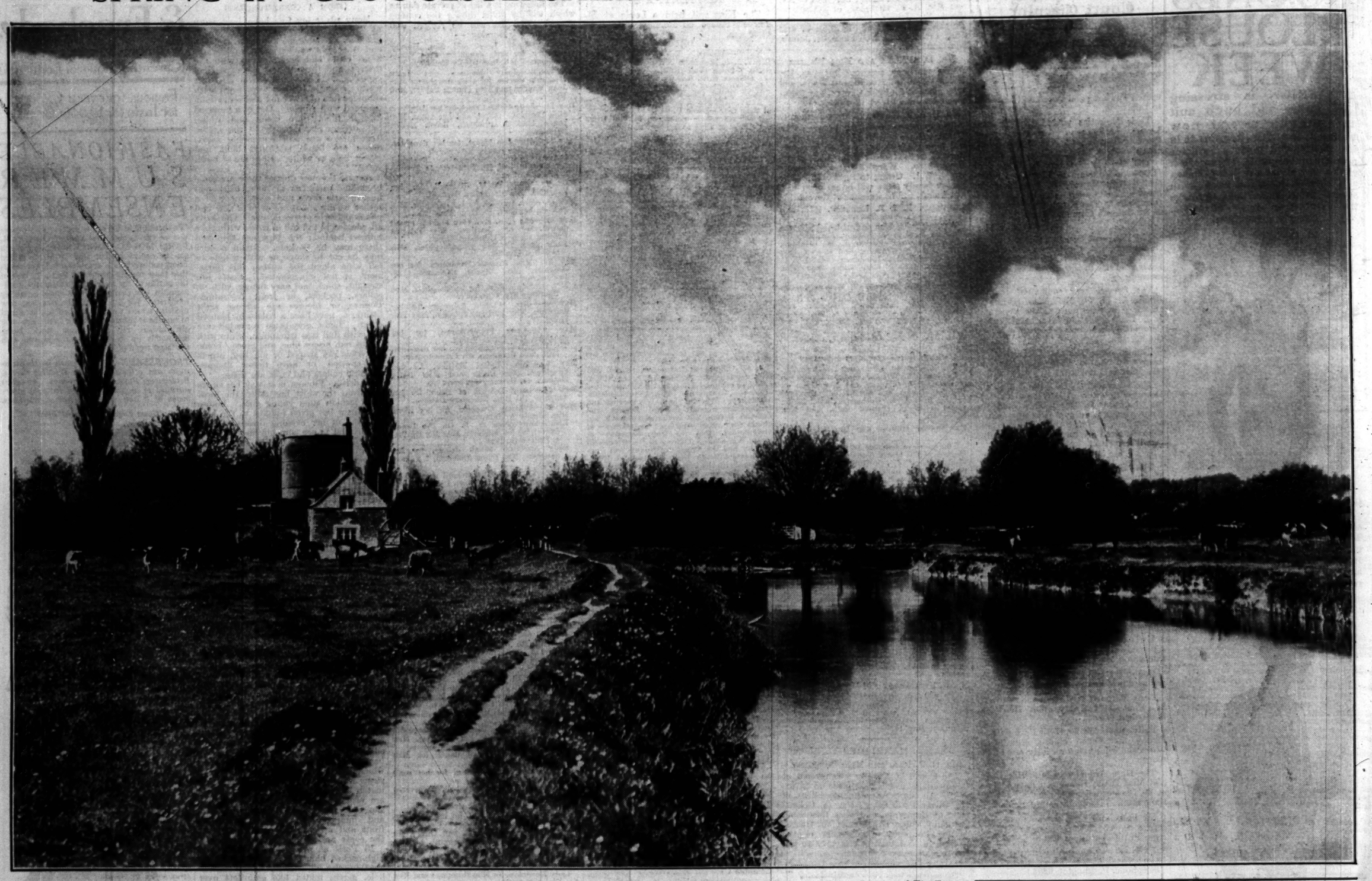
For the seaside and country there are white silk and woollen dresses which have no sleeves, and bright short coats of shantung, flannel, or wool and silk. The hat is a beret or a soft straw with a brim. Bathing and beach suits are, as usual, bright in colour, and it is only in their colours and decorations that swimming suits change from year to year. The beach suit is different; it may consist of long wide white or coloured flannel trousers, a tucked-in silk blouse, sleeveless and low in the back, and a collarless three-quarter coat; to which there may be added a wide-brimmed straw hat, bag and sunshade. They all match and are of many colours. There are also beach skirts and coats which slip over long loose shantung knickers and jumpers; the skirts button in front and are pleated or folded over; the coats are straight and easy fitting.

In Paris at present coat, skirt, and high-necked blouse are more worn than anything else, with a flower in the button-hole, gloves folded like gauntlets over the sleeves, neat shoes, and a leather bag. The coat may show a hint of a waist line, or be straight and easy. There may be a tailored collar, or none.

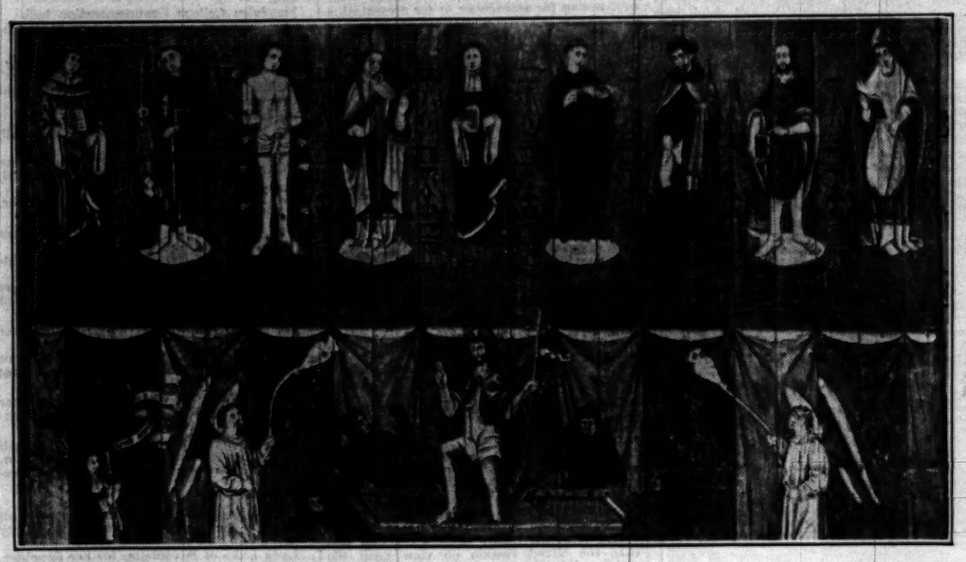
ARRANGEMENTS FOR TO-DAY

The Duke of York opens the King's Field, Hampton Wick, 3.
Mr. Baldwin, Sir James Colquhoun Irvine, and Mr. James Younger receive freedom of St. Andrews, Younger Hall, 11.30.
Lord Brentford at Oxford.
League of Mercy: Thanksgiving service, Westminster Abbey, 12.
The late Patriarch of Serbia: Memorial service, St. Magnus the Martyr, City 12.15.
St. Dunstan's-in-the-West with St. Thomas in the Liberty of the Rolls: Institution and induction of the Rev. A. J. M. Macdonald, 12.
Lyceum Club: Annual dinner of Debating Society, 7.45.
British Sailors' Society: The Lord Mayor presides at anniversary meeting, Mansion House, 3.
The Lord Mayor opens exhibition of finely printed books, Imperial Institute, 12.30.
Congregational Union of England and Wales: Annual Assembly, Memorial Hall, 4.45.
National Chamber of Trade: Annual meeting and conference, Belfast.
National Federation of Boot Trades Associations: Annual conference, Hastings.
Federation of Engineering and Shipbuilding Trades: Annual meeting, Blackpool.
Rotary International: Annual conference, Edinburgh.
Photographic Fair, Royal Horticultural Hall, 10; dinner, Connaught Rooms, 7.
Medical Society of London: Sir Arthur Keith delivers annual oration on "The Inexorability of the Law of Evolution as Manifested in Modern Medicine."
Royal

SPRING IN GLOUCESTERSHIRE: THE THAMES NEAR LECHLADE

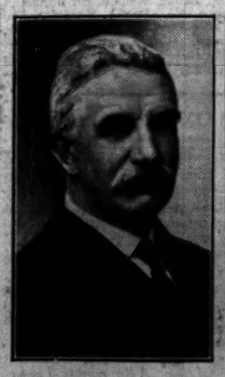


A GLOUCESTERSHIRE PASTORAL.—A study of sunshine and clouds taken by a staff photographer of *The Times* on Saturday near Lechlade. At this point near the border of Gloucestershire and Oxfordshire, where the foliage is well advanced, the Thames is joined by the Severn Canal. One of the old lock houses is seen on the left.



THE PAINTED REREDOS in Romsey Abbey, Hampshire, which has recently been restored by Professor E. Tristram. The date of the panel, which has been referred to in our correspondence columns, is probably 1520.

THE DOUBLE TWELVE.—Mr. Woolf Barnato, winner of the Double Twelve-Hour Race organized by the Junior Car Club, and Mr. F. C. Clement, photographed in their Bentley car after the race at Brooklands on Saturday.



Mr. G. F. PAGE, of Messrs. Nightingale, Page, and Bennett, the new President of the Auctioneers' and Estate Agents' Institute.

MR. A. J. WALTON, who has been appointed Surgeon to his Majesty's Household in the place of Mr. T. P. Dunhill.

MR. BALDWIN was installed as Chancellor of St. Andrews University on Saturday in succession to the late Lord Haldane. He is seen with Sir James C. Irvine, the Principal (left), and Dr. James Younger, who presented the Graduation Hall to the University.

SELFRIDGE'S
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A GREAT "FUR FORTNIGHT" begins To-day, May 12th, on the Second Floor. We organise a similar event at about this time every year, and we search the markets of the world for values not obtainable later in the season. Complete satisfaction in every transaction is our aim, and each fur is of that high and reliable standard that we insist upon in every article sold throughout this House, and because of this we believe that the Shopping Public will appreciate this opportunity, and take advantage of the remarkable values offered.
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to the men and women of our Empire to give generously in support of this great Service—the Life-boats. I appeal not only as President of the Institution, but as Master of the Merchant Navy and Fishing Fleets."

Edward P

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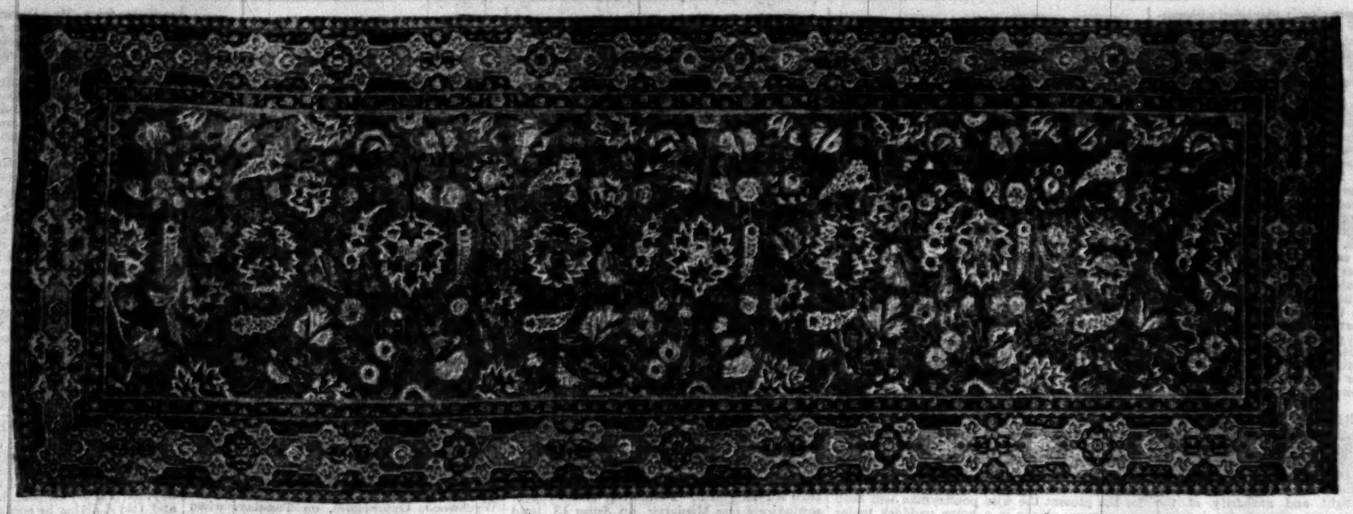
Jeanne Lanvin of Paris
will show her new collection of Dresses, Coats, Hats,
from May 12 to May 16
in London,
Hotel Splendide, 105 Piccadilly



The illustration is of a fine Ispahan Carpet, believed to have been made in the XVIth Century

To American Visitors

The collection at Warings includes many choice Carpets of Persian, Caucasian, and Asia Minor art

Among the many beautiful specimens of carpet production for 1930 are the really wonderful reproductions, on modern looms, of Antique Persian and Old Chinese Carpets, priceless in themselves but now to be obtained in identical colours and similar texture for literally a few pounds

Visitors should ask to see these remarkable productions—the "Orienta" and the "Tabrizan" Carpets

The New Waring Designs in Furniture-Carpets-Fabrics

for the 1930 Season

shown in a wonderful and unparalleled display in the delightful Showrooms in Oxford Street

A morning or afternoon call at Warings will prove a source of much pleasure to those interested in the fascinating subject of decoration and furnishing, providing many ideas in the making of beautiful homes

This great Display is contained on 7 floors (covering 8 acres of space) and in over 100 rooms devoted to Period and Contemporary Art

Many interesting new designs are included in the incomparable range of Furniture for the Home which is set out for selection. This imposing collection is indeed unique throughout the world, offering the best value possible to be obtained. The enormous output of the Waring factories reduces the cost on individual production to a minimum, and enables the House to give to its Customers the advantage of exceptional prices for furniture of guaranteed quality and charm of design

For Example:	
The "Ruthin" 4ft. Bedroom Suite in well-seasoned Oak, with Duchess Table	£21 : 15 : 0
The famous "Shotton" 4ft. Bedroom Suite in Oak, with the new high Chest Cupboard	£29 : 15 : 0
The "Storeton" Sideboard, 4ft. 6ins., in Oak, beautifully made	£9 : 18 : 6
The "Sefton" bow-fronted Carved Sideboard, 4ft. 6ins., in fine Mahogany	£18 : 18 : 0
The "Hadley" Easy Chair, deep sprung seat, in fancy corduroy	£5 : 18 : 6
The "Colnbrook" Easy Chair, the newest Waring production in luxurious Chairs ..	£8 : 15 : 0

The season of 1930 is remarkable for the extraordinarily high standard of artistic effort in the production of Fabrics by British weavers. These Fabrics extend over a wide field and include many remarkable reproductions and adaptations of Period styles, with interesting examples of contemporary art. Many of these Exclusive Fabrics, originally 30/- or more a yard, are to be obtained at Warings at 12/- to 15/- a yard. The Waring Collection of Cretonnes, Damasks, Brocades, Tapestries and Silks is the finest in the Kingdom

Examples of Value:			
Cretonne in a dainty design, printed on fine reliable cloth. 30ins.	*per yard*	2/-
Cretonne in a naturalistic floral bouquet design, chintz effects. 30ins.	„ „	3/6
Hand block Printed Linen (Continental) in an old needlework tapestry design. 50ins.	„ „	10/6
Satin Damask (Continental) in a late XVI. Century Italian design, all colours. 50ins.	„ „	11/9
Lace panel Nets, 9ins. wide, 36ins. deep, yard 4/11. *Novelty Curtain Nets in colours.* 45ins.	„ „	4/9
Lace panel Nets, 12ins. wide, 100ins. deep, beautifully embroidered in Swiss Tambour ..	*each*	9/11

These are typical examples of the extraordinary values

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By universal consent, this represents the most liberally-planned display of George V. period art to be seen, either in Europe or America

Suite of 12 Rooms on the 4th Floor

The New Restaurant on 3rd Floor in the Italian style of decoration is a delightful rendezvous for Luncheon and Afternoon Tea

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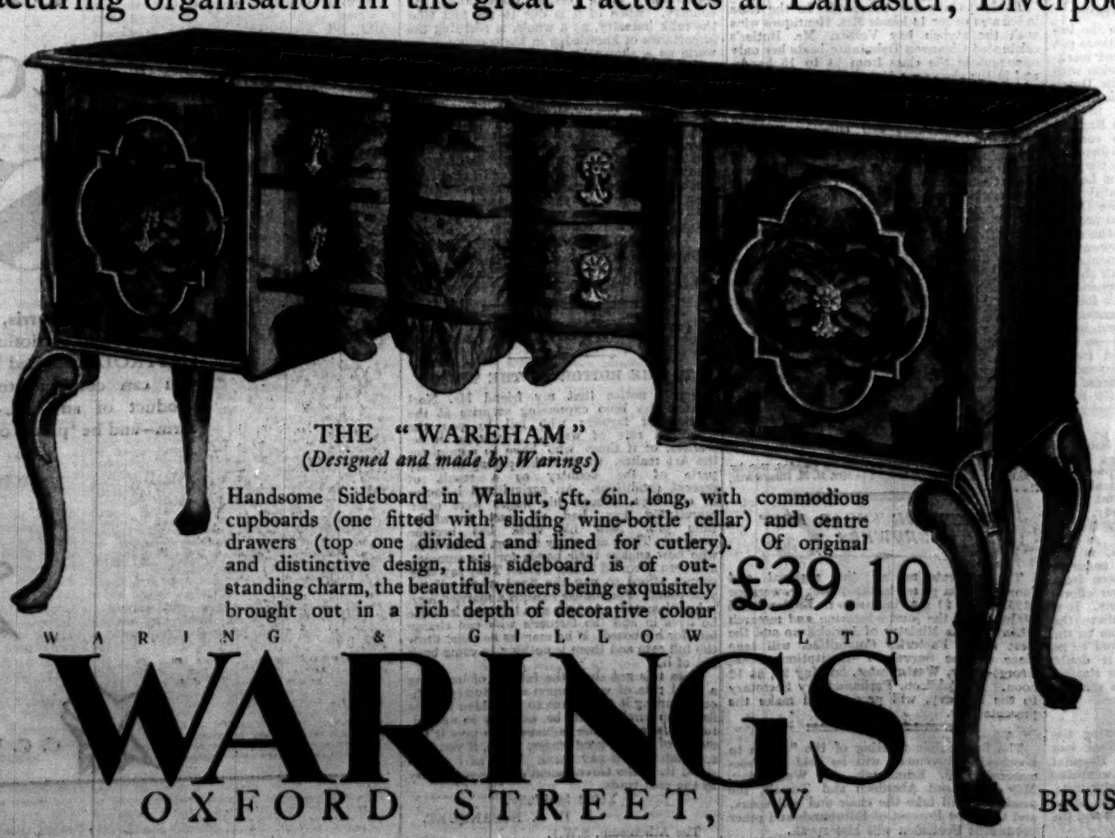
This is a saying with a story behind it. It is the aim of the House, first expressed nearly a century ago, to produce articles of beauty for the home at prices within the reach of everybody. In the strictest competition this will be found to be literally true, due to the unique resources of the House, and its unexampled manufacturing organisation in the great Factories at Lancaster, Liverpool & London

SMALL CHAIR in Walnut, to match, with loose seat in brown hide £5.12.6



THE "WAREHAM"
(Designed and made by Warings)

Handsome Sideboard in Walnut, 5ft. 6in. long, with commodious cupboards (one fitted with sliding wine-bottle cellar) and centre drawers (top one divided and lined for cutlery). Of original and distinctive design, this sideboard is of outstanding charm, the beautiful veneers being exquisitely brought out in a rich depth of decorative colour

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ARM CHAIR in Walnut, to match, with loose seat in brown hide £7.10.0

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Agriculture

CONTROL OF FOOD PRICES

CONSUMERS' COUNCIL BILL

EFFECT ON FARMING

(FROM OUR AGRICULTURAL CORRESPONDENT)

The Consumers' Council Bill may affect the agricultural industry acutely. Superficial surveys, coupled with defective knowledge, have tended to create a feeling that traders and retailers of staple articles of food are necessarily unfriendly to agricultural producers and contrive, in their commercial relations, to annex more than their due share of the prices the householder pays for the commodities. If those handling the home-grown produce of the land, vegetables, fruit, breadstuffs, meat, dairy produce, &c., claim higher reward for their part in placing the articles before the consumer than is assured to the grower, they owe their ability to do this more to the arrival of unlimited imports from abroad than to any other circumstance. Home organization is capable of improvement, but organize as we like, so long as home-grown supplies are exposed to competition of the kind that depresses values in the manner recently exemplified, the measure of our success in overcoming the pressure will be limited. The contest is unequal in that the imports are largely from sources where labour is cheaper, hours worked are longer, and sometimes where production is State-aided in some form.

Nowhere are the conditions affecting production regulated so thoroughly as in this country, and nowhere are the markets dominated so completely by consignments from other countries. In effect we hamper no one except our own producers, or not in anything like the same degree. The distributing trades, with more than a shade of justification, have been accused of giving preference to imported over home-grown commodities, and to the extent of this preferment they have been unsympathetic to British agriculture; but there is nothing in the proposed Bill that would change their attitude in the direction of native products. Wholesale and retail traders will continue to make their selections where there is the best prospect of deriving a profit on their transactions, and the cheaper and less exacting labour that grades and makes the foreign articles attractive, will continue to count against the chances of the British supplies. It is not a matter of skill, knowledge, or efficiency, but primarily and purely of inexpensive labour.

A SERIOUS DIFFERENTIATION

The serious aspect of the Bill is that it differentiates markedly between the sale of the necessaries of life and the luxuries. Whatever the reasons for leaving undisturbed freedom to deal in, or retail, the less essential or worthless commodities, the discrimination that the new Bill shows in their favour will have one noteworthy effect, and that will be to drive enterprise and capital towards business in that class of goods, or at all events away from the handling of articles of greater importance to the community. The country owes more than is often imagined, or conceded, to organizations that have hitherto contrived to ensure regular and ample supplies of staple food for the people. These bodies have accomplished an essential work, and have done it well, as was proved by the experiences during the years of the War, especially when fruitless efforts were made to supersede them. Their remarkable ramifications and efficiency were revealed in creditable light at that critical juncture. But if reasonable freedom is to be withdrawn from them, and the distribution of less important articles is to be allowed to proceed without similar interference, the big minds that have conceived and made practicable the facilities that exist for supplying the fundamental needs of the nation will be turned into other forms of activity—if not those of the present, then of their natural successors. There is no more effective way of suppressing business than to entangle it with regulations that may be devised and imposed without any real understanding of the requirements, risks, and difficulties with which that business is beset. If anything of the kind indicated should result, and it is a highly probable contingency, the nation may have reason to regret this statutory interference with the freedom of the individual and the free play of trade competition.

FARMERS AND LUXURY PRODUCTS

Agricultural interest in the matter is inspired by other considerations than sympathy with purveyors of necessary foods. The farmer feels that he has long been in a similar position in regard to popular misunderstanding of the requirements of his business. His markets, and therefore his business, have been gradually slipping away from him by reason of exceptional facilities afforded for the importation of consignments from overseas sources, and after many years of striving to hold his ground the fight is becoming hopeless, and he looks like being driven from the field, even if he does not voluntarily quit it in despair. It a result of the continued preference for seahorne produce, nothing is to be attempted to stem the inrush of foods produced by cheaper labour, and that, apart from climatic differences, is the only point on which our farmers are beaten. In the end home production of the essential foods will diminish and the state of the countryside will testify to the folly of crushing these activities.

For some years before the War there were shrewd observers of rural enterprises who expressed the view that the farmers of this country should cease to depend chiefly upon staple crops and livestock, and should devote greater attention to luxury production. This conclusion was arrived at after searching and mature reflection, and was inspired primarily by regard for agricultural owners, occupiers, and workers. The War led to a decisive change of belief. But the lessons of the War have been forgotten and the former order has returned, with the result that agriculturists are faced in a more acute and formidable form than ever before with the problem of discovering an alternative to the methods of orthodox farming. Early in April a Sussex grower was selling strawberries, it was said, at 15s. a pound. A man who can raise this or any other luxury deserves well of his country. His services appear to be no longer required for the production of the ordinary and essential food of the people, so he is doing the best thing possible by going into systems of productions that are untrammelled by bureaucratic interference.

FARMING NOTES AND COMMENTS

UNTIMELY COLD WINDS

(FROM OUR AGRICULTURAL CORRESPONDENT)

The cold winds from the North and East during the past week have marred the beneficent effects of the earlier and concurrent showers. The landscape is still green, and, to the eye, is rich with promises of bountiful production, but the biting winds and ground frosts discount the chances of complete fulfilment, especially in the crops still very young and susceptible to adverse influences of the kind. Not only is the normal development of the plant arrested or hindered, but interferences of any kind with steady growth exposes crops to the attentions of their constant and numerous enemies. The most effective means of eluding insect and fungoid attacks is to induce strong and rapid development at the critical stages, but this can be done at reasonable cost, if at all, only when the atmospheric conditions are favourable. The recent sharp winds and low night temperatures have made the work of the farmer harder, and injured his prospects of realising in full measure the fruitful harvests earlier experiences indicated as probable.

THE MANGOLD CROP

Whatever the farmer may think or say concerning the mangold crop, the stockmen on the farm who have been used to a supply of roots for the cattle and sheep rejoice when they begin the winter with clamps of mangolds at their disposal. As to other roots—swedish, yellow, and white turnips—they are less emphatic, and they recognize that the cultivation of these is more closely identified with particular systems of farming. But mangolds can be grown in great bulk from a small acreage, and they go as near as possible to insisting that there shall be a liberal supply of mangold-wurzel for the late winter and spring. They are justified in their demands for the value of mangolds at critical junctures is on a high level. These roots are safe and acceptable for cattle and sheep from January onwards, far into the summer, and the stockman knows his job who appeals for clamps of mangolds against risks of food scarcity in the period mentioned. Some farmers may have been deterred from conceding this wish of the stockman on ground of expense. In farming practice this impediment does not really arise, or it is negligible. The labour incurred is on the farm in any case, and can be allocated to such operations as singling, hoeing, and lifting without considerable inconvenience. Of course, there is no guarantee that the crop will be productive, or even that there will be any crop at all, but farmers are hardened to risks of this kind and are prepared to face them in the case of mangolds. The seeding season this year has been propitious so far, and it is interesting to hear of returning confidence at least to this class of root crop.

ROYAL AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY

The wish to enlist the support of the Royal Agricultural Society in preventing or countering impracticable or senseless propositions emanating from bureaucratic or other sources is quite intelligible. It is suggested that the unquestioned weight and authority of the great national society should be invoked to frustrate the intervention of the Ministry of Health regarding the showing of cattle from certain herds on the one hand, and in favour of a Bill affecting the blending of butter on the other. But the Charter of the Society imposes definite restrictions upon its freedom to interfere in matters of a highly controversial nature, and it is understood that active participation in the questions indicated would involve amendment of the Charter. The Council of the Society, no doubt, will consider very carefully whether it would be wise to depart from the present status and independence of the institution before seeking liberty to descend into the troubled state of sectional, to say nothing of political, controversy. The past and the present strength and advantageous influence of the Society derive from its complete aloofness from either industrial or political partisan discussion. Any change that would alter this attitude and position would tend undoubtedly to alienate supporters, and to affect prejudicially the authority and importance of an institution that stands alone in uniting for the good of agriculture the most discerning and experienced influences in the country.

LIVE STOCK AT GRASS

The management of grassland and the stocking of the pastures involve no very strenuous work, but an active and discerning mind has to be brought to bear upon the duties entailed. The task of adjusting things at this time of year is particularly exacting and intimate in its effects on the financial results of the season. The mathematical method of distributing cattle or sheep over the different enclosures has little application in actual practice. It is common to talk of "a bullock an acre," but this has reference only to the finest grazing areas, to very productive seasons, and possibly only to part of the grazing period. The careful stockowner pays little heed to niceties of this kind, although he does not ignore them; he surveys the law of average in production and result, and stocks his land as the reckoning may make advisable, provided always that prices and supplies of the stock he must buy give sanction to the proceeding. Assuming that there have been no unwonted obstacles to normal stocking this season, and that the enclosures are carrying their usual complement of cattle and sheep, the recent exuberance of grass has suggested modifications of the April adjustments. True the season is young and late circumstances may balance things on the normal level, but at the moment it looks as if the full aggregate of stock might be summered on less than the customary area. Early summer herbage is rich and sustaining, and with the prospect of bulk increasing to give the thriving animal what it wants, it may be permissible to restrict the grazing acreages and extend those to be mown. This is often a better plan than to increase the head of stock, since it does not incur the risk of scarcity if drought should set in, while, subject to seasonal conditions and working resources of the holding, it adds to the reserves of hay. Any course that will restore a safety margin of hay in reserve will appeal strongly to most minds this year, and if a prospect of increasing the hay harvest presents itself it should be seized and turned to the fullest advantage. There are few spectacles so disturbing to the agricultural mind as an empty stackyard.

BATH AND WEST AND ROYAL COUNTIES SOCIETIES

There will be general regret at the announcement that negotiations for the amalgamation of the Bath and West and the Royal Counties agricultural societies have been suspended, without immediate prospect of an early resumption. It has been felt for some time that the number of societies and shows could be reduced with advantage, and a satisfactory adjustment of things between two of the largest and most influential bodies would have been welcomed in all quarters. The hope may be expressed that the present failure to solve the difficulties that block the way to an amicable settlement will be only temporary, and that success will ultimately attend the efforts of the two bodies to unite and form the strong organization that could be constituted with such promising material.

GRADING OF CALVES

A correspondent suggests that "among the grading and marketing developments a very important need is the grading of calves, especially for rearing." He is right. The suppression of the "scrub" bull and other measures will count for little without additional provisions of the type this Kent correspondent advises. He proceeds:—"At present it is a general mixed scramble between butchers and rearers. Some scheme needs devising to separate the two classes, and calves for rearing should be marked in some way to ensure that they should be reared either for dairy or fat beast. Compulsory registration of bulls will never meet the difficulty of cross-breeding. Type and uniformity can only be got by controlling the females and the bull, or, in other words, a rigid control of the mating, but grading of calves (slaughter and rearing) is comparatively simple, each seller to tally his calf with essential details." The idea invites serious consideration. A point to keep in mind is how far it might be fair or wise to interfere with the freedom of the individual, who, after all, has his living and his capital at stake. But there are in operation in Lancashire, and perhaps elsewhere, calf distributing schemes that seem to answer well.

IMPORTED CHEESE AS ENGLISH

While there may be hindrances to the imposition of a duty on foreign cheese, there can be no reasonable objection to enforced marking of these articles to prevent confusion with the genuine English commodity. The Dutch appear to be the chief offenders in this matter, and are persistent in their efforts to find markets here in the guise of the true English-made cheese. Hitherto they have concentrated largely upon the imitation and displacement of Cheshire cheese, but it seems they are now endeavouring to oust the genuine Leicester cheese, an article of high quality and usually secure in its market. But the Dutch have even, it is said, gone so far as to procure moulds from Leicestershire in order the more successfully to imitate the true grass-county cheese. If the Government Departments are desirous of giving home producers a fair chance to succeed, and of protecting the consumers from having to pay English prices for foreign goods, they might turn their attention to cheese, where there is room for urgent intervention. The success of egg-marking—so long opposed in some quarters—is lauded freely. There is no reason why a similar proceeding should not be adopted in regard to cheese and other articles.

TICKS ON LAMBS

The tick pest on both ewes and lambs in spring and early summer is common, but it appears to be more than usually prevalent this season. Dipping is not practicable at this time of year, and, in the case of fat lambs especially, there is no specific remedy. Yet the animals are greatly irritated by the insects, and their progress, as well as the pleasing appearance of the fleeces, is impaired by the inconvenience thus endured. The ewes suffer also, as may be seen from the number that get "cast" in their efforts to counter the attentions of the enemy. It is believed that sunshine helps to relieve the attack by inducing the ticks to come to the surface of the wool and fall to ground or be taken by birds, although there is doubt about the useful intervention of the starling and his kind. There is no known remedy, but the question merits investigation.

The number of eggs collected during the annual Norfolk and Norwich Egg Week was 198,488. The Norfolk and Norwich Hospital received 95,787 eggs, and the rest were distributed to hospitals and other charitable institutions at Beccles, Cromer, King's Lynn, Lowestoft, and other places in Norfolk and the surrounding districts.

CHICKEN REARING

SOME DANGERS OF LATER STAGES

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT)

Every poultry-keeper welcomes the time when the incubators can be dismantled and the brooder lamps dispensed with; when there is relief from frequent attendance upon tiny chickens, and the sturdy youngsters of six or eight weeks may be left for half a day with the knowledge that they are capable of foraging for their living. It might be supposed that all the cares of the rearing season are left behind; but actually one problem gives place to another, and the prospect of losing half-grown pullets is even more formidable than the fear of bacillary white diarrhoea and coccidiosis in the earlier stages. For though the routine daily becomes lighter when the chickens leave the brooders, they seem to be specially vulnerable at that stage, and the farmer who may have many acres awaiting their occupation is probably fearful of the dangers to these defenceless and unsophisticated creatures in the form of rooks, crows and hawks, rats and stoats, foxes, and, in residential districts, domestic cats. In another month, with increasing size and experience, the danger should be past; but for the present the wise poultryman will keep the growing chicks in a home paddock under more or less constant watch.

One advantage of the night ark or the small colony house for accommodating chicks is that portability enables one to carry out a definite plan in which the weaned birds start in the home meadow and are carried farther afield as they grow and become better able to fend for themselves, while new foraging ground becomes available when the hay is carried and again when the grain crops are in stack. Such a scheme is essential if poultry is to be fitted, successfully and economically, into the operations of the general farm, for the intention should be not merely to provide fresh range and natural food for the developing young stock, but also to secure an effective distribution of manure over a wide area—a purpose to which the slatted floor of the night ark is a contributing factor.

For the time being, however, we must face the problems specially associated with chickens at this vulnerable stage, and it will be necessary to consider from what quarter danger may arise. Hawks and carrion crows may do serious damage if they make a start, but there is sound reason in the warning of an old poultryman that a rookery is the poultry-farmer's worst neighbour; for not only is it difficult to convince the owner that a chicken yard has a prior right on account of its industrial status, but it is only by strategy of a high order that one can catch a rook in the act when one has a loaded shot-gun. Nevertheless, there is no more effective deterrent than a row of carcasses strung across the chicken ground, so that although one may lose a dozen chickens before one pots a rook, each dead invader serves as a warning to its surviving brethren.

Apart from winged and four-legged pests the chief dangers to growing chickens arise from overcrowding and vermin. It is dangerous to calculate the capacity of a night ark or roosting house by the size of the chickens when they are installed. Growth may be gradual, but it is substantial; and each bird will require at least an inch more perching space at four months than it did at three months. Under the hygienic conditions of the night ark it might be supposed that vermin would cause little trouble; but unless precautions are taken red mites will multiply rapidly in the roosting quarters of any type of poultry house; and as these creatures are well nigh invisible, and often their presence is detected only when the harm is done, the best preventive measure is to dress the perch sockets with creosote preservative once a month.

AGRICULTURAL SHOW AT OTLEY

THE WHARFEDALE SOCIETY

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

OTLEY, MAY 10

The 129th show of the Wharfedale Agricultural Society opened at Otley yesterday. Among the Shorthorns, Messrs. H. and F. B. Hirsch's Dacre Libertine takes first in a strong class of bulls under 15 months old. He is a handsome roan, very level in flesh, and full of quality. Mr. Raynor's Arkbank Royal Star wins in the class between 15 months and two years old; Messrs. Webster's Bainisse Rosebud King 44th, a handsome, level red with capital topline, wins in the class for bulls two years old and upwards and also takes the championship. Mr. Green's Denton Crystal wins in a good class of heifers under 15 months and is reserve for the Shorthorn championship. Messrs. Webster's Burythorpe Princess Royal, a handsome roan with shapely udder, is the winning Shorthorn cow.

Miss Martins Smith wins in British Friesian bulls with Nunmonketon Haig and in cows with Felhampton Elen, who takes the female championship.

Sheep are very good. Messrs. Allison and Sons, Mr. H. Chester, Mr. F. Foster, and Messrs. Hardcastle and Sons win in the Wensleydale classes, and in the Scottish or Swaledale classes Mr. Atkinson and Mr. Liddle are successful.

In agricultural horses the winning yearling is Mr. J. Davieson's Nawton Silver Queen 2nd, by Stretton Brood Side, a bay with level character and good bone. In the class for geldings or mares four years old and upwards the winner is Messrs. Hanson and Son's Grey King, by March King, a horse on powerful lines showing much of his sire's character. Mr. J. W. Hemingway's Elma Darkie, second in London, and Mr. Morton's Birkwood, third in London, take the other prizes. Mr. J. W. Hemingway wins in the class for pairs. In brood mares Messrs. Barker's Edingale Rose wins, with Mr. Chapman's Ouseburn Gypsy second. Messrs. Hanson and Son's Grey King wins the medal for the best exhibit, with Mr. Lindley's Birkwood Wave reserve, and the latter takes the Shire Horse Society's silver medal.

Hunters make a good show, Mr. Machin winning in the three-year-olds with Kirkealdy, and in the geldings or mares five years old and over with Attraction, who also wins in mares or geldings to be ridden by a lady. Mr. Wellburn's bay wins in the novice class and Mr. Harold Grainger's Snapshot in that for geldings or mares in saddle not exceeding four years old.

Hackneys are few but good. In the class in harness under 14 hands Mrs. Henriques wins with the stylish bay Vortex. Mr. Butler's celebrated Glenavon Debutante beats her only opponent in the class from 14 to 15 hands, and in the class over 15 hands Mr. Black wins with Wensleydale Eclipse, who is likely to make a name.

Dogs were the chief attraction of the Show to-day. There were 800 entries. Mrs. H. Plant, Stoke-on-Trent, won seven firsts for Airedale terriers and championships for this breed went to Miss S. E. Hall, Hardwick Hall, Castle Eden, Durham. Other first prize winners in the open classes were:—

Wire Hair Fox Terriers.—Lowcock and Butler, Carnforth: R. Barron, Clevelevs.

Smooth Hair Fox Terriers.—W. F. Elderkin, Lincoln: F. C. Butler, Carnforth.

Irish Terriers.—J. C. Hirst, Cleckheaton.

West Highland White Terriers.—Miss H. H. Shaw, Burton Leonard: Mrs. M. Carr, Ilkley.

Scottish Terriers.—R. C. K. Thomson, Wakefield: J. A. Smith, Normanton.

Cairn Terriers.—Miss M. Alston, Burton Leonard: Miss H. H. Shaw.

Bulldogs.—C. Word, Leeds: F. W. Bernard, Gateshead-on-Tyne.

Boston Terriers.—Mrs. J. G. Duptale, Blacko: Mrs. K. McNeil, Glasgow (who also showed the best pair of Alsatians): A. Peace, Kirbymoorside.

Collies.—Mrs. A. Mansel, Ripon.

Great Danes.—E. C. Robertshaw, Baildon: F. Ellison, Cleckheaton.

Greyhounds.—A. Peace, Chown.—Miss A. Edwards, Beddington. English Springer Spaniels.—W. Lord, Selby.

Cocker Spaniels.—Mrs. W. Hutchinson, Undercliffe, Bradford.

Irish Setters.—A. Ashworth, Otley: F. Robinson, Rochdale.

Retrievers.—C. Clark, Burton-in-Lonsdale.

Open class for any variety of sporting Gundog, won by a Labrador Retriever, belonging to Mrs. M. M. Illingworth, Harrogate.

PRIZES FOR SUGAR BEET GROWERS

The presentation of the regional and demonstration prizes to sugar beet growers for 1929, in the 27 growing areas in England and Wales under the joint education and research scheme of the Ministry of Agriculture and the Beet Sugar Factories Committee, will take place at the Surveyors' Institution, Great George-street, Westminster, on May 29, at 12 noon. Dr. Addison, Parliamentary Secretary to the Ministry, will preside and make the presentations.

The first public meeting of the "Come to Scotland" Movement will be held at Freemasons' Hall, Edinburgh, on Wednesday, May 21. Lord Aberdeen and Temair, the president, will take the chair and will speak, and the Lord Provost of Edinburgh and other prominent Scotsmen will also speak.

CANNED FRUIT AND VEGETABLES

NATIONAL MARK FOR HOME PRODUCE

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—The letter from Mr. Leonard, secretary to the Food Manufacturers' Federation, published in your issue of yesterday on the subject of the scheme for applying the National Mark to canned home-grown fruit and vegetables would convey to the casual reader an impression so far from accordance with the facts that I feel obliged to ask you to allow me to reply.

On February 22, 1929, the Ministry of Agriculture received representations from the National Farmers' Union in favour of action being taken under the Agricultural Produce (Grading and Marking) Act, 1928, to apply the National Mark to fruit produced and canned in this country, a recommendation to the same effect having also been made by the Council of Agriculture for England. Following these representations the Ministry, on June 13, held a preliminary meeting with representatives of the National Farmers' Union and of the National Food Canning Council, at which the latter body agreed to draft definitions of quality for the purpose.

Apparently the Food Manufacturers' Federation regarded itself as the only properly constituted organization of the canning industry, but after careful inquiry my Department satisfied itself that the National Food Canning Council was the more representative body of canners of English fruit and vegetables, with the further advantage that it was solely concerned with the canning industry.

On January 16 last the National Food Canning Council submitted to the Ministry its suggested definitions. These were considered by my Department and discussed with the National Food Canning Council, with the result that on April 4 last the draft of a National Mark scheme was sent out by the Ministry to (1) the National Farmers' Union, (2) the National Food Canning Council, and (3) the Food Manufacturers' Federation, all of whom were invited to submit suggestions. Copies of the draft were also sent to all fruit and vegetable canners on the lists of members of the last two mentioned bodies, with a covering circular in which they were asked, *inter alia*:—

(1) Whether they intended to apply for authorization as a canner under the scheme;

(2) If the answer to (1) was in the affirmative, the estimated number of National Mark labels they would require.

The National Farmers' Union, of whose Fruit and Vegetable Committee Sir William Lobjoit is chairman, intimated their support. The National Food Canning Council reaffirmed its agreement in principle and had no further observations to make. Meanwhile, as time was getting on, the Ministry on April 25 issued to those canners who had not replied a further circular asking for a definite reply by the end of the month. The canners were thus given 26 days in all in which to reply to the Ministry's letter on a question with which, as members of the National Food Canning Council, they were thoroughly familiar—and not four days, as stated in Mr. Leonard's letter.

Mr. Leonard states that he has received replies from the members of his federation showing that only three canners favour the scheme. He will be interested to know that no fewer than 12 canners (several of whom are members of the federation) have informed the Ministry of their intention to apply for authorization. This number includes the largest canner of home-grown fruit and vegetables in the country. In addition, the Ministry has been notified by the Co-operative Wholesale Society of its intention to seek authorization under the scheme in respect of several of its canning factories.

The scheme is, of course, wholly voluntary, and in view of the strong support that it has received from the National Farmers' Union, from the National Food Canning Council, and from the Co-operative movement, I intend to bring it into operation as soon as the legal requirements of the Agricultural Produce (Grading and Marking) Act, 1928, have been complied with, and I hope, in the course of a few days, to announce the names of the trade committee that will advise in regard to its administration. Later in the season the housewife will have the satisfaction of buying National Mark canned fruit and vegetables with the knowledge that they will be of a high standard and that the produce has been grown at home; I have no doubt that she will make good use of the opportunity.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,

NOEL BUXTON, Minister of Agriculture and Fisheries.

10, Whitehall-place, S.W.1, May 10.

THE MILK INDUSTRY

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—I have been much interested in Mr. Maggs's letter to *The Times* concerning the Consumers' Council Bill. In it he deals with financial problems on which I am not competent to offer an opinion, but I would like to support him in his statement that during recent years the milk industry has improved its service "out of all knowledge." Anyone who is in intimate contact with the industry must realize that this statement is true, and that it is also true that further progress is continually being made throughout the country. Much of it is due to the fact that the milk industry, as a whole, is realizing the importance of knowledge in the conduct of its work, as is shown by the increasing numbers attending the technical classes at the Chelsea Polytechnic, and the necessity which has thus arisen for creating similar classes at other centres. Further, many dairymen are making continuous studies of the quality of their milk supplies and paying additional sums for improved quality. The farmer thus obtains a greater share of the price of milk. In addition, many other steps, all involving additional cost, much of which is borne by the dairyman, have been taken in order that the consumer may receive a vastly improved product.

I am, yours faithfully,

R. STENHOUSE WILLIAMS

University of Reading, The National Institute for Research in Dairying, Shinfield, near Reading, May 8.

FARM LABOURERS' WAGES

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—I notice that my friend Mr. Noel Buxton has been expressing surprise at the number of farmers who fail to pay the scheduled rate of wages. I wonder if he realizes, or if those who have to administer the Act realize, what is happening in many parts of the country as a result of present conditions. An agricultural labourer in old days, though his wages were often regrettably low, had at least a whole-time job. Now his work has become seasonal. There are many farmers in the West who now engage their hands for the summer, and turn them off in the winter. They say they cannot afford to pay the fixed wages all the year round. For similar reasons a married man is handicapped. As long as a labourer is single he lives in and the farmer's wife can charge him for his board. If he marries he must draw the full rate and there is nothing to come back out of it.

Does this not show the futility of imposing a fixed rate of wages upon an industry without ensuring it the means to pay them? The first step surely should be, not only in agriculture, but in all other industries, to give it the means of paying good wages. Then, if you like, see that it does pay them. This, as I understand it, is the Government's professed policy in the coal trade.

Yours faithfully,

S. R. C. BOSANQUET.

The Athenæum, S.W.1.

LIVE STOCK SALES

£210 FOR A FRIESIAN BULL

At Holyport, near Maidenhead, on Thursday Messrs. John Thornton and Co. dispersed Mr. H. M. Martineau's celebrated herd of British Friesian cattle. Seventy-six head realized £3,814 13s., averaging £50 3s. 10d.; the five bulls had the excellent average of £87 7s. 2d., and one of them, the well-known prize-winner Holyport Serynte Cesar, of pure imported blood, went at 200 guineas, the top price of the year so far for a Friesian, to Manningford Estates, Marlborough, Wilts. His yearling son, Holyport Minna Cesar, was also greatly admired, being acquired at 75 guineas by Mr. S. de Blank, Broxted, Essex, while Messrs. W. and R. Wallace, Knebworth, Herts, claimed Holyport Johcesar Series, a noted prize bull, at 70 guineas. The 71 cows and heifers averaged £47 11s. 6d., and made up to 82 guineas, paid by Mr. T. Merrick for Holyport Renceres 2nd, a yearling heifer; another heifer, Holyport Renske, realizing 80 guineas to Mr. George Gee, Mayford House, near Woking.

The late Mr. F. W. P. Matthews's herd of pedigree Scottish Shorthorns passed through the auction ring at Fifield, Shipton-under-Wychwood, Oxfordshire, on Tuesday, when Messrs. John Thornton and Co. obtained £1,620 13s. 6d. for 62 head, with an all-round average of £26 2s. 9d. The best price was 50 guineas, given by Mrs. Lewis Bowen, Bonsworthy, Pembrokeshire, for Sherborne Critic, a young bull, which as a calf at Lord Sherborne's sale cost the late owner 125 guineas. Villars Fame, a Missie bull, now nearly three years old, was taken at 33 guineas by Mr. A. E. Butler, of Burford, and one or two of the younger bulls caused reasonable competition. Among the females Fifield Princess Royal 2nd, the two-year-old daughter of Balcairn Marius, went for 38 guineas to Mr. A. Wheeler, Cuddesdon, Oxford, while Mr. W. R. Calvert, Craven Arms, Shropshire, bought her dam, Barford Princess Royal 4th, for 35 guineas, several other lots changing hands at prices around 30 guineas.

At Messrs. John Thornton and Co.'s sale of pedigree Dairy Shorthorns, at Kingham, Oxfordshire, on Friday, 68 head from the herds of well-known breeders brought in £2,052 15s., with an average of £30 3s. 9d. An outstanding animal was Debden Royal Bandit, a roan yearling bull, entered by the executors of the late Mr. F. W. P. Matthews, Fifield, Oxford; after spirited bidding, this animal went at 100 guineas to the herd of Mr. S. Burdett-Coutts, Earls-place, Marks Cross, Sussex. Lord Dulverton's Bataford Dewdrop Premier, the yearling son of a 1,000-gallon cow, was sold for 45 guineas to Lord Lymington. Females made to 40 guineas, paid by Mr. E. Jackson for Mr. P. Maclure's cow, Howlett's Jewel, and also by Mr. J. W. Taunton, for Mr. W. I. Lea's Bryneuryn Joyful, a cow which won first prize at Denbigh and Flint Show four years ago.

JERSEY CATTLE IN DEMAND

Messrs. John Thornton and Co. held a sale of pure-bred Jerseys at Kingham on Friday, under the auspices of the Country Gentleman's Association. With several exceptions, the animals were especially imported from Jersey, direct from breeders on the island, and there was a particularly good trade, with 34 head realizing £1,936 7s.; the average of £30 9s. 7d. was undoubtedly very pleasing to the vendors and was obtained by a steady level demand, rather than by high prices. The best one was 54 guineas, paid by Lord Dillon for Virginia 21st, a heifer entered by Mr. A. J. Du Feu, Loy Noyers, Jersey; another of the plums was Primate's Companion, an imported cow, from Mr. W. Wilkins's well-known herd at Long Marston, Tring; it was purchased for 50 guineas by Mr. G. K. Stanton, Winterbourne, Bristol, and there were plenty of bidders for most of the other cattle.

Every female entered and nearly all the bulls were disposed of at Messrs. Edwards, Russell, and Baldwin's auction of pure-bred Hereford cattle at Hereford on Wednesday. Prizes were given for yearling bulls, the premier award being gained by Mr. W. J. Edwards, Hydefield, King's Pyon, whose successful exhibit, Birley Tomo 3rd, brought 48 guineas from Mr. Dyke, a buyer from Brecon. Atok Fagan, a yearling, won the second prize for Messrs. J. W. Jones and Sons, Sheep House, Hay, and realized 50 guineas to Mr. Whistance, Garway, Hereford. The third prize went to Monkland Trojan, the property of Mr. W. H. B. Cave, Wallend, Monkland, and this young bull made 35 guineas from Mr. Davies, Crowfield, Abergavenny. Various other males brought from 30 guineas up to 39 guineas, while the top price among cows with calves was 42 guineas, paid by Mr. C. H. Morris, Weston, Leominster, for Whettons Freda, a five-year-old cow, and her bull calf, Whettons Lionel, entered by Messrs. H. P. Bulmer and Co., of Hereford.

An excellent entry was received by the Boston and District Agricultural Society for the twenty-sixth sale of pedigree Lincoln Red Shorthorn bulls at Boston on Monday, and Messrs. Simons, Ingamells, and Young dispersed 88 head for £3,424 1s., the average being £38 18s. 2d. Messrs. J. W. Needham and Sons won championship honours with Cockerington Normanby 51st, a yearling, taken at 77 guineas by Mr. S. Holbrook, Plumtree, Notts. The executors of the late Mr. Charles Bembridge exhibited the reserve champion, Anwick Favour II.; this bull was also in the winning group and led his class before being sold at 115 guineas, the chief price of the day, to Messrs. W. Dennis and Sons. Several other bulls also made good prices, including Messrs. J. L. Picker and Son's Pepperthorpe Gem, a second prize-winner, secured at 85 guineas by Messrs. Albone and Sons, while 77 guineas was the successful bid for Messrs. W. Drakes and Son's Tealby No. 1,568.

LINCOLN RED SHORTHORNS

From the Anwick herd of registered Lincoln Red Shorthorns, the property of the executors of the late Mr. Charles Bembridge, a selection numbering over 110 head was sold on Wednesday, at Walcot, Lincoln, by Messrs. Dickinson and Davy, acting in conjunction with Messrs. Earl and Lawrence. There was a good level trade, with 12 cows (with bull calves) averaging £56, other averages being as follows:—Six newly calved cows and their calves, £49; eight cows with heifer calves, £47 1s.; 10 two-year-old heifers, £35 0s. 4d.; 20 yearling heifers, £30 13s. 7d.; and seven young bulls, £25 17s. 5d. The stock bull, Chetwode Jim, now six years old, realized the top price, the buyer for 60 guineas being Mr. W. Fletcher, of Martin Dale, while among heifers, Anwick Captain Farr, Mapperley, Nottingham.

A total of £2,775 3s. 6d. was paid for cattle and pigs at the sale at Waltham Abbey, Essex, on Thursday, of pedigree and non-pedigree Friesians and Shorthorns, &c., the property of the Enfield Highway Cooperative Society. Messrs. Harland and Son, of Barnet, were the auctioneers, and the best price of 50 guineas was the bid of Mr. J. Anderson, Harlow, Essex, for Greattew Premier, a two-year-old pedigree Shorthorn. The pure-bred Friesian bull, Ingalestone Ivan, went for £33 to Mr. G. Noakes, of Walthamstow, and prices for cows and heifers of the same breed included £34, £30, £29 10s., and £29.

440 GUINEAS FOR HUNTER

Some very good prices were paid for hunters at the Albrighton Hunt Kennels, Whiston Cross, Albrighton, on Thursday, when Messrs. Warner, Sheppard, and Wade conducted a sale for Major and Mrs. E. M. Vaughan; the various lots comprised the Albrighton Hunt animals and some private horses hunted by Mrs. Vaughan; the latter made up to 440 guineas for Hill Top, a six-year-old bay gelding by Pepperhill; 280 guineas was paid for Match, a bay gelding, 260 guineas for Tsapyekrum, a brown mare by Sprig of Mint, and other prices included 270 and 250 guineas (twice). The leader among the hunt horses was Waddy, a six-year-old chestnut gelding by Irawaddy; which realized 200 guineas; Dan, a chestnut gelding, changed hands at 170 guineas, while Longville, black gelding, seven years, fell to a bid of 165 guineas. Beverstone, a six-year-old bay gelding by Braxted, brought in 155 guineas, other prices at this, one of the most important private sales of hunters this year, being 150 guineas (twice), 140 guineas, and 105 guineas.

Messrs. Richard Austin and Wyatt held their annual sale of high-class hunters, the property of various owners, at Brockenhurst, Hants, on Tuesday, the demand for the best lots being very satisfactory. Mr. Herbert Johnson, M.F.H., obtained the top price of 200 guineas for his dark bay mare Sanshine, while among the Hursley Hunt horses, Sometime, a dark brown gelding, ridden by the huntsman, made 125 guineas, and Brough, a bay gelding, which carried the first whip two seasons, brought in 104 guineas. Competition was excellent for the principal lots in the stud of Mr. P. E. Blackmore, the leading figure being 150 guineas for The Skimmer; 140 guineas for Top Bar, and 90, 87, 84, and 80 guineas. Another good hunter, Orangeman, by Duke of Spartan, the property of Mr. W. H. Selby, Cadogan-gardens, London, went to a bid of 90 guineas.

There was an entry of 200 horses at Messrs. Henry Manley and Sons' sale at Crewe on Friday, including many upstanding geldings, which, however, hardly met the keen demand experienced at recent sales. The chief inquiry was for horses of from 16 hands to 16·2 hands high. Mr. R. M. Hiorns of Crawley, Bucks, officiated as judge, and gave the first prize for the best heavy draught gelding to Mr J. Turnock and second to Mr. J. N. Baskerville. Mr. Turnock's gelding changed hands at the leading price of 73 guineas; 66 guineas was given for Mr. W. H. Sessions's grey gelding, and other prices were 65, 63, 62, 48, and 45 guineas, with numerous lots realizing from 30 to 45 guineas.

About 70 animals were entered for the horse sale held by Messrs. Spurlings and Hempson at Ipswich on Tuesday, when the best lots caused good competition. Among the cart horses, Mr. R. Bumstead's Suffolk gelding made the highest price, being acquired at 60 guineas by a local buyer; 47 guineas was the winning bid on two occasions, Mr. W. G. Wakelin, of Ipswich, paying this sum for Mr. M. Wood's chestnut mare, Diamond, while subsequently Mr. R. W. Hitchcock's bay gelding, Jolly, changed hands at 47 guineas to Mr. E. Merrison. Prices for other heavy-weight horses included 42, 37, 30½, and 30 guineas. Hackneys made to 26 guineas, paid by Messrs. Emson and Sons for a well-bred mare, five years old.

SHEEP AND PIGS

Messrs. W. Palmer and Co. held the annual May sale of pure-bred Dorset Horn sheep at Misterton Repository, Crewkerne, on Monday, when there was a total clearance of all entries. One pen of 12 couples (with crossbred lambs) from Mr. Robert Gale changed hands at the rate of £6; registered Dorset Horn hogs from the same vendor were sold at 94s. each to Mr. Webber, while Mr. H. W. Hodder and Mr. E. G. Cox were buyers of similar sheep at 91s. 6d. and 88s. a head. Ewes from the registered flock of Messrs. H. and S. Creed were purchased at 90s. 6d. each by Mr. H. W. W. Hoskyns, and Mr. S. O. Ratcliff, a buyer from Essex, gave 88s. and 86s. each for similar sheep.

Messrs. T. R. G. Lawrence and Son held the annual May sale of pur-bred Dorset Horn and other sheep at Crewkerne on Monday last, when every lot was disposed of at satisfactory prices. Mr. H. W. W. Hoskyns entered a number of Dorset Horns from his registered flock, making up to 90s. for four-teeth ewes and 83s. for other sheep; 55 full-mouth ewes from Messrs. R. A. Clarke and Sons realized 78s. 6d. per head, and 78s. each was paid for similar sheep entered by Mr. S. F. Peters and Mr. W. H. Clarke

Obituary

MR. H. R. RATHBONE

AN ABLE EDUCATIONIST

Alderman Herbert Reynolds Rathbone, whose work for education was widely known, died in Liverpool on Thursday at the age of 68.

The last surviving son of Mr. Philip Rathbone, and cousin of Miss Eleanor Rathbone, M.P., he was educated at Clifton and New College, Oxford. After taking his degree he was admitted a solicitor, but was afterwards called to the Bar and joined the Northern Circuit. For 30 years, to the sacrifice of his professional career, he devoted himself to public work, especially education. He was once Liberal candidate for East Toxteth, but his heart was in municipal affairs rather than politics, and he became widely known as an administrator of great independence of view and practical ability. He is survived by his widow, who was Miss Richardson Evans, of Wimbledon, a son, and three daughters. The funeral service will be at Ullet-road Church, Liverpool, to-day at 2.30.

A correspondent writes:—

The death of Alderman Herbert Rathbone is a blow to the civic life, and especially to the educational work, of Liverpool, which all political parties recognize. Though his father had been an Alderman and his grandfather had been Lord Mayor of the city, he owed his influence less to any hereditary claim than to his passionate zeal for elementary education, and to his mastery of all its problems, especially of those which affected the poorest citizens. Compared with the need of securing the best educational service, neither political, nor sectarian, nor personal interests weighed a straw with him. This fact made him at times a troublesome colleague, while it won the confidence even of those sectarian leaders who might have been expected to distrust a Unitarian Liberal, because it was so clear that no religious prejudice would prevent him from straining every nerve to secure for their children every facility enjoyed by those of his own fold.

At the outbreak of the War he was Lord Mayor, and the furious energy with which he tackled the difficult task of securing immediate aid for the wives and dependents of fighting men, and for everyone else whose means of livelihood were shattered by the War, saved a vast amount of distress, though in the doing of it he trampled on the susceptibilities of some whose purpose was less completely single-minded. A man of wide interests and hearty enjoyments, with wife and family of growing children to whom he was devoted, there seemed every prospect for him of an unusually productive and happy old age, so that his death at the age of 68 seems indeed premature and wasteful, though he faced it during the stages of a long illness with the gay courage and humorous detachment with which he met all the vicissitudes of public life.

THE REV. W. OSBORN ALLEN

Bishop Montgomery writes:—

I crave space in memory of a friend just passed away. Osborn Allen had bodily disabilities from quite early days which led to a life of almost constant pain. It disciplined him, of course, and no man displayed more steady courage. He never complained. At Cambridge, as a "Dove" with Dr. Vaughan, in his various ministerial charges, and finally in his 18 years of fine service as secretary of S.P.C.K., he left a good record, fearless in expression, and always thoughtful and high-minded. He made many friends, not the least the one who writes these lines, for he was a delightful comrade of mine on a trip to India. He was a great traveller and fisherman, and was recognized as a good chess player. For many months past he bore a painful illness as becomed a humble Christian and staunch Churchman, and now leaves behind him many who mourn the loss of a good friend and an example of godly life.

MR. HAROLD OWEN

Mr. Harold Owen, dramatist, died at his home at Broadstairs on Saturday night at the age of 58. The son of a newspaper proprietor at Burslem, Mr. Owen worked as a journalist in London for many years. His most successful play, of which he was part author with Mr. H. M. Vernon, was *Mr. Wu*, first produced at the Strand in November, 1913. He also wrote *A Little Fowl Play*, *Loyally*, *Such is Life*, *The Man who Missed the War*, *Fatherhood*, and *A Man Unknown*. His other works were concerned with politics and sociology.

CANON SWALLOW

The Rev. J. F. Stern, C.B.E., Minister Emeritus, East London Synagogue, writes:—

May I supplement in some details your obituary notice of Canon Swallow? During the 14 years he was a member of the London Education Committee he served on its Teaching Staff Sub-committee. As chairman of managers of two groups of L.C.C. schools in Stepney comprising six schools I had occasion to appear before the committee from time to time as representative of the managers in connexion with the appointment of head teachers of the several departments of the schools. In this capacity my relations with the Canon were strictly official, although the questions he put to me gave evidence that he took more than an official interest in the work of the schools and was keen to learn the difficulties with which local managers had to contend. When I retired from my ministry in East London, he addressed to me a kindly letter expressing his hope that my removal from the district would not mean the severance of my connexion with the schools, and, on learning that my new home was in the vicinity of his own, he wrote again to welcome me as a neighbour and to notify me of his intention to call upon me to talk over old times when, as he put it, "we were fellow-workers at County Hall." His tea-table talk was full of reminiscence of his own teaching days, and one came to understand how it was that, on his retirement as headmaster of Chigwell School to take up his duties as rector of a City church, it was to the cause of education, and especially to religious education, that he devoted the greater part of his time. His courses of lectures to teachers on the New Testament had a permanent place in the fixtures of his church, and their subjects were regularly announced in the official *Gazette* of the L.C.C.

Another of the activities in which he engaged at his church since the days of the War deserves to be known as indicating his self-sacrificing devotion to any cause that appealed to his sympathetic nature. It came to his notice that many young City workers, in order to avail themselves of the workmen's railway ticket, arrived from their suburban homes some hours before they were due to start work in office or warehouse. He threw open the rooms adjoining his church as a place of shelter and recreation to these young men and women, provided them with magazines and papers, and regularly attended every morning to welcome them and to spend the waiting hours with them. Even when the burden of years compelled him to relinquish his work on the London Education Committee, he left his home in the Hampstead Garden Suburb before six every morning, in winter as well as in summer, in order to be in his place as host of these young City workers who were the recipients of his genial hospitality and who had every reason to regard him as an intimate personal friend. The memory of this warm-hearted City rector will be held in affectionate regard.

MAJOR WARD-JACKSON

A correspondent writes:—

To have been a staunch friend and to have gained the lasting affection of the rich and the poor among whom he lived may be a sufficing epitaph, but I wish, as one who knew Major Charles Ward-Jackson from a child, to say more about his personality and to add a brief record of what he did.

He was 61 years old when he died, and I suggest he did something better with his life than merely to achieve fame. The journey through this world is, for most, up-hill and troublesome, and those who radiate sunshine and fill their corner of the world with happiness, cheerfulness, and laughter are doing possibly the kindest and best work of all. Charley Ward-Jackson certainly did this. Our lives were brightened by his entry and were left darker by his passing. For him the world was such a fascinating place, filled with such a multitude of problems and activities that, with a keen interest in so many directions, it is doubtful if he ever could have concentrated on a particular career unless it had been absolutely necessary; yet he was endowed with every quality requisite for achieving success in almost any line. It was the width of his sympathies, the variety of his attainments, combined with the vitality of his perpetual youth, which contributed much to the charm of his character. There was scarcely a subject, grave or gay, a sport or a pastime in which he could not take quite a conspicuous part.

I remember when he was a mere boy in "the eighties," when I was more familiar with him in the hunting field and on the cricket ground than elsewhere, being taken by surprise by a side of his character new to me. I was quoting Edmund Burke in defence of my attitude on the Irish and some other political questions, when he went straight to my bookshelf, pulling out a volume and turning to Burke's "Letters on a Regicide Peace," read some passages with an eloquence and fluency only begotten by familiarity with the subject. No one had a keener, nor a pleasanter, sense of humour, and I have never seen him more merry than when the laugh was against himself. He could sing an Irish or a hunting song as well as any one; he stored up amusing incidents and remarks which he collected in his association with local characters, and was interested in the history, folk-lore, dialect, and antiquities of his county. He loved his garden, and I think I may truthfully add "all things bright and beautiful." In his hunting days he was a first flight man to hounds, and rode well in point-to-point races; he was a good four-in-hand whip, good with rod and gun, and at almost every game which can be mentioned. A brave and gentle, a delightful and cheerful, spirit has left us.

Here are the bare facts of his life. I give his parentage, for in wondering at the wealth of his natural gifts I think they may be ascribed to a happy mixture of the best in English and Irish character. Major Ward-Jackson was born in 1869; he was the elder of the two sons of the Rev. William Ward-Jackson, of Normanby Hall, in Cleveland. The father died when these boys were infants, and the younger brother, Ralph, equally beloved by his friends, died some years ago in the Transvaal, having made a name for himself in South Africa. Their mother was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Henry Minchin, of County Tipperary, and she married again, her second husband being the late Mr. Nicholas R. Fleming. The issue of this marriage was an only daughter, Winnifred (now Mrs. Charlesworth, a widow).

When Charley Ward-Jackson left Eton and came into his heritage he gave all his family the life they loved and dispensed open-handed hospitality to his neighbours and friends. He served with the 3rd Yorkshire Regiment from 1889 until 1891 and with the Yorkshire Hussars, 1891 to 1907. He went through the Boer War with the latter unit, being twice mentioned in dispatches. He was for some time A.D.C. to the late Sir West Ridgeway during his Ceylon Governorship (1896-1903) and formed with him a lifelong friendship. He also travelled in the East with the present Lord Zetland. On the outbreak of the War in 1914 he rejoined the Yorkshire Hussars, and served in France for three and a half years. In 1918 he was returned to Parliament as Conservative Coalitionist M.P. for the Leominster Division, where he was much beloved, after having previously given a great deal of service to the Unionist cause, including a gallant attempt to win South Manchester in January, 1910. This is a very brief epitome of his chief public services.

In 1908 he married, his wife being the daughter of Mrs. O. P. Traherne, of Bryngarw. Twenty-two years of most happy companionship followed, for his wife shared his pleasures and gave him devoted and eloquent help in his political and Parliamentary life. She survives him, and the hearts of her husband's friends go out to her in her great sorrow.

BARONESS PAULINE PROCHAZKA

The Baroness Pauline Prochazka, who died recently in Ireland in her 88th year, was the daughter of Baron Ottocar Prochazka, Field-Marshal in the Austrian Army, and granddaughter of the late Lady Stuart de Decies, of Dromana, Co. Waterford. Born in Prague, she left Bohemia for good at the age of five and was brought up entirely in Ireland.

In the late sixties the Baroness, with a few artistic and enterprising friends eager to foster art in Ireland, organized yearly water-colour exhibitions (to which she herself contributed) in different counties of southern Ireland; they sought out the best amateurs and encouraged exhibitors to send from England—an up-hill task with the transport difficulties of those days.

This pioneer work resulted in the foundation of the Water Colour Society of Ireland in 1870. Baroness Prochazka had long made her home with her kinsmen, Sir Charles Wheeler-Cuffe, Bt., and his successor, Sir Otway, of Leyrath, Co. Kilkenny, where she found great scope for charitable works. For many years this old lady, loved by every one around her, had risen at 5 a.m. in all weathers in order to direct a coffee-stall every fair-day in Kilkenny town; she knew that farmers, coming early to the fair, found only the publichouses open to refresh them, and she determined to provide an alternative. Her intelligence and keen interest in modern affairs were undimmed to the end, which was hastened by a pathetic incident: hearing the music of the "Blue Danube" waltz, she was overcome with longing to dance once more; she tried a few steps, slipped, and succumbed to the stroke that resulted.

ECCLESIASTICAL NEWS

SOUTHWARK DIOCESAN FESTIVAL

The Southwark Diocesan and Cathedral Festival, to celebrate the twenty-fifth anniversary of the founding of the See of Southwark, will begin on Sunday, May 18, and end on May 25. On Monday, May 19, at 3 p.m., there will be a service of thanksgiving, at which the Archbishop of Canterbury will preach. He will also dedicate the restored Lady Chapel. On Thursday, May 22, the Bishop of Southwark will spend the day from 7 a.m. to 9.30 p.m. in the Cathedral in order to meet the people of the diocese and others who are sympathetic towards the problems of South London. He will admit members into the Cathedral Fellowship by handing to them a medal struck for the occasion. The Lord Mayor of London will arrive at noon and the Lord Lieutenant of Surrey will attend later. A service will be held at 9 p.m. On Sunday, May 25, at 2.30, a procession of men, led by the Bishops of Southwark, Woolwich, and Kingston, will march from Bishop's House, Kennington, to the Cathedral, where Canon Elliott, of St. Paul's, will preach.

From Monday morning, May 19, until Sunday night, May 25, the Cathedral will never close, and services will be held in the Lady Chapel continuously, led by the parochial clergy.

PETITION TO BISHOP OF TRURO

Solicitors representing the Church Association delivered at the Truro Diocesan Registry on Saturday a petition praying for a faculty to remove a pyx or tabernacle hanging above the holy table in St. Mary's aisle of Truro Cathedral. The petition states that the pyx is for the reception of the Reserved Sacrament: that it has been placed there since the consecration of the church without a faculty: that it is illegal: and that it is likely to be the subject of superstitious use, reverence, and regard. The petition is addressed to the Bishop of Truro in the Consistory Court of the diocese.

APPOINTMENTS

The Rev. H. Clegg, assistant curate, of Highweek, Newton Abbot, has been appointed rector of Dodbrooke, Kingsbridge—patron, the Bishop of Exeter.

The Rev. Evan Griffiths, vicar of Glynde, and headmaster of Lewes Grammar School, has been appointed rural dean of Lewes.

The Rev. E. G. Burr, D.D., vicar of Bude, has been appointed rural dean of Stratton, in the Diocese of Truro.

NOTES

The Rev. P. T. R. Kirk is obliged under medical orders to take a complete rest for three months. He is going abroad immediately, and no correspondence will be forwarded. Arrangements have been made for his work during his absence, both at the Industrial Christian Fellowship and at Christ Church, Westminster.

For the 23rd year, the Protestant Reformation Society is offering exhibitions and prizes to theological students who are in training for the ministry of the Church of England. This year the sum offered amounts to £320. In memory of the late Mr. T. E. Mills, who bequeathed a legacy to the society, two special exhibitions are offered to men in their preliminary year of study. Applications from candidates for holy orders should be addressed to the Rev. W. A. Limbrick, Director, P.R.S., 37, Berners-street, W.1.

HOMES FOR BLIND CHILDREN

The first annual musical festival on behalf of "Sunshine" Homes for blind babies, conducted by the National Institute for the Blind, opened on Saturday at Armitage Hall, Great Portland-street, W., and is being continued through the ensuing week. The elocution section was decided on Saturday. To-day, beginning at 2 p.m., the competition for vocal solos will be adjudicated, and on the succeeding days pianoforte solos, violin solos, pianoforte duets, choirs, and organ solos, concluding with a concert in the evening, when all those placed first in their sections will appear. Last Saturday's winners (silver medals) in the elocution section were:—Irene Clarke, Vivienne Hodgkins, Barbara Ellis, Dorothy Smith, and Gwen Holborne; (bronze): Pamela Bradbury, Rosemary Davies, Betty Bose, Audrie Pullen, and Helen Bathurst.

At the first meeting of the Nottingham Gliding Club yesterday the glider in which the president of the club, Mr. S. A. Currin, was making a flight, crashed, and Mr. Currin broke his right leg.

WILLS AND BEQUESTS

THE DOWAGER LADY CORK AND ORRERY

The Right Hon. Rosalie, Dowager Countess of Cork and Orrery, of Seamore-court, Seamore-place, W., who died on March 15, widow of the tenth Earl of Cork and Orrery, left estate in her own disposition of the gross value of £38,438, with net personalty £31,655.

Dame Harriet Blanche Juanita Georgina Cooke, of Eastcliff, Teignmouth, who died on February 24, widow of Sir William Cooke, ninth baronet, left unsettled property of the gross value of £2,732, with net personalty £2,690.

Mrs. Kate Laura Mickelthwate, of Western Bank, Sheffield, who died on January 7, left estate of the gross value of £41,332, with net personalty £36,890. She left:—

£200 to the Corporation of Sheffield, in trust for keeping in repair the tomb of her late husband in Ecclesall Churchyard, or on failure to comply with this trust to the University of Sheffield.

Miss Henrietta Houghton, of Little Moy, Wellington-road, Bournemouth, who died on March 16, left estate of the gross value of £37,418, with net personalty £37,160. She left:—

£500 to Mabel Preston, and a further £500 to her in trust for the maintenance and benefit of Marie Honyes, or in case the said Marie Honyes should not require help for some other similar charitable purpose; £500 to L. Kathleen Hughes to be applied at her sole and absolute discretion towards any charitable work in which she may be interested; and £100 to Florence Sparshatt, and £75 to Phyllis Solly, if respectively in her service or the service of her two sisters at the time of her decease.

Mr. John Eugene Vedrenne, of Milestones, St. George's Hill, Weybridge, theatrical manager and producer, who died on February 12, aged 62, left estate of the gross value of £25,830, with net personalty £15,711. He left:—

£100 to his former secretary, Constance Buckmaster, and £50 to his gardener, Arthur Sizmur, if still in his service.

Mr. Frederick Edgar Greenhill, of High-street, Shipston-on-Stour, Worcs, and of Kineton, Warwickshire, grocer, who died on December 26, aged 64, left estate of the gross value of £25,262, with net personalty £17,072.

He left:—

Three months' wages and board wages to each indoor domestic servant in his service at the time of his decease if of three months' service. He directed that his firm should be turned into a Limited Company, and subject thereto he left his shares therein as to one-sixth each to his employees, Charles Jones, Arthur George Cook, Francis Richard Cook, and Albert Thomas Cook: shares to the value of £25 each to Lydia Padbury, William John Warner, Harry Stanley, and Francis Archibald William Whitehead; and the remainder of his shares upon trust for the benefit and welfare of such of his present employees (except Charles Jones, Arthur George Cook, Francis Richard Cook, and Albert Thomas Cook) who remain in the service of the said company after its incorporation in such manner as shall to his trustees seem most desirable. He left one-half of the residue of the property to the trustees of the Wesleyan Chapel at Shipston-on-Stour.

Mr. Amherst Daniel Tyssen, of Priory-road, West Hampstead, N.W., barrister-at-law, the author of Tyssen's "Law of Charitable Bequests," died on January 19, aged 86, leaving estate of the gross value of £11,160, with net personalty £11,032. He gives:—

£10 to the Unitarian Church at Banbury, on condition "that some properly qualified person conducts the service in my memory suitable to the manner in which my body shall be dealt with, and I hope that whoever conducts the service will say nothing lugubrious about death or the lot of mankind in general or myself in particular. I have indeed had troubles and disappointments, but I have found life a glorious thing, and I shall welcome death as a glorious thing—No one need mourn for me—The Kingdom of Heaven is within me."

Other latest wills include the following:—

	Gross value
Beaton, Mr. William John Lucas, of Robert Louis Stevenson-avenue, Bournemouth, retired saddler (net personalty £2,803)	£6,948
Carr, Mr. Jonathan (76), of Whitehall-road, Gateshead, Durham, retired engine-driver, for 53 years with the London and North-Eastern Railway Company and their predecessors (net personalty £9,078)	12,272
Carter, Dr. Thomas Moravian, O.B.E., of Westfield Park, Redland, Bristol (net personalty £1,296)	1,371
Craig, Mr. John (74), of West View, Reservoir-road North, Preston, Cheshire, a director of Messrs. Elder, Dempster, and Co., shipowners, chairman of the Nigerian Dry Dock and Engineering Company (net personalty £38,422)	30,960
Page, Mr. James Ernest, of Radcliffe-gardens, South Kensington, S.W., actor, who had played the part of Stephen Spettigue in *Charley's Aunt* for many years	7
Pape, Mr. David Nixon (64), of Briar Rigg, Keswick, Cumberland, agent for the Lingholme Estate of Lord Rochdale (net personalty £22,536)	26,725
Ransford, Mrs. Ellen (80), of 81, Juffatts Parsonage-road, West Norwood, S.E., widow of Canon Ransford (net personalty £9,371)	9,458

UNIVERSITY NEWS

RECTORIAL CANDIDATES AT ABERDEEN

LONDON, MAY 11

Professor Ernest Gardner has been appointed Yates Lecturer in Archaeology for the session 1930-31.

In respect of the same session, the title of Senior Lecturer has been conferred on Dr. H. P. Gilding, and that of Lecturer on Dr. W. H. Newton, both of the Department of Physiology and Biochemistry.

Scholarships in Political Economy, of the total value of £125, may be awarded on the results of an examination to be held at University College in June.

The examination for the Bucknill Scholarship (160 guineas) and for two exhibitions, value 55 guineas each, will begin on June 24. The subjects are chemistry, physics, botany, and zoology. Two entrance exhibitions in the Bartlett School of Architecture of the value of £40 a year for five years may be awarded to students entering the school in October, 1930. One entrance exhibition in the School of Librarianship, University of London, of the value of £40 a year for two years, may be awarded to a student entering the school in October, 1930. Full particulars and entry forms may be obtained from the secretary, University College, London (Gower-street, W.C.1). Entry forms for the three last-named exhibitions must be returned not later than May 30.

Mr. P. Wilson Steer, who has been Assistant Professor with Professor Tonks at the Slade School, has intimated that he desires to retire at the end of the session. Mr. Randolph Schwabe, a former student of the Slade School, recently at the School of Design, Royal College of Art, will take up his duties as Slade Professor of Fine Art in succession to Professor Tonks at the opening of next session, in October.

ABERDEEN, MAY 11

The Independent Non-political Party of the students are to have as their candidate at the election in November for a Rector in succession to Lord Birkenhead Sir Arthur Keith, who is a native of Aberdeenshire and M.B. of Aberdeen University.

At the Rectorial election three years ago Lord Birkenhead, the Unionist candidate, was elected by a majority of nine votes over Sir Archibald Sinclair, M.P., the Liberal candidate. On that occasion Mr. John Masefield was the Independent candidate. At the forthcoming election the Unionists are likely to put a champion in the field, and the name of Mr. John Buchan is being mentioned in this connexion. It is uncertain whether the Liberals will make a three-cornered fight of it.

THE CHURCH IN INDIA

PROGRESS OF ENDOWMENT FUND

To assist in the appeal, published in *The Times* last Thursday, for the endowment of the Church in India, a committee was formed some weeks ago consisting of the following members:—

The Archbishop of Canterbury, Archbishop Lord Davidson, Lord Zetland, the Dowager Marchioness of Dufferin and Ava, Lord Willingdon, Lord Chelmsford, Lord Goschen, Bishop Eyre Chatterton, Bishop Clifford, Bishop Copleston, Bishop Fyfe, Bishop Hope Gill, Bishop Knight, Bishop E. J. Palmer, Bishop Weldon, Bishop Whitehead, Lord Lamington, Lord Meston, Lady Cable, Sir Charles McLeod, Lady Bennett, Lady Proctor, Sir Anton Bertram, Sir Geoffrey Clarke, Sir Stephen Demetriadi, Sir John Hewett, Sir Claude Hill, Sir Arthur Hirtzel, Sir Robert Holland, Field-Marshal Sir Claud Jacob, Sir Austin Low, Sir Edward Maclagan, Sir Edward Midwinter, Sir Alfred Pickford, Colonel Sir Donald Robertson, Lieutenant-General Sir Thomas Scott, Sir Michael Sadler, Sir George Sutherland, Sir Montagu Turner, Sir Leslie Wilson, Sir Nevs Wadia, Dame Mary Monica Wills, Archdeacon Godber, Archdeacon Hamerton, Archdeacon Smith, the Rev. Wilson Cash, the Rev. G. Gosling, the Rev. A. J. Mortimore, the Rev. Stacy Waddy, Mr. Trevor J. Matthews, Mr. W. S. Millard, Mr. J. S. Wardlaw Milne, Mr. F. R. Wilson, and the Bishop of Salisbury (chairman of the Missionary Council of the Church Assembly).

Among the gifts or promises, totalling £36,815 5s., already made (in many cases extending over a term of years), are the following:—

H.M. The King, £100; the Archbishop of Canterbury, £100; Colonial Bishoprics Fund, £15,000; S.P.C.K., £5,950; Dame Mary Monica Wills, £7,000; Lady Cable, £2,000; Five Friends of the Church, £5,000; Mr. R. L. Barclay, £1,000; Mr. J. H. Buxton, £500; Anon., £300; Sir George Sutherland, £105; Lady Bennett, £100; Mr. F. R. Wilson and Dr. Wilson, £100; Sir Charles McLeod, £99 10s.; Bishop Chatterton, £50; Mr. W. Davies, £50; H.E. Viscount Willingdon, £35; the Marquess of Zetland, £25; Sir Alfred Pickford, £25; Bishop Clifford, £20.

The sum which the Church of England is asked to raise is £50,000. Contributions may be sent to the Treasurer, Indian Church Endowment Fund, Indian Church Aid Association Offices, Church House, Dean's Yard, Westminster, S.W.1.

HOLIDAYS IN ULSTER

STEADY INCREASE IN POPULARITY

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

BELFAST, MAY 10

Northern Ireland is attracting a steadily increasing number of visitors. It has always had the advantage of very beautiful scenery, but organization has improved the opportunities for holidays in some important respects. Ulster is providing for the comfort, and in some places for the luxurious entertainment, of its guests, and yet has left its quiet little seaside places unspoiled. Hotels are now to be found within reach of all its finest and wildest scenery. Excellent roads have made more of it accessible, and even the maze of dreaming by-ways and mountain routes need not be avoided by the motorist.

Few things in Ulster are more remarkable than its roads. They invite a far heavier flow of traffic than has yet found them. At least 40 miles of first-class road traverses the very edge of the Antrim coast on the north, squeezed in between the sea and great, grassy hills, at present ablaze with gorse or sprinkled with the delicate yellow of many primroses. An equally good road serves the coast of County Down on the east and runs past the skirts of the Mourne Mountains, though in this case the sea is not so close, and generally the scenery is softer. Across Ulster from Belfast to Londonderry, from Armagh to Newry, near the border, there are fine roads through a lovely countryside, climbing sometimes on to high peat moors with picturesque views into deep bays where sand and white limestone pebbles shine in the sun.

UNSPOILT BEAUTY

Well enough as Ulster is served by its railways, the roads have opened out all its beauties and natural attractions, and hardly any of these have been "improved" in the modern sense. Seaside places in the north, like Portrush and Ballycastle, have left their rocky or sandy bays untouched except for the provision of paths and bathing pools. Newcastle, in the east, has given much more attention to its golf course and great hotel than to its sea front. Rostrevor, within its land-locked bay, has a fine stretch of coast road, but has added little else to the charm of its steep, wooded hills. Bangor alone, growing fast and keenly energetic, is committed to a development scheme and is seeking the best help in planning its front.

If the bigger places are left unspoiled, the little ones, strange mixtures of natural conditions and humble dwellings, have never thought of artificial pretensions. Some, like Castlerock, near Port Stewart, are tiny spots where good hotels go with extreme remoteness and quietness. Others, like Kilkeel, on the Down coast, are typical little Irish towns, narrow of street, with a wide market place, raised into importance by the hotels which the tourists need. And all these places are mere accessories of the real picture of Ulster. The country they serve is almost completely different from anything in England. The moors above Ballycastle may suggest Dartmoor in their breadth and height and utter isolation; the Glens of Antrim have some affinity with the narrow wooded valleys of Devonshire, but both are exceptions.

A large part of Ulster displays wide expanses and huge rounded hills that sweep up in long curves into bare crests of grey or brown. Whitewashed farmhouses and cabins are scattered on these slopes among the multitude of little fields. Most of its coast-line is rock. Its sea shore, except in a few places, is strewn with boulders and pebbles, and the smell of the sea may be met away from the coast, where the farmers use seaweed as manure.

HISTORIC CITIES

The places of interest are not unpleasantly pretentious. Londonderry remains fiercely proud of its historic past, and its embattled walls tell much of their own tale. It is on the whole proud, too, of its association with London and bears many tokens of that link, yet it is a friendly city. Armagh, for all its long history and its two cathedrals, is a quiet little place of winding, narrow streets and all the simplicity of a small market town. Carrickfergus, with its ancient castle and the pier at which William of Orange landed, is another town of small streets and sharp corners. Belfast, as a great industrial centre, stands outside this category, but it has its own lovely lough and gives easy access to much fine country. It has Lough Neagh almost on its fringe, the biggest lake in the British Isles, largely stocked with a kind of fresh-water herring and set beautifully in low, wooded banks.

The people of Ulster have recognized the modern tendency towards travelling holidays and have realized how much of their Province is naturally attractive. Already the cheaper type of holiday has gained support. Some thousands of people from Scotland, Yorkshire, and Lancashire take their holidays in one of the cheaper hotels and are driven to places of interest day by day under an arrangement which secures them in advance against heavy expense. Some of these hotels, though admirably equipped, are still not alive to the need of single rooms. But there are many others which have taken great pains to satisfy the wants of the average English visitor and to offer him accommodation and service at least as good as he could find at home. The sound business sense of the Northern Irish is rapidly making the Province a notable place of resort.

BELFAST EMPIRE WEEK

The Belfast Empire Week opens to-day, and the Governor of Northern Ireland (the Duke of Abercorn), the Belfast Corporation, an influential citizens' committee, and the Empire Marketing Board are cooperating to make the Empire Week worthy of its name.

The week will be opened by the Governor, who will address a great gathering outside the City Hall. A massed choir, conducted by Captain Brennan, the City Organist, will sing "Land of Hope and Glory," "O God, our help in ages past," and the National Anthem, and the Duke will speak on the importance of the movement. In the afternoon the Empire Goods Exhibition will be opened in the Ulster Hall. There will be a demonstration of Empire cookery, and educational films will be shown. It has been arranged that over 2,000 children shall visit the demonstrations, and there will be essay competitions for them.

On Tuesday night a Grand Empire ball will be held in the Plaza. It has been organized by a committee with the Lady Mayoress (Lady Coates) as president, and it will be under the patronage of the Governor and the Duchess of Abercorn. A novelty will be a fancy dress competition for representations of nationally advertised British goods.

During the week there will be shop window dressing competitions for the display of Ulster and Empire goods, for which numerous prizes will be given.

On Friday there will be a parade through the city, representative of British industry and commerce, and the week will conclude on Saturday with an Imperial parade, in which the Navy, the Army, the Air Force, the Police, and young peoples' organizations will take part.

THE NEW LAUREATE

A correspondent writes:—May I put on record the following facts about the new Poet Laureate? John Edward Masefield was born on June 1, 1878, at The Knapp, Ledbury, Herefordshire. His father, who died when his sons were boys, was Mr. George Edward Masefield, a solicitor who practised at Ledbury, and when his father died lived at The Priory, Ledbury. He married Caroline Parker, daughter of the Rector of Great Comberton, in Worcestershire. Masefield and his brothers and sisters were brought up by an uncle, the late Mr. William Masefield, and his wife, who then lived at The Priory from the time of Mr. G. E. Masefield's death. John Masefield was first of all sent to the King's School, Warwick, but as he was keen to go to sea he went from there to H.M.S. Conway, at Rockferry, Liverpool, where he spent several years, and left with many prizes. As was the custom then, he went as an apprentice on board a sailing ship round Cape Horn to Iquique, in Chile, but he was very seriously ill on the voyage and was sent home by steamer. This was the only voyage he ever took in a sailing ship, and he did not serve before the mast. On his return from Iquique he qualified as an officer in the Merchant Service, was appointed to the White Star Line as sixth officer, and was sent to join the ss. Adriatic at New York. On arrival there he gave up the sea as a profession and spent several years principally in New York State trying his hand at many methods of earning a living, and incidentally obtaining a wonderful knowledge of humanity. At this time he had a few articles published in American papers, but it was not until after his return to England that he began serious writing.

Anyone acquainted as I am with Ledbury, and the country surrounding it, will realize that many of his earlier narrative poems were written on and round that beautiful little town.

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This Collection of hand-made Crêpe-de-Chine Lingerie includes Nightgowns at 10/-, 15/-, 20/-, 30/-, and 39/6, and a wide assortment of Cami-Knickers for day and evening wear.

ON no account should you overlook these really astonishing Lingerie Values! The exquisite designs and textures, the vast variety of styles, and above all, the most attractive prices, will well repay even a long journey. If you are thinking of Trousseaux, of Holidays, of 'Special Occasions,' you will find these Values more appealing than ever!

'BAMBOULA.' French model Pyjama. The Jumper and Trousers are of heavy Crêpe-de-Chine, in Golden Melon colour, and the Coatee is in Black Taffeta, figured in colours to tone with the Suit. 8Gns

'YVONNE.' Georgette and Washing Satin, in soft Pink, are combined in this lovely French Nightgown, trimmed with Racine Lace. 49/6

'NICOLETTE.' This French Cami-Knicker, fashioned on Empire lines, has a low cut back. It is of Racine Lace and Washing Satin, in Haze Pink. 49/6

'MICHELE.' The Nightgown of this Two-Piece Ensemble is of Haze Pink Silk Georgette, beautifully trimmed with Racine Lace. The same design is repeated on the Matinée Jacket, the wing sleeves being made entirely of the Lace. 5 Gns

LINGERIE FIRST FLOOR

The Counsellors of Beauty will continue at Harrods during this week.

So wide-spread has been the interest in the Beauty Counsellors who have been advising at Harrods this past week that a further week of their services has been arranged. These Beauty Counsellors are from the famous Houses of:—Elizabeth Arden, Harriet Hubbard Ayer, Eleanor Adair, Helena Rubenstein, Innoxa, Gal, Cyclax, Atkinson, Hélène, Coty, Roger et Gallet, Chanel, Houbigant, Molyneux, Lentheric.

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Broadcasting

THE PROGRAMMES

LORD LOTHIAN ON AMERICA

The National programme's series of talks on America, entitled "Stars and Stripes," will begin this evening at 9.25 with an address by Lord Lothian (Mr. Philip Kerr) on "What is the United States?"

PROGRAMMES

The broadcasting arrangements for to-day, May 12, are as follows:—

NATIONAL PROGRAMME — 1,148kc. (261.3m.), 193kc. (1,554.4m.).

10.15 a.m. :—Service. **10.30** :—Time Signal from Greenwich; Weather. **10.45** :—The Countrywoman's Day. 2—How to Manage an Oil Stove, by Mr. F. Ranson. **11-11.30** :—(261.3m. only) Experimental Television Transmission by the Baird Process (Vision). **12** :—Organ Recital, relayed from Southwark Cathedral; Violet Thackeray (contralto). **1.15** :—National Orchestra of Wales (Leader, Louis Levitus), conducted by Reginald Redman, from Cardiff. **2** :—For the Schools: Special Talk for Preparatory Schools: Transport, 2—Motors, by Lieut.-Col. J. T. C. Moore-Brabazon. **2.20** :—Interlude. **2.30** :—Days of Old—in the Eighteenth and Nineteenth Centuries: 3—Coaching Days on the Road, by Miss Rhoda Power. **3** :—Interlude. **3.5** :—Stories for Younger Pupils.—3—The Lost Daughter and the Fairy Cows (Breton), by Miss Rhoda Power. **3.20** :—B.B.C. Dance Orchestra. **4.15** :—Orchestra, relayed from Grosvenor House.

5.15 :—Children: E. J. Moeran will play some of his own compositions, including An April Evening, which has been specially written for the Children's Hour. The Story of the Colonel (Percy Clark), Charabancs Joe (Wolseley Charles), and other songs sung by Arthur Wynn. **6** :—The Wedgwood Bi-Centenary, by Sir Francis Joseph. **6.15** :—Weather; News. **6.40** :—Violin Music of Corelli, played by Eda Kersey. **7-7.20** :—New Novels, by Miss V. Sackville-West. **7.25** :—French Talk, by E. M. Stéphan.

7.45 :—1. Clapham and Dwyer, in another Spot of Bother. 2. Melville Gideon (entertainer at the piano). 3. Half an hour in a Teashop—a sketch, by Beatrice Mayor, with Katherine Hynes, Gladys Young, Harman Grisewood, Lionel Millard. 4. Marie Burke (comedienne). 5. Arthur Young and Robert Probst, at two pianos. 6. The Wireless Orchestra, conducted by John Ansell. **9** :—Weather; News; London and New York Stock Exchange Reports; Shipping Forecast and Fat Stock Prices (1,554.4m. only). **9.25** :—Stars and Stripes, I—What is the United States? by Lord Lothian. **9.45** :—Intimate Snapshots in 1930, with the Microphone as Camera: a New Form of Entertainment, by Lance Sieveking; the Lens will focus on Frank Birch, Harman Grisewood, Malcolm Young, Andrew Churchman, Frank Denton, Lionel Millard, Gladys Young, Jean Allistone, Hermione Gingold, Peggie Robb-Smith, Philip Wade, Cyril Twyford, Doris Arnold, Alba Rizzi, Winifred Nolan, Lionel Scott, Joan Brierley, Gerald Jerome, George Howe, and Edgar B. Skeet. **10.30-11** :—Band from the Ambassador Club. **11-11.15** :—(1,554.4m. only) Ambassador Club Band. **11.15-12** :—(1,554.4m. only) Ted Lewis's Musical Clowns, from the Kit-Cat Restaurant.

LONDON REGIONAL PROGRAMME.—842kc. (356.3m.).

11-11.30 a.m. :—Experimental Television Transmission by the Baird Process (Sound). **12** :—Olive Hemingway (soprano); Mervyn Lambert (baritone). **12.30** :—Gramophone Records. **1** :—Orchestra, from the Piccadilly Hotel. **2-3** :—Midland Regional Programme. **5.15** :—B.B.C. Dance Orchestra. **6.15** :—Weather; News. **6.40** :—Midland Regional programme. **8** :—To-day and To-morrow: A Philosophy of Progress, 3—About the Sources of Unreality in Experience, by Professor J. MacMurray. **8.30** :—Das Rheingold, conducted by Robert Heger, relayed from the Royal Opera House, Covent Garden. **11** :—Band, from the Ambassador Club. **11.15-12** :—Ted Lewis's Musical Clowns, from the Kit-Cat Restaurant.

MIDLAND REGIONAL PROGRAMME.—626kc. (479.2m.).

12 :—London Regional programme. **12.30** :—London Regional programme. **1** :—London Regional programme. **2-3** :—Lozells Picture House Orchestra. **5.15** :—Children: Five Cocks a-crowing, a Story by Molly K. McIntosh; Norman Newman (saxophone); More about Dragons and Dragon Slayers, by Helen M. Enoch; Songs by Joan Coxon (soprano). **6** :—London Regional Programme. **6.15** :—Weather; News. **6.40** :—The Midland Wireless Orchestra, conducted by Joseph Lewis; Joan Coxon (soprano); Edna Iles (pianoforte). **8** :—London Regional programme. **8.30-11** :—London Regional programme.

ABERDEEN (995kc.) (301.5m.).

10.15 a.m. :—Service. **10.30-11** :—National programme. **2.40** :—Dance programme. **4** :—National programme. **9.15** :—Scottish News. **9.25-11** :—National programme.

BELFAST (1,238kc.) (242.3m.).

10.15-10.30 a.m. :—Service. **12-1** :—Gramophone Records. **2.25** :—National programme. **3.30** :—Radio Quartet. **4** :—The Orchestra; Alexandra Toppin (soprano); Lionel Millard (saxophone). **5.15** :—Children. **6** :—Mr. William Moore—Humour in an Ulster Village. **6.15** :—National programme. **9.15** :—Regional News. **9.25-11** :—National programme.

BOURNEMOUTH (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

10.15-10.30 a.m. :—Service. **10.30-11** :—National programme. **2-11** :—National programme.

CARDIFF (968kc.) (309.9m.).

10.15 a.m. :—Service. **10.30-11** :—National programme. **1.15** :—The National Orchestra of Wales (Leader, Louis Levitus), conducted by Reginald Redman, relayed from the National Museum of Wales. **2** :—National programme. **4** :—Welcome to the Railway Queen arranged by the Great Western Railway Social and Educational Union, relayed from the Knightstone Pavilion Theatre, Weston-super-Mare; the Massed School Choirs of Weston-super-Mare, directed by A. H. Pearce; the Trumpeters of the Swindon G.W.R. Social and Educational Union Band; the Great Western Railway Paddington Pipe Band; Mr. H. J. Butler and Sir William Jones welcome the Railway Queen (Miss Molly Brown); the Swindon Great Western Railway String Orchestra, conducted by F. Stone; the Swindon Great Western Railway Male Voice Choir, conducted by Charles H. Warner; Presentation by Mr. Edward S. Hadley. **5.15** :—Children. **6** :—Mr. A. S. Burge—Sporting Events. **6.15** :—National programme. **9.15** :—West Regional News. **9.25-11** :—National programme.

DUBLIN—Call 2RN (413m.), 1kw.

1.30 :—Time, Weather, Stock Report, and Gramophone Concert. **6** :—Gramophone Records. **6.15** :—Children. **7** :—Gramophone Records. **7.20** :—News. **7.30** :—Thomas Irish Lesson. **7.40** :—Talk by Marcella O'Connell. **8** :—Selections by the Station Orchestra. **8.15** :—A Play by the Dublin Repertory Company. **8.45** :—Concert. St. Patrick's Recital: Rachel Percival (harp); Rachel Percival (pianist); Operatic Selections by the Station Orchestra and Soloists. **10** :—The Cellidhe Trio. **10.30** :—Time, News, Weather.

DUNDEE (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

EDINBURGH (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

10.15 a.m. :—Service. **10.30-11** :—National programme. **2.40** :—Glasgow programme. **6** :—National programme. **9.15** :—Scottish News. **9.25-11** :—National programme.

GLASGOW—752kc. (398.9m.).

10.15 a.m. :—Service. **10.30-11** :—National programme. **2.40** :—Dance Music, by the Scott-Dey Quartet. **3** :—Stewart McDonald's Natural History Round the Year (3) The Web of Life. **3** :—The Octet; John S. Vance (trombone); Alexander Rose (baritone). **4** :—Band, relayed from the Plaza Palais de Danse. **4.30** :—The Octet; Jean Hamilton (soprano); Walter Worsley (French horn). **5.15** :—Children. **5.57** :—Weather Forecast for Farmers. **6** :—National programme. **9.15** :—Scottish News. **9.25-11** :—National programme.

MANCHESTER—797kc. (376.4m.).

10.15 a.m. :—Service. **10.30-11** :—National programme. **2** :—National programme. **3.20** :—Northern Wireless Orchestra; Dorothy Reid (contralto), from Manchester; Dennis G. Boocock (pianoforte), from Leeds. **5.15** :—Children. **6** :—National programme. **9.15** :—North Regional News. **9.25-11** :—National programme.

PLYMOUTH—1,040kc. (288.5m.).

10.15 a.m. :—Service. **10.30-11** :—National programme. **2** :—National programme. **5.15** :—Children. **6** :—National programme. **9.15** :—Local News. **9.25-11** :—National programme.

SWANSEA—1,040kc. (288.5m.).

10.15 a.m. :—Service. **10.30-11** :—National programme. **1.19** :—National programme. **4.15** :—Cardiff programme. **5.15** :—National programme. **9.15** :—West Regional News. **9.25-11** :—National programme.

RELAY STATIONS.—LIVERPOOL (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), LEEDS-BRADFORD (1,500kc. and 1,040kc.) (200m. and 288.5m.), NEWCASTLE (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), SHEFFIELD (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), HULL (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), STOKE-ON-TRENT (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

10.15 a.m. :—Service. **10.30-11** :—National programme. **2** :—National programme. **3.20** :—Manchester and Leeds programme (see Manchester). **5.15** :—Manchester programme. **6** :—National programme. **9.15** :—North Regional News. **9.25-11** :—National programme.

FOREIGN STATIONS.

NOTE.—Hours of transmission are British Summer Time. Hours are p.m. unless otherwise stated.

BARCELONA (Radio Barcelona)—Call EAJ1 (349m.), 5kw.—7 :—Talk on Fascism by Wenceslao Margarit of Parma. **7.10** :—Trio Music and News. **8-9.30** :—Interval. **9.30** :—Talk.—The Dwelling Places of Primitive Man. **10** :—Trio Music. **10.30** :—Stock Quotations. **10.35** :—Concert, relayed from Bordeaux-Lafayette (304m.). In the interval, News and Barcelona Exhibition Notes.

BELGRADE (429m.), 2.5kw. **7.30** :—French Lesson. **8** :—Talk.—Sibenik Cathedral. **8.30** :—International Concert relayed from Budapest. **10** :—Time and News. **10.15** :—Quartet Concert from the Works of Mozart.

BERLIN (Königswusterhausen) (1,635m.), 60kw.—4.30 :—See Berlin (Witzleben). **5.30** :—Talk.—Modern Photo Compositions. **6.05** :—Talk.—Hindenburg's Five Years as President (2). **6.30** :—Talk by Dr. Why we were so afraid of Italy. **6.40** :—Elementary English Lesson. **7** :—Prof. P. A. Schmid-Noerr reads his own Works. **7.30** :—Agricultural Talk. **7.55** :—Weather for Farmers. **8** :—Programme of French Music. **8.30** :—International Programme relayed from Budapest, followed by News and Dance Music from Berlin (Witzleben).

BERLIN (Witzleben) (418m.), 4kw.—4.30 :—Concert. **5.30** :—Trio di Diavolo, for Violin and Pianoforte (Partial); Two Rhapsodies, op. 79, No. 1 in B Minor and G Minor (Brahms); Sonata in E Minor, op. 27 (Pfitzner). **6.30** :—Song Cycle for Lower Voice, by Gottlieb. **7.30** :—Story told by H. Weiner tells the Story of his Life. **8.30** :—Programme of International Traffic. **9** :—Programme.—Germany and International Traffic. **10** :—Programme of Light Music. **10.30** :—Talk.—Berlin Industries: Examples of Local Industries. **11** :—Labour Market Reports. **11.15** :—The Grand Duchess of Gerolstein, Operetta in Four Acts (Offenbach), followed by Time, Weather, News, Sports and Dance Music.

BRESLAU (325m.), 3kw., and GLEIWITZ (253m.), 7.15 :—Weather Report for Agriculturists. **7.17** :—Gramophone Concert of Dance Music on Two Pianos. **7.55** :—Weather. **8** :—See Berlin (Witzleben). **10** :—News. **10.30** :—Wireless Correspondence.

BRUNN (342m.), 2.6kw.—7.5 :—Cabaret Concert.—In May. **8** :—Talk.—Jos. Mares. **9.30** :—See Prague. **10.15** :—News and Theatre Review. **10.30** :—Programme from Moravska-Ostrava.

BRUSSELS (508.5m.), 1kw.—5 :—Dance Music from the Agricultural Tea Rooms. **6** :—Talk.—Sun-ray Treatment and Phototherapy. **6.15** :—Selected Readings. **6.30** :—Trio Music. **7** :—Gramophone Records. **7.30** :—Le Journal parle. **8.45** :—Orchestral Concert.—Overture, Mesrolhe and glückliche Fahrt (Mendelssohn); En latenai (Debussy); Songs.—A la fontaine (Charpentier); La Source (Delibes); Prelude to Le Deluge (Saint-Saëns); Songs; Selection from The Water Carrier (Cherubini); Cello Solo: Le Cygne (Saint-Saëns); The Blue Danube (Strauss); Request Items. In the interval at 9 :—Topical Talk. **10.15** :—News.

BUDAPEST (550m.), 20kw. 6.30 :—German Language Lesson. **7.10** :—Concert by a Tzigane Orchestra. **7.50**:—Talk for Wireless Amateurs. **8.30** :—International Concert.—The Faust Symphony (Liszt) for Tenor and Orchestra, followed by Time, Weather and Orchestral Concert from the Café Ostende.

COPENHAGEN (281m.), 1kw., and KALUNDBORG (1,153m., 7kw.—6.20 :—English Language Lesson. **6.50** :—Weather and News. **7.15** :—Time Signal. **7.20** :—Talk.—Great Technicians, N. J. Fiord. **7.50** :—Commemoration Programme from the works of Jeppe Aakjaer on the occasion of the Poet's Death; Recital of Poems and Songs. **9.10** :—Cello Recital. **9.35** :—Film Reminiscences of Twenty Years. **10.20** :—News and Report of the Danish Workers' Radio Society. **10.40** :—Pianoforte Recital of Danish Miniatures. **11** :—Talk in English.—Danish Lands and Danish Trade.—Copenhagen.

CRACOW (311m.), 1kw.—7.10 :—Agricultural Report. **7.25** :—Miscellaneous Items, News and Sports Notes. **7.40** :—Press Review. **7.55** :—Time Signal. **8** :—Bugle Call from the Tower of St. Mary's Church. **8.5** :—Music Talk from Warsaw. **8.30** :—International Concert from Budapest. **10** :—Talk.—Spring in the Desert. **10.15** :—News from Warsaw. **11** :—Concert of Light Music. **12** (midnight) :—Bugle Call from the Tower of St. Mary's Church.

FECAMP (220m.), (1,363kc.), 1kw.—8.30 :—News. **9** :—Concert.—Half-an-Hour at the Barracks; Selections from the Works of Bach, Romani, and Bousquet.

FRANKFURT (470m.), 3kw., and CASSEL (346m.),—6.35 :—Nikolaus Schwarzkopf relates the Incidents that gave rise to his book Barfüst, and reads chapters from it. **7.5** :—English Language Lesson. **7.30** :—Walther von der Vogelweide—Programme in Commemoration of the 700th Anniversary of his Death. **8** :—Der Obersteiger, Operetta in Three Acts (Zeller). **10** :—News. **10.20** (from Cassel) :—Quoque (anolem—Humorous Wireless Play (O. Vivian); Scene laid in Rome in 63 B.C.

HILVERSUM (298m.), 5kw. After **6.40 p.m.** on **1,071m.**—**10.40 a.m.—12.40 a.m.** (Tuesday) :—Programme of the Algemeene Vereeniging Radio Omroep (A.V.R.O.). **10.40** :—Time and Daily Service. **12.40** :—The Station Quintet. **2.40** :—Talk.—Dockery. **3.25** :—Continental Concert, conducted by David Hartogs, relayed from the Rembrandt Theatre, Amsterdam. **5.10-5.40** :—Interval. **5.40** :—Children. **6.40** :—Time Signal. **6.42** :—Gramophone Records. **7.10** :—Exchange Quotations. **7.25** :—Short Theatre Talk. New Plays. **7.55** :—A Short Play. **8.25** :—Gramophone Records. **9.25** :—Talk (to be announced). **9.40**:—Orchestral Concert. **11.40**:—Gramophone Concert.

HUIZEN (1,875m.), 6.5kw.—8.55a.m. till close every day. Programme of the Christian Radio Society (N.C.R.V.). **8.55** :—Time Signal. **8.56-10.10**:—Concert. **11.10** :—Time Signal. **11.11** :—Service for Hospitals. **11.40** :—Reading. **12.10-12.40** :—Interval. **12.40-12.55** :—Police Notes. **1.10** :—Time Signal. **1.11** :—Organ Recital, from the Lutheran Church at Amsterdam. **2.25-3.15** :—No Transmission. **3.15** :—Gardening Talk—Dahlias. **3.55** :—Dressmaking Lesson. **4.25-4.40** :—Interval. **4.40** :—Time Signal. **4.41**:—Programme for Hospitals. **5.40**:—Time Signal. **5.41** :—Concert. **7.10** :—Literary Reading. **7.40** :—Time Signal. **7.41** :—Programme for Young People. **8.25** :—Police Notes. **8.40** :—Time Signal. **8.41**:—Concert. **10.40** (in the interval) :—News.

LAHTI (1,500m.), 40kw., and HELSINGFORS (1,221m.—6.15 :—Agricultural Talk. **6.30** :—Violin Recital. **6.55** :—Talk by Ilmari Helsinkinheimo. **7.20** :—Song Recital. **7.45** :—Recitations. **8.5** :—Orchestral Concert. **8.45** :—News in Finnish and Swedish.

LANGENBERG (472m.), 15kw. and **AIX-LA-CHAPELLE (463m.), COLOGNE (227m.), MUNSTER (234m.),—7** :—Economic Notes. Weather, and Sports Notes. **7.15** :—Spanish Conversation. **7.40** :—Technics for All—Talk. Coke Industry. **9.30** :—Round the Maypole.—Old Folk Dances, followed by News, Sports Notes, and Concert from the Café Wien am Ring, Cologne.

LEIPZIG (259m.), 3kw., and DRESDEN (319m.),—7 :—Talk, Explorations by Air in the Tropics Zone of South America. **7.30** :—Military Band Concert. **8.30** :—Readings from Imaginary Conversations (Landor). **9** :—Recital of Contemporary Italian Songs. **10** :—Time, Weather, News, Sports Notes, and Dance Music Programme.

MADRID (Unión Radio)—Call EA.37 (424m.), 3kw.—8 :—Chimes; Exchange Quotations, Market Prices, and Opera Music. **9.25** :—News.

MILAN—Call 1MI (501m.), 7kw.—7.15 :—Dinner Concert. **8** :—Report of the Geographical Society; Announcements. **8.15** :—News; Extracts from the Reviews. **8.30** :—Time Signal. **8.32** :—Dal Diavolo—Opera (Auber), preceded by Short Introductory Talk; Humorous Items and Talks in the interval. **11.3.** :—News and Short Concert.

MORAVSKA-OSTRAVA (263m.), 10kw.—7.5 :—Programme from Brünn. **8.30** :—Programme from Prague. **10.15** :—Programme Announcements and Theatre Review. **10.30** :—Modern English Dance Music.

MUNICH (535m.), 1.5kw., and AUGSBURG (566m.), 1.5kw.—7 :—Time, Weather, and Agricultural News. **7.15** :—Talk: Mongolia. **7.15** :—Labour Report. **7.45** :—Talk: The Chauffeur. **8** :—Gramophone Request Concert. **9.10** :—German Lyric Writers—Nikolaus Lenau. **9.28** :—Concert.

NAPLES—Call 1NA (331.4m.), 1.5kw.—8.30 :—Sports Notes, News, Club Notes, Announcements, and Harbour Notes. **9** :—Time Signal. **9.2** :—Variety Concert; In the interval, Sports Notes. **10.35** :—News.

OSLO (493m.), 60kw., and FREDRIKSSTAD (346m.), HAMAR (183m.), NOTODDEN (445m.), PORSGRUND (463m.), RJUKAN (445m.).—7 :—Shorthand Dictation. **7.15** :—Weather and News. **7.30** :—German Lesson. **8** :—Time Signal. **8.2** :—Rose Marie—Operetta (Friml), relayed from the Central Theatre. **9.35** :—Weather and News. **9.45** :—Topical Talk. **10.10** :—Talk in English. American Broadcasting. **10.40** :—Trio Concert.

PARIS (Eiffel Tower)—Call FL (1,445m.), 12kw.—8.50 :—Time Signal (32.5m.). **10.36** :—Time Signal (2,650m.). **4.45** :—Le Journal parle. **6.10** :—Meteorological Report. **8.20**:—Concert.—The Queen Symphony (Haydn); Pianoforte Sonata—(a) The Moonlight Sonata, op. 27 (Beethoven); (b) First Movement from the Sonata op. 35 (Chopin); (c) March from the Ruins of Athens (Beethoven); Overture, Mesrolde (Brunsen); Suite in Old Style (Blockx); Lohengrin (Wagner); Walter's Prize Song, from the Mastersingers (Wagner); Invocation à la nuit, from LA vie du Poète (Charpentier); Berceuse (Gambert); Pages d'Album, and Minuet in old style (Nérini), conducted by the Composer; Songs (Nérini), with pianoforte accompaniment by the Composer—(a) A une jeune Mariée, (b) A une femme; Selections from Manuell (Nérini), under the direction of the Composer; Berceuse du Petit Marino, from l'Arlequin (d'Olloise-Mouton); Danses arabes (Grumbach). At **9.56**—Time Signal (32.5m.). **11.36**:—Time Signal (2,650m.).

PARIS (Poste Parisien) (329m.), 0.8kw.—9 a.m.:—Transmission of Pictures. **9**:—Concert.—Prelude, Eva (Massenet); Si j'étais jardinier (Chaminade); Little Spanish Suite (Vidal); Question and Answer, from the Little Concert Suite (Coleridge-Taylor); Entr'acte and Dreams, from The Story of Israfil (David); Sonata in C minor for Violin and Pianoforte (Grieg); Ballet Music from Romeo and Juliet (Gounod); Au Soir (Dupont); Gavotte and Minuet, from Manon (Massenet); Sérénade à Nines (Lacme); Danse Bohémienne, from Le Tsiane d'argent (Saint-Saëns).

PARIS (Radio Paris)—Call CFR (1,725m.), 12kw.—12.30 :—Gramophone Concert. In the intervals, at 1 :—Exchange Quotations and News, and at **1.30** :—Exchange Quotations. **2** :—Exchange, Market Prices. **3.30** :—Exchange Quotations. **3.45** :—Orchestral Concert. **4.55** :—News and Exchange Quotations. **6.30**:—New York Exchange Rates. **6.35** :—Agricultural Report and Racing Results. **7.5** :—Talk: The Centenary of Romanticism—Conclusion. **7.30** :—Advanced Book-keeping Lesson. **8** :—Commercial Prices, Economic and Social Notes and News. **8** :—Variety Concert. In the intervals, at **8.30** :—Sports Review, and at **9.15** :—Press Review, News, and Time Signal.

PRAGUE (487m.), 5kw.—7.5 :—Programme from Brünn. **8** :—Talk: Stage Architecture. **8.30** :—International Concert, relayed from Budapest. **10** :—Time, Weather, News, Sports Notes. **10.15** :—Announcements. Theatre Review, and Programme Announcements. **10.30** :—Programme from Moravska-Ostrava. **11** :—Time Signal.

ROME—Call 1RO (441m.), 5kw.—7 :—Time Signal. **9.2** :—Concert of Folk Music and Dance Music. News after the Programme.

STOCKHOLM—Call SASA (434m.), 1.5kw., and MOTALA (1,935m.), 30kw., BODEN (1,389m.), GOTEBORG (322m.), HORBY (257m.), OSTERSUND (770m.), SUNDSVALL (542m.).—7 :—Elementary English Lesson, relayed from Jonkoping (262m.). **7.30** :—Report from the Bildedag. **7.55** :—Military Band Concert. **8.30** :—Agricultural Talk. **9.40** :—Orchestral Concert of Light Music. In the interval, Reading.

STUTTGART (360m.), 3kw., and FREIBURG (570m.).—7 :—Time Signal. **7.5** (till Close Down) :—Programme from Frankfurt. In the Interval, at **10** :—News.

TOULOUSE (Radiophonie du Midi) (381m.), 8kw.—7 :—Russian Lesson. **7.15** :—News. **7.30** :—Orchestral Concert. **8** :—Exchange Quotations. **8.15** :—Transmission of Pictures. **8.25** :—Concert of Light Music. **9** :—Relay of a Comedy. **10.15**:—North African News.

TURIN—Call 1TO (291m.), 7kw.—7.15 :—Concert. **8** :—Report of the Geographical Society; Announcements. **8.15** :—News; Extracts from the Reviews. **8.30** :—Time Signal. **8.32** :—Dal Diavolo—Opera (Auber), preceded by Short Introductory Talk; Humorous Items and Talks in the interval. **11.3.** :—News and Short Concert.

VIENNA (516.9m.), 15kw., and GRAZ (382.5m.), INNSBRUCK (283.5m.), KLAGENFURT (453.2m.), and LINZ (240.9m.—6.30 :—Talk: Holland for Holidays. **7** :—Talk: Philosophy as the Sum Total of Scientific Knowledge. **7.30** :—Talk: A Prehistoric Salt Mine. **7.55** :—Time, Weather, and Programme Announcements. **8** :—Song Recital, from the Works of Brahms and Schumann. **8.30** :—International Programme, relayed from Budapest, followed by Light Music.

OTHER FOREIGN STATIONS

The following stations will also broadcast varied programmes, beginning at the times stated:—

KATOWICE (408.7m.), 10kw.—11.58 a.m.
KONIGSBERG (275m.), 4kw.—4.30 p.m.
LAUSANNE.—Call HB2 (480m.), 1.5kw.—6.45 a.m.
LYONS (Radio Lyon) (286m.), 1.5kw.—12 (noon).
PITTSBURGH, Pa.—Call KDKA (356m.), 25kw.—1 p.m. Relayed from Pittsburgh at intervals on Greenwich time from 11 p.m.
SCHENECTADY, N.Y.—Call WGY (379.5m.), 30kw.—11.45 a.m. Relayed by 2XAF on 31.48m. from 10.30 p.m. (approx.) and by 2XAD on 19.56m. from 10.30 p.m.-5 a.m.
WARSAW (1,411m.), 10kw.—11.30 a.m.
ZAGREB (307m.), 0.7kw.—12.30 p.m.
ZURICH (459m.), 0.65kw.—12.30 p.m.

From The Times of 1830

WEDNESDAY, MAY 12, 1830. Price 7d.

Some conversation, which however had no result, took place last night in the House of Lords on the poor-laws. We suspect that an immense proportion of the evil ascribed to the system arises out of the changed habits of society. The speculative and splendid-living race of agriculturists during the reign of high prices drove from the land the plain farmer of old times, whose manners were simple, and whose gains, though comparatively small, were equal to his wants. Where is such a man now to be found? On the banks of the St. Lawrence, or in the swamps of New South Wales. Large farms have destroyed or driven into exile the honest industrious tenant of 50 acres, and his half-companions, half-servants. All-grasping avarice, one day successful, the next bankrupt, which converts the whole soil at one time into a mere slave-factory moved by what may be called human machinery, leaves it, on the first failure, a mere waste, encumbered with starving serfs. The remedy for this mischief is not to be found in any legislative tampering with the statute of Elizabeth; it must spring—whence gradually it will spring—from a total alteration of the condition and habits of agricultural society. The degrading and destructive system which has treated man as a mere machine, must be superseded by that better scheme of our forefathers, which considered a manly and independent peasantry as the greatest glory of the nation.

3 per Cent. Cons. 92¾.

Mails and Shipping

OUTWARD MAILS

TO-DAY'S DISPATCHES

Mails will be dispatched from London to the destinations shown.

The times given are the latest hours for posting at the General Post Office, King Edward-street, London, E.C.1. In some of the district offices collections will be closed earlier.

NOON.—To China (all parts)*, Japan*, Jamaica.
6 P.M.—To West Coast of Africa (French Equatorial Africa (Gabon), French Senegal and Sudan), Faroe Islands.
8 P.M.—To Canary Islands (all parts), United States*, Bahamas, Bermuda, Bolivia (North), Central America (British Honduras, Guatemala, Honduras Republic, Nicaragua, Panama, Salvador), Cuba and Mexico, Chile (North), Colombia (exc. Santa Marta), Ecuador, Peru (exc. Iquitos), West Indies (Leeward Islands).

TO-MORROW (TUESDAY)

NOON.—To China (all parts)*, Japan*.
6 P.M.—To China (all parts)*, Egypt, Palestine and Syria, Straits Settlements*.

FULL LIST OF DISPATCHES

In the following table are shown the main oversea mails, other than daily, including those set out above, to be dispatched shortly from London:—

Destination		Posting at G.P.O., London	
ARGENTINA, BOLIVIA (exc. North), CHILE (exc. North), PARAGUAY AND URUGUAY:—			
Du. pkt. (Gelria)		May 14	8 p.m.
Du. pkt.† (Gelria)		May 15	6 p.m.
Ital. pkt. (Duilio)		May 17	6 p.m.
Fr. pkt.†† (Lutetia)		May 20	5.30 p.m.
Fr. pkt.†† (Lutetia)		May 21	5.30 p.m.
Ger. pkt.† (Cap Arcona)		May 21	6 p.m.
ASCENSION AND ST. HELENA: U.-Castle (Llandovery Castle)		May 29	7.30 a.m.
AUSTRALIA: P. & O. (Comorin and Barrabool)		May 15	6 p.m.
P. & O. (Mores and Mongolia)		May 22	6 p.m.
AUSTRALIA (Adelaide, &c.) AND ALL EASTERN STATE CITIES: Air Mail§		May 15	6 p.m.
BAHAMAS, BERMUDA, BOLIVIA (N.), PERU (exc. Iquitos): Via N.Y. (Leviathan)		May 12	8 p.m.
BRAZIL (exc. Ceara, &c.): Du. pkt. (Gelria)		May 14	8 p.m.
(exc. Ceara, &c.): Du. pkt.† (Gelria)		May 15	6 p.m.
(Ceara, Maranhao): Booth (Hubert)		May 15	6 p.m.
(Rio, Santos): Ital. pkt. (Duilio)		May 17	6 p.m.
(Para, Manaos): Booth (Hildebrand)		May 19	8 p.m.
(Rio, Santos): Fr. pkt.†† (Lutetia)		May 20	5.30 p.m.
(Rio, Santos): Fr. pkt.†† (Lutetia)		May 21	5.30 p.m.
(Rio, Santos): Ger. pkt.† (Cap Arcona)		May 21	6 p.m.
CANADA (all parts): Via N.Y. (Homeric)		May 14	2 a.m.
(all parts): Direct (Duchess of Richmond)		May 16	2 a.m.
(Quebec City, &c.): Direct (Laurentic)		May 16	6 p.m.
(Quebec City, &c.): Via N.Y.† (Aquitania)		May 17	2 a.m.
(exc. Quebec City, &c.): Via N.Y. (Aquitania)		May 17	2 a.m.
(Mat. Post) (all parts): Direct (Duchess of Richmond)		May 15	3.30 p.m.
(Mag. Post) (all parts): Direct (Laurentic)		May 16	5.30 p.m.
CANARY ISLANDS (all parts): E. and F. (Orotava)		May 12	8 p.m.
(all parts): Du. pkt. (Gelria)		May 14	8 p.m.
(all parts): Du. pkt.† (Gelria)		May 15	6 p.m.
(all parts): U.-Castle (Dunluce Castle)		May 16	7.30 a.m.
(Tenerife): E.D. (Duro)		May 17	2 a.m.
(all parts): Nelson (Highland Chieftain)		May 17	7.30 a.m.
(all parts): Nelson† (Highland Chieftain)		May 17	6 p.m.
CAPE VERD IS.: B. Star (Almeda Star)		May 22	7.30 a.m.
CENTRAL AMERICA (B. Honduras, Guatemala, Honduras Republic, Nicaragua, Panama, Salvador), CUBA AND MEXICO: Via N.Y. (Leviathan)		May 16	11.30a.m
CEYLON: P. & O. (Comorin and Barrabool)		May 12	8 p.m.
P. & O. (Mores and Mongolia)		May 15	6 p.m.
CHINA (all parts): Via Siberia*		May 22	6 p.m.
(all parts): Holt* (Pyrrhus)		Daily	Noon
(Hong-kong, S. China): Via Suez and Bombay (Comorin)		May 13	6 p.m.
(all parts): Via Vancouver (Emp. of Scotland and Emp. of Asia)		May 15	6 p.m.
COLOMBIA (exc. S. Marta), CHILE (N.): Via N.Y. (Leviathan)		May 17	2 a.m.
(S. Marta): E. & F. (Bayano)		May 12	8 p.m.
COSTA RICA: E. & F. (Ariguani)		May 16	7.30 a.m.
DUTCH EAST INDIES: Du. pkt. (J. van Oldenbarnevelt)		May 17	7.30 a.m.
Du. pkt. (J. van Oldenbarnevelt)		May 14	6 p.m.
P. & O. (Comorin)		May 15	1.30 p.m.
EAST AFRICA (Kenya, Uganda, Zanzibar and Tanganyika): P. & O. (Comorin)		May 15	6 p.m.
ECUADOR: Via N.Y. (Leviathan)		May 12	8 p.m.
EGYPT, PALESTINE AND SYRIA: Ital. pkt. (Esperia)		May 13	6 p.m.
Ital. pkt. (Esperia)		May 14	9 a.m.
EGYPT (exc. Port Said) AND SUDAN: Ital. pkt. (Vienna)		May 14	6 p.m.
EGYPT, (exc. Port Said): Ital. pkt. (Vienna)		May 15	9 a.m.
EGYPT, CYPRUS, SUDAN, PALESTINE, &c.: P. & O. (Comorin)		May 15	6 p.m.
EGYPT, SUDAN, PALESTINE, &c.: Air Mail§		May 17	6 a.m.
FALKLAND IS.: Via M'video (Duilio and Tauric)		May 17	6 p.m.
FAROE IS.: Direct (Skelpier)		May 12	6 p.m.
FIJI: Via Vancouver (Duchess of Richmond and Aorangi)		May 16	2 a.m.
Via Vancouver (Aquitania and Aorangi)		May 17	2 a.m.
GUIANAS (Br., Fr., and Du.): Harrison (Statesman)		May 14	2 a.m.
E. & F. (Ariguani)		May 17	7.30 a.m.
INDIA, ADEN, PERSIA (exc. North), (Abadan, Bushire and Mohammerah) AND SEYCHELLES: P. & O. (Comorin)		May 15	6 p.m.
INDIA, IRAQ, PERSIA AND PERSIAN GULF: Air Mail§		May 17	6 a.m.
IRAQ, PERSIA (Abadan, Bushire and Mohammerah): P. & O. (Comorin)		May 15	6 p.m.
JAMAICA (J.M.M. (London Settlers)		May 12	Noon
E. & F. (Manzanares)		May 14	6 p.m.
E. & F. (Bayano)		May 16‖	7.30 a.m.
Via N.Y. (Aquitania)		May 17	2 a.m.
JAPAN: Via Siberia*		Daily	Noon
Via Vancouver (Emp. of Scotland and Emp. of Asia)		May 17	2 a.m.
MADEIRA: U.-Castle (Windsor Castle)		May 16	11.30a.m
E.D. (Duro)		May 17	2 a.m.
MAURITIUS: Via L. Marques (Windsor Castle)		May 16	11.30a.m
NEWFOUNDLAND: Vid N.Y. (Homeric)		May 14	2 a.m.
Via Canada (Duchess of Richmond) (Mag. Post): Via Canada (Duchess of Richmond)		May 15	5.30 p.m.
NEW ZEALAND: Via Vancouver (Duchess of Richmond and Aorangi)		May 16	2 a.m.
Via Vancouver (Aquitania and Aorangi)		May 17	2 a.m.
PERU (Iquitos): Booth (Hildebrand)		May 19	8 p.m.
PORTUGUESE EAST AFRICA: U.-Castle (Windsor Castle)		May 16	11.30a.m
SAMOA: Via Vancouver (Duchess of Richmond and Sierra)		May 16	2 a.m.
Via 'Frisco (Aquitania and S

No part of this Issue has been or will be underwritten.

A copy of this Prospectus has been delivered to the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies for registration.

Application will be made to the Committee of the Stock Exchange, London, for permission to deal in the Shares after allotment, and in due course for an official quotation.

The Subscription List will be closed to members of the public on or before Wednesday, 14th May, 1930, and to Shareholders and Stockholders in the City of London Real Property Company Limited on or before Thursday, 15th May, 1930.

C.L.R.P. INVESTMENT TRUST LIMITED.

(Incorporated under the Companies Act, 1929.)

CAPITAL - £600,000

Divided into 120,000 SHARES of £5 each.

Issue of 120,000 Shares of £5 each at Par.

The Directors are already aware of applications for 80,000 Shares, which will be made in terms of this Prospectus.

The Shares when issued and fully paid up will with the sanction of the Company in General Meeting be sub-divided and converted as from the 30th November, 1930, into £3 of Preference Stock and £2 of Ordinary Stock, the Preference Stock to bear a fixed cumulative preferential dividend at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum from 30th November, 1930, payable half-yearly on the 1st June and the 1st December in each year and to rank both as regards dividend and capital in priority to the Ordinary Stock.

The Shares now offered for subscription will, if the profits of the Company prove sufficient, be entitled to a dividend at the rate of 5% per annum from the date of allotment until 30th November, 1930, calculated on the amount of the instalments paid up from the respective due dates of payment and payable on 1st December, 1930.

The Company is not at liberty to issue additional Preference Stock or Shares ranking *pari passu* with the original Preference Stock to a total amount exceeding 60 per cent. of the total issued share capital.

On a return of assets the holders of Preference Stock are entitled to be paid all arrears of preferential dividends, whether earned or declared or not calculated down to the date of the return of assets and also to be repaid the amounts paid up on the Preference Stock held by them, but shall not be entitled to any other rights in the profits or assets of the Company. Subject to prior rights, the holders of Ordinary Stock are entitled to be repaid the amounts paid up on such Stock, and all surplus assets thereafter belong to the Ordinary Stock in proportion to the amounts paid up on such Ordinary Stock at the commencement of the return of assets.

No certificates will be issued until after the Shares have been converted into Stock, as soon as possible thereafter separate certificates will be issued in respect of each holding of Preference and Ordinary Stock in exchange for Allotment Letters and Banker's receipts.

The Preference and Ordinary Stocks will be transferable in multiples of £1.

Preferential consideration will be given to applications from Shareholders and Stockholders in the City of London Real Property Company Limited.

BARCLAYS BANK LIMITED, 54, Lombard Street, E.C.3,

and Branches are authorised, as Bankers for the Company, to receive applications for the above mentioned 120,000 £5 Shares.

PAYABLE AS FOLLOWS:—

£0	5	0	per Share on Application.
£1	0	0	... ... Allotment.
£1	5	0	... ... 30th June, 1930.
£1	5	0	... ... 30th August, 1930.
£1	5	0	... ... 31st October, 1930.
£5	0	0	

Payment in full may be made on Allotment or at any instalment date and Interest at the rate of three per cent. per annum will be allowed on such prepayments. Payment of interest on such prepayments will be made by separate cheque paid by the Company.

DIRECTORS.

WILLIAM ERNEST REID INNES (Chairman), 159, Fenchurch Street, London, E.C.3. Chairman of the City of London Real Property Company Limited.
SIR WILLIAM JAMES MILLER BURTON, 159, Fenchurch Street, London, E.C.3. Director of the City of London Real Property Company Limited.
WILLIAM JOHN ELDRIDGE, M.B.E., Dashwood House, 69, Old Broad Street, London, E.C.2. Director of the New York and General Trust Limited.
SYDNEY WALKER, 159, Fenchurch Street, London, E.C.3. Director of the City of London Real Property Company Limited.

BANKERS.

BARCLAYS BANK LIMITED, 54, Lombard Street, London, E.C.3.

AUDITORS.

TURQUAND YOUNGS & CO., 19, Coleman Street, London, E.C.2.

SOLICITORS.

BARNETT TURON & CO., 35, New Broad Street, London, E.C.2.
VINCENT & VINCENT, 20, Bedford Row, London, W.C.1.

BROKERS.

ROGER MORTIMER & CO., 20, Cornhill Avenue, London, E.C.3.
MOY, DAVIES, SMITH, VANDERVELL & CO., 7, Abeel Court, London, E.C.2.

SECRETARY AND REGISTERED OFFICE.

H. D. CURRY, 159, Fenchurch Street, E.C.3.

PROSPECTUS.

The Company was incorporated on the 1st day of May, 1930, for the purpose of carrying on the business of an Investment Trust Company in all its branches and the objects set out in the Memorandum of Association. The Directors think the present a very favourable time for investing money in carefully selected securities, following the lines of first-class Investment Trust Companies.

They have all had considerable experience in making investments, and the Directors of the City of London Real Property Company Limited have been especially pleased to secure the cooperation of Mr. W. J. Eldridge who is connected with a very successful group of Trust Companies and whose assistance will, therefore, be of great value. It should not be assumed that the Company will from the outset pay large dividends but it is anticipated that good and increasing profits will be shown.

It is intended to follow the main principles of high-class Trust Companies not to allow individual investments to exceed a small percentage of the total Capital and to have the risks widely spread. This can be done much more easily in the case of a Company than by most private investors, thereby increasing the opportunities of profit and reducing the risk of loss. The Ordinary Stocks of good Trust Companies stand very high and are difficult to obtain. The Shareholders of many of them have in addition to their dividends had the opportunity of acquiring additional Stock on very favourable terms.

In order to keep the expenses as low as possible, arrangements will be made with the City of London Real Property Company Limited to provide the necessary accommodation and staff in their office on favourable terms.

The Articles of Association empower the Directors at their discretion to raise any sums for the purposes of the Company and provide that, without the sanction of the Company in General Meeting the total amount of Debentures and Debenture Stock outstanding at any one time shall not in the aggregate exceed the amount of the issued share capital and the amount of the reserve accounts as appearing in the Balance Sheet last issued by the Company prior to the time of borrowing. Provided also that the total amount borrowed and outstanding at any one time shall not in the aggregate without the sanction of the Company in General Meeting, exceed the aforesaid limit by more than 25 per cent.

Under the Articles of Association, on a show of hands every Member present in person is entitled to one vote only, and upon a poll every Member present in person or by proxy is entitled to one vote for every £10 nominal Stock or Shares held by him.

Except in the case of securities issued or guaranteed by the British Government not more than ten per cent. of the aggregate issued share and debenture capital shall be invested in any one security.

The Articles of Association of the Company contain the following further provisions:—

The qualification of a Director shall be the holding of Stock or shares in the Company of the nominal value of £500.

The remuneration of the Directors shall be a sum calculated at the rate of £300 per annum for each £100,000 or part thereof of the aggregate amount of the issued Capital and of the principal moneys represented by Debentures or Debenture Stock outstanding for the time being, and such remuneration shall be payable until altered by a subsequent General Meeting which may increase or reduce such remuneration, but no such reduction shall apply retrospectively. Such remuneration shall be divided amongst the Directors in such proportions and manner as the Board may by resolution determine, and in default of such determination equally. The Directors and also any individual Director holding office for part of a year shall be entitled to a proportionate part of such remuneration. If any Director being willing shall be called upon to perform extra services outside the scope of the ordinary duties of a Director the Directors may remunerate such Director by a fixed sum or percentage of profits or otherwise as may be determined by the Directors, and such remuneration may be either in addition to or in substitution for his remuneration above mentioned.

The Directors may establish any local boards or agencies for managing any of the affairs of the Company abroad or in any specified locality in the United Kingdom, and may appoint any persons to be members of such local board or any managers, agents or representatives, and may fix their remuneration.

A Director who becomes a Director of any other company as the nominee of this Company may also retain for his own benefit any remuneration which he may become entitled to in that capacity.

A Director may contract with the Company either personally or on behalf of any other Company in which he may be in any way interested on disclosing the fact to the Board.

A Managing Director shall receive such remuneration (subject to the provisions of any contract) as shall from time to time be fixed by the Directors and may be by way of salary or commission or participation in profits or by any or all of those modes and either in addition to his share of the remuneration assigned to the Directors or otherwise which may be treated as part of the working expenses of the Company.

Any profit balance arising on a change of investments shall not be available for distribution as dividend.

The following information is given in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act, 1929:—

The preliminary expenses including Capital Duty are estimated at £8,000 and will be paid by the Company. In addition, a brokerage of 6d. per Share will be payable on allotments made in respect of applications bearing the stamp of a banker, broker or other approved agent.

The minimum subscription, being the minimum amount, which in the opinion of the Directors, must be raised by the issue of the above Shares in order to provide the sums required in respect of the matters mentioned in the Fourth Schedule, Part I, Paragraph 37 (1) of the Companies Act, 1929, is £500,000 made up as follows:—(a) Preliminary expenses £8,000 (of which £6,000 represents Stamp Duty) in addition to the brokerage of 6d. per Share payable as aforesaid. (b) Repayment of moneys borrowed by the Company in respect of such preliminary expenses £8,000. (c) Working Capital £492,000.

No amounts are being provided in respect of the matters aforesaid otherwise than out of the proceeds of the issue.

Copies of the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company may be inspected at the office of the Company's Solicitors at any time during business hours whilst the Subscription List remains open.

A copy of the Company's Memorandum of Association is printed in the fold of the Prospectus and forms part of it.

Applications for Shares should be made upon the form below or that enclosed with the Prospectus and sent to the Company's Bankers together with a remittance for the amount payable on application.

Where no allotment is made the amount payable on application will be returned in full, and where the number of Shares allotted is less than the number applied for the balance of the application money will be credited in reduction of the amount payable on allotment and any excess will be returned to the applicant.

Failure to pay any instalment on Shares allotted when due will render all previous payments liable to forfeiture and the allotment to cancellation, and interest at the rate of Eight per cent. per annum will be charged in respect of all payments not made on their due date.

Prospectuses and Forms of Application may be obtained at the Registered Office of the Company or from the Bankers or Brokers of the Company.

Dated 8th May, 1930.

This Form must be filled up and sent with the Deposit on the number of Shares applied for to BARCLAYS BANK LIMITED, 54, Lombard Street, London, E.C.3, or any of its Branches.

No.....

C.L.R.P. INVESTMENT TRUST LIMITED.

(Incorporated under the Companies Act, 1929.)

ISSUE OF 120,000 SHARES OF £5 EACH AT PAR.

FORM OF APPLICATION

To the Directors of C.L.R.P. INVESTMENT TRUST LIMITED.

GENTLEMEN,—

Having paid your Bankers the sum of £..... being a Deposit of £1 per Share on application for.....Shares of £5 each, I/we hereby apply for and request you to allot to me/us that number of Shares of your Company, and I/we hereby undertake and agree to accept such Shares or any less number that may be allotted to me/us upon the terms of the Company's Prospectus relating to the Shares and subject to the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company, and I/we agree to pay the further instalments due from me/us on the said Shares as provided by the said Prospectus, and I/we hereby authorise you to place my/our name(s) on the Register of the Company as holder(s) of the said Shares.

USUAL SIGNATURE .....

SURNAME .....
(Block Letters)

CHRISTIAN NAME OR NAMES.....
(Block Letters)

ADDRESS .....

.....

PROFESSION OR OCCUPATION .....
(A Lady should state whether she is a Spinster, Married Woman or Widow)

DATE..... 1930.

PLEASE WRITE DISTINCTLY.

Cheque must be made payable to "BEARER" crossed "BARCLAYS BANK LIMITED, NOT NEGOTIABLE" and "PAY" or "ORDER" or "BEARER" must be authenticated by the Drawer's signature. Any alteration from "ORDER" to "BEARER" must be authenticated by the Drawer's signature. An acknowledgment will be forwarded in due course by Allotment Letter and/or return of the Deposit.

Finance & Commerce

CITY OFFICE: 15, GEORGE-STREET, E.C.4
TELEPHONE: MANSION HOUSE 4702

CITY NOTES

HOME CORPORATION LOAN

PREFERENCE SHARE FINANCE

Underwriting arrangements are to be made to-day for the immediate issue of £670,000 of Five per Cent. Redeemable stock of Grimsby Corporation. The price of issue will be £99 15s. per cent., and repayment will be made at par in 1960, though the corporation has the option of redemption at par after October 1, 1950. The loan is payable as to 5 per cent. on application, 25 per cent. on allotment, 29½ per cent. on June 12, and 40 per cent. on July 10. Provision for the repayment of the stock is to be made by the creation of a redemption fund. Grimsby has a total net outstanding debt of £1,248,266, this amount including £764,855 relating to productive undertakings. The rateable value of the borough is £434,926 and the total rates for 1930-31 are 12s. 2d. in the £, a lower rate than that of several of the corporations which have recently floated new loans. It is understood that the bulk of the present issue is required to repay existing short-term indebtedness.

A New Trust Company

The prospectus appears to-day of the C.L.R.P. Investment Trust, Limited, which, as indicated in this column on Thursday, has been formed by the board of the City of London Real Property Company, whose chairman, Mr. W. E. R. Innes, is also chairman of the trust. The issue consists of the whole of the capital of the trust—namely, £600,000 in 120,000 shares of £5 each, the issue price being par. It is pointed out that the directors, who, in addition to the chairman, include two other members of the board of the City of London Real Property and Mr. W. J. Eldridge, director of the New York and General Trust, have all had considerable experience in making investments. Wisely the prospectus states that it should not be assumed that the company will from the outset pay large dividends, although it is anticipated that good and increasing profits will be shown. It is intended that the company shall follow the main principles of high-class trust companies in that individual investments will not be permitted to exceed a small percentage of the total capital, and that the risks will be widely spread. The directors are already aware of applications for 80,000 shares in terms of the prospectus. When fully paid it is proposed to convert the £5 shares into £3 of Five per Cent. Preference stock and £2 of Ordinary stock. Calls are spread over a long period, the final call of £1 5s. per share being payable on October 31, and if the profits of the company prove sufficient the shares will be entitled to a dividend at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum from the date of allotment until November 30, calculated on the amount of instalments paid up. Preferential consideration will be given to applications from shareholders and stockholders in the City of London Real Property Company.

Hambros Bank Balance-Sheet

The accounts of Hambros Bank, made up to March 31, show contraction in the figures of both the balance-sheet and the profit and loss account. The decline, which is doubtless an outcome of the world trade reaction, has, however, not called for any reduction in the dividend from the higher rate established in 1928-29, and the distribution on the £10 shares is again at the rate of 22½ per cent. for the year, with the maximum 6 per cent. on the "A" shares. After deducting directors' remuneration, now stated separately under the new Companies Act, net profits were £320,868, against £347,670 for 1928-29, the latter total having presumably been struck after deduction of directors' fees. The transfer to the contingency reserve account is reduced from £150,000 to £125,000, and the balance carried forward is slightly larger at £91,792. The following table shows the course of the balance-sheet items for the past three years:—

—	March 31, 1930	March 31, 1929	March 31, 1928
	£	£	£
Deposits, &c.	15,850,615	18,520,140	18,918,559
Acceptances	10,984,441	12,518,117	10,872,317
Cash, &c.	4,830,987	5,872,488	5,542,956
Bills of exchange	3,527,048	2,970,704	3,802,382
Investments	2,838,033	4,433,231	3,950,940
Advances, &c.	5,880,178	6,460,906	7,421,397

The reduction in the acceptances is equal to 12.2 per cent. Last year's total, however, was an exceptionally large one, and it will be noticed that the present figure is still slightly higher than the total for 1928.

Brush Engineering Report

The old-established electrical engineering business of the Brush Electrical Engineering Company had a slightly less favourable experience last year, trading profits declining from £141,948 to £125,247. This is attributed by the directors to general depression and keen competition resulting in low prices. As will be seen from the following comparison of recent results, the setback has not necessitated a reduction in the rate of dividends which the company has paid since 1921:—

—	1929	1928	1927
	£	£	£
Net profit	58,988	67,406	68,510
To reserve	5,413	6,010	5,757
Dividend on Ordinary	48,743 (10%)	47,840 (10%)	48,945 (10%)
Further interest on participating Debenture stock	2,045	2,045	2,045
Undivided profits account	77,947	82,816	80,944

Owing to the smaller profits the surplus available for division between the co-partners and the stockholders fell from £11,711 to £2,787, of which the stockholders' share is £490. This is added to the undivided profits account, which, however, is lower on the year owing to the payment of 1 per cent., free of tax, from this account to stockholders either in shares or cash in 1929. The balance-sheet shows a satisfactory excess of floating assets over current liabilities, the former amounting to £735,000 and the latter to £180,000.

Tin Mining Problems

In spite of the far-reaching amalgamation schemes which have been carried through in the tin-mining industry during the last year or two, and the efforts to regulate production made by the Tin Producers' Association, the price of tin has continued to fall. From the voluminous annual report of the Anglo-Oriental Mining Corporation, one of the chief protagonists of schemes for regulating output and conserving the industry's resources of tin, it is to be gathered that the directors of the corporation consider that efforts in the direction of regulation can have little effect until world tendencies improve. They state that "although the recent concerted efforts towards regulation hold out the prospect of some tangible amelioration directly world tendencies improve, the immediate situation is less favourable than at any period within recent years." It is clear that the course of the tin market has been the reverse of that expected by the board a year ago. At the general meeting last May, for example, the chairman indicated that a time might not be far distant when output would sink below consumption, and that the world's requirements of the metal might soon demand that a greater stimulus should be given producers. But in enlarging upon the possibilities held out by the prospect of cooperation amongst tin producers, he stated that the corporation would not be a party to any policy tending to force prices to an unreasonable level, though the price of tin must be such as to encourage the augmentation of the world's payable reserves in proportion as they were depleted by consumption. The company claims to be a pioneer in the application of scientific knowledge to tin mining, and the advantages it should reap from its research work in this direction will be the more valuable in view of the collapse in the price of the metal.

Preference and Ordinary Shares

The current issue of the *Economist* contains an interesting article on Preference shares. It shows that the average rate paid on new issues of Preference capital is not only higher to-day than in 1913, but higher than it was in 1925. Before the War the average rate of interest was 5.74 per cent., in 1925 6.10 per cent. (the lowest post-War figure), and in 1929 6.58 per cent. The article also shows that the ratio of Preference share capital to Ordinary capital has declined in the last few years, the proportion having fallen from £68 for every £100 of Ordinary capital in 1913 to £27 per £100 in 1929. To some extent the higher cost of Preference finance is due to the relative scarcity of capital as compared with 1913, but part of it is the result of the unhappy experiences of Preference shareholders in times of trouble. In schemes of reconstruction Preference capital is usually called upon to make more substantial sacrifices than any other form of capital, and this explains the popularity of Ordinary shares over Preference shares and the greater difficulty of obtaining capital in the form of Preference shares. During the industrial "boom" of 1928 issues of Ordinary shares were often over-subscribed, whereas Preference shares of the same companies were left severely alone. In some cases promoters made it a condition that Ordinary shares could only be obtained if an equal number (but of larger value) of Preference shares were subscribed, but as soon as a market was made the Preference shares fell to a discount, while the Ordinary rose to a premium. The moral to be drawn from recent experience is that the rights of Preference capital must be respected more strictly if this form of finance is to be restored to popularity.

Australian Coal Mining Deadlock

The Scottish Australian Mining Company has been a heavy sufferer from the labour troubles in the New South Wales coalfields. This old-established company—it was formed in 1859—had shown fairly good results for several years following the end of the War, but the adverse conditions latterly encountered prompted endeavours to reduce production costs, and this led to the prolonged strike at the coalfields which still continues. The directors in their report for 1929 state that there is no certain prospect of a settlement. There has been a complete cessation of work at the company's collieries since the beginning of March, 1929. As a result mainly of the stoppage of work the accounts show a loss of £22,082, which compares with a loss of £3,357 for 1928 and a profit of £6,160 for 1927. No dividend can, of course, be paid, the last distribution having been the payment of 2½ per cent. on account of 1927. The events in the New South Wales coalfields illustrate the difficulties with which Australia is faced in endeavouring to lower production costs to an economic level.

Quicksands of the City

Mr. Hartley Withers, in a new book entitled "The Quicksands of the City," published by Jonathan Cape at the price of 6s. net, describes for the benefit of the amateur investor and speculator some of the lessons to be drawn from the great "boom" and subsequent slump in securities here and more particularly in America. Grave losses were sustained by the speculator and investor. Mr. Withers sets out to prove, and does so successfully, that investment nowadays is much too difficult a business to be done by an amateur, and that speculation is so risky that it is not worth while for ordinary folk, because the odds are always against the outsider and in favour of those who are on the spot to skim the cream off markets. He proceeds to show that the development of the investment trust, if carefully handled on sound lines, opens a door through which investors may seek for safety through diversification of risk. The author quotes a table worked out by Mr. Gilbert Layton showing that an investor who purchased 20 years ago the Ordinary stocks of nine trust companies would have received a steadily growing income, beginning with 5.4 per cent. in 1909-10 and rising to 14.3 per cent. in 1928-29.

Staff Pension Schemes

A special prospectus is now issued by the Alliance Assurance Company descriptive of staff pension plans the cost of which is often borne equally by employers and employees. The company points out that a scheme effected with a life office usually takes the form of deferred annuities or endowment assurances, or a combination of each. The deferred annuity provides for a definite pension at a chosen age, with a provision that if death occurs previously the premiums paid are returned, together with compound interest, while with an endowment assurance a policy is effected for a specified sum which becomes available at the normal maturity or at previous death, and if the employee survives to the normal date an annuity at a guaranteed rate may be taken in exchange for the sum assured. The following examples are given of the annual premiums payable in advance on male lives of various ages at the time of entering a staff scheme to secure annuities of £100 each, beginning at the age of 65 and ceasing with a proportionate payment calculated at the time of entry:—

Age next Birthday	Annual Premium	Age next Birthday	Annual Premium
	£ s. d.		£ s. d.
20	3 0 6	40	23 6 2
25	3 19 4	45	32 11 0
30	4 13 9	50	48 8 6
35	5 17 6	55	80 15 3

The approximate total annual premium for deferred annuities to cover a staff of 100 of ages evenly distributed from 16 to 55 next birthday would be £2,504. Similar examples are given of the cost of providing an endowment assurance of £1,008 for each male life maturing at the age of 65 or at previous death, which would be sufficient, at the normal maturing age, to provide a pension of £100, and also of a combination of endowment assurance and deferred annuity likewise to provide together an annuity of £100, starting at 65. In the cases of endowment assurances there are also shown the percentages of the various total premiums paid which would be returnable in the event of an employee's leaving the service of the firm.

MONEY MARKET

ANOTHER SMALL GOLD EXPORT

SILVER EXCHANGES LOWER

Even for the last day of the week business in the Money Market on Saturday was exceedingly inactive. The chief feature of the session was the announcement of a further export of bar gold—£274,000—from the Bank of England, the destination being again understood to be Paris. Apart from weakness in the silver exchanges foreign exchanges were generally steady; the Swiss exchange was again inclined to move in favour of sterling. Money was plentiful, though usable, 1¼ per cent. being the general rate for both fresh advances over the week-end and the renewal of old loans carried at variable rates. There was little doing in bills and discount rates were nominally unaltered. A little business was reported in the "hot" Treasury Bills at 2^{3}_{32} per cent. and clearing banks took a few more July maturities at 2^{1}_{16} per cent.

The Bank rate is 3 per cent., to which it was reduced from 3½ per cent. on May 1. The banks' deposit rate is 1 per cent. and the deposit rates of the discount houses are 1 per cent. at call and 1½ per cent. at notice.

Loans (per Cent.).	Discount (Bank Bills) (per Cent.).			
Day to day.	For shorts periods.	60 days.	3 months.	4 months.	6 months.
1½-2	2	2½	2½	2¼	2⅝–2⅞

Discount (Treasury Bills)				(Fine Trade Bills)	
2 Mths. %	3 Mths. %	4 months.	6 months.	4 months.	6 months.
2⅛	2¼	3–3⅛	3¼–3⅜	3⅛	3⅜–4

Calls of the Week

Wednesday	Bristol Corpn., 5% Stk., 1950-60	40%	£1,000,000
..	Hull Corpn., "A" 5% Stk., 1941-61	35%	525,000
..	Southern Rly., 5% Gtd. Pref.	40%	£1,200,000
Thursday	Nth. Met. Elec. Supply, 5½% Deb. Stk.	40%	£300,000
Friday	Cent. Electricity Brd., 5% Stk., 1960-70	30%	£2,100,000
..	South Africa, 5% Inscr. Stk., 1945-75	40%	2,400,000

FOREIGN EXCHANGES

Quiet conditions prevailed in the Foreign Exchange market. The New York exchange moved very narrowly and closed with a trifling decline at $4.85 53-64c. Canadian dollars were more wanted, the rate closing at $4.87⅛c.

The French, Dutch and Italian exchanges showed unimportant movements. Swiss francs were offered, the rate moving ⅛c. in favour of sterling to 25.10c. The belga was dearer at 34.81⅛b. The Spanish exchange was steadier, the closing figure being 39.84p., as against 39.96p. on Friday. The Japanese yen was firmer at 2s. 0 13-16d., and South American currencies were also a little harder. Silver exchanges showed weakness, the Hong-Kong rate falling to 1s. 6d. and the Shanghai rate to 1s. 10⅛d.

Place	Method of Quoting	Par of Exch'nge	May 10	May 9
New York	$ to £	4.867	4.85 29-32 – 7/8	4.85 29-32 – 15-16
Montreal	$ to £	4.867	4.87 1-32 – 1/16	4.87 1/16 – 3/32
Paris	Fr. to £	124.21	123.85–123.87½	123.85–123.87½
Brussels	Bel. to £	35.00	34.81-34.82	34.81-34.82½
Milan	Lire to £	92.46	92.66-92.68	92.56-92.69
Zurich	Fr. to £	25.2215	25.09½–10¼	25.08½–09½
Athens	Dr. to £	975	374⅞–376⅛	374⅛–375¼
Helsingfors	M. to £	188.23	192–193	192⅞–193¾
Madrid	Pts. to £	25.2215	39.78-39.90	39.70-39.96
Lisbon	Escu. to £	—	108¾–108⅞	108⅛–108⅜
Amsterd'm	Fl. to £	12.107	12.07¼–07⅜	12.07¼–07⅜
Berlin	M. to £	20.43	20.35¼–36¼	20.35¼–36¼
Vienna	Sch. to £	34.46	34.44–54.47	34.44–54.47
Budapest	Pen. to £	27.82	27.78-27.82	27.79-27.82
Prague	Kr. to £	164.25	163⅞–164	163⅞–164
Warsaw	Zlotyto £	43.32	43.32–43.36	43.33–43.36
Riga	Lats to £	25.2215	25.17-25.27	25.17-25.27
Bucharest	Lei to £	815.6	817-819	817-819
Const'ople	Pst. to £	110	1.025†	1.025†
Belgrade	Din. to £	275.2215	274½-275	274½-275
Kovno	Lit. to £	48.04	48¼–48⅞	48¼–48⅞
Sofia	Lev. to £	673.659	668-673	668-673
Reval	R.Kr.to£	18.150	18.21-18.27	18.21-18.27
Oslo	Kr. to £	18.150	18.15⅝–16¼	18.15⅝–16¼
Stockholm	Kr. to £	18.150	18.10⅝–18.11	18.10⅝–18.11
Copenh'n	Kr. to £	18.150	18.16-18.16 1/2	18.16-18.16 1/2
Alexandria	Pst. to £	97⅛	97 15/16–97 31/32	97 15/16–97 31/32
Bombay	Per rup.	18d.	1/5 13/16–1/5 7/8	1/5 27/32–1/5 7/8
Calcutta	Per rup.	18d.	1/5 13/16–1/5 7/8	1/5 27/32–1/5 7/8
Madras	Per rup.	18d.	1/5 13/16–1/5 7/8	1/5 27/32–1/5 7/8
Hong-kong	Per dol.	—	1/5 4-1/5 1/4	1/5 15/16–1/6 1/32
Kobe	Per yen	24.58d.	2/01 31/32–2/07 1/16	2/01 31/32–2/07 1/16
Shanghai	Per tael	—	1/10 9/16–1/10 13/16	1/10 9/16–1/11 3/16
Singapore	Per dol.	2/4	2/3 31/32–2/4	2/3 31/32–2/4
Batavia	Fl. to £	12.107	12.06¾–07⅜	12.06¾–07⅜
Manila	Per dol.	24.06d.	2 0 5/16	2 0 5/16
Rio de Jan.	Per mil.	5.899d.	5 7/32–5 7/32	5 7/64–5 7/64
B. Aires	Per dol.	47.577d.	43 3/4–43 7/16	43 1/2–43 3/8
Valpa'iso	$ to £	40	39.92	39.92
M'video	Per dol.	51d.	45 1/2–46	45 3/8–46 1/8
Lima†	Soles to £	12.166	12.72½‡	12.72½‡
Mexico	Pesos to£	9.76	10.15-10.35	10.15-10.35

† 90 days. ‡ Based on legal stabilization at to 100kr. ? Nominal. $2.90-3.03

Empire Exchange Rates

Buying Rates per £100

—	Demand	30 days' sight	60 days' sight	90 days' sight
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
On:—				
Australia	92 12 6	92 1 10	91 19 8	91 18 9
New Zealand	93 17 6	93 6 3	92 15 0	92 3 9
Africa & Rhodesia	98 15 0	98 2 9	97 10 6	97 17 6

Selling Rates

—	Cable Transfers	Demand
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
On:—		
Australia	93 17 6	93 10 0
New Zealand	95 7 6	95 0 0
South Africa	99 15 0	99 12 6
Rhodesia	99 16 3	99 13 9

The Bank of England announced on Saturday the sale of £274,248 in BAR GOLD. Since Wednesday last there has been an efflux of £1,690,144.

Arrivals		Withdrawals	
	£		£
May 8	Nil	May 8—Bar gold	1,188,477
		Sovs.	25,000
May 9	Nil	May 9—Bar gold	202,419
May 10	Nil	May 10—Bar gold	274,248
Efflux	1,690,144		
Total	£1,690,144	Total	£1,690,144

Net influx for 1930 to date, £15,476,887; net efflux for 1929 (according to the published movements of gold), £8,228,489.

In the BULLION market a small amount of gold was available. A small trade demand was reported, and the price was raised ¼d. to 84s. 11½d. per ounce.

SILVER was quiet. Chinese selling was offset to some extent by buying for the Indian bazaars, but the price fell ⅛d. further to 19 3/16d. per ounce for cash and 19¼d. per ounce for forward delivery.

MONEY RATES AT HOME AND ABROAD

—	Bank rate	Market discount rate	Call Money
	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.
London	3	2½	1½-2
New York	3	2½-2¾	Nominal
Paris	2½	2⅝	2½
Berlin	5	4	3.5
Swiss Bank places	3	2½	—
Milan	6	6¼	—
Amsterdam	3	2 15/16	2¼
Brussels	3	2 15/16	1½

TRANSVAAL GOLD OUTPUT

INCREASED LABOUR SUPPLY

The output of gold from the mines of the Transvaal during April, according to the Transvaal Chamber of Mines, amounted to 868,606 fine oz. (against 889,370 fine oz. for March), of which 36,610 fine oz. were produced in districts outside the Witwatersrand. Taking the standard price of gold at 85s. per oz., the value of last month's output is £3,691,576.

The following table shows the values of the monthly outputs since January, 1927:—

—	1930	1929	1928	1927
	£	£	£	£
Jan.	3,751,904	3,734,921	3,598,592	3,580,073
Feb.	3,477,200	3,464,957	3,466,565	3,312,191
March	3,779,823	3,852,748	3,728,865	3,857,172
April	3,691,576	3,708,523	3,510,165	3,502,059
May	—	3,814,791	3,706,290	3,652,786
June	—	3,836,123	3,685,042	3,634,605
July	—	3,780,290	3,685,647	3,620,600
Aug.	—	3,780,804	3,790,418	3,669,216
Sept.	—	3,810,601	3,845,357	3,579,602
Oct.	—	3,778,932	3,815,310	3,636,908
Nov.	—	3,861,770	3,768,927	3,804,251
Dec.	—	3,817,250	3,833,084	3,617,706
Totals	14,700,502	44,259,780	44,634,623	43,653,178

The number of natives employed by members of the Witwatersrand Native Labour Association and contractors at the end of last month and the preceding month is shown below:—

—	April	March
Gold mines	202,434	200,134
Coal mines	15,100	15,250
Diamond mines	5,545	7,062
Totals	223,108	222,346

BUSINESS CONDITIONS IN UNITED STATES

COMMODITY PRICE MOVEMENTS

PROSPECT OF EASIER MONEY

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

NEW YORK, MAY 11

Recent heavy liquidations in the stock market have been of great value in developing a realistic attitude on the part of the public towards the actual position of general business and at the same time clearing a way for an improvement in the bond market, which seems to be a necessary preliminary to sustained progress in domestic and foreign trade alike. There is no longer the feeling, which was so patently an obstacle to industrial mercantile readjustment, that correct statistics of business are delusive auguries and that stock prices are more reasonably to be taken as an indication of what is about to occur. With the return of common sense, exaggerations both of optimism and of pessimism are being subjected to a proper discount.

The fall of commodity prices continues, but at a much slower pace than recently, and in such developments as the end of the "buyers' strike" in copper and the growing evidence that the long curtailment of the output of a number of commodities is beginning to be effective, there is a fair promise of stabilization in the not too distant future, even though the permanence of stabilization is jeopardized by artificial relief schemes. Of 45 leading commodities 37 are now selling at lower prices than a year ago, and only four are at higher prices. None of the 37 appears to have reached a firm base, but fluctuations in their prices have become much narrower in the last 10 days, and in copper, at least, export buyers, and, to a smaller extent, domestic buyers, have found the current base price of 12½ cents not uninviting. There seems reason to believe that the consumptive demand is accumulating for some other commodities in which over-production has been followed by a sharp curtailment of output, but the volume of this accumulation of orders can easily be exaggerated.

The United States Steel Corporation last week reported unfilled orders of 4,354,220 tons, or somewhat less than was expected. The figure is 216,433 tons less than the orders at the end of March and 73,543 tons less than in April a year ago.

The railway car-loadings latest week reported were 907,174, against 1,051,278 a year ago. Building and Engineering Contracts awarded during April in 37 States east of the Rocky Mountains totalled $483,251,700, and were the largest of any month since last August, were 6 per cent. higher than the March awards, but 9 per cent. lower than those of April a year ago. Awards for the first four months of 1930 were 17 per cent. less than in the same period of 1929. Motor-car production in the United States and Canada during April amounted to 460,343 units, or 9 per cent. more than in March, but was 30 per cent. under a year ago. The majority of the sales are of low-priced units, Ford alone accounting for 40 per cent. of the passenger cars and 45 per cent. of the commercial cars sold in the United States. The Ford production is being raised from 9,300 to 10,000 cars daily. The department of commerce reports that trade between Latin America and the United States fell off by more than 27 per cent. to $424,000,000 in the first quarter of 1930, and describes the conditions due to overproduction there as the worst since 1922, with no relief to be expected until "consumption catches up with production."

Money rates last week declined further, time money softening to 3 to 3½ per cent., according to maturity, the bankers' acceptance rate going to 2½ per cent., and call money being freely obtainable in the outside market at 3 per cent. What with slack trade, a net gold gain of $183,000,000 since the beginning

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

FIRM AT GENERAL ADVANCES

STEEL ORDERS LOWER

NEW YORK, May 10.—Signs of expanding business were evident in the short session to-day. The opening was firm, with the weekly trade reviews reporting accelerated retail activity, and the fact that yesterday's gains failed to attract any substantial selling pressure encouraging "bullish" demonstrations in representative high-grade stocks.

This had a stimulating effect on the general market, and several special stocks came into prominence. Electric Power and Light was an active feature, the stock being taken in large blocks, and reaching 90½. The usual week-end realizing came out afterwards, but was readily absorbed, with only a slight reaction, and during the final dealings general advances were established on the resumption of speculative support and "bear" covering.

Copper stocks were again strengthened by reports of further heavy sales of the metal, presaging price advances shortly. The close was firm.

Sales were returned at 1,877,000 shares, making 25,938,000 shares for the week, against 30,270,000 shares last week and 23,286,000 shares last year.

The average price of 20 representative railroad stocks is 2.88 higher on the week at 143.12, the average of 30 leading industrials shows an advance of 13.70 at 272.01, while the average of 20 utilities is 0.43 higher at 101.04. The railroad and industrial averages a year ago were 151.81 and 324.59 respectively.

Exchange	Method of Quoting	Parity	May 10	May 9
Montreal on—		$	$	$
London, cables	£1	4.86⅔	4.86¼	4.87⅛
New York on—				
London, sight	£1	—	4.85 11/16	4.85⅝
Cables	£1	4.86⅔	4.85⅞	4.85⅞
60 days' sight	£1	—	4.83⅝	4.83⅝
Grain bills, sight	£1	—	4.85⅝	4.85 15/16
Seven days	£1	—	4.84 13/16	4.85
Paris, short sight	100f.	3.91¼	3.92⅛	3.92¼
Rome, cables	100l.	5.26	5.24¼	5.24⅜
Amsterdam, short sight	100fl.	40.20	40.18⅞	40.19
Oslo, cables	100kr.	26.80	26.76	26.75¾
Stockholm, cables	100kr.	26.80	26.85½	26.84
Copenh'g'n, cables	100kr.	26.80	26.75½	26.75¼
Prague, cheques	100kr.	—	2.96⅝	2.96⅝
Berlin, short sight	100mk.	23.80	23.86	23.86¼
Brussels, cables	100bel.	13.90	13.95½	13.95¾
Berne, cables	100fr.	19.30	19.35⅜	19.35⅜
Madrid, cables	100pe.	19.30	12.21	12.21
Vienna, cables	100sch.	14.07	14.11	14.11
Budapest, cables	100pen	17.49	17.49½	17.49½
Belgrade, cables	100din.	19.30	1.77⅛	1.77⅛
Athens, cables	100dr.	1.30	1.29⅞	1.29⅞
		Cents	Cents	Cents
B. Aires	1 peso	42.54	38.42	38.76
Rio, cables	1 mil.	32.45	11.90	11.90

RAILWAYS

	Closing Prices			Closing Prices	
—	May 10	May 9	—	May 10	May 9
Atchison	222½	225	Int.C.Amer	—	—
Atl. Coast	168	167	KansasCity	72¼	72
B. & Ohio	118½	115⅛	Louisville	132	132
Do., Pref.	82½	82½	Minn. & St. P.	25	25
Brooklyn	—	—	Miss. Pac.	79	76½
M. T'aft	70½	69½	Do., Pref.	125¼	127⅜
Can. Pac.	206½	207	N.Mex.I.Pf.	104	104
Cent. N.J.	245¼	245¼	Do., 2 Pf.	77⅛	78
Ches. & O.	212	211	N.Y. Cent.	174	174
Ch. G.W.	14¼	14⅝	Nflk. & W.	232	233
Do., Pref.	46¾	46¾	N. Pacific	82½	83
Ch. N.W.	81	81½	Pennsyl'a	77½	77½
Ch.Mil.St.P.	20¼	20¾	Reading	111	112½
Ch. R.Isl.	110	111	Do., 1st Pf.	114½	114½
Del.& Hud.	170	171	S.L.& S.W.	60⅜	60
Del., Lack.	125½	124½	S. Pacific	122	121½
Erie	47⅛	47½	Southern	115	114¼
Do.,1st Pf.	62	62	Do., Pref.	98½	98¼
G.N. Pref.	92½	92⅝	Texas Pacific	22⅝	23
Ill. Cent.	127	127⅜	Do., Pref.	85½	85½
Interboro'			Wabash	49½	49¾
Rapid Tr.	31	30⅜	Do., Pf. A	84½	84½

INDUSTRIALS

Air Reduct.	142	141½	Int. Nickel	34½	33½
AlliedChem	313	302	Int. Paper	27	27
Am. Agric.	—	—	Int. Tele.	64⅞	62¾
Ch., Pref.	30	30	Kennecott	47⅜	46
Am. and F.	—	—	Kresge (S.S.)	30½	30¼
Pwr.	81	77¼	K'gan. 5%	53¼	53¼
Am. Can.	141	137¼	Liggett & M.	109½	108
Am. Loco.	66	66	Loose. Wile	62½	62½
Am Rolling Mills	74½	74	MackTrcks.	68	67⅞
Am. Smelt.	71	69½	Montg'w'd	42⅜	41¼
Am.Sug. R.	61	61	Nash Mtrs.	42	42
Am. Tel.	247⅞	245½	Nat. Bisct.	85¼	85½
Am. Tob.	262	258*	Nat. Dairy	56⅞	56⅜
Am. Wool'n	12⅝	13	N. Amer.	119½	117
Anaconda	60½	58⅞	Packard	17⅞	17⅝
Armour D.	—	—	Pan A. Pet.	60¾	59
Armour, A.	42	41¼	Do., B	—	—
At'tic Ref.	42½	42⅜	N.Y.	114	110½
Baldwins	28¼	28¼	Pullman	79	78½
BarnsdallA	26¾	26¼	RadioCorp.	50½	46⅝
Beth. Steel	96⅛	94½	R'm'g'n&d	36¼	35½
C.de Pasco	56	53⅝	Ryl. Dutch	53¾	52⅜
Chandler	50	55	Sears, R.	81¼	81¼
Chrysler	32⅜	32⅛	Shell Trans.	44½	44¼
Col. Fuel	59½	56*	Shell Un.	22¼	22⅛
Colum. Gas	79¼	75⅞	Sinclair	31	31
Col. Graph.	29	27¾	Std. Brands	23½	23⅝
Std. Gas	126½*	125⅜	Std. Gas	117⅛	115¼
Cont. Can.	65⅝	65½	Std. Oil of Cal.	70¼	69
Cont. Oil	26¼	25⅛	Std. Oil of Ind.	44⅞	44⅝
Corn Prod.	105	104½	Do., N.J.	77	75⅞
Crucible	77	76	Do., N.Y.	36½	36*
Curtiss-A.	34½	35	Studebaker	36⅝	32⅝
Drug, Inc.	80⅝	80	TexasCorp.	57⅜	57½
Du Pont.	127½	125	Tex. G. Sul.	59½	59¼
EastmanK.	245½	241	Tidewater	15¼	15⅛
Elec.P.&Li.	90⅛	84½	Tri-Contin'l	16	15
Electric Auto-Lite	70½	70½	Un.Carbide	87½	86
Elec. Storage	70½	70½	Un. Fruit	91	91
Fox Films	54	51¾	United Gas	47⅞	44⅞
Gen. Elec.	82	78¼	U.S. L'ther	11¾	12
Gen. Foods	59¼	58¼	U.S. Rbr.	28⅞	28⅝
Gen. Motors	47½	47⅛	U.S. Steel	172⅛	169½
Gillette	24½	24⅛	Vanadium	28⅜	28
Goodrich	41	41¼	W. Un. Tel.	181¼	180
Goodyear	81½	80	W'hse Mfg.	178⅜	174
Hou.Oil'A'	97½	94½	Woolworth	63	63¼
Hud. Mtrs.	44½	43½	Worth'n		
Int. Cement	100	98	Pump	131	125
Int. Harv'r	105⅝	104¾	Youngst'n		
Int. Match	82¾	82	Sheet	120	120

CURB EXCHANGE

Am.-Am.Oil	18¼	18¼	Mid. West Utilities	35⅛	34¼
Assoc. Gas	40¼	39½	Pennroad	13⅝	13¼
Brit.-Amer. Tobacco	27½	26⅞	Silica Gel.	23	23
Cities Service	22¼	21⅝	Stand. Oil of Indiana	54½	53¾
Elec. Bond	103¼	104	Swift Int.	34¼	34
Gulf Oil	150	148	VacuumOil	89	87¾
Hydro Elec	45	44			
Int. Pet.	21	20			

BONDS

Libty. La. 3½%	100 12/32	100 12/32	Fisl. 6% 1945	97	97
Do., 4¼%	101 11/32	101 17/32	Fren. 7½% 1941	122½	122½
Do. (4th) 4¼%	102 22/32	102 22/32	Ger. 7% '49	112½	112½
U.K. 5½% 1937	104⅜	104¼	Ger. 7% '49	108⅝	108¼
Do. 4% 1960-90	88⅛	88⅛	Greek 7% 1964	100	100
Arg. 6% 1959	98⅛	98½	Hamb'g. 6% 1946-75	95⅜	95⅜
Aust. 5% 1957	90⅛	90¼	Hungary 7½% 1944	102½	102½
Austria 7% 1945	104½	104½	Ital. 7% 1951	99⅜	99⅛
Belg. 6% 1955	102½	102½	Jap. 5½% 1954	104⅛	104⅜
Bel. 6% 1952	105½	105½	Nord Rly. 6½% '50	104½	104½
Bord. 7% 1955	112⅜	112¾	Norway 6% 1952	101½	101½
Brazil 7½% 1956	103	103	P.L.M. 6% 1953	103	103
Do. 7% 1952	99¼	99¼	Do. 7% 1958	104⅛	104¼
Bulg. 7% '67	82¾	82⅝	Poland 7% 1958	104⅛	104¼
Canada 5% 1951	100⅜	100⅜	Poland 7% 1947	85	85
Chile 7% '42	101	101	Do. 8% 1950	95	95
Do. 6.6% '60	91	91¼	Rio de Sul. 8% '46	99	99
Czech. 8% 1951	110	110	San P. 8% 1950	97	97
Denmk. 6% 1942	105	105	Seine, 7% 1942	102¼	102
Dutch E.I. 6% '62	101¼	102	Swed. 5½% 1954	107⅝	107½
Do. 5½% Est. Rly. 7% '54	105½	105½	Tokio City, 5½% '61	90	91

The following quotations are supplied by Reuter :—

	May 10	May 9
Atchison, Pref.	106⅛	106⅛
Lehigh Valley	73⅜	74⅛
Missouri, Kansas and Texas	54⅜	53
New York, Ontario and Western	12⅞	12⅝
Reading, 1st Pref.	48	48
Texas and Pacific	13	13
National Lead	144	142

* Ex dividend. † Ex rights. ‡ Ex stock dividend.

Call money was nominal. Commercial paper remained at 3½ to 4 per cent. for prime names. Open market discount rates were unchanged at 2½ to 2⅝ per cent. for 90-day bank bills, and 2½ to 2⅝ per cent. for six-months' bills.

Sterling Exchange was quiet but steady at 4.85¼ for cable transfers.

Gold to the value of $2,325,000 has arrived at San Francisco from Japan, and $3,432,000 is on the way from Peru.

Silver fell ⅛c. to 41¼c. for foreign bullion.

The monthly report of the U.S. Steel Corporation shows a decrease of 217,000 tons in the unfilled orders on hand, the total at the end of April amounting to 4,354,000 tons, against 4,571,000 tons at the end of the preceding month, and 4,427,000 tons at the end of April last year.

The Pacific Gas and Electric Company is preparing an issue of $10,000,000 additional Five-and-a-Half per Cent. Preferred stock.

The Reading Company has requested permission from the Inter-State Commerce Commission to sell $67,000,000 Four-and-a-Half per Cent. Equipment Notes.

Bonds.—The market was quiet, but firm. Sales reached $5,651,000.

AMERICAN PRODUCE MARKETS

RISE IN WHEAT

NEW YORK, May 10.—The Cocoa Exchange remained closed to-day.

Wheat.—The cash market was firm at 1½c. to ⅞c. advance. No. 2 red winter, 122½c.; N. 2 amber durum, unquoted; No. 2 hard winter, 108½c.; No. 2 Manitoba, 115½c.; Maize steady, ⅛c. down. No. 2 mixed, 88½c., f.o.b., New York. Oats firm, ⅛c. higher. White clipped, 50½c., f.o.b., New York. Rye firm at ⅛c. advance. No. 2 Western, 72½c., f.o.b., New York. Barley.—Nominal with No. 2 malting unquoted.

Flour was steady and unchanged. Spring clears, $5.60; Kansas, straights, $5.35; Minneapolis, patents, $5.70; bakers' clears, $5. Rye flour, $4.70 to $5.10.

Daily Grain Movements (Thousands)

—	To-day	Same day last yr.	This week	This season	Last season
Wheat (bushels)—					
Receipts, Western	562	678	3,111	392,346	476,427
Do., Atlantic	320	181	1,691	75,192	110,370
*Exports, ditto	79	149	1,690	72,712	94,126
Maize (bushels)—					
Receipts, Western	490	390	3,042	220,915	252,608
Do., Atlantic	13	9	106	4,391	20,590
*Exports, ditto	—	—	—	10	17,652
Flour (barrels)—					
Shipments, Weste	98	89	647	22,685	23,886
Receipts, Atlantic	63	55	421	18,490	20,890
*Exports, ditto	12	17	79	5,585	4,922
Oats (bushels)—					
Receipts, Western	348	358	2,068	122,453	120,886
Do., Atlantic	18	7	72	5,502	11,590
*Exports, ditto	—	—	—	187	4,218

* From New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore and New Orleans.

Lard was steady at 5c. advance. Prime Western steam, $10.85; Middle West, spot, $10.75 per 100lb.

Coffee.—Rio futures closed quiet, 3 points higher to unchanged. Sales, 2,000 bags. Closing prices:—May, 13.32c.; July, 12.72c.; Sept., 12.32c.; Dec., 12.06; Jan., 11.96c.; March, 11.90c. Cash coffee steady and unaltered. Rio No. 7, 9½c. to 9¾c.; Santos No. 4, 14c. to 14½c.

Sugar.—The spot market was easy, Cuban and centrifugal, 96deg., spot, declined to 3.24c. per lb. Sales comprised 19,000 bags of Cuba, prompt shipment, at 1 15-32c. per lb., c. and f. Raw futures closed barely steady, unchanged to 2 points lower. Sales, 15,000 tons. Closing prices:—May, 1.39; July, 1.44; Sept., 1.52; Dec., 1.61; Jan., 1.65; March, 1.71. No. 2 contract, duty free, May, 3.20; July, 3.34; Sept., 3.45; Dec., 3.55.

Cotton on the spot closed without change in value at 16.55c. The futures market opened barely steady at 5 to 10 points decline owing to various selling orders, easy advices from Liverpool, and bearish weather forecasts. A rally afterwards occurred on covering by shorts, and in sympathy with the firmness of wheat and securities, followed by another setback owing to realizing sales, but the final tone was steady at values ranging from 10 points higher to 4 points lower. New Orleans spot middling closed unchanged at 15.68c., and the futures market ended steady, with quotations 2 points higher to unchanged compared with previous final values.

New York Futures	Closing Range To-day		Prev. day	
May	16.35	16.35	16.35	16.35
June	16.35	16.35	16.35	16.35
July	16.45	16.45	16.45	16.42
August	15.70	15.70	15.70	15.70
September	14.90	14.90	14.90	14.89
October	14.93	14.91	14.94	14.91
November	14.95	14.95	14.95	14.95
December	15.04	15.04	15.06	15.06
January	15.09	15.09	15.13	15.13
	New Contract			
October	14.67	14.64	14.89	14.85
November	14.75	14.75	14.75	14.75
December	14.73	14.73	14.76	14.74
January	14.82	14.82	14.85	14.85
February	14.92	14.92	14.95	14.95
March	15.02	15.02	15.07	15.06
	To-day	Week	Season	Last season
Receipts at ports	9,000	9,000	8,245,000	9,129,000
Exports, Gt. Brit.	Nil	Nil	1,208,000	1,775,000
Exports, Cont., &c.	5,000	5,000	5,147,000	5,881,000

Wool.—While the market is virtually unchanged, medium wools have shown a little more activity, which, with the continuance of the improved demand for fine sorts, is creating a better feeling. The piece goods market is more active. Warmer weather has resulted in substantial reordering, and the autumn movement is broadening. Territory fine staple is quoted 75c. to 78c. per lb., the same as a week ago.

Copper.—Expectations of a further reduction in prices were realized this week, producers making a cut of 1c. to 13c. per lb. on Monday, followed by a further reduction of ½c. to 12.50c. on the following day. The market was a good deal disorganised by the successive declines with indications of a breakaway from the combination, but activity subsequently developed and a very large business was reported towards the close of the week. Electrolytic is generally quoted 12.50c. per lb., as compared with 14c. last week.

Tin.—This market has continued in a very depressed condition owing to the burdensome supplies and the absence of any material expansion in the consuming demand. After touching 30c. for spot, mid-week Straits metal temporarily rallied on fair purchases, but continued selling pressure forced the price down again and at the close the metal was no better than 31½c. per lb. for both spot and June, representing a fall on the week of 1½c. for spot, and 1¼c. for June.

Spelter.—The market remained dull owing to the continued unfavourable statistical situation, stocks showing a further expansion despite the decline in production in the past month. East St. Louis prices were further reduced to 4.65c. per lb., against 4.70c. last week.

Lead.—Although quiet, with buyers showing no anxiety to place orders, the market has ruled steady in the absence of any selling pressure, and the spot price was maintained at 5.50c. per lb.

Tinplates.—The market has continued quiet without material change in the situation. Prices are unchanged, with prime makes at $5.25 per box.

Pig Iron.—The falling off in production during the past month had a steadying effect on the market this week, and business, though moderate, showed signs of broadening with prices steadier. Number 2 foundry on Eastern Pennsylvania markets is still quoted $19 per ton.

Steel.—Mill operations have shown a further slight reduction owing to the slow influx of new orders despite the offer of concession in several lines. The falling off in railroad requirements has been mainly responsible for the set-back, and little improvement is expected until the autumn. Meanwhile the price situation is unsettled. Standard Bessemer rails remain at $43 per ton.

Rubber.—Smoked sheet sellers were ⅛c. lower for spot and May at 14⅛c. and May-June at 14⅛c. per lb. First latex crêpe sellers were ⅛c. lower for spot and May at 14⅛c. and May-June at 15c. per lb. New York Rubber Exchange closing prices were 10 to 20 points lower. May, 14.20c.; July, 14.50c.; Sept., 14.90c.; Dec., 15.40c.; March, 16.00c. Sales, 99 contracts.

Cotton Oil closed steady. Refined futures were 1 point up to 4 points down. Closing prices:—Crude, spot, nominal at 7.37½c.; yellow, spot, 8.70c. bid. Futures.—May, 8.76c.; July, 8.85c.; Sept., 9.04c.; Dec., 9.00c.

Tallow was steady and unchanged. Extra, loose, 6c.; extra, in tierces, 6⅛c. per lb., f.o.b. New York.

Petroleum.—Pennsylvania crude, standard grades were unaltered at $2.50 to $2.55 per barrel. Refined, standard white, New York, in cases, cargo lots, unchanged at 17.65c. per gallon. Gasoline.—New York, for export, in cases, cargo lots, U.S. motor specifications, deodorized, unchanged at 26.40c. per gallon.

Turpentine was firm and ⅛c. higher at 49½c. to 50½c.

JACKSONVILLE, May 10.—Turpentine was firm at 44½c. to 44⅞c.

SAVANNAH, May 10.—Turpentine was firm at 44½c. bid. Rosin.—Grade F., $6.25; grade K., $6.35; grade W.W., $7.10.

DULUTH, May 10.—Linseed closed firm and ½c. to 1½c. dearer. May, 271c.; July, 269c.

KANSAS CITY, May 10.—Wheat closed firm at 1½c. advance. May, 94c.; July, 95½c.

MINNEAPOLIS, May 10.—Wheat closed firm at 1½c. to 1⅝c. advance. May, 100½c.; July, 102½c.

TOLEDO, May 10.—Cloverseed closed steady without change. Cash, 11.75; Oct., 12.40.

WINNIPEG, May 10.—The market will be closed on Monday. Wheat opened firm at ⅛c. advance, with buying influenced by the official report on the American winter wheat crop, which was considered "bullish." After a further rise in sympathy with the opening firmness at Chicago, prices fell back under realizations brought out by increasing interior receipts, further beneficial rains, and reports of freer offerings of French wheat. The market strengthened again later under professional buying, stimulated by a fresh upturn at

(Continued at foot of next column)

HOME COMMERCIAL MARKETS

COAL TRADE REPORTS

GRAIN AND FARM PRODUCE

LONDON (The Baltic Exchange), May 10.—Wheat.—Stimulated by the bullish American Bureau Report the market opened firm with sellers requiring 3d. to 6d. per qr. advance, but the effect was discounted by private advices of an improvement in the crop subsequent to May 1. Buyers, meanwhile, were reserved. For a cargo of Rosafe, 63½lb. (old) and 62½lb. (new), May 15-June 15, 38s. 3d. and 37s. 9d. was asked respectively. Choice white Karachi, June, was held for 39s. 6d., and Australian afloat, for 40s. 6d. Parcels were firm and 3d. to 6d. per qr. harder to buy, and trading was mostly in French descriptions (on sample), to out ports. Barll, 62½lb., per Stonegate, shipping shipped, sold to Bristol Channel, a 37s.; French (on sample), June, made 32s. to Hull, while to Birkenhead, June (galricky), sold at 31s. 1½d.

The wheat futures market opened firm and 4d. to 6d. higher but with an absence of buying interest in c.i.f. parcels the market gave way slightly, and final values were 1d. under the initial advance.

Per 480lb.	Manitoba Grade Opening values	Noon values	Closing values	Prev. closing values
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
May	38 7	38 5	38 6	38 1
July	38 7	38 5	38 6	38 1
November	39 7	39 5	39 6	39 1
	London Grade			
May	36 0	35 10	35 11	35 8
July	36 1	35 11	36 0	35 9

Maize ruled steady on bullish Argentine official crop. The figures, however, are regarded as under-estimated, and this, with an increase in the quantity on passage, gave the market a quieter tone and quotations were nominally unchanged. For La Plata on passage, 25s. 3d. was asked and 24s. 9d. for May-June and June-July. Parcels were inactive at late rates. Dan.-Gal.-Fox., May-June, sold at 22s. 4½d.

Barley remained quiet. Russian, May 25-June, sold at 16s. Danubian, May, offered at 17s.

Oats continued inactive. La Plata, afloat, 12s. to 12s. 3d.; and May and June, 12s. 6d.

The following are farmers' deliveries from returns received in the week ended May 10 and for the current season (38 weeks):—

—	Wheat	Barley	Oats
	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.
This week	183,867	55,840	23,827
Average price	8s. 11d.	7s. 10d.	6s. 10d.
Same week last year	152,984	24,324	28,994
Average price	9s. 10d.	10s. 0d.	7s. 10d.
This season	8,515,466	10,904,487	1,765,688
Average price	9s. 3½d.	8s. 10¾d.	7s. 1d.
Last season	8,963,545	11,842,242	2,645,650
Average price	9s. 7¾d.	10s. 8¾d.	9s. 3½d.

LIVERPOOL, May 10.—Wheat.—C.i.f. parcels were 3d. to 9d. per quarter dearer, but very quiet. No business reported. Quotations:—No. 1 Northern Manitoba, May, 40s. 10½d.; No. 2, 39s. 10½d.; and No. 3, 39s. 3d.; No. 4 Manitoba, May, 37s. 10½d.; No. 5, 35s. 6d.; and No. 6, 29s.; No. 2 hard winter (gulf), due June 3, 38s. 1½d.; No. 2 mixed durum, May, 34s. 1½d.; Rosafe, 62½lb., May, 37s. 9d.; Barll, 62½ lb., May, 37s. 6d.; Baruso, 62½lb., May, 36s. 9d.; choice white Karachi, May-June, June-July, and July-Aug., 40s. 6d. Western white Pacific, May, 38s. 9d.; June, 38s. Spot parcels were steady. Graded wheat futures closed quiet, ¼d. to 1d. per cental higher. Sales 100 loads.

Graded Wheat Futures

Per 100lb.	Opening values	Business done Highest	Lowest	Closing values	Prev. closing values
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
May	—	—	—	7 7½	7 6¾
July*	7 9¼	7 9¼	7 8½	7 8¾	7 7½
Oct.*	7 11¼	7 11¼	7 10½	7 10⅞	7 10¼

* Net cash terms.

Maize :—C.i.f. parcels were quiet. La Plata, May-June, quoted, 23s 6d.; June-July, 23s. 6d.; Dan./Gal./Fox., May-June, sold at 22s. 4½d. No. 2 white flat African, June-July, 26s., bulk, sellers. Spot parcels were quiet and 3d. to 6d. lower.

Oats were dull. La Plata, f.a.q., May-June, 12s. 6d.; Chilean tawny, June-July, 13s.

CAMBRIDGE, May 10.—Wheat, 38s. to 39s., delivered into mill. Grinding barley, 28s. to 30s. Oats, 19s. to 21s.

COLCHESTER, May 10.—Wheat, 39s., delivered mills. Oats, 18s. to 19s. No barley was offering.

NORTHAMPTON, May 10.—The market was weak. The top price for wheat was 40s. Barley, 28s. to 30s. Oats, 20s. to 22s.

PETERBOROUGH, May 10.—Wheat was quoted at 37s. to 38s., and there was very little offering. Other grain was unchanged.

LONDON, May 10.—Potatoes (The Borough):—Home-grown deliveries totalled 4,500 tons. Business was more active and the tone steady. Quotations:—Best sample King Edward, £3 15s. to £4 5s.; 2nd grade Sirtland, King Edward, and Scotch King Edward, £3 to £3 10s.; Majestic and Sirtland King Edward, £2 10s. to £3 per ton, and Spanish matazas, 20s. per cwt., ex market.

Vegetable Glycerine.—Quotations and vegetable oils with a steady demand. Quotations:—Australian apples, 11s. to 14s.; Tasmanian apples, 9s. to 12s. 6d.; New Zealand apples, 10s. 6d. to 15s.; Cox's orange pippins 12s. 6d. to 20s.; American Newtown apples, 11s. to 14s. per box; Canadian apples, 9s. to 10s. per box; South African pears, 3s. to 9s. per box; Australian pears, 10s. to 17s. per box; English Hambro grapes, 3s. to 4s. 6d.; Belgian Colmar grapes, 3s. 6d. to 4s. 6d.; Belgian Royal grapes, 3s. to 4s. per lb.; Canary bananas, 14s. to 24s. per crate; Jamaica bananas, 10d. to 1s. per doz.; English hothouse peaches, 10s. to 30s.; Belgian peaches, 8s. to 21s. per doz.; hothouse melons, 2s. 6d. to 10s. 6d. each; Mexican lemons, 6s. 6d. to 8s. per box, 8s. to 13s. per case; Florida grape fruit, 30s. to 37s. 6d.; Porto Rico grape fruit, 30s. to 35s. per case; Jaffa oranges, 14s. to 18s.; Californian oranges, 25s. to 30s. per box; Spanish oranges, 12s. to 40s. per case; 8d. to 9d. Mickels pineapples, 2s. 3d. to 3s. 6d. each; South African plums, 7s. to 8s. 6d. per box; English tomatoes, 12s. to 16s. per 12lb.; Canary tomatoes, 12s. 6d. to 21s. per crate; French asparagus, 6d. to 1s. 9d. per bundle; Evesham asparagus, 1s. to 1s. 9d. per round bundle; spinach, 2s. to 2s. 6d. per bushel; rhubarb, 3s. to 6s. per bundle; per doz. bundles, 4d. per doz. to 5s. 6d. per bag; cauliflowers, 2s. to 3s. per doz.; beetroots, 5s. to 6s. per cwt.; Dutch lettuce, 3s. to 4s 6d. per crate; spring onions, 3s. 6d. to 4s.; mint, 4s. to 5s. per doz. bunches.

Hay and Straw (Whitechapel).—Moderate supplies met a quiet trade and absence of any material expansion in the consuming demand. After touching 5s. for spot, mid-week Straits metal temporarily rallied on fair purchases, but continued selling pressure forced the price down again and at the close the metal was no better than 31½c. per lb. for both spot and June, representing a fall on the week of 1½c. for spot, and 1¼c. for June.

Spelter.—The market remained dull owing to the continued unfavourable statistical situation, stocks showing a further expansion despite the decline in production in the past month. East St. Louis prices were further reduced to 4.65c. per lb., against 4.70c. last week.

Lead.—Although quiet, with buyers showing no anxiety to place orders, the market has ruled steady in the absence of any selling pressure, and the spot price was maintained at 5.50c. per lb.

Tinplates.—The market has continued quiet without material change in the situation. Prices are unchanged, with prime makes at $5.25 per box.

Pig Iron.—The falling off in production during the past month had a steadying effect on the market this week, and business, though moderate, showed signs of broadening with prices steadier. Number 2 foundry on Eastern Pennsylvania markets is still quoted $19 per ton.

Steel.—Mill operations have shown a further slight reduction owing to the slow influx of new orders despite the offer of concession in several lines. The falling off in railroad requirements has been mainly responsible for the set-back, and little improvement is expected until the autumn. Meanwhile the price situation is unsettled. Standard Bessemer rails remain at $43 per ton.

Rubber.—Smoked sheet sellers were ⅛c. lower for spot and May at 14⅛c. and May-June at 14⅛c. per lb. First latex crêpe sellers were ⅛c. lower for spot and May at 14⅛c. and May-June at 15c. per lb. New York Rubber Exchange closing prices were 10 to 20 points lower. May, 14.20c.; July, 14.50c.; Sept., 14.90c.; Dec., 15.40c.; March, 16.00c. Sales, 99 contracts.

Cotton Oil closed steady. Refined futures were 1 point up to 4 points down. Closing prices:—Crude, spot, nominal at 7.37½c.; yellow, spot, 8.70c. bid. Futures.—May, 8.76c.; July, 8.85c.; Sept., 9.04c.; Dec., 9.00c.

Tallow was steady and unchanged. Extra, loose, 6c.; extra, in tierces, 6⅛c. per lb., f.o.b. New York.

Petroleum.—Pennsylvania crude, standard grades were unaltered at $2.50 to $2.55 per barrel. Refined, standard white, New York, in cases, cargo lots, unchanged at 17.65c. per gallon. Gasoline.—New York, for export, in cases, cargo lots, U.S. motor specifications, deodorized, unchanged at 26.40c. per gallon.

Turpentine was firm and ⅛c. higher at 49½c. to 50½c.

JACKSONVILLE, May 10.—Turpentine was firm at 44½c. to 44⅞c.

SAVANNAH, May 10.—Turpentine was firm at 44½c. bid. Rosin.—Grade F., $6.25; grade K., $6.35; grade W.W., $7.10.

DULUTH, May 10.—Linseed closed firm and ½c. to 1½c. dearer. May, 271c.; July, 269c.

KANSAS CITY, May 10.—Wheat closed firm at 1½c. advance. May, 94c.; July, 95½c.

MINNEAPOLIS, May 10.—Wheat closed firm at 1½c. to 1⅝c. advance. May, 100½c.; July, 102½c.

TOLEDO, May 10.—Cloverseed closed steady without change. Cash, 11.75; Oct., 12.40.

WINNIPEG, May 10.—The market will be closed on Monday. Wheat opened firm at ⅛c. advance, with buying influenced by the official report on the American winter wheat crop, which was considered "bullish." After a further rise in sympathy with the opening firmness at Chicago, prices fell back under realizations brought out by increasing interior receipts, further beneficial rains, and reports of freer offerings of French wheat. The market strengthened again later under professional buying, stimulated by a fresh upturn at Chicago, and closed firm, ⅛c. to 1⅛c. higher. May, 106⅛c.; July, 108⅛c.; Oct., 110½c. Oats closed steady, ⅛c. to ⅜c. higher. May, 50c.; July, 50½c.; Oct., 47½c. Barley futures firm at ⅛c. to ⅜c. advance. July, 47½c.; Oct., 51½c. Linseed closed steady and unchanged to ⅛c. lower. May, 212c.; July, 209c.

CHICAGO, May 10.—Wheat opened firm and 1⅛c. to ⅛c. higher on the bullish Bureau report on winter wheat with a covering demand also influenced by reports of a better flour demand in the North-West, rumours of export buying and predictions of a decrease in the visible supply. The rallying was influenced afterwards by beneficial rains in the American North-West and in Canada with some talk of the winter wheat crop having been underestimated, but the upward movement was resumed owing to unfavourable crop advices from Kansas, and the close was firm at a rise of 1⅛c. to 1⅛c. May, 102⅛c.; July, 103⅛c.; Sept., 106⅛c.; Dec., 110⅛c.

Maize closed steady, ⅛c. lower to ⅛c. higher. May, 78½c.; July, 79½c.; Sept., 79½c.; Dec., 74½c. Oats closed firm at a rise of ⅛c. to ⅛c. May, 41½c.; July, 40½c.; Sept., 40c.; Dec., 42½c. Rye.—No. 2, cash, nominal. Futures, steady and ⅛c. to ⅛c. higher. July, 62½c.; Sept., 66½c.; Dec., 70½c.

Provisions closed steady, with lard unchanged to 2½ points higher and pork unaltered. Closing prices:

COMPANY MEETINGS

SOUTH WALES POWER COMPANY, LTD.

WORKING RESULTS OF THE STATUTORY COMPANY

PROGRESS DURING 1929

NEW GENERATING PLANT IN COMMISSION

MR. W. NORTH LEWIS'S SPEECH

The TWENTY-FOURTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the South Wales Power Company, Limited, was held on Friday last at the registered office of the company, 27, Newport-road, Cardiff.

Mr. W. NORTH LEWIS (the chairman of the company) presided.

The SECRETARY (Mr. Geo. P. Tutcher, F.C.I.S.) read the notice convening the meeting and the auditor's report.

The CHAIRMAN said:—Gentlemen,—I now rise to propose the adoption of the report and accounts for the year 1929. The accounts have been in your hands for some days, and you will no doubt agree that they be taken as read. (Agreed.)

I do not propose to go through the accounts in detail, but if at the end of my statement there is any further explanation which any shareholder would like I shall be happy, so far as I can, to afford it.

I think I cannot do better at the outset of my remarks than follow the precedent I have set on previous occasions by reminding you that this company is a holding company, whose assets consist—within a small fraction—of the whole of the Ordinary and Preference capital and over 88 per cent. of the Prior Lien Debentures of the South Wales Electrical Power Distribution Company (the Parliamentary company). The interests of the two companies are identical, and the particulars which I shall give you refer to the working of the Parliamentary company.

When addressing you last year I stated that the period covered by the accounts I was then presenting to you was the worst in the staple industry in South Wales since the formation of the company, and I am sorry to say that during the period now under review there has been but little improvement.

THE ACCOUNTS

The gross profit of the Parliamentary company amounted to £93,665 19s. 8d., as compared with £89,059 13s. 7d. in the previous year. This has enabled the Parliamentary company to meet its Prior Lien Debentures and Ordinary Debentures interest and Preference dividend, to transfer £15,000 to depreciation reserve, and to hand over to your company a sum of £8,330 13s. 8d., as against £3,724 7s. 7d. in the previous year, under the terms of the agreement between the two companies.

The income of this company, comprising as it does interest on Prior Lien Debentures and Preference shares of the Parliamentary company, interest on investments in Government securities, sundry transfer fees, together with the balance received from the Parliamentary company just referred to, has enabled it to meet in full its Debenture interest, and sinking fund, and its Preference dividend, directors', trustees', and auditor's fees, with a balance over of £3,171 7s. 10d., as against £476 15s. 3d. for the previous year, which your directors recommend should be carried forward, thus increasing the balance forward to £24,353 14s., as against £21,182 6s. 2d. brought into 1929.

INCREASED SALES OF ELECTRICAL ENERGY

Turning from the accounts, it may interest you if I give a few figures showing the progress of the company during the past year. I have already referred to the fact that the improvement in trade in the basic industries of this district, upon which your company so largely depends, has been disappointingly slow, checked as it has been by uncertainties in regard to coal mines legislation, safeguarding of industries, and the many features of centralized control which to-day cramp the individual action of industrialists.

Notwithstanding these difficult conditions, the business-getting policy of the company—the policy of tempering the wind to the shorn lamb—outlined to you last year, has begun to bear fruit, the sales of electrical energy having risen from 65,500,000 units to over 76,000,000 units (16 1/5 per cent.), this being a record to date. The revenue received by the statutory company has, however, only increased by about 3 per cent., this being due to a drop in the average price received of 11 per cent. following on reductions in the rates charged to consumers.

It is interesting to look back a few years, and the following figures show the growth of output and fall in coal consumed per unit in recent years:—

Year	Units sold	Lb. of coal consumed per unit to feeders
1922 ..	49,000,034	3.06
1923 ..	59,225,567	3.26
1924 ..	64,859,051	2.413
1925 ..	66,991,538	2.406
1926 ..	57,599,261	2.22
1927 ..	70,715,437	1.827
1928 ..	65,456,652	1.74
1929 ..	76,316,342	1.564

THE BURDEN OF RATES

On the expenditure side the accounts for the year show a marked increase in the item of rates. The final assessments have not yet been settled, but your company is employing a public utility rating expert, whose estimates have been used in making up the year's accounts.

The burden of increased rates for social service expenditure is one that to-day falls very heavily upon public utility undertakings which do not benefit directly from "derating." We can only hope that increasing prosperity of users of power who do benefit from the Act will lead them to recognize that by supporting local undertakings who provide power they will not only release their own energies for directly productive effort, but also make it much easier for electricity to be supplied generally in their district to the advantage of their workers and all those who live by meeting the trade and business needs of their locality.

NEW PLANT AT THE TREFOREST STATION

Within the past year your company has put into commission the new 25,000kw. generating plant at the Treforest Power Station, to which I referred last year, and the cost of production at that station to-day in relation to load and output is second to none in the country. This new plant has only been in use for less than half of the year, but the weight of coal consumed per unit of electricity delivered to feeders has been reduced by 10 per cent. The cost of generation per unit, as compared with the previous year, was reduced by nearly 17 per cent., every item in the company's cost accounts being notably lower than in 1928, and the total of working expenses showing a reduction of 13 per cent. on the preceding year.

With the addition of this important new unit the total up-to-date plant capacity of the Treforest station now amounts to 62,000kw.

A number of new power supply contracts have been entered into, and others revised and extended. The increase in the company's business for the year is represented by 940 new consumers (the principal one being the Rhondda Tramways Company), 75 public lamps and an additional 10 miles of mains and cables have been erected.

It is at the present time apparent that a substantial increase in units sold may be expected in the current year, and in addition several power contracts of importance are in a promising state of negotiation, although they may not become operative for some months.

EXPANSION OF LIGHTING BUSINESS

In the areas in which the company hold electric lighting orders the development of business has been very satisfactory; the number of consumers has increased by 11½ per cent. and units sold to them by 22 per cent., and the revenue derived therefrom by 14½ per cent. To meet this expansion of business there has been an increase of capital expenditure of only 10½ per cent.

During the year 1929 we have entered new territory for general lighting and small power business, including Llanharry, Ystradowen, and Caychurch. This is a section of our business which is gradually extending and which holds out considerable prospect for satisfactory development. Similarly with the numerous bulk supplies given by the company to local authorities and companies who hold lighting orders in different parts of South Wales. The increase shown in this branch of the business amounts to 12.7 per cent. units sold, and 9.4 per cent. increase in revenue. This result, while less than the increase shown from business under the direct operation of the company, is still notable.

A TRAVELLING SHOWROOM

During the year the company has put into use a travelling showroom which pays regular visits to the isolated districts for the service and advice of the consumers. This has proved to be a useful and attractive method of advertisement and has been much appreciated.

The power station at Treforest, and the distribution system consisting of 356 miles of lines, and the offices, stores and equipment have been maintained in first-class condition.

I think you will appreciate from the figures I have given you that real and steady progress is being made in the development of this undertaking, progress which I am convinced would have been much more rapid and much more marked had we been passing through normal times in this district.

POSITION UNDER "CENTRAL ELECTRICITY" SCHEME

You may like a word as to the prospects for the future and the position which this company is likely to occupy under the proposals of the Central Electricity Board for South-West England and South Wales. The proposals of the Board were not published until after the end of the year under review. They are now available and your company has had an opportunity of making representations on them to the Central Electricity Board. It is anticipated that this Seventh National scheme will be adopted by the Central Electricity Board in a few weeks, and we have reason to understand that our Treforest station will become a "selected" station under the scheme.

This is very gratifying, and we may justly claim that it will be a testimony to the efficiency in working of the station, to the foresight of your board in laying it out for extensive future development, and to the ability of your consulting engineers, Messrs. Highfield and Roger Smith, in the matter of technical design.

The scheme will probably also provide for the standardization of our "periodicity of supply," an alteration which will be of material advantage to your company in that it will bring within our range a large field of business which the company has hitherto been unable to enter.

While I am on the subject of the Central Electricity Board I may mention that our engineer and general manager, Mr. J. W. Beauchamp, has been offered, and with the consent of your board has accepted, an important position under the Central Board in this area and the West of England. We part with him with great regret and great reluctance, as during the short time he has been in our employ we have formed a very high opinion of his ability and keen energy. We congratulate both him and the Central Board, and he will carry with him into the new and wider sphere of work upon which he will shortly enter our best wishes for his success.

NEGOTIATIONS WITH A VIEW TO FURTHER DEVELOPMENT

Your board have for some time been in negotiation with important British interests controlling a number of electrical supply companies with a view to facilitate the provision of capital for the further development of our areas of supply and to effect further economies in working.

These negotiations are proceeding satisfactorily, and it is hoped in the near future to submit a scheme which will enable your company to make more rapid progress and to take the fullest advantage of their improved position arising from the expected "selection" of your power station, the change in "frequency" of supply, and to enable us to proceed with extensions over important parts of our area so far undeveloped, and where great opportunities of business in power and lighting exist.

SERVICES OF THE STAFF

I should like in conclusion to say a word in appreciation of the services rendered by our staff. I have already said a word as to our indebtedness to our general manager, Mr. J. W. Beauchamp, for the ability and energy with which he has carried on the business of the company, and while it is perhaps invidious, where all have done so well, to mention names, I should like particularly to thank by name our secretary (Mr. G. P. Tutcher), our station superintendent and resident engineer (Mr. Roper), and our assistant manager (Mr. C. T. Allan). To these gentlemen and to all the members of our staff who have worked so loyally in the interests of the company I should like to tender our thanks and to put on record our appreciation of their services.

The greatly improved position in which the statutory company finds itself to-day as compared with a few years ago is due in no small measure to the able advice and guidance we have had in all technical matters from our consulting engineers, Messrs. Highfield and Roger Smith, and it gives me great pleasure once again to acknowledge it.

I have pleasure in proposing the adoption of the report and accounts, and will ask Mr. W. Forster Brown to second it.

Mr. W. FORSTER BROWN having seconded the motion, the report and accounts were unanimously approved and adopted, and the retiring directors and auditor were re-elected.

A vote of thanks to the chairman and directors concluded the proceedings.

METROPOLITAN HOUSING CORPORATION

"HIGHLY SATISFACTORY REPORT"

The FIRST ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Metropolitan Housing Corporation, Limited, was held on Friday in London.

Mr. T. GILBERT SCOTT (the chairman), in moving the adoption of the report, said he thought it would be agreed that the report was highly satisfactory. The result of the year's operations was definitely better than the directors had dared to foreshadow in the prospectus, and this in spite of the fact that a large proportion of the funds available for investment was not utilized in the purchase of properties until late in the period under review. The net profit amounted to £70,378, which was arrived at after eliminating the dividend of £12,621 received by the Metropolitan Housing Corporation from its subsidiary company, Metropolitan United Estates, but which dividend related to a period prior to the formation of the corporation. This amount had been used to form the nucleus of a reserve fund. The directors proposed to pay a dividend at the rate of 8 per cent. per annum, less tax, to transfer to reserve account £7,378 (raising it to £20,000), to transfer to special reserve for social services £2,000, and to carry forward the substantial sum of £10,169.

IMPROVEMENT OF ARTISANS' DWELLINGS

Mr. CLAUDE M. LEIGH, F.A.I., in seconding the motion, said he felt it incumbent upon him to tell the shareholders something of the practical side of the working of the corporation. He was particularly interested in the development of housing for the artisan class, and when he stated that 85 per cent. of the total number of the corporation's tenants were weekly tenants, and that 80 per cent. of these paid a rent of less than 20s. per week, shareholders would appreciate that he should have some technical knowledge of the subject. It was the policy of the corporation to purchase estates on which the property was structurally sound. The property was then put into good repair or, if suitable, reconditioned and modernized until it provided the very best accommodation at a reasonable rental which could be obtained by an artisan family in England at the present day.

It was the aim of the corporation to prevent the creation of slums by the reconditioning not only of bricks and mortar but of the people who lived behind them. They gave their tenants clean, healthy, comfortable homes, and then—through the medium of a social centre under a resident matron—they showed them how to make the best use of the amenities at their disposal. There was an ideal flat attached to that centre in which the corporation had installed the improvements they would like to see introduced into every house and flat under their control.

In conclusion, Mr. Leigh said he saw great possibilities for private enterprise such as their own, which had had the courage to strike out a new line for itself and to give the country a lead in tackling the problem of the adequate housing of the great artisan class.

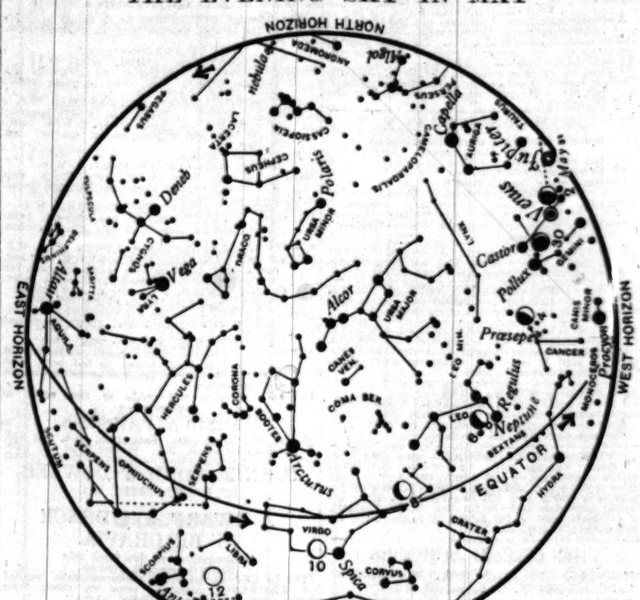
The resolution was carried unanimously.

THE UNILEVER CAPITAL BONUS

Announcement has previously been made of the bonus issue by Unilever N.V. Instructions for obtaining the new issue are published to-day for the information of holders of bearer certificates and of certificates of sub-shares registered in the name of the Midland Bank Executor and Trustee Company. Holders of every 1,000fl. existing Ordinary share or Certificates of Ordinary shares will receive one Certificate of 100fl., and holders of every 10 Ordinary sub-shares of 12fl. will receive one Ordinary sub-share of 12fl.

STARS OF THE MONTH

THE EVENING SKY IN MAY



(FROM OUR ASTRONOMICAL CORRESPONDENT)

This diagram shows the brighter stars that will be above the horizon in the latitude of London at 11 o'clock at the beginning, at 10 o'clock in the middle, and at 9 o'clock at the end of the month, the time in all cases being local; or, in other words, at places away from Greenwich the Greenwich times to which the diagram applies are later than the above by the amount of the longitude if the place be west of Greenwich, earlier by like amount if it be east. If the diagram be turned so that the horizon at the observer is facing (shown by the words round the circle) is at the bottom, the stars he then has in front of him will be found between the lowest point of the circle and the point which represents the zenith, or point immediately overhead, and the heavens to his right and left hand will be found in the corresponding position in the diagram. The arrows show the direction of the apparent motion of the stars throughout the night because of the rotation of the Earth and also of their progress through this series of diagrams throughout the year.

The time used in these notes is that of the Greenwich meridian throughout, and is not "Summer Time." This can be found by adding one hour to the times here given.

The position of the moon is shown for alternate evenings from the 2nd to the 12th, and also for the 30th. On this last-named evening the moon, though barely three days old, will not set at Greenwich until a quarter past 11 o'clock. On the 2nd, being then about four days old, it set half-an-hour after midnight. These unusually late settings of the young moon are due to the fact that the moon is at its greatest distance from the Equator at this part of the lunation in May and June, and, secondly, that this monthly greatest distance is approaching its maximum in the 19-year cycle which originates in the regression of the nodes of the moon's orbit round the ecliptic. The moon's declination, or distance from the Equator, was 28 degrees north in the late evening of May 2, and will be half a degree less than this on the 30th. It will be 28deg. 40min. in September, 1931, which will be a greatest possible.

THE PLANETS IN MAY

Jupiter and Venus are shown over the north-west horizon in the positions they will be in on May 31, for both are outside the diagram at the beginning of the month but are moving eastward. The path of Venus from May 16 to 31 is shown by a broken line. Jupiter moves in a parallel but shorter path below that of Venus and comes within the circle about the 17th. In the early days of the month Jupiter will be seen, as it has been lately, at a convenient height in the west as the sky grows dark, with Venus considerably lower on its right. The distance between the planets will decrease night by night, Venus moving towards Jupiter and the latter setting earlier in the ordinary course, and on the 17th they will be, technically speaking, in conjunction, when Venus will be seen still to the right of and about a degree higher than Jupiter. A day or two later it will be to the left of the lower object, when they will separate and come into the relative position shown on the 31st, Venus setting on that date about half-past 10 o'clock and Jupiter soon after 9. The appearance in the middle of the month of these two planets near together in the evening sky is likely to be striking.

Saturn, being in the constellation Sagittarius not far outside the south-east boundary of the diagram, will be above the horizon before midnight during the greater part of the month and will be seen at that hour in the south-east considerably to the right of and lower than the star Altair, which it exceeds in brightness, with a group of prominent stars on its right. Mars continues to rise less than an hour and a half before the Sun and is not likely to be seen. The telescopic planet Neptune was at a stationary point on May 10 in the position shown to the left of Regulus.

THE PLANET MERCURY

The correspondent who reported in *The Times* of April 24 that he had seen Mercury from Hampstead in the evening of the 12th was fortunate in discerning the planet as much as 15 days before greatest elongation. A general statement derived from experience is that Mercury when at its brightest may be seen half an hour after sunset until half an hour before its setting, and since on April 12 the Sun set at 6h. 49m. G.M.T. and Mercury at 8h. 1m., the interval between these limits was only 12 minutes, and the observation from 7.25 to 7.40, as mentioned, covered the interval very nearly. A point to be considered is that the greatest brilliance of Mercury occurred about April 3, and, though towards the end of the month, that is at the time of greatest elongation, the interval of visibility as above defined was more than an hour, the planet was less lustrous than it was a week or two earlier. The brightness declines rapidly after eastern elongation, for, though the planet is approaching the earth, the portion of the disc illuminated decreases at a rate for which the increase in its size does not compensate.

A new comet of the tenth magnitude was found on May 2 in the upper part of the constellation Corona by observers at the Hamburg Observatory at Bergedorf, which is shown by further observations made elsewhere to be moving rather rapidly in a north-easterly direction towards Hercules. This is the fourth comet discovery of the current year, the number being rather above the average for the time elapsed. One of the objects was unusually bright, but apart from that circumstance they have been of little interest.

THE NEW PLANET AND OTHERS

There is little that is definite to be said about the newly discovered object additional to Dr. Jackson's article in *The Times* of April 19, in which it was shown that from the observations of its position it had been deduced that it is moving in a long elliptical, quite cometary, orbit and will return to within 20 astronomical units of the Sun as it was 30 years ago in something more than 3,000 years. These are the figures derived from scanty data which it is thought may be modified, especially as to the length of the orbit and the period. Nevertheless vague surmise may be made of the existence of bodies of an unknown type which, like the minor planets, take their light from the Sun, but, unlike these small members that remain at an average distance of three units from the central body, travel far away in space. If, however, this mysterious object shines by reflected solar light, being as far away from the Sun as the figures show it must be as large as Mercury. On the other hand, it does not seem impossible that it may be self-luminous. Of a recent telegram bearing the suggestion that an object found by searching old plates is a second new major planet there is only to be said that the positions available give some indication that in 1924 it was at a distance from the Sun of about 40 units, which is nearly the present distance of the Lowell object. The minor planets are distinguished from more distant bodies by their comparatively rapid movement, and remembering the careful search of plates made for these bodies, it is surprising that none of this new type have been suspected. Perhaps history is about to repeat itself and their discovery is to be as frequent as that of the asteroids or minor planets—the vermin of the sky, as someone has called them. It is reported in the recently published February number of the *Monthly Notices* that more than 150 were discovered last year, and that the total with computed orbits and permanent numbers is now 1,114. More than half of the 150 were discovered on photographs taken at the Heidelberg Observatory, where an average of more than 40 a year have been found in each of the last 30 years, many of the objects naturally being duplicates or rediscoveries of planets already known; but the supply of new material appears not to fail.

SOME ASTRONOMERS

The February number just mentioned generally supplies interesting reading in the section devoted to the obituary notices of recently deceased Fellows, that are frequently brightened by human or humorous touches if the subject allows, one such case this year being that of Major MacMahon, R.A., F.R.S., "a good soldier spoiled," as his military friends said with reference to his scientific career. He made a hobby of billiards and was once induced to part with a guinea for the expert professional advice (to be divulged after payment), "Always chalk your cue before you play and not after." The Maharaj of Jhalawar was another of the Fellows of the Society who died during the year under review. He had lived much in England in recent years, and took a keen personal interest in astronomy, in intellectual pursuits generally, and in English affairs, and, as his biographer says, sought by every means in his power to promote cordial relations between Britain and India. Sir Otto Jaffé, a former Lord Mayor of Belfast, whose name is also in the list, was perhaps better known for his philanthropy in that city than for his services to the science, but these may be posthumous, for his telescope has been presented to the Observatory of London University. A name more familiar to Londoners is that of John Browning, whose obituary is a little belated, for he died four years ago at the advanced age of 90, and whose optical and scientific instrument shop was a well-known feature in the Strand nearly 60 years ago, the business having been established in the Minories as far back as 1760. John Browning was one of the first to make experiments with electric light, the telephone, and the phonograph. He had been a Fellow of the Royal Astronomical Society for 60 years when he died, and in the seventies of last century took an active part in its affairs.

THE ESTATE MARKET

SALES THIS WEEK

For the War Department, a large factory and 70 acres at Swindon will be sold at the Mart to-morrow by Messrs. Weatherall and Green. City leaseholds on Tower-hill, and Surbiton and Kensington freehold ground-rents will be submitted by Messrs. Herring, Son, and Daw.

The Wells, Epsom, with the original spring of mineral water, and 42 acres around it, and houses and building land in Weybridge, are for sale on Wednesday by Messrs. Wilson and Co. Winchmore Hill, Enfield, and Tunbridge Wells residences await offers through Messrs. Maple and Co., Limited; a Hendon freehold though Mr. Johnston Evans; and Fortess-road, Kentish Town, shops through Messrs. Alfred Squire and Co. Shops in East Ham are for sale by Messrs. Mark Lieli and Son, and, with Messrs. Wilbee and Son, a Herne Bay freehold. An Egham house and over two acres are in the hands of Messrs. Matthews and Goodman; and Edgware and Mill Hill freeholds will be sold by Mr. Leslie Raymond on Thursday, when Messrs. H. E. Foster and Cranfield have reversions and policies to sell and an Endell-street warehouse. Messrs. Marsh and Parsons have a long list of Campden-hill houses for the same day.

To-morrow, at St. James's-square, Messrs. Hampton and Sons, whose July auctions include that, for the Duke of Norfolk, of Norfolk House, will offer West Ashling House, 46 acres, near Chichester; and freeholds in Upper Norwood and Bexhill.

Sir Maurice Levy's Great Glen House estate of 178 acres is for sale at Leicester on Wednesday by Messrs. Knight, Frank and Rutley, who will sell St. Leonard's, Bengeo, Hertford, at Hanover-square on the following day.

Messrs. George Trollope and Sons have sold No. 34, Eaton-square, and, with Messrs. Chesterton and Sons, No. 16, Cadogan-place. Twenty Putney houses and a Herne Bay site have been sold by Messrs. A. W. Taylor and Co. (Putney).

The late Judge Atherley Jones owned Barfield, Braywick, Maidenhead, which has changed hands through Messrs. Hussey, Walcott and Co. (Gray's Inn) and Messrs. J. H. Humfrey (Maidenhead) before the auction.

Hookwood, a Tudor house and 30 acres, near Horley; 75 acres of woods in Newdigate, and other sales are reported by Messrs. Watkin and Watkin (Reigate); and three farms on the Compton Bassett and Cherhill estate, Wilts, by Messrs. Tilley and Culverwell. The offices of Messrs. Penningtons (Richmond) have been enlarged.

Hindhead houses for sale by Messrs. C. Bridger and Sons (Hindhead and Haslemere) include Broomhouse, a modern residence with an acre, on May 20, and for £1,800 a house on the Petersfield side. Sites of an acre or more overlooking the Devil's Punch Bowl are offered.

Welbeck-street, Weymouth-street, and Blenheim-street leaseholds and a parcel of ground-rents will be sold at the Mart on May 29 by Messrs. Bedford and Co. (Wigmore-street), by order of the Public Trustee.

AUCTION SUMMARY

PROPERTY (TOWN, SUBURBAN, AND COUNTRY) SALES THIS DAY

Auctioneers	Place of Sale	Description
Baxter, Payne and Lepper	20, Rectory-road, Beckenham, Kent. (2.0)	Freehold Property
Mackinder, Bennett and Balderston	White Hart Hotel, Spilsby (3.30)	Freehold Estate
Trollope and Sons	Pier Hotel, Rhyl (3.30)	Country Property
Golbie and Green	Red Lion Hotel, Dorking (3.30)	Country Estate

FURNITURE, WORKS OF ART, &c. SALES THIS DAY.

Knight, Frank and Rutley	Hotel Cecil, Strand, W.C. (11.0)	Contents of the Hotel
Hampton and Sons	Rawford-place, Mansingtree, Essex (12.0)	Antique and Modern Furniture
Tooth and Tooth	Brent Lodge, Hanwell, Middlesex (12.0)	Antique and Modern Furniture
Sotheby and Co.	34-5, New Bond-st. (1.0)	Rare Books
H. R. Harmer	6-8, Old Bond-st., W. (2.30)	Rare Postage Stamps

ARGENTINE MAIZE CROP

REVISED OFFICIAL ESTIMATE

BUENOS AIRES, May 9.—The Argentine Ministry of Agriculture has issued a revised estimate of the area of this season's maize crop to be harvested, giving a total of 9,645,000 acres, showing a reduction of 171,000 acres compared with the previous estimate this season of 9,816,000 acres; in 1928-29 8,690,000 acres were finally harvested. A preliminary official estimate of the yield is given as 29,582,000qr., against 27,075,000qr. the final estimate last season. The details of the yields for the various provinces are estimated as follows, with comparisons (in quarters):—

	1929-30	1928-29
Buenos Aires	12,733,000	7,254,000
Santa Fé	11,569,000	9,412,000
Cordoba	2,447,000	7,737,000
Entre Rios	561,000	285,000
Pampa Central ..	55,000	78,000
Other provinces ..	2,217,000	2,309,000
Total	29,582,000	27,075,000

BANKS' NEW BRANCHES

The Westminster Bank will open a new branch to-day at Watford Cross Roads (151, The Parade, High-street, Watford).

Sub-branches of Barclays Bank have been opened at Knowle, Warwickshire, and at Dorridge, Warwickshire.

New offices of the Midland Bank have been opened at 10, Mill-street, Macclesfield; 6, Princes-crescent, Bare, Morecambe; Auction Mart, Boroughbridge, Yorkshire; Llanwrda, Carmarthenshire; The Strand, Sheldon, near Teignmouth, Devon; and at 67, London-road, Stockton Heath, near Warrington, Lancs.

Sub-branches of Lloyds Bank are now open at 124, High-street, Hornchurch, and at 146, Port Tennant-road, St. Thomas, Swansea.

DRAWING OF BONDS

4 lines 18s. (minimum)

UNITED STEEL WORKS CORPORATION (Vereinigte Stahlwerke Aktiengesellschaft) 25-YEAR 6½ per CENT. SINKING FUND MORTGAGE GOLD BONDS, Series A and Series C.

To the HOLDERS of 25-Year 6½ per CENT. SINKING FUND MORTGAGE GOLD BONDS, Series A, issued under and secured by an Indenture dated as of June 1, 1926, between the above-named Company and The National City Bank of New York, American Trustee, and Darmstaedter und National-bank Kommanditgesellschaft auf Aktien, German Trustee.

To the HOLDERS of 25-Year 6½ per CENT. SINKING FUND MORTGAGE GOLD BONDS, Series C, issued under and secured by the above-mentioned Indenture and a Supplemental Indenture dated as of June 1, 1928, between the same Company and said American and German Trustees.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned that, in accordance with Article 7, of the said Indenture, the Fiscal Agent (Dillon, Read and Co.) of the undersigned under said Indenture has designated by lot for REDEMPTION on June 1, 1930, out of moneys to be paid to said Fiscal Agent before said date by the undersigned as and for a Sinking Fund, $300,000 principal amount of said 25-Year 6½ per Cent. Sinking Fund Mortgage Gold Bonds, Series A, bearing the numbers listed below, viz.:—

BONDS of SERIES A.
(Each number preceded by the distinguishing letter "M.")

6	118	131	142	147	179	270
337	391	459	474	506	556	593
720	764	805	846	1196	1224	1303
1372	1547	1565	1647	1666	1675	1819
2121	2231	2336	2509	2551	2649	2691
2720	3168	3209	3225	3242	3295	3411
3450	3626	3747	3833	3912	3941	4030
4087	4088	4089	4155	4188	4231	4286
4291	4297	4330	4408	4854	5002	5086
5277	5280	5300	5374	5384	5509	5541
5642	5670	5719	5793	5926	5931	6241
6279	6511	6599	6777	6778	7001	7006
7057	7154	7374	7434	7550	7701	7732
7809	7820	7861	7867	7915	7937	7946
7980	8002	8012	8018	8136	8190	8215
8266	8463	8478	8635	8649	8709	8914
8930	9202	9369	9442	9610	9622	9784
9876	9976	9983	10198	10232	10239	10286
10287	10361	10458	10707	10710	10716	10929
10979	11003	11062	11090	11192	11285	11308
11347	11430	11818	11884	11900	11901	11930
12041	12192	12235	12244	12245	12273	12306
12380	12575	12615	12914	13036	13068	13083
13436	13552	13581	13644	13687	13863	13992
14063	14432	14512	14529	14540	14603	14693
14708	14809	14827	15096	15123	15344	15427
15581	15589	15607	15772	15787	15966	16079
16137	16338	16390	16412	16540	16559	16784
16871	16906	17037	17261	17450	17739	17774
17869	17980	18064	18398	18400	18464	18565
18590	18599	18687	19033	19190	19342	19413
19645	19670	19676	19771	20268	20318	20380
20429	20497	20536	20547	20590	20637	20644
20648	20718	20755	21008	21063	21084	21090
21372	21488	21612	21653	21680	21720	21804
21926	22121	22229	22234	22410	22508	22622
23083	23151	23250	23442	23450	23499	23576
23761	23905	24060	24448	24665	24666	24680
24995	25132	25241	25252	25383	25596	25703
25728	25875	25914	26224	26625	26719	26769
27063	27200	27224	27571	27600	27949	28441
28445	28534	28786	28851	28898	28920	29010
29008	29218	29289	29297	29627	29999	

Notice is hereby further given by the undersigned that, in accordance with the provisions of Article 7 of said Supplemental Indenture, said Fiscal Agent of the undersigned under said Supplemental Indenture has designated by lot for redemption on June 1, 1930, out of moneys to be paid to said Fiscal Agent before said date by the undersigned as and for a Sinking Fund, $108,000 principal amount of said 25-Year 6½ per Cent. Sinking Fund Mortgage Gold Bonds, Series C, bearing the numbers listed below, viz.:—

BONDS of SERIES C.
(Each number preceded by the distinguishing letter "M.")

4	17	23	81	266	290	348
444	648	726	860	953	1045	1095
1100	1196	1204	1315	1351	1445	1511
1714	1751	1965	2006	2093	2113	2132
2424	2527	2661	2662	2726	2886	3592
3536	3579	3723	3759	3760	3844	3863
4276	4292	4333	4392	4703	4713	4757
4793	4990	5000	5115	5500	5546	5578
5629	5680	5691	5808	5989	5997	6000
6135	6159	6174	6491	6584	6698	6792
6809	6840	6841	7090	7279	7292	7419
7421	7440	7481	7625	7711	7884	7971
7991	8001	8129	8416	8527	8639	8889
8983	9080	9083	9163	9171	9211	9351
9428	9747	9759	9763	9947	10162	10401
10700	10773	10791				

Said Bonds so designated for redemption are payable on June 1, 1930, at the principal office of Dillon, Read and Co., 25, Nassau-street, New York, with an adjustment per cent. (100%) of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest to June 1, 1930, upon surrender of said Bonds with all appurtenant coupons maturing on and after June 1, 1930, provided funds for the purpose shall be deposited by the undersigned with said Fiscal Agent before said date. At the option of the respective holders of said Bonds so designated for redemption the principal amount thereof and interest thereon may likewise be collected in London, England, at the office of J. Henry Schroder and Co. in pounds Sterling at the buying rate for cable for sight exchange on New York City on the day of presentation for collection.

On April 25, 1930, Bonds of Series A of the previous drawings, bearing the following designating numbers, had not been presented for payment:—

M1071	1559	1580	7480	10210	13723	14709
14813	14816	23589	26587	26818	27097	27140
29976						

On April 25, 1930, Bonds of Series C of the previous drawings, bearing the following designating numbers, had not been presented for payment:—

M1173	5732	6513	8830			

VEREINIGTE STAHLWERKE A.G.
By DILLON, READ and Co., Fiscal Agent.
Dated April 30, 1930.

NASSJO-OSCARSHAMN NEW RAILWAY COMPANY Limited.

4 per CENT. FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS.

Notice is hereby given that in accordance with the conditions enclosed on the bonds, the following BONDS have been DRAWN for repayment on the 1st July, 1930, at 110 per cent.

LETTER A.—Nos.

2	97	114	129	130	137	166	219
254	275	403	474				

12 Bonds at £250 each £3,000

LETTER B.—Nos.

98	101	128	142	181	198	207	351
363	366	438	508				

12 Bonds at £100 each 1,200

LETTER C.—Nos.

36	92	95	174	175	200	215	224
237							

9 Bonds at £40 each 360

LETTER D.—Nos.

4	7	25	178

4 Bonds at £5 each 20

£4,580

The above Bonds may in due course be presented to Hambros Bank Limited, 41, Bishopsgate, E.C.2.
41, Bishopsgate, E.C.2. 12th May, 1930.

TRANSFER BOOKS

4 lines 20s. (minimum)

GORDON ENGLAND (1929), Ltd.

Notice is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from 12th May to 21st May, 1930, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
W. L. MORGAN, Secretary.

Palace of Industry, Wembley, 9th May, 1930.

HAMBROS BANK Limited.

Notice is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 17th to the 30th May, 1930, both days inclusive, for the preparation of the Dividend.

By Order of the Board,
T. E. HONNIBALL, Secretary.

10th May, 1930.

POWER INVESTMENT CORPORATION, Limited.

Notice is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Ordinary Stock of this Corporation will be CLOSED from the 14th to the 21st May, both dates inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
E. BENDIXSON, Secretary.

43, Bishopsgate, London, E.C.2. 9th May, 1930.

THE BURMAH OIL COMPANY, Limited.

ORDINARY SHARES.

Notice is hereby given that the SHARE TRANSFER BOOKS and REGISTER of MEMBERS will be CLOSED from Friday, 16th May, to Wednesday, 4th June, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
F. G. HOLDSWORTH, F.C.I.S., Secretary.

175, West George-street, Glasgow, C.2. 9th May, 1930.

THE DALKEITH (CEYLON) RUBBER ESTATES, Limited.

Notice is hereby given that the SHARE REGISTERS of the above-named Company will be CLOSED from

APARTMENTS AND BOARD-RESIDENCE

3 lines 3s. (minimum) ; Agencies 2s. per line (minimum 4 lines)

LONDON AND SUBURBS

A Bare Minute Paddington Station.—Burn's Chambers, 31, Gloucester-gardens, W.2.—Comfortable BOARD-RESIDENCE from 45s.; excellent food. Padd. 4230.

123, WESTBOURNE-TERRACE.

A Bare Minute Tubes, Hyde Park. Stay one day at 123, and you will linger longer. From 3gns. weekly. Special terms for families. Padd. 8858.

HYDE PARK, W.2.

A BARE MINUTE LANCASTER-GATE or PADDINGTON STATIONS.—A nicely appointed newly decorated Residence for Business or Professional Men; two billiard tables, card room, music room, 70 attractive bed rooms, gas fires, slot meters, 15 bath rooms, constant hot water; excellent food; mending by arrangement; inclusive terms (no lunch) from £2 7s. 6d. per week; bed, breakfast and bath from 39s. 6d. per week.—Apply Sutherland House, 23-24, London-st. 'Phone, Padd. 6770.

22, WESTBOURNE-STREET,

LANCASTER-GATE, W.2. (Padd. 6204.)

JUST OPENED.

A Beautifully appointed, completely up-to-date Residence (Westbourne-street faces Hyde Park), one minute Lancaster-gate Station; beautiful double and single rooms, gas fires, running hot water; best cuisine.

34, INVERNESS-TERRACE, W.2.

A Beautifully FURNISHED superior RESIDENTIAL close Hyde Park and Tube; ideal for long or short visits; really excellent catering and service. From 3gns.

A Beautifully appointed RESIDENTIAL CLUB offers unequalled facilities for BOARD-RESIDENCE; hard court tennis, bridge and dancing; cleanliness and good catering; attractive bed rooms, fitted constant hot and cold running water. Terms extremely moderate. Omnibuses pass the grounds and Tubes to all parts. Apply Manager, West Side Club, Eaton-rise, Ealing, W.5.

VICTORIA.

A Beautifully decorated old-world ROOM, beam roof, antique furniture, fixed basin concealed; other private rooms; constant hot water; moderate terms, including baths, breakfast.—168, Cambridge-street, Warwick-square, 5min. Victoria Station. (Opposite St. Gabriel's.)

SAYES COURT,

2-4, INVERNESS-TERRACE, HYDE PARK, W.2.

A BEAUTIFUL and most comfortable PRIVATE RESIDENTIAL. Personally recommended for excellent table and service; English meat; constant hot water, gas fires bed rooms; minute's walk of Kensington Gardens, central all parts. Inclusive from 3gns. Park 2640.

6, NORFOLK-SQUARE, W.2.

Hyde Park (Padd. 8848).

ABSOLUTELY newly decorated throughout. FURNISHED (by Hampton) and UNFURNISHED BED-SITTING ROOMS, with running hot and cold water, latest stoves, Yale locks, valeting and mending if required. Furnished, from 30s.; Unfurnished from 25s.; breakfast and dinners as required.

RIVIERA, 73, HOLLAND-PARK.

ABSOLUTELY BEST PART IN LONDON.—Most up to date (minute Tube, omnibuses all parts, eight minutes to West End); all bed rooms with hot and cold water, gas fires, hair mattresses. First-floor rooms with private baths. Cuisine a speciality. Private garden. From 3gns. single. £6 double. Park 9173.

16, LANCASTER-GATE, W.2.

A CME of COMFORT, CLEANLINESS, COOKING, QUIETNESS and SERVICE. HOT and COLD RUNNING WATER all bed rooms. Luxuriously furnished, SIGHT and SOUND PROOF. Inclusive terms from 13s. 6d. daily or 4gns. weekly. Padd. 8914.

A Chic Ground-floor Suite facing gardens, close Park. Tubes; suit couple; £6 with board; good cuisine. Other rooms.—40, Norfolk-square, W.2. (Padd. 0121.)

87, QUEEN'S-GATE, S.W.7.

A GUEST HOUSE run by gentlepeople, assuring the comfort expected in a private house; constant hot water; from 6gns. double, 3gns. single. Kens. 4044.

SPRING, 1930.

Before making arrangements elsewhere PLEASE INVESTIGATE THE MERITS OF

HOLLAND COURT,

81 and 82, HOLLAND-PARK, W.11.

A HOME of COMFORT, good cuisine and reliable attendance; hot and cold water in bed rooms, gas fires. Terms from three guineas per week; one minute Holland Park Tube Station.

'Phone, PARK 0264.

A Limited number PAYING GUESTS taken lady's perfectly appointed house, large garden.—22, Cleveland-gardens, Hyde Park, W.2.

AMERICAN ONE-ROOM SERVICE FLATS. LADIES ONLY. Catering as desired. Moderate prices. 7, Linden-gardens, W.2. (Park 8957.)

LADIES OR GENTLEMEN. 136, Holland-road, W.14. (Park 9183.)

AN ATTRACTIVE FURNISHED SERVICE SUITE with own bath room; quite near Hyde Park; perfect cooking and every convenience.—63, Gloucester-terrace, W.2. Padd. 1153.

AN attractive GUEST HOUSE assuring the comfort expected in a private house; French and English cooking, constant hot water. From 2½gns.—22, Queensborough-terrace, Hyde Park, W.2.

THE EXCELSIOR.

AN ideal position. Tunning hot and cold water day and night; gas fires; most comfortable lounge; really good liberal table. From £2 7s. 6d. full board.—1-2, Ladbroke-gardens, Notting-hill-gate, W.11.

MARBLE ARCH.

AN unusually well appointed FRONT BED-SITTING ROOM, first floor; personal supervision; meals as desired.—44, Seymour-street, W.1. Padd. 4668.

ARLINGTON COURT.

A Quiet, comfortable house; 30 bed rooms with running hot and cold water, gas fires; billiards; 2½gns. —27, Craven-hill-gardens, Lancaster-gate. Padd. 4163.

ARMY & NAVY.

1, QUEEN'S-GARDENS, LANCASTER-GATE, W.2. Three minutes two Tubes, buses, and Hyde Park; exceptional table, meals well cooked and daintily served; four reception rooms; box-spring beds; gas fires in all bed rooms; constant hot water; special service terms, single £3 13s. 6d. and £3 18s. 6d.; double 7, 8, and 9 guineas, daily 11s.; bed, breakfast, bath, 8s. Padd. 3528.

SOUTH KENSINGTON.

ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED ONE-ROOM SERVICE FLATS. Single 26s., double 36s., including service, hot water, electric light, and hot baths; divan beds, gas fires, central heating.—14, Emperor's gate, S.W.7 (Western 0266) (close Gloucester-road Tube); and 8, Grenville-place (adjoining) (Western 1256).

9, OXFORD-TERRACE, W.2.

ATTRACTIVE BED-SITTING ROOMS, fitted hot and cold water; moderate terms, including breakfast and baths; near Marble Arch. Padd. 6648.

SOUTH KENSINGTON.

ATTRACTIVE AMERICAN ONE-ROOM SERVICE FLATLETS, double and single; divan beds, gas cookers; optional; from 25s. to £3 3s. —12, Binagardens. Tele., Kens. 9058. Also other houses.

ATTRACTIVE, beautifully Furnished BED-SITTING ROOMS, very quiet, convenient all parts; radiator, gas fires and rings; from 25s. to 2gns.; meals optional. —77, Cadogan-gardens, S.W.3. Park 8474.

ATTRACTIVE large airy ROOMS, Furnished or Unfurnished, 38, Pembridge-gardens, Notting-hill-gate, close Tube, Met., buses, parks. From 25s. to 3gns. weekly; meals optional. Park 2964.

ATTRACTIVE Bed-Sitting Rooms, breakfast, bath, dinners optional; cleanly, clean, quiet, select; minute Kensington Gardens; moderate.—14, Prince's, Wales-terrace, W.8 (next de Vere-gardens). Kelvin 8783.

ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED quiet BED-SITTING ROOM to be LET at 5, Hyde Park-place, W.2 (fourth floor). Rent, including baths and breakfast, service, &c., £2 12s. 6d. per week. Paddington 4129.

MARBLE ARCH.

ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED and newly decorated BED-SITTING ROOMS, fitted with hot and cold water, electric fires; breakfast, dinners optional; run on the most up-to-date lines.—53, Seymour-street, W.1. Padd. 5787.

ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED ONE-ROOM SERVICE FLATS. New luxurious sitting room furniture, new artistic decorations, bath rooms on every floor, divan beds, enclosed lavatory basins, new range and fire; first class. Singles 28s., doubles 38s., including service and electric light. Dining room, lounge.—10, Earl's Court-square (close Tube). Kensington 8071.

SOUTH KENSINGTON.

AT 3, GRENVILLE-PLACE and 10, EMPEROR'S-GATE.—Attractive One-Room SERVICE FLATS, with divan beds, gas fires and grillers. Terms 21s. to 45s., including electric light and service; breakfast if required. 'Phone, Kelvin 9403 and Kelvin 8942.

LANCASTER-GATE, W.2.

AT 20, CRAVEN-HILL-GARDENS.—Highly recommended for excellent table and service; passenger lift, constant hot water. Terms moderate. Padd. 4022.

THE EMERALD. (Park 9363.)

AT 30 and 31, KENSINGTON GARDENS-SQUARE, W.2. Newly opened. Gas fires. From 2gns.

GROVE MANSIONS, LTD.

AT 38 to 40, KENSINGTON GARDENS-SQUARE, W.2, board-residence from 2gns., partial board from 35s.; excellent cooking and service. Park 1982.

THE QUEENS.

AT 86-88, KENSINGTON GARDENS-SQUARE, W.2. Direct entrance to garden; billiards, full-size Thurston table; personally owned, supervised by ex-Highland officer. Something out of the ordinary. From 6s. 6d. daily.

THE NORFOLK.

AT KENSINGTON GARDENS-SQUARE, W.2.—42 BED ROOMS (all gas fires); full board from 45s. 6d. Two large first-floor double, with balcony. Park 3801.

WHITE HOUSE CHAMBERS.

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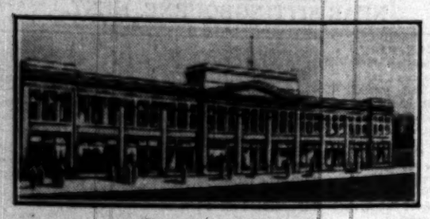

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(Continued from Page 28)

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OVERLOOKING REGENT'S PARK.—An excellent Unfurnished Flat with four bed rooms, two reception rooms, bath room, and kitchen; central heating; constant hot water. Rental only £300 per annum inclusive. Mayfair 8022 (Extension 1).

FACING HANOVER-SQUARE.—Furnished Service Flat, with particularly light and airy rooms; bed room, reception room, and luxurious bath room; constant hot water; passenger lift. Rent 10gns. per week including complete service. Mayfair 8022 (Extension 5).

WAY and WALLER, 5, Hanover-square, W.1.

SLOANE-STREET (just off).
Five bed rooms, bath, two reception rooms.
£250 PER ANNUM and £350 premium secures a newly decorated FLAT with above accommodation; excellent fittings included; early possession.—Sole Agents, GEO. BERRY and STROUTS, 140, Sloane-street, S.W.1.

CADOGAN-SQUARE (Near to).
Four bed rooms, bath, two reception rooms.
TO LET, for a term or a short let, a well FURNISHED FLAT for the season with above accommodation; telephone and other conveniences.—Agents, GEO. BERRY and STROUTS, 140, Sloane-street, S.W.1.

PARKHALL ESTATE, CLAPHAM. NEW FLATS. THE LAST THREE BLOCKS are now AVAILABLE for LETTING; Constant hot-water supply; Frigidaire fitments; lock-up garages; large, well-planned rooms; pleasant garden surroundings. Rents, together with rates, from £2 2s. to £2 16s. per week.—Apply for Illustrated Booklet, Secretary, Parkhall Estate, Ltd., Dept. D.(T.), 101, St. Stephen's House, Westminster, S.W.1. Telephone, Franklin 6272.

WHITEHALL COURT. LARGE FURNISHED SERVICE FLAT. Three reception rooms, six bed rooms with hot and cold running water, two bath rooms; every modern convenience; available three months by arrangement.—Apply Estate Office, Whitehall Court, S.W.1. Telephone, Victoria 3160.

WHITEHALL COURT. BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED SERVICE FLAT. One sitting room, two double bed rooms and bath room, facing River and Embankment Gardens.—Apply Estate Office, Whitehall Court, S.W.1. Telephone, Victoria 3160.

REGENT'S PARK.

Constant hot water and lift.

WITHIN a minute of above and Baker-street Station. Rent only £250 per annum.—MANSION FLAT of five bed rooms, two reception rooms, &c.; £350 required for lease and fixtures and fittings.—Apply S. and S. FREEMAN, Ltd., 1, Baker-street, W.1. Welbeck 0075.

161, COLEHERNE COURT, EARL'S COURT.—FURNISHED MANSION FLAT, absolutely quiet, looks on garden; two reception, three bed. To be LET till July 31; 5gns. per week or nearest offer. To view apply Porter; if offers, write Box 3277, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

NO PREMIUM.
4, BRYANSTON-COURT, close Hyde Park.
£750 PER ANNUM inclusive LEASE for immediate DISPOSAL; modern luxury FLAT. Unfurnished, newly decorated.
Two reception, lounge hall, four bed, two bath, well-fitted domestic offices; 7 gns. per week or nearest offer.
New fittings and fixtures to include, and spacious wardrobes would be left if flat is taken before May 20th.—Phone for further details Padd. 9960.

MANSION FLAT.
£375 PER ANNUM.—Charming light FLAT in favourite building near Sloane-square to be LET, unfurnished; four bedrooms, bath room, two good reception rooms, large lounge hall, and excellent offices with pantry. Lease nine years. Nominal premium. Exceptional opportunity.—Agents.

CHESTERTON & SONS,

66, Sloane-street, S.W.1.

£260 PER ANNUM.—GLOUCESTER-STREET (off).—An exceptionally well appointed FLAT in first-class mansion, with Scotland Yard: five bed rooms, bath room, two reception rooms, kitchen; independent hot water; parquet floors. Most reasonable premium for long term.—STANLEY HUTCHINSON and Co., 39-41, Brompton-road, S.W.3. (Ken. 9250.)

WESTMINSTER.
£240 PER ANNUM. No premium. New lease.—MANSION FLAT, with four bed, bath, two reception rooms, and kitchen.—ROND Pad Co., 16, Buckingham-gate, S.W.1. Victoria 7860.

NO PREMIUM. EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY.
£200 PER ANNUM.—WESTMINSTER.—Excellent FLAT, with two bed, bath, two reception rooms, and kitchen.—ROND Pad Co., 16, Buckingham-gate, S.W.1. Victoria 7860.

SEASIDE AND COUNTRY

SEAFORD.

UNFURNISHED GROUND-FLOOR SELF-CONTAINED FLAT.
Containing one bed room, one very large sitting room with bay window, large well-fitted kitchen, bath room and w.c., fitted linen cupboard, right of use of hall, electric light and gas; separate tradesmen's entrance at rear.
CENTRAL HEATING throughout with large radiators in every room.
CONSTANT HOT WATER to bath, lavatory basin in bed room, and sink in kitchen; rent reduced to £80 per annum, including all rates and taxes and heating; no extra charges; no premium or furniture to buy; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION; only 95 minutes Victoria or London Bridge.—Call 10-5 daily, including Saturday and Sunday, 9, Esplanade, Seaford, Sussex (three minutes railway station).

WANTED

A SMALL FURNISHED FLAT for adults, preferably Marble Arch or near Park; two bed rooms; up to 2½ guineas.—HOWARD TUTT, 111, Edgware-road. Padd. 7183. (Mrs. E.)

FURNISHED FLAT WANTED. Three-four bed rooms. Kensington preferred. Moderate.—Mrs. Hinkson, 36, Queen's Gate-terrace, S.W.7.

REQUIRED immediately, W.1 district, SELF-CONTAINED FLATS of three-five bed rooms, with early possession.—Full particulars to ELLIS and SONS, 31, Dover-street, W.1. (Gerr. 4364.)

SUBURBAN HOUSES
3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

MORGAN, BAINES & CLARK,

Auctioneers and Surveyors,
OPPOSITE THE STATION, SUTTON. Tel. 2220 (2 lines).

CHEAM, high ground; 10 minutes station.—Well-built modern detached RESIDENCE on two floors only; good hall with radiator, ground-floor cloak room, charming lounge, dining room, five bed rooms, two tiled bath rooms, complete labour-saving domestic offices; electric light, parish road; full-size garage. EXCELLENT GARDEN with CROQUET LAWN. TENNIS COURT. £5,000 FREEHOLD.

SUTTON, eight minutes station, south side.—Exceptionally well-built and commodious detached RESIDENCE; three reception rooms, kitchen; independent hot water; parquet floors. Most reasonable premium for long term.—STANLEY HUTCHINSON and Co., 39-41, Brompton-road, S.W.3. (Ken. 9250.)

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BROAD & PATEY,

AGENTS FOR HERTFORDSHIRE HOUSES,
3-5, STATION-ROAD, WATFORD. (Tels. 2224.)

£150 PER ANNUM.—COUNTRY HOUSE of character on the hills near Boxmoor; seven bed, three reception; garage for three cars. Tennis and grass courts, one acre; or for Sale with land up to 30 acres.

£1,000 UNDER recent cost will be accepted for modern Two-floor RESIDENCE, just outside Watford; six bed, three reception; garage; good garden.

£1,600 WILL be taken for an Old-fashioned HOUSE at Tring; seven bed, three reception; numerous outbuildings, four cottages, and three acres (also suitable for commercial purposes).

£2,000 saving modern HOUSE at Rickmansworth; four bed, three reception; charming garden, half-acre. Many others throughout Herts. State requirements.

Owners wishing to Dispose of Properties are invited to communicate with BROAD and PATEY. (Established 1882.)

ELVETHAM HALL ESTATE, FLEET, HANTS.

A really charming half-timbered and brick COUNTRY HOUSE, with uninterrupted woodland views; about two miles county of main road; near North Hants Golf Course; one hour Waterloo. All modern requirements, and open to surveyor's inspection and valuation. Large and well-proportioned rooms, eight bed, seven bed rooms, drawing room, dining room and study, seven bath rooms, panels, entrance hall and usual offices; seven fitted basins; central heating in hall and landing; ample cupboards; electric light; brick garage and stabling. (4 cubicles.) CLOCK FREEHOLD; immediate possession; £3,250. More land available if required.—Full particulars from POOL and SON, Fleet, Hants. 'Phone 55.

A DMIRABLY suitable for those who love quiet, rustic seclusion and complete freedom from traffic near their home, yet within half-hour's run to London.—IMMEDIATE SALE, a detached pre-War HOUSE, with four bed rooms, two reception rooms, kitchen, scullery, bath (hot and cold), &c.; lavatory basins (hot and cold) in all bed rooms; electric light and power in all rooms. Fifteen acres; telephone and all main services; excellent garden; vacant possession at once. PRICE, FREEHOLD, £2,100.—Write S. N. F., Pullingers Library, Epsom, Surrey.

NEAR TUNBRIDGE WELLS.

AN unusual opportunity occurs of securing an ideal COUNTRY HOUSE of unique design on the beautiful Pembury Sandstone Ridge, a very favourite and much sought after locality within 40 minutes of Town; lounge hall, three reception rooms, nine bed and dressing rooms, two bath rooms; company's electric light, gas and water; central heating throughout; main drainage; spacious garages; cottages, &c.; profusely timbered gardens; orchard; paddock, and woodland.

8 ACRES. £5,500. FREEHOLD.

EXCEPTIONAL BARGAIN. UNHESITATINGLY RECOMMENDED.
Photographs and details from F. L. MERCER and Co., 7, Sackville-street, W.1. Tele., Regent 6773.

IDEAL PROPERTY FOR A GOLFER.
A PERFECT LITTLE GEM.—Charming, small, old COUNTRY HOUSE; two reception, three bed, bath, &c.; modern conveniences; adjoins golf course in East Sussex; pretty garden. FREEHOLD £2,150.—Sole Agents, GLADDING, SON and WING, 8-11, Pavilion-buildings, Brighton, who strongly recommend the property. Only wants seeing to buy.

BETWEEN READING AND OXFORD.
ARCHITECT'S medium-sized COUNTRY HOUSE, having a quiet situation on high ground, in TWO ACRES, with pleasant views. One mile from station (London under an hour). Hall with gentlemen's cloak room, two reception rooms, six bed rooms, bath room, gas, main water; garage for two cars and other useful outbuildings.—For SALE by AUCTION.—Apply Sole Agents, Messrs. NICHOLAS, Reading.

NEWBURY.

Tennis lawn, flower and kitchen gardens, and field.
PRICE £3,500.
HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1. (B.30968.)

JUST IN THE MARKET.

A really charming country place in a peaceful situation, with an unrivalled train service to London in 35 minutes.—A beautiful Old GEORGIAN RESIDENCE of great charm and character, modernised and improved regardless of cost; lounge hall, three lofty reception rooms, principal bed, two ground-floor rooms, four sumptuously equipped bath rooms; electric light; central heating; main water; garage, and excellent cottage; lovely old-world gardens, with tennis court, flower and kitchen gardens, beautiful orchards, &c.

11 ACRES.
REASONABLE PRICE ASKED.
The whole is in beautiful order.—Photographs and details from F. L. MERCER and Co., 7, Sackville-street, W.1. Tele., Regent 6773.

BEAUTIFUL place on outskirts village; built 1900 and approached by drive; hall, two reception rooms, five bed rooms, bath room, &c.; electric light, central heating; delightful grounds, orchard, paddock. Five-six ACRES; garage two cars; good cottage.—Apply NICHOLAS, 1, Station-road, Reading. 400 feet up. NEWBURY.

UNSOLD AT AUCTION
HALWILL MANOR, near BEAWORTHY, DEVON.
BEAUTIFULLY equipped RESIDENCE containing 13 bed and dressing rooms, two bath rooms, three reception rooms, billiard room, and offices; 1500ft. pure water supply; stabling, garage; two cottages and 27 acres; also small farm, cottage, and an area of land let to the Forestry Commission; in all nearly 600 ACRES. Price for the lot £5,000; to clear. Owner anxious to deal immediately.—Particulars of FOX and SONS, Estate Agents, Bournemouth.

BERKS, 40 minutes London.—Old-world, high, dry COUNTRY HOUSE at TILEHURST, known as THE YEWS, with gardens, orchard, and paddock, over TWO ACRES; two large reception rooms, five bed rooms, bath room, &c.; garage and stabling.—Auctioneers, Messrs. NICHOLAS, 1, Station-road, Reading. CALCOT GOLF. AUCTION 31st MAY.

CONVENIENT SMALL COUNTRY HOUSE for SALE on edge of rural West Kent village; near church. P.O., &c.; charming views all windows, good room; three sitting, seven bed, two dressing, one billiard (or tennis), good kitchen, &c.; central heating; separate hot water; warm garage, good outbuildings; pretty garden, tennis court, short carriage drive; in all about one acre. —Write Box 8,737, The Times, E.C.4.

COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES
3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

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COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES (continued)

BEXHILL & COODEN AGENTS.

RICHES & GRAY, 21, SEA-ROAD. Tels. 34.

BOGNOR REGIS.—Modern detached RESIDENCE, 100 yards sea; eight bed, bath, two reception, cloak room; electric light; space garage. £2,500 FREEHOLD.—Whiteheads, Station-road, Bognor Regis.

GARTH HUNT.
BRACKNELL (near).—Comfortable MODERN HOUSE, containing two-three sitting rooms, billiard room, six bed rooms, three dressing rooms, bath room; garden with tennis lawn, in all 2½ acres. Company's electric light, main water, gas, main drainage, stabling, garage for three cars.—Apply Sole Agents, Messrs. NICHOLAS, Reading.

£3,250, OR £150 UNFURNISHED

CHILTERN HILLS.—Lovely place above old village, between Thames and Hunterscombe Golf. For SALE, hall, three reception rooms, eight bed, two good bath rooms; oak floors; central heating; main electric and water; garage, stable, man's quarters; delightful grounds over an acre; southern aspect and extensive views.—Recommended by NICHOLAS, Estate Agents, Station-road, Reading.

£3,500 or offer. Hour London.

CHIPSTEAD, SURREY.—A charming MODERN HOUSE amidst delightful surroundings with beautiful views, close to the Golf Course and only ten minutes from the station; four bed, tiled bath, vestibule, hall, cloak room, three reception rooms, complete offices with all conveniences; double garage; large greenhouse, matured garden of ONE ACRE, with tennis court. For SALE by AUCTION, or privately.—H. B. BOND and SHERWILL, 134, Brighton-road, Coulsdon.

A SPECIAL PAGE
of
PROPERTIES
in
DEVONSHIRE
and
CORNWALL
will appear in
The Times
of
SATURDAY NEXT, MAY 17

EASTBOURNE, on high ground, commanding fine views.—Well-built and conveniently planned NON-BASEMENT HOUSE, with six bed and dressing rooms, bath, two good reception rooms, kitchens, &c.; large walled-in garden; room for garage. £1,950. VACANT POSSESSION. Recently redecorated.—Owner's Agents, Messrs. KILLICK and DAVIES, 95, Terminus-road, Eastbourne.

EASTBOURNE HOUSE AGENTS,

ROSS and DENNIS. 'Phone 1597.

ESSEX, in an unspoilt rural part, 6½ miles from Southend, three miles from Rochford, with good golf and a few minutes from Hockley Woods and 10 minutes' walk from Station, with service to London in 50 minutes.

"BROOKLANDS," RAYLEIGH,
a well-appointed MODERN COUNTRY RESIDENCE; seven bed rooms nearly all fitted lavatory basins, bath, three reception rooms, and lounge; parquet floors; electric light, co.'s gas and water; most delightful gardens, tennis and croquet lawn, kitchen gardens, with glass, terraced gardens overlooking ornamental water, orchard and paddock, 4½ ACRES.

The above is for SALE Privately, or by Auction at the London Auction Mart, on Wednesday, 21st May.
Auctioneers, Messrs. NICHOLAS, 4, Albany Courtyard, Piccadilly, W.1; and Messrs. TALBOT and WHITE, 3, Hanover Court-road, Westcliff-on-Sea. Solicitors, Messrs. Morrison, Hewitt and Harris, Redhill.

FOR SALE.—Eight-roomed SEMI-BUNGALOW; tennis lawn; eight acres land, high up; lovely views; good poultry and paying guest business; near Shrewsbury. PRICE £1,000. Owner going abroad.—Write Randles, 7, Hillcrest, Wenlock, Salop.

IN THE NEW FOREST.
Three miles from Fordingbridge, six miles from Bournemouth, 18 miles from Southampton.
FOR SALE with POSSESSION, a most charming and valuable FREEHOLD PROPERTY, comprising cottage of three bed rooms, two sitting rooms, kitchen, &c.; range of outbuildings and 12 acres of highly productive land intersected by a stream.
It lies high, on the banks of a hard road. The stream is well stocked with trout. The whole such as rarely comes into the market.
Apply WOOLLEY and WALLIS, Land Agents, Salisbury, Romsey, and Ringwood.

GUILDFORD.—CORNER HOUSE, detached, modern construction; main drainage, water, gas, electric light; two reception, three bed, bath, linen cupboard, kitchen, scullery, &c.; garage; garden on two floors; well-laid-out gardens, about ONE ACRE. In addition large yard adjoining, with two garages; petrol pump and covered shed; long leasehold; suitable for motor business or contractor. Could be divided. FREEHOLD, VACANT POSSESSION, £2,000.—Apply Wilson and Blew, Solicitors, 10, Coleman-street, E.C.2.

HEMSBY, NORFOLK.—Large eight-roomed, strongly constructed BUNGALOW; unobstructed sea views; suitable permanent or holiday residence; £360; Unfurnished.—Joice.

GLORIOUS SITUATION.

HINDHEAD, adjoining famous beauty spot, fine views, near golf.—Delightful RESIDENCE; seven bed rooms, three reception, bath, offices; every modern convenience; fine inexpensive grounds of TWO ACRES. Moderate price. Highly recommended by Sole Agents, BRIDGER and SONS, Hindhead and Haslemere.

Inspected and strongly recommended.
FIVE ACRES. £3,500 INCLUDING FITTINGS.
HORDLE (NEW FOREST).—Charming old-world country between, near the Devil's Dumpe and Tennyson Down Ponds.—A delightful MODERN RESIDENCE in the old-world style, and exceptionally well fitted; three reception, four bed, bath, two bed rooms.
Electric Light. Central Heating. Telephone.
GARAGE. ROOMS for CHAUFFEUR.
Charming yet inexpensive gardens, tennis lawn, rockery, kitchen garden, orchard, and paddock.
TRESIDDER and Co., 37, Albemarle-street, W.1.

IN a PRETTY SURREY VILLAGE near REIGATE.—An ATTRACTIVE COUNTRY HOUSE in the midst of well-timbered grounds, with entrance lodge. There are 10 bed and dressing, two bath, large hall, three reception, &c.; garages, stabling, &c.; electric light. FREEHOLD only £5,000; might be let with option.—WATKIN and WATKIN (Established 1784).

OVERLOOKING A SURREY GOLF COURSE.
IN a lovely district on the Southern slope of the Hog's Back, 300ft. up on sandy soil, facing South over the Golf Course in which there is private access.—A very attractive RESIDENCE, standing in ONE ACRES of wooded grounds and approached by private road; nine-ten bed rooms, three bath rooms, three reception rooms, and lounge hall; garage, stabling, and chauffeur's cottage. Low price for quick sale.—Apply SALE and NICHOLAS, 4, Albany Court-yard, Piccadilly, W.1.

JUST SOUTH OF THE HOG'S BACK.

IN a fine situation, 400ft. up, with lovely views to Crooksbury Hill.—A charming RESIDENCE, with a very fine and beautifully appointed interior; elegant lounge hall with parquet floors, and gallery staircase, three reception rooms, eight bed rooms (fitted wash basins), two bath rooms; main electric light, gas and water; central heating; large garage; delightful terraced gardens, with plenty of trees; picturesque woodlands; delightful walks; tennis court, &c., in all about FOUR ACRES. Light soil. Two garages. To be SOLD, FREEHOLD, at a tempting price. Photographs and details from F. L. MERCER and Co., 7, Sackville-street, W.1. Tele., Regent 6773.

By instructions from Major R. Lloyd George.
NEAR CHELMSFORD, ESSEX. 40 minutes Liverpool-street.—For SALE, SPRINGFIELD COTTAGE, a picturesque OLD-WORLD RESIDENCE containing four reception, eight bed, three bath rooms, and offices; electric light, central heating; garage and stabling; garden and paddock of two acres. ATTRACTIVE PRICE. Offered for SALE by AUCTION at Chelmsford on May 30th.—Particulars of G. B. HILLIARD and SON, Chelmsford.

NEAR COLCHESTER.—The LANGHAM OAKS ESTATE is for SALE by direction of Major-General Mullens, C.B. A beautiful residential HOUSE, with all modern improvements, and 500 acres or less land.—Particulars from P. Dudding, Esq., Holbeche House, near Dudley, Worcs.

NEWBURY DISTRICT, favourite locality.—Attractive COUNTRY RESIDENCE, splendid repair; gravel soil, high up, South; three reception, six bed, three bath rooms; excellent water, electric light, drainage; garages, stabling, outbuildings; cottage; lovely grounds, tennis lawn, paddocks, 18 ACRES. Reasonable offer for quick sale. Strongly recommended.—THEODOSIUS and PICKERSGILL, Newbury.

NEARLY ONE MILE TROUT FISHING.
OLD FARM HOUSE of CHARACTER; three reception rooms, seven bed and dressing rooms, bathroom, garage; farm buildings and two cottages; 56,000 with 168 ACRES.—THAKE and PAGINTON, Land Agents, Newbury. £3,200, 35 ACRES.

PICTURESQUE OLD-WORLD COTTAGE (modernised), in an entrancing position, 400ft. above sea level, 2½ miles Buckinghamshire Golf Links, close to Nettlebed Woods and Peppard Common. 50 minutes London (via Henley Station); an ideal week-end retreat, in a sequestered position away from the beaten track; dining hall, lounge, with open fireplace, six bed and dressing rooms (fitted wash basins in three bed rooms, and dressing room), bath room; main water, electric light, and telephone; many oak beams, leaded light windows; fine old barn with garage accommodation; typical old English garden, small but pretty; ONE ACRE. FREEHOLD £2,500. URGENT SALE. Offers invited. Inspected and recommended.—Particulars and photographs from F. L. MERCER and Co., 7, Sackville-street, W.1. Tele., Regent 6773.

PLUMPTON, close to the racecourse and station.—Oak-beamed and panelled ELIZABETHAN COTTAGE in ½-acre garden; two sitting rooms, three bed rooms, large box room; for sale, &c. £1,200. FREEHOLD. Might be Let unfurnished.—Agents, MAPLE and Co., Tottenham Court-road, W.1.

RIVER, SEA, and COUNTRY.
"CROWN WELL," SHALDON, SOUTH DEVON.—Beautifully situated on the Banks of the Teign, well above tide level, with private steps to the hard beach, and anchorage in the river. 1½ mile from the open sea; containing seven bed and dressing rooms, bath room, lounge hall, three reception rooms, billiard room, domestic offices; electric light, central heating, modern sanitation, cottage, garage, stabling, with chauffeur's flat; tennis lawn, walled and terraced flower and fruit gardens, orchards, meadow—about

6½ ACRES.

Illustrated particulars of the Auctioneers, Messrs. NICHOLAS, 4, Albany-court-yard, Piccadilly, W.1, and at Reading; and Messrs. RIPPON, BOSWELL and Co., 8, Queen-street, Exeter.

STREATLEY, BERKS (high ground).—Delightful PROPERTY of 12 ACRES; nine bed and dressing rooms, two bath rooms, three reception rooms, stabling, two garages; splendid walled fruit garden; main water; electric light; old trees; paddocks. For SALE, FREEHOLD.—Sole Agents, NICHOLAS, 1, Station-road, Reading. QUEEN ANNE. DOWER HOUSE.

SUNNY SUFFOLK.—Pretty COTTAGE RESIDENCE; old-world garden, tennis court; garage; three reception, five bed rooms, bath (hot and cold). FREEHOLD £300, balance as arranged.—HOLLAND, 307, Gray's Inn-road, W.C.1.

PEACE AT LAST.

SUSSEX (East), away from roads and building operations, in unspoilt, beautifully wooded country.—Unspoiled OLD-WORLD HOUSE of MONASTIC ORIGIN (11 rooms) in the midst of its own 38 ACRES of land, bordered by a fishing stream; ideal retreat for those seeking quietude. FREEHOLD only £1,150 if sold at once.—Sole Agents, ATKINSON and KEELING, Marina, St. Leonards.

COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES (continued)

SURREY (close to Burwood Park and St. George's Hill, about five minutes' walk from Walton main line Railway Station, and within 17 miles of London).—A charmingly situated RESIDENCE in lovely grounds of 1½ ACRE, including large lawns, hard tennis court, small field and woodland. Accommodation: Hall, three reception rooms (one with special dance floor), eight bed and dressing, bath room, &c.; two garages; every convenience. VACANT POSSESSION. Or the House and ¾-Acre of gardens would be Sold.—Price and particulars may be had of the Auctioneers, Messrs. WARING and Co., Walton-on-Thames, and Weybridge.

HERTS, within 25 miles of London.
Rural and good residential district.
TO be LET Unfurnished on Lease, moderate rent, no premium, a commodious COUNTRY HOUSE, modernised and improved at considerable cost; carriage approach. Accommodation:—
Three large reception rooms, study, and hall; 14 bed and dressing rooms, three bath rooms. Garage, stabling, four cottages; beautiful gardens, hard and grass courts, kitchen garden and 25 acres of meadowland.
Sporting rights over 480 acres surrounding the house; hunting. Long lease. Early possession.—Recommended by the agents: MAPLE and Co., Ltd., Tottenham Court-road, W.1. (25894.)

TO be LET on LEASE, on the borders of HAMPSHIRE and DORSETSHIRE, a COUNTRY HOUSE, situated about 15 miles from Bournemouth, containing four sitting rooms, seven bed rooms, with servants' rooms; central heating; garden, &c.; the house is wired for electric lighting; no agents.—Apply A. C. WILLIAMS, Estate Office, Somerley, Ringwood, Hants.

TORQUAY.—ONE of the best detached positioned HOUSES in CHELSTON, near Torquay Station, on high ground with lovely views of bay; exceptionally well built, pre-War, wonderfully planned for large working; containing three reception rooms, down-stair cloak room, very fine kitchen and scullery; upstairs, two best bed rooms and two others; on first floor, fine bath room and large attic room, good dry, light cellars; fine lawn with herbaceous border, monkey, apple, laburnum, and other trees; garage; electric light and gas. Price for quick sale £3,750. £2,000 can remain at 5% per cent.—Apply Owner, Kingswood, Chelston, Torquay.

NEAR TRING, HERTS.
TUDOR HOUSE, 21½ ACRES, £3,000.—A MINIATURE RESIDENTIAL ESTATE in this favourite district with daily access to the City; the house is in fine condition, with oak panelling, and contains five bed rooms, two reception rooms, bath, &c.; co.'s water and electricity; standing in moated grounds with tennis court, &c.; small farmery and 24½ ACRES of well-timbered park. A Bargain, with Possession. Cottages if required.—Inspected and highly recommended by WOODCOCK and SON, 20, Conduit-street, W.1. (Mayfair 5411.)

TUNBRIDGE WELLS.—Exceptionally attractive detached RESIDENCE, on two floors; delightful open situation; two reception and hall, four bed rooms, bath room; every convenience; garage; space for tennis. FREEHOLD £1,750.—WICKENDEN and SONS, Tunbridge Wells.

BEAUTIFUL HERTS.

Unspoiled part. Under 20 miles London.
UNIQUE opportunity to purchase a delightful PROPERTY of 100 ACRES, adjoining well-known private estate. Georgian house with gardens and parklands in perfect setting; farmery; cottages.
£9,000 FOR QUICK SALE.
Recommended by vendor's Agents, MILLAR, SON and Co., 5, Carlos-place, W.

WHY NOT BUILD

a House to meet your exact requirements in the district of your choice? Our complete and exclusive building service operates in all districts.—Write for brochure "A," with plans and prize-winning designs.
Universal Housing Co., Ltd., Rickmansworth.

£2,300.—ARCHITECT'S HOUSE, close to Newlyn Common. Few miles of HUNTERCOMBE and READING; five bed rooms, bath room, three reception rooms, hall; central heating, electric light; garage.
Garden ONE ACRE.—Inspected by Messrs. NICHOLAS, 1, Station-road, Reading.

FURNISHED COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES
3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

BARMOUTH ESTUARY.—Ten bed rooms, three sitting rooms, in ideal situation on private road; no traffic; bathing from house; telephone; garage;

JAMES STYLES & WHITLOCK.

BERKSHIRE.
NEAR TO THE OXFORDSHIRE BORDERS.
ADJOINING FRILFORD HEATH GOLF COURSE, SIX MILES FROM OXFORD.
THE FREEHOLD RESIDENTIAL ESTATE.
"OAKLEY HOUSE,"

Comprising the substantial GEORGIAN MANSION situated on high ground some 250ft. above sea level, well back from the road, in FINELY TIMBERED GROUNDS AND PARKLAND. Stabling, Garage, Cottages, &c.

Also valuable frontage lands adjoining the Golf Links, which can be sold separately, the whole area being about

100 ACRES.

To be offered for SALE by AUCTION (unless sold privately meanwhile) at the Clarendon Hotel, Oxford, at 2.30 p.m. on Wednesday, May 28th, 1930.

Illustrated particulars may shortly be had.

Solicitors: Messrs. Robins, Hay and Waters, 9, Lincoln's Inn Fields, London, W.C. Auctioneers: JAMES STYLES and WHITLOCK, 44, St. James's-place, S.W.1, and 140, High-street, Oxford.

SUSSEX AND SURREY BORDERS.
ONE-AND-A-HALF MILES FROM EAST GRINSTEAD, ONE MILE FROM DORMANS, TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES FROM LINGFIELD.
THIS FREEHOLD RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY, known as
CHARTERS TOWERS,
SITUATED IN BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY, PERFECTLY SECLUDED 250FT. ABOVE SEA LEVEL.

Fine central hall, four large reception rooms, 15 bed and dressing rooms, two bath rooms.
ELECTRIC LIGHT AND CENTRAL HEATING. TELEPHONE. MODERN DRAINAGE.
Excellent garage, stabling and other buildings.
LODGE AND TWO COTTAGES.
Well-timbered grounds and pastureland of about

16 ACRES.

For SALE by AUCTION, with vacant possession, at the London Auction Mart, June 17, 1930 (unless sold privately meanwhile).

Auctioneers, Messrs. JAMES STYLES and WHITLOCK, 44, St. James's-place, S.W.1.

LITTLE TERRY'S,
WINTER HILL, COOKHAM, BERKS.
250FT. ABOVE SEA LEVEL, SOUTH ASPECT, MAGNIFICENT VIEWS, 12 MINUTES' WALK OF STATION, 40-50 MINUTES TO PADDINGTON.

FOR SALE, this well-planned and faultlessly equipped
MODERN RESIDENCE,
amid beautiful surroundings. Entrance hall and three sitting rooms, loggia, five good bed rooms, three bath rooms; main electric light and power, central heating, Co.'s water, independent hot water system. Hardwood floors throughout.
GARAGE FOR THREE CARS.
TASTEFULLY LAID-OUT GROUNDS, economical of upkeep, and including lawn, orchard, &c., of ONE-AND-A-HALF ACRES.

Inspected and thoroughly recommended by the Sole Agents, JAMES STYLES and WHITLOCK, 44, St. James's-place, S.W.1. (L.R. 7068.)

WEST SUSSEX DOWNS
(adjacent to).
WITHIN FIVE MILES OF THE COAST.

An attractive GEORGIAN COUNTRY HOUSE (close to a small market town), in splendid order and fitted with modern conveniences.

Three sitting rooms, nine bed rooms, two bath rooms; electric light, gas, and water, all from company's mains. Telephone.

Carriage drive. Excellent cottage. Large garage. Good stabling for four horses. Well-timbered grounds, with tennis court, also paddock. Total area

ABOUT 10 ACRES.

MODERATE PRICE ACCEPTED.

Recommended by Owner's Agents, JAMES STYLES and WHITLOCK, 44, St. James's-place, S.W.1. (L.R.8979.)

A MODERN COTTAGE RESIDENCE
ON THE COTSWOLD HILLS.
2½ miles from Cirencester and within a mile of the golf links.

The house is stone-built in the Cotswold style and contains sitting hall, two reception rooms, seven bed rooms, two bath rooms, and offices; partial central heating. The grounds are not yet made, the area being about one acre (more if desired). Polo in Earl Bathurst's Park; hard court tennis club near; bus service between Cirencester and Cheltenham five miles away.

PRICE £2,500.

JAMES STYLES and WHITLOCK, 44, St. James's-place, S.W.1. (L.R.8816.)

WILTSHIRE.
Convenient for Malmesbury Polo Ground. Easy reach of Chippenham and Cirencester.

600 ACRES SHOOTING ADJOINING DEFINITELY AVAILABLE. HUNTING WITH DUKE OF BEAUFORT'S HOUNDS.

This splendid stone-built COUNTRY RESIDENCE, in first-rate order; purchaser could take immediate possession with minimum of expense. 300ft. up, South aspect, beautiful views, 1 mile station.

Accommodation: Hall and three sitting rooms, 10 bed and dressing rooms (five with lavatory basins), two bath rooms, servants' hall; electric light, central heating, independent hot water, telephone.

Magnificent STABLING for nine hunters, with flat over; cottage (all with electric light); well-timbered grounds, with tennis lawn, pond with Rainbow trout, orchard, parklike meadow, in all nearly

15 ACRES.

PRICE, FREEHOLD, £4,750.

Thoroughly recommended by the Sole Agents, Messrs. JAMES STYLES and WHITLOCK, 44, St. James's-place. (L.R.4951.)

HERTFORDSHIRE.
45 minutes express to London.
2 or 10 ACRES.

£4,250 FREEHOLD. Splendid MODERN COUNTRY RESIDENCE, in first-rate order, 300ft. up, adjacent to lovely woods, ¾ mile to station. Golf and hunting in immediate district.

Hall and three sitting rooms, billiards room, 10 bed rooms, two bath rooms; electric light and central heating, main water; garage and stabling; cottage and flat over stables; delightful grounds with tennis lawn.

A real bargain for City gentleman.

Recommended by Owner's Agents.

JAMES STYLES and WHITLOCK, 44, St. James's-place, S.W.1. (L.R. 6394.)

By Order of General S. F. Mott, C.B., C.M.G.
THE MANOR HOUSE, LEAMINGTON HASTINGS, WARWICKSHIRE,
a beautiful old-world medium-sized RESIDENCE in first rate order with every modern convenience and containing HALL, FOUR EXCELLENT RECEPTION ROOMS, INCLUDING BILLIARD ROOM, 10 BED AND DRESSING ROOMS (also three rooms not at present used), THREE FITTED BATH ROOMS, &c.; ELECTRIC LIGHT FROM MAIN SUPPLY; CENTRAL HEATING; independent hot water supply. Ample garage accommodation; stabling comprising three loose boxes and four stalls; kennels, &c.

The gardens and grounds are a most pleasing feature and the parklands are thoroughly well timbered and give every protection.

THE ENTIRE AREA COMPRISES ABOUT 161 ACRES.

TO BE OFFERED BY AUCTION AS A WHOLE OR IN FIVE LOTS

at The Estate Sale Rooms, Rugby, on Thursday, 26th June next, at 2.30 p.m. (unless sold privately).

Particulars from JAMES STYLES and WHITLOCK, The Estate Offices, Rugby, and 44, St. James's-place, S.W.1.

HARRODS ESTATE OFFICES

Kens. 1400. Telegrams: "Estate, c/o Harrods, London." Surrey Office: West Byfleet.

BIGGEST BARGAIN IN BERKS.
35 minutes Town; favourite stretch of the River; above flood level; on gravel soil.

LUXURIOUSLY FITTED RESIDENCE.
Oak panelled lounge, billiard room, two other reception rooms with costly permanent decorations, 10 bed and dressing rooms, three bath rooms, exceptionally fine offices.
Electric light and power; central heating; co.'s water and gas.
Garages, brick-built boat-house, other useful outbuildings, also cottage if desired.
LOVELY PLEASURE GROUNDS,
tennis court, terraces, ornamental flower beds, well-stocked kitchen garden, in all

TWO ACRES.

FIRST REASONABLE OFFER SECURES THE PROPERTY.
HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

TO GOLFERS.
Adjoining a well-known links on the
NORTH CORNISH COAST.
STONE-BUILT HOUSE,

In good position commanding excellent views, and with the accommodation on two floors.
Galleried lounge hall, three reception, seven bed rooms, bath room.
Electric light. Telephone.
Excellent water supply. Sandy soil.
Attractive Grounds, with hard tennis court, vegetable and flower gardens, paddock, in all about 2½ acres.
Garage. Men's rooms.
FREEHOLD £3,000.
OR WOULD BE LET FURNISHED.
HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

FERRING, NEAR WORTHING.
About half a mile from shore, in a charming situation; handy for station.

COUNTRY HOUSE, with three reception rooms, including lounge hall 36ft. by 18ft., six bed rooms, bath room, complete offices; gas, excellent water, modern drainage, &c.

Specially attractive, well-timbered old-world gardens with shady lawns, tennis court, flower beds, kitchen garden, &c., in all

ABOUT TWO ACRES.
TWO COTTAGES AVAILABLE.
PRICE FREEHOLD £4,000.
Might be Let Furnished for the Summer months.
HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

AMID PRETTY COUNTRY IN SHROPSHIRE.
Half mile station, 11 miles Wolverhampton, 18 miles Shrewsbury.

PRICE £2,200.
FREEHOLD BLACK and WHITE BAILLIE-SCOTT RESIDENCE; entrance hall, oak-beamed and galleried dining room, two reception rooms, compact offices, seven bed and dressing rooms, large attic bath room.
Company's gas, water. Telephone. Space for garage.
WELL-STOCKED GARDENS with full-size croquet or tennis lawn, flower and rose gardens, two kitchen gardens, fruit trees, trees and shrubs, large paddock, in all about

3¼ ACRES.

Recommended by Sole Agents, HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

NORTHWOOD, MIDDLESEX.
Excellent Golf; 30 minutes of Town.
COMPACT ATTRACTIVE FREEHOLD RESIDENCE,
in good position, with hall, lounge, two reception, seven bed rooms, two bath rooms; electric light; room for garage.
PRETTY WELL-STOCKED GARDEN.
PRICE 2,950 GUINEAS.
Sole Agents, Messrs. STIMPSON, LOCK and VINCE, Northwood; and
HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

BRACING KENT COAST.
Facing fine 18-hole Golf Course.
CHARMING TUDOR-STYLE COTTAGE RESIDENCE,
within easy reach of station, shops, and sea shore. Lounge hall, two reception, three bed rooms, bath room, and two rooms for chauffeur.
Electric light; company's gas and water; modern drainage; telephone; garage for two cars.
Heated Glasshouse. Summerhouse.
Beautiful Pleasure GARDENS, artistically laid out with water garden, lily pond, finely kept lawns, flower beds and borders, in all

ABOUT ONE ACRE.

Inspected and most highly recommended by the Sole Agents,
HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

"MANOR FARM," WORMSHILL.
NEAR SITTINGBOURNE, KENT.

FREEHOLD RESIDENTIAL PLEASURE FARM, including a medium-sized residence, containing three reception, six bed rooms, dressing room, bath and offices; co.'s water, modern drainage, telephone.
DELIGHTFUL GROUNDS.
Tennis and other lawns, sunk rock garden, walled kitchen garden; garage for three cars; two cottages, model farmery, and good pastureland.

41 or 42 ACRES.

For SALE Privately; if unsold, Auction later.
Inspected and strongly recommended by the Sole Agents, Messrs. GEERING and COLYER, Ashford, Kent; and
HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

HERTS & ESSEX BORDERS.
Bishop's Stortford and Buntingford (between). 400ft. up. Facing South.
ATTRACTIVE ELIZABETHAN HOUSE,
with every modern convenience. Electric light, central heating, engine-pumped water, modern drainage, and constant hot water.
Three reception rooms, nine bed rooms, two bath rooms; stabling, garage, outbuildings, and a 14TH-CENTURY TITHE BARN (now a play-room), fitted central heating; electric light and water; cottage for man.
Well-timbered GARDENS and GROUNDS, two paddocks, in all

ABOUT FIVE ACRES.

To be LET for ONE or TWO YEARS, FURNISHED.
HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

SURREY.
Within 45 minutes electric service.
Well-fitted and attractive modern HOUSE (designed by an architect), occupying a good position, with excellent views.
The accommodation on two floors comprises:—Large square hall, with gentlemen's lavatory (hot and cold water), two reception, six bed and dressing rooms, well-fitted bath room, and usual offices; company's water, gas, telephone, electric light, and power; central heating; Southern aspect.
Brick-built Garage.
GROUNDS OF ONE ACRE,
with space for kitchen garden and tennis lawn.
FREEHOLD £3,500.
Inspected and recommended by the Agents, HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W., and West Byfleet, Surrey.

£1,850 ONLY. SEVENOAKS.
600 Feet up. South aspect. Gravel soil.
GENUINE 14th-CENTURY COTTAGE,
commanding magnificent panorama for 20 miles to Sussex Downs.
Two reception, three bed rooms, bath room, offices.
Co.'s gas, water, telephone; modern drainage.
Garage (with loft over); outbuildings.
PICTURESQUE GARDEN with large lily pond, lawn with sun dial, woodland of two-thirds acre, flower beds, &c., in all about

ONE ACRE.

HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

MINCHINHAMPTON GOLF LINKS
Beautiful position on the Cotswold Hills, one and a half mile from good Town.
ARTISTIC COTTAGE RESIDENCE.
Five bed rooms, two reception, bath room, offices. (Lavatory basins, hot and cold, in three bed rooms.) Company's water; own electric light; gas for cooking; central heating; constant hot water; garage for two cars.
Delightful gardens and grounds of

ABOUT ONE ACRE.

FOR SALE FREEHOLD.
HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

WANDSWORTH COMMON.
UNRESTRICTED FREEHOLD RESIDENCE in first-rate condition; hall, cloak room, three-four reception rooms, offices; eight-nine bed rooms, two bath rooms; electric light and gas; "Ideal" hot water system; 'phone; garage (two cars); fine garden, tennis lawn.
ADAPTABLE FOR THREE FLATS.
For SALE privately, if unsold Auction later.
VACANT POSSESSION.
Joint Sole Agents:
Messrs. SYDNEY S. SPRAY and Co. (adjoining) Wandsworth Common Station, S.W., and
HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

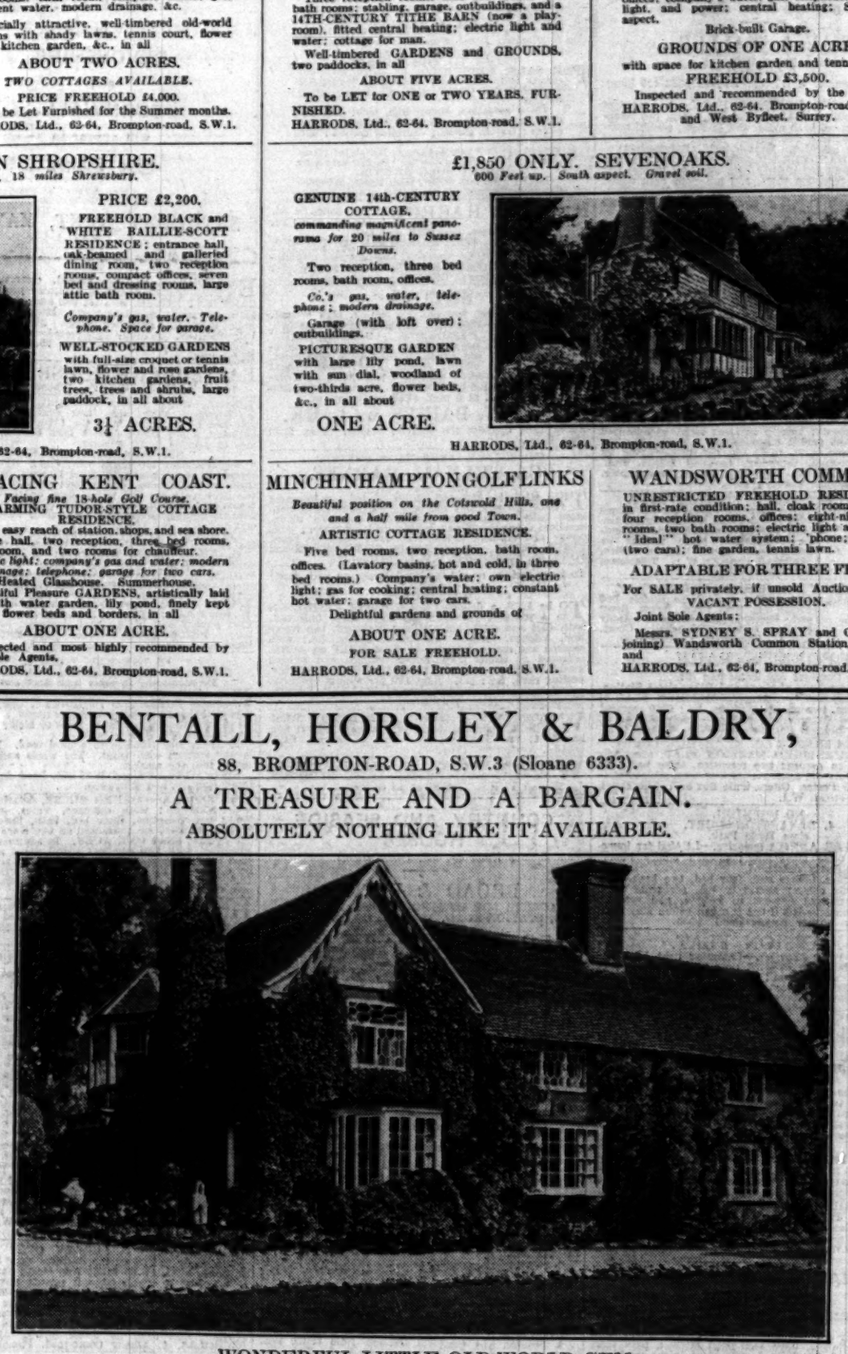
BUILDING LAND AND SITES
3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

TO BUILDERS, SPECULATORS, AND OTHERS.
INGATESTONE, ESSEX.—Ripe for immediate development.—34 ACRES level land with good frontages. Few minutes station and adjoining a beautiful private park. All services available. FREEHOLD for SALE at low price.—Full particulars and plan of WILLIAM WILLETT, Ltd., Sloane-square, S.W.1. Sloane 8141.

EDGWARE (close to).
UNRESTRICTED FREEHOLD of an ESTATE of about 30 ACRES, with good frontage to two main roads, close to station and bus routes; ripe for immediate development.—Apply to the Owner's Agents, SAMUEL B. CLARK and SON, 16a, New Cavendish-street, Portland-place, W.1.

BENTALL, HORSLEY & BALDRY,
88, BROMPTON-ROAD, S.W.3 (Sloane 6333).

A TREASURE AND A BARGAIN.
ABSOLUTELY NOTHING LIKE IT AVAILABLE.



WONDERFUL LITTLE OLD-WORLD GEM.
EXQUISITE AND FASCINATING BEYOND DESCRIPTION.
IN A SETTING EQUALLY DELIGHTFUL AND OF IRRESISTIBLE APPEAL.
REMARKABLY UNIQUE SITUATION. PERFECTLY RURAL, AWAY FROM ALL NOISE AND TRAFFIC.
VIRTUALLY IN THE HEART OF THE COUNTRY YET
ONLY 12 MILES FROM LONDON.
This lovely little house of character dates from the 15th century, possesses a truly wonderful atmosphere of a bygone age, has a wealth of old oak beams, panelling, carved wood and open fireplaces, yet has all modern conveniences. Electric light. Main water. Telephone. Modern sanitation.
FACES ALMOST DUE SOUTH, ADJOINING GOLF LINKS.
Panelled hall, three reception rooms, five-six bed rooms, bath room. Lovely old-world gardens beautifully timbered and prettily intersected by a stream.
OVER £3,000 HAS ACTUALLY BEEN SPENT UPON THIS PROPERTY DURING THE PAST FEW YEARS. IT IS IN THE MARKET SOLELY ON ACCOUNT OF THE OWNER HAVING UNEXPECTEDLY TO RESIDE ABROAD; CONSEQUENTLY AN IMMEDIATE SALE IS DESIRED; IT IS THEREFORE OFFERED.
FREEHOLD AT THE ABSURDLY LOW PRICE OF £4,350.
IMMEDIATE INSPECTION TO SECURE THIS PROPERTY IMPERATIVE.
Sole Agents, BENTALL, HORSLEY and BALDRY, 88, Brompton-road, S.W.3. Telephone: Sloane 6333.

NEAR TAUNTON
OCCUPYING A COMMANDING SITUATION.
Grand views to the Quantock and Brendon Hills.
CENTRE OF THE TAUNTON VALE HUNT.

FINE GEORGIAN RESIDENCE OF DIGNITY AND CHARACTER, with exceptionally well arranged accommodation and equipped with every modern comfort, a large amount has been spent upon the property which is charmingly decorated in strict keeping with the period. Beautiful porch entrance. Delightful hall with Adam staircase. Four large and lofty reception rooms, 10-12 bed rooms, three bath rooms, really excellent domestic offices. Central heating. Electric light. Main water and drainage. Telephone. Splendid range of stabling, garage, &c.; two cottages. Beautifully timbered

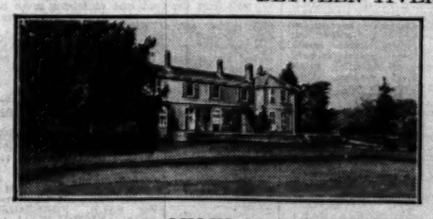
OLD-WORLD GARDENS.
Broad sloping lawns, green and hard tennis courts; walled kitchen garden and paddock.

EIGHT ACRES. HUNTING. POLO.
ONE OF THE MOST LOVELY PLACES IN THE MARKET. HIGHLY RECOMMENDED. Illustrated particulars from the Owner's Agents, BENTALL, HORSLEY and BALDRY, 88, Brompton-road, S.W.3. (Sloane 6333.)

ONLY JUST IN THE MARKET.
PINKNEYS GREEN
(between Cookham and Maidenhead).
PERFECT SITUATION, SECLUDED BUT ACCESSIBLE.

40 MINUTES LONDON.
BEAUTIFUL RESTORED JACOBEAN RESIDENCE
of unusual charm, modernized and with every convenience, yet retaining the fascinating atmosphere of centuries past. Three reception rooms, six-eight bedrooms (all fitted lavatory basins, hot and cold), two bath rooms; central heating, electric light, independent hot water service; parquet floors; telephone; modern drainage. Stabling, garage, cottage.
LOVELY OLD ENGLISH GARDENS
shaded by some fine old trees, including specimen evergreen oaks, tennis and other lawns, rose garden, ornamental water, kitchen garden, orchard and paddocks.
17 ACRES.
FOR SALE AT A REASONABLE PRICE.
Illustrated particulars of the Owner's Agents, BENTALL, HORSLEY and BALDRY, 88, Brompton-road, S.W.3. (Sloane 6333.)

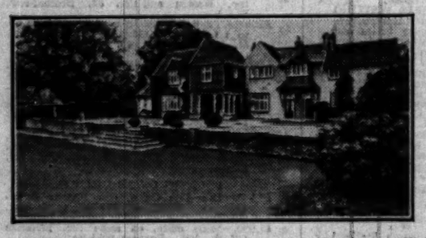
BEAUTIFUL ESTATE IN THE WEST COUNTRY
BETWEEN TIVERTON AND EXETER.



20 MILES FROM OPEN SEA. 500FT. UP. GLORIOUS VIEWS.
The residence is of most distinctive character, approached by a winding drive with lodge. A most easy house to run, entirely upon two floors. Four fine reception rooms, 11 bed rooms, three baths, maids' sitting room; central heating, electric light, exceptional water supply, modern drainage; stabling, garage; three cottages; two farmhouses and buildings.
LOVELY OLD GARDENS, PARK, AND SOUND PASTURES.
60 OR 340 ACRES.
FISHING, HUNTING, SHOOTING, GOLF.
FREEHOLD ONLY £7,500, OR £12,000 WHOLE ESTATE.
OFFERS CONSIDERED FOR QUICK SALE.
Personally inspected and strongly recommended. Illustrated particulars from Sole Agents, BENTALL, HORSLEY and BALDRY, 88, Brompton-road, S.W.3.

GEORGE TROLLOPE & SONS.

PRELIMINARY ANNOUNCEMENT.
By Order of the Executors of the Hon. Sir Charles Russell, Bt., K.C.V.O.
BUCKS. NEAR BEACONSFIELD.
Overlooking LITTLEWORTH COMMON and commanding magnificent views to WINDSOR CASTLE.
ONLY 23 MILES FROM LONDON.
"LITTLEWORTH CORNER."
A delightful old-world Property of moderate size with modern conveniences. South aspect.



The well-planned accommodation on two floors comprises:—
Nine bedrooms, two baths, three reception rooms (two panelled), convenient offices. Electric Light. Company's Water. Telephone. Garage, stabling. Chauffeur's Bungalow. Gardener's Cottage.
Beautiful but inexpensive Pleasure Grounds. Tennis Lawn. Flower and Kitchen Garden, also enclosures of pasture land, and a 30-acre wood, in all about

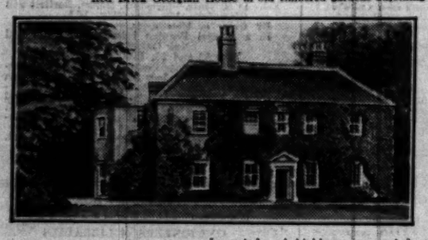
42 ACRES.

Three Golf Courses available.

To be SOLD by AUCTION, at the Mart, 155, Queen Victoria-street, E.C.4, On Wednesday, 25th June, 1930, at 2.30 p.m. (unless an acceptable offer be previously made privately).

Illustrated Particulars, Plan and Conditions of Sale may be had of Messrs. Charles Russell and Co., Solicitors, 37, Norfolk-street, Strand, W.C.2, and with orders to view of Messrs. GEORGE TROLLOPE and SONS, Land Agents, Surveyors, and Valuers, 25, Mount-street, Grosvenor-square, W.1, or their other offices.

RURAL ESSEX.
Few miles of main line station, with excellent trains to Liverpool-street in 45 minutes.
Red Brick Georgian House in old timbered gardens adjoining a private deer park.



Lounge hall, four reception rooms, 11 bed rooms, four baths.
ALL BED ROOMS FITTED WITH HOT AND COLD WATER.
Central heating; modern drainage; garage for four cars.
Entirely modernized and restored, yet retaining all its charming old-world air; lovely gardens, notorious for their beauty.
"Barn Garden" with fine old barn; Tea house and pavilion; wild garden; two hard tennis courts, kitchen and fruit gardens, winery, and meadowland.

14 ACRES, TO BE SOLD.

Inspected and highly recommended.
Sole Agents, GEORGE TROLLOPE and SONS, 25, Mount-street, W.1; or at their other offices. (5508.)

SOMERSET.
ONCE THE HOME OF THE POET WORDSWORTH.
TO BE LET ON LEASE OR SOLD.
CHARMING QUEEN ANNE RESIDENCE.

Shooting, Hunting, Polo, Golf, &c.
In the heart of the Stag Hunting Country on the slopes of the Quantocks, with distant views of Bridgwater Bay.
IN THE CENTRE OF A BEAUTIFUL PARK, approached by a long winding drive. The house contains
Halls, four reception (one formerly the Justices' Room), 12 bed rooms, two baths, complete offices, modern conveniences.
Pretty gardens, tennis lawn, kitchen and fruit gardens, stabling for eight, garages, buildings, three cottages.

WITH PRACTICALLY ANY AREA UP TO 147 ACRES.
Inspected and recommended by the Agents, GEORGE TROLLOPE and SONS, 25, Mount-street, W.1, or at their other offices. (A.7300.)

HILLIER, PARKER, MAY & ROWDEN,
SHOP PROPERTY SPECIALISTS, LONDON AND MANCHESTER.

By Auction, on Thursday, May 22nd, 1930, at the London Auction Mart, E.C.4.
VERY FINE FREEHOLD CORNER,
62, SHAFTESBURY-AVENUE, W.
At the junction with Wardour-street. 300 yards from Piccadilly-circus.
TOTAL FRONTAGE 92FT. FLOOR SPACE 6,600 SQ. FT.
Separately approached, well-lighted four-floor upper part, suitable for offices or showrooms, basement, and
LOFTY GROUND FLOOR, SUITABLE FOR BANK, INSURANCE CO., &c., or readily convertible into
ONE LARGE OR THREE OR FOUR SMALLER SHOP UNITS.
PUBLICITY OR INCOME OBTAINABLE FROM DAY AND NIGHT ADVERTISING SIGNS.
WITH ENTIRE VACANT POSSESSION.
Solicitors: Messrs. Stanley Attenborough and Co., 4, Verulam-street, W.1.

By Auction in Edinburgh Early Next Month.
TWO FINE EDINBURGH SHOPS
WITH POSSESSION, IN SEPARATE LOTS,
74 & 76, SOUTH BRIDGE
AND 1-3, CHAMBERS-ST. IN A MOST VALUABLE POSITION.

NO. 74.
The commanding corner Shop of 118ft. total frontage, with large showrooms on two upper and basement floors.
Part facing into Chambers-st., easily divided for letting if a purchaser desires.
The Property is subject to a small Ground Annual.

NO. 76.
Excellent Shop, about 20ft. 6in. frontage and 106ft. deep, in clear space, with basement showroom and sub-basement.
Ideal premises next to one of the large Edinburgh stores, Messrs. J. & R. Allen.
The Property is subject to a small Ground Annual.

Solicitors:—Messrs. Parkers and Hammond, Friars House, New Broad-street, E.C., and Messrs. Crofts, Gray and Co., 5, Forres-street, Edinburgh.

By Auction at the Grand Hotel, Gold-street, Northampton, on Wednesday, May 28th, 1930, at 7 p.m.
NORTHAMPTON
FREEHOLD SHOP PROPERTY,
3, MERCERS ROW.
Prominent corner shop premises with basement and two upper floors, in finest position at the junction of Gold-street, Drapery and Abington-street. Frontage about 25ft. To be offered
WITH POSSESSION
in conjunction with Messrs. JACKSON STOPS and STAFF.
Estate House, Bridge-street, Northampton.

By Auction on Thursday, May 22nd, 1930, at the London Auction Mart.
SUTTON.
IN ONE OR TWO LOTS.
116-118, HIGH-ST.
Two excellent Freehold Shop Premises in the finest position adjoining multiple stores. Total frontage about 45ft. Let to good tenants at very nominal rentals, producing a total of only
PER £185 ANNUM,
rising to £195 p.a. in 1931. VALUABLE REVERSIONS in 1932 and 1938.

By Auction in Glasgow on May 28th next.
GLASGOW SHOP PREMISES
IN A CHOICE CORNER POSITION,
154-156, ARGYLE-ST.
PART of the FINEST BUILDING IN THIS FAMOUS STREET
Comprising a magnificent Ground Floor ISLAND-WINDOW DISPLAY AREA AND FOYER, VERY FINE FIRST-FLOOR SHOWROOM, 142FT. LONG, occupying the full frontage between Mitchell-street and Buchanan-street. Mezzanine and Basement Showrooms. First-Floor Workroom. Electric Lift, &c. The Ground Floor has 34ft. frontage to Argyle-street and 30ft. depth to Mitchell-street.
WITHOUT FEU OR OTHER BURDENS.
Solicitors:—Messrs. Parkers and Hammond, Friars House, New Broad-street, London, E.C., and Messrs. Cochran, Stout and Dunlop, 178, St. Vincent-street, Glasgow.

VALUABLE FREEHOLD SITE.
Nos. 21-43, SANDRINGHAM-GARDENS, THE CONTINUATION OF
THE BROADWAY, EALING, W.
MAIN FRONTAGE 390FT., RETURN 121FT., AVERAGE DEPTH 220FT.
SITE AREA NEARLY TWO ACRES
A HIGHLY IMPORTANT PROPERTY ON THE CORNER OF UXBRIDGE-ROAD AND BOND-STREET.
Well placed, adjoining the present shopping, the property affords an unusual opportunity to acquire a large site with extensive main road frontages.
FOR SALE WITH EARLY POSSESSION, AND
RIPE FOR DEVELOPMENT AS FIRST-CLASS SHOPS AND FLATS, CINEMA THEATRE, DANCE HALL, SKATING RINK, SUPER GARAGE, &c.
Plans and full particulars of the Sole Agents, Messrs. Hillier, Parker, May and Rowden, below.

Full particulars of the above may be had from Messrs. HILLIER, PARKER, MAY and ROWDEN, at their
OFFICES: 27, MADDOX-STREET, LONDON, W.1,
and 44, BRAZENNOSE-STREET, MANCHESTER.
Mayfair 6710 (12 lines). Manchester: Central 0794.

11, BOLTON-STREET, PICCADILLY, W.1. Telephone: Gros. 1458. (Private Branch Exchange.)

EWART, WELLS & CO.

RURAL SURREY.
ADJOINING OPEN COMMONS 600 FEET UP FACING SOUTH.

FIRST-RATE GOLF AND HUNTING.
DELIGHTFULLY PICTURESQUE RESIDENCE, approached by a carriage drive and containing 10 bed and dressing rooms, two bath rooms, four reception rooms, servants' sitting room; company's lighting available; gas; company's water; main drainage; central heating; cottage; garage for two large cars.
Beautifully timbered gardens, inexpensive to maintain, tennis lawn, kitchen garden, &c.

NEARLY 4 ACRES.
FREEHOLD £3,950.

splendid opportunity. Early application advised by
EWART, WELLS and Co., 11, Bolton-street, Piccadilly, W.1. (Gros. 1458.)

ON SURREY AND SUSSEX BORDERS.
40-MINUTE MAIN LINE SERVICE TO LONDON.

PICTURESQUE MODERN RESIDENCE.
Only one mile from station, with long avenue drive.
Contains hall, three sitting rooms, six bed rooms, bath room, and complete offices. Spacious pavilion in grounds used as billiard room; also a music room or dance hall (about 60ft. long) with stage equipment. Capital entrance lodge, garage, and farm buildings.
Electric lighting. Main water. Telephone.
Inexpensive old-world gardens, adorned with very fine specimen trees, tennis lawn, bowling green, productive Kitchen garden, small ornamental lake with boathouse and rich pasture forming miniature park.

in all nearly

36 ACRES. £5,250. EXECUTORS' SALE.
Details of EWART, WELLS and Co., 11, Bolton-street, Piccadilly, W.1.

Printed and Published by THE TIMES PUBLISHING COMPANY, Limited, at the offices in Printing House-square and Playhouse-yard, in the Parish of St. Ann, Blackfriars, in the City of London, E.C.4, Monday May 12, 1930.